Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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FOR	NPS	USE (DNLY					

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SEE I	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW 7 TYPE ALL ENTRIES			S
NAME	·	· ·		
HISTORIC				
\sim	William Harris Hou	se		
AND/OR COMMON	······································	<u> </u>		
	Joseph Caruso Hous	e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LOCATION	_			
STREET & NUMBER	VT 9			
	State Route 9 (140	Western Ave.)	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	IICT
	Brattleboro _			
STATE	Vormont	CODE	COUNTY Windham	соре 0 25
6	Vermont			
CLASSIFIC	ATION		•	
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	_XPRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
STREET & NUMBER	n B. Chase			
Brook	side	· <u> </u>		
CITY, TOWN	7 . 1		STATE	
	leboro		Vermont	
LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCI	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Office of the	Town Clark		
STREET & NUMBER		TOMIL CTELY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Brattleboro		Vermont	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	t Historic Sites a	and Structures	SURVAN	
DATE	C HISCOILC DICES (THA DELUCEUTES	DULVEY	
	1978	FEDERAL	X.STATECOUNTYLOCA	-
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Vermont Division	for Historic Pı	reservation	
CITY, TOWN	·····		STATE	
	Montpelier		Vermont	

7 DESCRIPTION

CONI	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
XEXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	X ORIGINAL S	SITE
GOOD	RUINS	X_ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Joseph Caruso House in Brattleboro, Vermont is 1½-stories, of post and beam construction, clad in clapboards with a gabled roof sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house rests on a low stone foundation which has a modern concrete facing. The Cape Cod style house, 41' x 31', retains its original central chimney and dates from 1768, thus making it one of the earliest remaining houses in the State of Vermont.

The original front entry to the house was on the east side, presently the rear. The door has been replaced by a window with the same styling and proportions as the four flanking windows. The removal of the front entrance was done before the twentieth century and appears as a minimal alteration. The window sash are 8/12 and appear original. The window openings are unadorned and are asymmetrically placed.

The north (left) gable end of the house, which faces Route 9, has 3 unadorned asymmetrically placed windows at the first floor level which have 8/12 sash. The two windows in the gable are paired and also have 8/12 sash. The raking eaves have a slight molded overhang and cornice returns. A louvered vent is in the gable peak, a minimal modern addition.

What was originally the rear (west) elevation, which on most Cape Cod style houses in Vermont would be oriented towards the north to protect it from the cold weather and to allow the opposite front elevation of the house to admit more radiant sunlight, is now the main front of the house. In the typical Cape Cod style house this side would be treated as the rear and have an attached shed. In this case the original back door is presently utilized as the front door and is flanked on the north (left) by two 12/12 windows and on the south (right) by one 12/12 window. The right window of the northern grouping has been altered to 3/4 length because of its location over a modern kitchen sink. The alteration is minimal and does not significantly affect the appearance of the house. The door is sheltered by a pedimented gable entry.

The south (right) gable end of the house has been altered by the addition of a large multi-paned picture window on the east of the first floor level. Above this, at the second floor level, is another large window with 8/8 sash. These windows were altered to permit additional sunlight and to provide a view of the meandering Whetstone Brook. There is also an exposed brick chimney for the furnace and a screened in porch. These alterations, except for the top of the chimney, are not visible from the roads or existing buildings and, therefore, do not affect the visible historic character of the house. This gable end of the house has no raking eaves overhang and has two small square windows at the eaves line.

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Contrasting with the horizontal emphasis of the house and its low sloping gable roof is the massive central chimney which pierces the roof ridge at its center. The chimney provides the flues for the three fireplaces, bake oven, and smoke chamber. The brick chimney and fireplaces rest on a 17' x 12' dry wall foundation constructed from river rock and rubblestone. The functional portions of the chimney are all located at the first floor level. The large kitchen fireplace has a brick hearth, stone lintel and is flanked on the south side by a large "beehive" bank oven. The north chamber fireplace, a shallow reflecting type, also has a brick hearth; the wood paneling surrounding the fireplace brest may not be original. The south chamber fireplace, also of the shallow reflecting type, has a brick hearth, stone lintel, and a simple wooden mantlepiece. The original front hall on the east side is where the smoke chamber is located. The fireplaces are functional and have been well maintained; the top of the chimney has a flat vented cap to prevent rain and snow from entering.

