UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS **TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS**

1 NAME HISTORIC Kiokee Baptist Church AND/OR COMMON Old Kiokee Baptist Church 2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER Kiokee Road NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN 10th - Barnard VICINITY OF Appling COUNTY CODE 073 CODE STATE Columbia 13 Georgia **CLASSIFICATION** CATEGORY **OWNERSHIP** STATUS PRESENT USE __DISTRICT __PUBLIC X_OCCUPIED __AGRICULTURE __MUSEUM X_BUILDING(S) **XPRIVATE** _UNOCCUPIED _COMMERCIAL ___PARK ___STRUCTURE __ВОТН WORK IN PROGRESS __EDUCATIONAL ___PRIVATE RESIDENCE __SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE __ENTERTAINMENT _____RELIGIOUS __OBJECT __YES: RESTRICTED ----GOVERNMENT __IN PROCESS ___SCIENTIFIC ____BEING CONSIDERED X_YES: UNRESTRICTED __INDUSTRIAL __TRANSPORTATION _MILITARY _NO __OTHER: **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY** NAME New Kiokee Baptist Church STREET & NUMBER STATE CITY, TOWN Georgia 30802 VICINITY OF Appling LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Columbia County Courthouse, Superior Court STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN STATE Georgia Appling **REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS** TITLE None DATE __FEDERAL ___STATE ___COUNTY ___LOCAL DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS STATE

CITY, TOWN

7' DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT _XGOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED ^X ALTERED	X_ORIGINAL SITE MOVED DATE	

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Kiokee Baptist Church is a one-story brick structure built in 1808. The exterior is notable for its Flemish bond brick walls of handmade brick, stone lentils (now covered with concrete) above the doors and windows and a gable roof with eaves that flair upward slightly. Under the eave is a simple, boxed, wood cornice. Windows are twelve over twelve lights with wood shutters. Walls are three bricks thick. The three entrances all have six-panel doors that appear to be of a recent date but which have the original hardware on them. The present roof is cedar shingle. A concrete border has been put around the lower four feet of the exterior walls in recent years. The entrance steps and sills are roughly cut stone. A round window with slats is located in each gable.

The interior is one room with a rear balcony. The frame vaulted ceiling is supported by two 40 foot beams measuring approximately 12" x 10" and each is hewn from a single timber. All interior woodwork is hand-hewn from heart pine. The walls are plaster with paneled wainscoting. The pulpit is supported by seven-sided pilasters connected by a paneled section. There is a window directly behind the pulpit that is built on a higher elevation than the other windows. Floors are various width hand-hewn pine. Pews on the main floor are handmade. The balcony is supported by twelve hand-hewn pillars. The first four (nearest the pulpit) are seven-sided and the other eight are square. Two straight-run stairs ascend to the balcony, one flanking each side of the west doors or rear entrance. The bannister is solid with a curved end. At the balcony level, there is a four foot balustrade with straight, square rails. Wooden pegs are visible on the ceiling

About 150 yards to the north of the church is the baptismal. It consists of a small, unpainted wood building and a small pool. It is probably not original with the building. The building has weatherboards and appears to be in a state of deterioration.

On the east end of the church are several graves, some being unmarked and others dating as early as 1850. There are some recent graves also.

The church sits in a clearing surrounded by large trees - water oaks, pines and others. There are few modern intrusions. It is located on a paved road called Kiokee Road, about three miles northeast of Appling, Georgia. The only modern structure is a rustic, wood amphitheatre belonging to the church that sits beyond the church building in the woods, barely visible from the main structure.

