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<u>.</u>	NAME COMMON:									
	Fort Davis									
	AND/OR HISTORIC:									
2.	LOCATION									
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	🔀 Site 🗌 Structure	🔀 Private		🗋 In Pro	ce s s		Unoccupied	-	estricted	
	🗋 Object	🗋 Both		Being	Consid	ered	Preservation work		nrestricted	
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	PRESENT USE (Check One or M	fore as Appropriate)								
	🕱 Agricultural 🗌 G	overnment] Park				Transportation	1 Cor	nments	
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	Educational Mi	ilitary 🗌] Reli	gious			More the the		1	-
	Entertainment M	useum] Scier	ntific			Stor y	32-1		
4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY						- <u> </u>	<u>~</u>	_	
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7.	DESCRIPTION						
					(Check One)		
	CONDITION	Excellent	🗌 Good	🗌 Fair	Deteriorated	🔀 Ruins	Unexposed
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	DESCRIBE THE PR	RESENT AND ORI	GINAL (if kno	WR) PHYSICA	L APPEARANCE		

Precise information on the appearance of Fort Davis in 1862 is virtually nonexistent. The Confederacy had little time and few facilities for record keeping. Thanks for the sparce details on the post that are avilable are due Historian Grant Foreman, T. P. Clonts, a skilled engineer and surveyor, and Cheasquah Harris, who was born and reared near the fort and remembered the early day appearance of the ruins. (Harris' father was once stationed at Fort Davis and had told him much about the location, size, and use of the dozen or more structures making up the fort. Harris' daughter and her husband now own the site.)

In January 1937 the three men went over the ruins carefully. Together they measured spaces, determined the size of buildings, and located them as best they could. A report of the results, compiled by Clonts, is on file with the Oklahoma Historical Society. From it artist Vinson Lackey has sketched a recreation of the post as it might have looked. It shows plank and log structures, several of them twostory in height, surrounding an Indian mound with its pole and fluttering Confederate banner.

All that remains today is the mound, a U. S. and a Confederate flag, an old dug well, and a few stones to mark the ruined buildings. Trees cover much of the new peaceful site.



SIGNIFICANCE			
PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	📋 16th Century	18th Century	20th Century
15th Century	17th Century	🕱 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicab	le and Known) 186	51-1862	
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Che	ock One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	Education	🕱 Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention		
Architecture	Londscope	Sculptur e	
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Conservation	Music	Transportation	
STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE		X	61181

Fort Davis (for President Jefferson Davis) was for a brief time the Confederacy's principal stronghold in the struggle to keep Indian Territory loyal to the South and prevent a Federal invasion of Texas from the north. Though something of an exercise in futility, it was an important -- if short-lived -- military base and it figures prominently in both the military and political history of the region during its brief existence.

In November 1861 the Confederate government created the Department of Indian Territory, naming Brigadier General Albert Pike as commander. For his headquarters Pike selected a location he had had his eye on for some time - a site on the south bank of the Arkansas River opposite Fort Gibson, the North's headquarters post. The choice was a good one for several reasons. Two miles down the Arkansas from the mouth of the Verdigris River and commanding the all-important Texas Trail, it was strategically situated. Too, a prehistoric Indian mound some 25 to 30 feet high on the site provided both a convenient observation post for activities at Gibson and, in its lee, a handy drill and assembly area screened from Federal field glasses. The location was also high and healthy, well watered and well timbered.

Although its thirteen or more major buildings were all of plank and log, Fort Davis was quite an impressive establishment. (But it almost surely cost nowhere near the \$1,000,000 some claimed was spent on it. Chances are the inflated estimates result from the fact Confederate paper money was already beginning to depreciate the South's currency.) Almost at once, however, events in Arkansas undercut the new base is usefulness. In March 1862 Confederate forces were decisively defeated in the Battle of Pea Ridge. (In this battle, interestingly enough, General Pike's Indian troops performed creditably, although they had gone to Arkansas reluctantly. They felt that treaties signed with the Confederacy the year before called for military service only in Indian Territory.) After the defeat Pike returned to Fort Davis. Then, feeling his new headquarters post to be indefensible, he left General Douglas H. Cooper in charge with a small garrison and withdrew the bulk of his forces still farther south where he ordered construction of Fort McCulloch (for which National Register status is also sought).