The interior of the house remains mostly intact with original room placement, molded window and door surrounds, floors, doors, and hardware. The date "1768" is chiseled into a beam above the original door and appears to have been done at the time of the building's construction.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	_XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_X1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	X_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		_INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1768

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Caruso House, apart from possibly being the oldest extant house in Brattleboro, is a good example of a typical early center-chimney Cape Cod house. Although its environment has changed significantly with the passage of 210 years, the building's original design and architectural details have been only slightly altered.

Brattleboro, originally Brattleborough, was granted its first charter in 1753 by New Hampshire's Royal Governor Benning Wentworth. Before this, however, in 1724, Massachusetts built Fort Dummer in present day Brattleboro, which was the first white settlement in eastern Vermont. The first settlements away from the protection of the fort were not undertaken until after 1763 when the French and Indian War was over. The Caruso house was reputedly built by William Harris who came from Holden, Massachusetts in 1768 to settle in Brattleboro on a 100-acre lot. He came with his wife and nine children and were among the first settlers of this frontier town. The land was conveyed to Harris by Samuel Wells, who settled Brattleboro in 1762, and the deed conveyed the land "together with all edifaces thereon." It is doubtful that the present house was built by Wells for the date "1768" is chiseled on a plate above the original entrance. Brattleboro today is one of the larger communities in the state and the village of Brattleboro has grown to include the original farm and house of William Harris.

The house is known locally as the Joseph Caruso House, as the house was owned by him in the 1950's. Mrs. Caruso was a stand-in at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York.

The Cape Cod Style house type was once frequently seen on the Vermont landscape and was the most commonly built house type up until the 1830's. With the advent of wood stoves, and later central heat, most of these houses lost their most identifying feature -- the massive central chimney. Once the chimney was removed, rooms could be rearranged, windows were changed, dormers added, bay windows attached, and porches applied. The Caruso house retains its original central chimney with 3 fireplaces, bake oven, and smoke chamber; original room placement; and roof line.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Cabot, Mary R. Annals of Brattleboro, 168 VT: E.L. Hildreth and Co.), 1921.	
Swift, Esther Munroe. Vermont Place-Name: (Brattleboro, VT: The Stephen Greene D	s, Footprints of History, Press) 1977.
Historic American Buildings Survey, VT, fo	orm dated 1/3/1956.
IOGEOGRAPHICAL DATA Sca	
	le: 1:62500 ap: Brattleboro, VT-NY
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ZONE EASTING NORTHING ZONE	EASTING NORTHING
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
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	n Marshin, shi kata na
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPP	ING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
	2025
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
FORM PREPARED BY	
John P. Dumville	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ORGANIZATION	DATE Mars 1070
Vt. Division for Historic Preserve STREET & NUMBER	ation May 1978 TELEPHONE
Pavilion Building	828-3226
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Montpelier	Vermont
12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE	
THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERT	·
NATIONAL STATE X	LOCAL
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and cert	
criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE	B. Tinney-
TITLE State Historic Preservation Officer	DATE August 11, 1978
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATION	AL REGISTER
Allerite Alder	DATE 12 18 28
DIRECTOR: OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION	- KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER
ATTEST: Mu Mu Drycl	DATE 12/15/18
REEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER	t į
	GPO 892-453

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The house has been maintained and stands as an architectural symbol of Vermont's early settlement. It is the oldest houst in Brattleboro and one of the earliest remaining structures in Vermont.

Although its location immediately adjacent to Vt. 9 has become increasingly detrimental in recent years, and may become worse in the future, the house itself stands as a remarkable survival of one of Vermont's earliest settlements.