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8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW ___PREHISTORIC ___ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE X_RELIGION ___1400-1499 ___ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC __CONSERVATION _LAW __SCIENCE __1500-1599 __AGRICULTURE __ECONOMICS __LITERATURE __SCULPTURE __1600-1699 X_ARCHITECTURE __EDUCATION __MILITARY __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN ___ART _X1700-1799 ___ENGINEERING __MUSIC ____THEATER X1800-1899 __COMMERCE __EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY __TRANSPORTATION __1900-__COMMUNICATIONS _INDUSTRY __POLITICS/GOVERNMENT X_OTHER (SPECIFY) _INVENTION History BUILDER/ARCHITECT Mr. Danielly, Hezikiah & John Boyd SPECIFIC DATES 1807-1808

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Kiokee Baptist Church is significant as the earliest extant structure of the first Baptist congregation in Georgia. Also, its architecture is a fine example of frontier building with its handmade components and refined details.

The Kiokee Baptist Church was the first Baptist congregation organized in Georgia. Its founder was Reverend Daniel Marshall. Marshall, born in Windsor, Connecticut in 1706, had been a missionary to the Indians in Pennsylvania, Virginia and North Carolina before moving to Georgia in 1771. He established the first Baptist church in Georgia in 1772 near Kiokee Creek in Columbia County and was soon after arrested for preaching the gospel in St. Paul's Parish contrary to the established tenets of the Church of England. He continued with the Kiokee Baptist Church and built the first meeting house where the town of Appling now stands. In 1789, an act was recorded "incorporating the Anabaptist Church on the Kiokee in the county of Richmond." About this time, a second meeting house was erected, called Marshall's Meeting House. By 1806, the second building was in great disrepair and the church members, in 1806, decided to build a new one. Three thousand three hundred and ninety-nine dollars was raised to pay the costs. The brickwork was done by a Mr. Danielly and the woodwork by Hezikiah and John Boyd. The land was given by the sons of Daniel Marshall. The building was completed by early 1808. The church records describe the plan for the building and the building appears today to be exactly to their specifications: "It shall be 60 feet long and 40 feet wide built of good well burnt bricks, it shall be the length of three bricks thick from the foundation to the sleepers, which shall be two feet and a half above the surface of the length of two bricks thick from the sleepers up to the joists fifteen feet in the clear gable ends and shall be the length of one brick and a half thick, it shall have three large doors and fifteen windows, four on the front side and four in the back side and two on each end consisting of twenty four lights each, two large round windows in gable end, and a small window above the pulpit The roof shall be a principal roof made of good heart shingles... " This building was used until 1827 when a new one was constructed in the town of Appling. The 1827 building was destroyed by a tornado in 1875 and the congregation met in the courthouse until 1907 when they acquired the abandoned Methodist Church in Appling. It was used Intil 1937 when the present New Kiokee Baptist Church was constructed in Appling, which is still in use. The Old Kiokee Baptist Church is still used by the congregation for homecomings, baptisms and other special occasions and is in an excellent state of preservation.

The history of the Kiokee Baptist Church congregation and its ministers has been studied in depth by many scholars and a notable book published by James D. Mosteller entitled <u>A History of the Kiokee Baptist Church in Georgia</u>. The first minister, Daniel Marshall, is given much credit, not only for establishing the first Baptist Church in Georgia but also for establishing numerous other churches in Pennsylvania, Virginia,

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Mosteller, James Donovan, <u>A History of the Kiokee Baptist Church in Georgia</u>, Edwards Brothers, Inc., Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1952. Reprinted, 1977, Wilkes Publishing Co., Washington, Georgia.

Harris, Waldo P., III, "Daniel Marshall: Lone Georgia Baptist Revolutionary Pastor." Paper presented at Spring 1976 meeting of the Georgia Baptist Historical Society. Records of the Kiokee Baptist Church, 1790-1907, Georgia Department of Archives and