9. MAJOF	R BIBLIOGRAPHICAL RE	FERENCES									
	Britton, Wiley, City; Frank	The Union lin Hudso	Indian n Publi	B sh	rigade in ing Co.,	1 th	Civil 2, pp.	War, K 73, 155	ansas 5, 156,	163	
	Foreman, Grant,		is," Th	•	Chronicle	<u>s o</u> :	f Oklah	oma, Vo	1. XVI	I	
	(1939), pp.	147-150 The Forts	of Okl	• h	oma, Tula		1963. p	D. 26-2	8		
	Lackey, Vinson, Morrison, W. B.,	"Fort Mc	Culloch	11	The Chro	nic	les of	Oklahom	a, Vol	. 4,	
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Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

STATE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

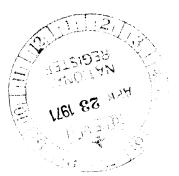
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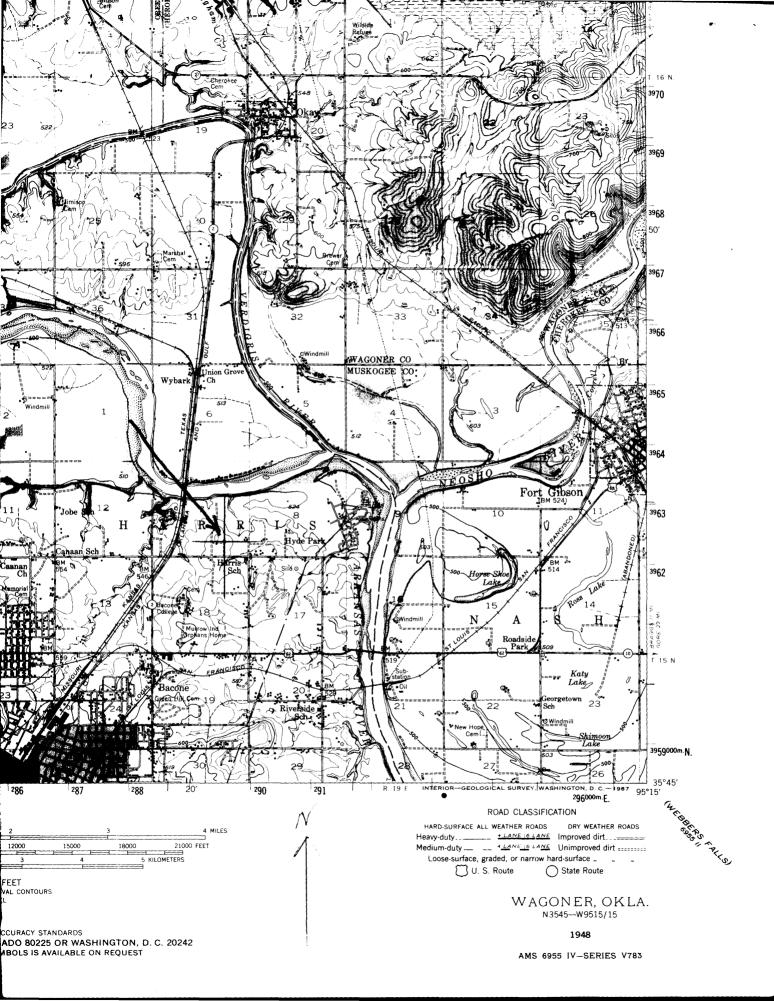
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No. 8. Significance

Fort Davis

Various Confederate forces occupied the post from time to time until December 27, 1862, when Colonel William A. Phillips crossed the Arkansas River, captured the fort while it was temporarily unoccupied, and burned it to the ground. Confederate fortunes in this area were at a low ebb and the post was never rebuilt.





	Oklahoma
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES	
PROPERTY MAP FORM	FOR NPS USE ONLY
(Type all entries - attach to or enclose with map)	ENTRY NUMBER DATE
COMMON: Fort Davis	
AND/OR HISTORIC:	
2. LOCATION	
STREET AND NUM BER:	
c. 1 m. N of Bacone College	
CITY OR TOWN:	
Muskogee (SE/4 Sec. 7, T 15 N, R 19 E)	
STATE: CODE COUNTY:	CODE
Oklahoma 40 Muskogee	101
3. MAP REFERENCE	
SOURCE:	
U.S.G.S Wagoner Quadrangle	6
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