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPER	ATY Approximately 2.	5 acres		
QUADRANGLE NAME Applin	1g		QUADRANGLE SCALE	1:24000
UTM REFERENCES	3,7,1,5,9,2,0	в, 111,		
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR	IPTION			
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED	BY			
NAME / TITLE				
Martha Norwood, Histor	ian, Historic Prese	rvation Section		
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
Historic Preservation STREET & NUMBER	Section		June 1978 TELEPHONE	
270 Washington Street,	S. W.		(404) 656-2840	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Atlanta			Georgia 30334	
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	OFFICER CE	ERTIFICATIO	N
THE EVAL	UATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T	HIS PROPERTY WITH	IN THE STATE IS:	
NATIONAL	STATE	<u>X</u>	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic P	reservation Officer for the Na	tional Historic Preserv	ation Act of 1966 (Pul	olic Law 89-665), I
hereby nominate this property for				
criteria and procedures set forth by	y the National Park Service.		Λ	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF		a la Ha Lint		85 7
	Elizabe	th A. Lyon		
TITLE Acting State Hist	coric Preservation 0		DATE	
FOR NPS USE ONLY				
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	TRUTERIT IS INCLUDED IN	I THE NATIONAL REC	olo i EH	
Jose Char	haffer-	\mathbf{a}	DATE (2	. 8.78
ATTENT KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL	. REGISTER			4678
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CHEF OF DECISION HONE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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CONTINUATION SHEET Significance ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, for serving as a missionary to the Indians and for presiding over the first meeting of the Georgia Baptist Association around 1784 at Kiokee Meeting House. He was succeeded at Kiokee by his son Abraham Marshall, who served from 1784 until 1819. It was during Abraham's tenure that the Old Kiokee Baptist Church was built (1808). One of the most notable contributions of Abraham Marshall was the establishment of the first Negro Baptist Church in Georgia, done while at Kiokee in 1788. An acquaintance of Marshall wrote an account of this event: "In one of his excursions down the country, in the suburbs of Savannah, not far from where once stood Whitfield's famous orphan house, Mr. M., in one day, baptized fortyfive persons of color, formed them,with others previously baptized, into a church, and ordained Andrew Bryan as their pastor." This was in 1788. Thus arose the First African Baptist Church in Savannah. (First Bryan Baptist Church is what is referred to here and it is a National Register site.)

The last minister to preach in the 1808 building was Jabez Pleiades Marshall, who served from 1819-1832 and was the son of Abraham Marshall. He served as clerk of the Georgia Baptist Association from 1819 to 1832 and also began the work of writing the history of the Georgia Baptist Association, completed by Jesse Mercer in 1838. He is buried at the old church and land in his estate at his death was given to the church. His death ended 60 years of service to the Kiokee Church and the Georgia Baptist Association by the Marshall family - father, son and grandson.

The architecture of the Old Kiokee Baptist Church is simple and rather austere but has fine details considering its frontier location at the time of its construction. Of particular note are the hand-hewn, seven-sided pillars supporting the balcony, the intricate Flemish bond brick pattern of the exterior walls, and the panelled wainscoting. In addition to the significant history of the congregations, the craftsmanship and design of the building, its excellent state of preservation and its early building date add greatly to its significance. In addition, it has little to intrude on the visual integrity. A recent frame amphitheatre sits beyond the church in the woods but it is barely visible from the church clearing and its rustic design is such that it is not incompatible, though it has been excluded from the boundaries of this The baptismal, a small, unpainted wood structure with a pool, is located nomination. about 150 yards to the north. The date of construction of this facility is not known but appears to be well over 50 years old and is an integral part of the site and is still in use. It may not be the original baptismal, since the church itself does not contain a baptismal and since the location of a spring at the site gives a natural source of water for the pool. The baptismal building is a one-story, one room frame structure that is weatherboarded.

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AUG 28 1978

DATE ENTERED DEC 8 1978

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Major Bibliographical References: (Continued)

History, Microfilm Library, Atlanta, Georgia. Site Inspection by Martha Norwood, Historian, May 1978.

Verbal Boundary Description: (Continued)

northeasterly 390 feet approximately with the east side of the road to a large pine at the northeast corner of the baptismal clearing; thence northwesterly 85 feet approximately to a point on the northwest side of the baptismal building at a creek bed; thence southwesterly 800 feet approximately to Kiokee Road; thence with the road 175 feet approximately to the point of origin; excluding highway right-of-way.

