United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam				
	MOLINO LODGE BUI	IDING		JAN 2 1 10
historic		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and/or common		TEHAMA COUNTY MUSE	SUM FOUNDATION	197
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	THIRD AND C	STREETS		not for publication
city, town T	ЕНАМА	vicinity o	of 1st congressional o	listrict
state CALIFO	RNIA	code 06 co	unty TEHAMA	code 103
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process _X_ being considered	_X_ yes: restricte	entertaini d governme	ial park nal private residence ment _X religious ent scientific
name COMM		c/O James Lauderd	ale	
street & number	P. U. Box 7			<u> </u>
	MA, CA 96090	vicinity o		state
5. Loca	ation of Le	egal Descri	ption	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	TEHAMA COUNTY CO	ourthouse, red bl	UFF
street & number	WASHING	ON AND OAK STREET		·
city, town	RED BLUFF			state CALIFORNIA
6. Rep	resentatio	n in Existir	ng Surveys	
title STATE RE	GISTERED LANDMAN	₹K has th	nis property been determ	nined elegible? _X_ yes n
date 1935				X state county loca
depository for su		Calif. State Beach		
	0. Box 2390	3acramen to	Carry	state CALIFURNIA

	7.	D	es	cr	ipi	tior	1
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Condition excellent			Check one _X_ original site
good fair	ruins unexposed	_X_ altered	moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Molino Lodge building is a rectangular, two-story building originally measuring 30 feet by 40 feet and approximately 24 feet high, constructed of brick with a common bond and header course at every sixth course. The roof is a simple gable roof of wood frame construction covered with wood shingles.

The building was constructed in 1859 during a period in American architecture known as the "First Eclectic Period" (c.1815-c.1860) The style of architecture at this time was predominantly Greek Revival, of which this building is a good example. While not using columns separate from the building as was typical of this style, the columns still are present in the form of pilasters and were made a dominant feature of the building by projecting them out from the exterior of the main walls of the building. The ornate brick work at the cornice is another detail typical of the Greek Revival Architecture.

The main entry and window directly above at the east end of the building have semicircular or Roman arches while the remaining windows have two-course segmental arches.

In 1910 a major 35-foot extension was added to the west end of the building with a separate roof-covered entrance on the south side. The addition is wood-frame construction covered with a sheet metal siding. The column effect was repeated in this extension in an attempt to capture the original character.

A second floor fire exit was added to the north side of the original building by converting an existing window into a door and adding a metal folding stairway to the exterior. In 1950 a concrete block structure was added to the north side to house a new heating and cooling system. The ductwork to the second floor is exposed to the outside. The structure measures approximately 9'4" by 11'4" with a shed roof. Various minor modifications have been made over the years such as windows being either bricked or boarded up, and electrical lines installed on the exterior; however the original portion of the building has maintained its character and original style.

--by Edward I. Long, A.I.A.

1Sir Banister Fletcher, "A History of Architecture on the Comparative Method", 17th Edition, p. 1126

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	archeology-prehis archeology-histori agriculture architecture art commerce communications	e—Check and justify below toric community planning conservation economics education engineering industry invention	ng	_ landscape architectu _ law _ literature _ military _ music _ philosophy _ politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1859	Builder/Architect	S. H	. Depuy	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

when Peter Lassen brought the first Masonic Charter to California in 1848 he planned to have a chapter of the Masonic Lodge at Benton City which is approximately nine miles from Tehama. Although the Gold Rush of 1849 interfered with the establishment of Benton City, and consequently, the Lodge, those early settlers in the area did plan for a Masonic Lodge. This particular site in Tehama was part of Rancho Saucos, granted by the Mexican governor and confirmed by the U.S. Lands Claims Commission in 1857 to R. H. Thomes. Thomes and his friend, Albert Toomes, who had received another of the large Mexican grants in the county, jointly gave this plot to Tehama for the combined schoolhouse and lodge building constructed in 1859. Newell Hall acted as trustee for the school district in this transaction - and later became a judge in Colusa County. Albert Toomes was a charter member of the lodge and continued to serve as an officer until his death in 1873. Joint use of the building continued until a separate building in Tehama was completed for a school - in 1881. Title to the Masons was not given by the school district until 1910, however.

A third charter member of the lodge, William G. Chard, was grantee of the land grant known as Rancho de los Flores. Another charter member was Henry Clay Wilson, owner of the cobblestone house built in 1855 along Thomes Creek six miles from Corning. Henry Wethers Brown of Newville was first master of the lodge and continued to attend meetings from his ranch 60 miles distant, until the Newville lodge was established. William Chard's son-in-law, Edward J. Lewis, was an early member of the lodge; he became a California state senator and judge in later years.

Besides the school and use by the Masons, the lodge rented or was loaned to other community groups. Uses before 1900 included: "Sons of Temperance" - 1862; The Good Templars - 1865; the Washingtonian Society - 1869; I. O. O. F. - 1870; the Camp of Caucasians - 1879; Ancient Order of United Workmen - 1881; and the Eastern Star - 1884.

Standing across the street from Habert Park, a city park of the city of Tehama, this historic building is well placed to serve as a museum for the pioneer items and Indian artifacts still in the area which have no permanent home in any Tehama County Museum in existence. Tehama, on the Sacramento River, was a stopping place for steamboats from 1850 on; and served briefly as county seat when the county was first established in 1856.

The Moline Ledge is significant architecturally and for its association with events important to the settlement of Tehama C unty. Its predominantly Greek Revival architectural features are characteristic of its period of construction and itsis one of the few remaining large structures in the area dating to the 1850s. Throughout the nineteenth century, the structure served as the focus for the emerging pioneer community, housing its earliest school and a variety of fraternal organizations.

9.	Major	Bibliog	ıraphical	References
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Hisken, Clara Hough, <u>Tehama</u>, <u>Little City of the Big Trees</u>, Exposition Press, 1948

Davis, Grover, <u>One Hundred Years of Hasonry in Molino Lodge 150</u>, <u>Tehama</u>, <u>California</u>, Walker Lithograph Co., Red Bluff, 1961.

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10.	Geograph	ical Data	133 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Wenter	
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state		code	county		code
state		code	county	••	code
11. 1	Form Pre	pared By			
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name/title	11.6.00	erco.	N. E. BARTOO,	Special Repres	sentative
organizatio	n Molino Lodge	#150 F. & A.M.	· da	ate January	1980
street & nu	mber 25020 Teha	ama-Vina Road	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	lephone. (916),	2.443 384÷ 1285
city or tow	Los Polinos	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	st	tate Californi	a 96055
12. \$	State Hist	toric Pres	servation (Officer C	ertification
The evaluat	ted significance of th	is property within th	e state is:		
	national	state	_X_ local		
As the desi	gnated State Historic	Preservation Office	er for the National Histonal Histonal Register	oric Preservation Ac	t of 1966 (Public Law 89–
according t	o the criteria and pro	cedures set forth by	the Heritage Conserva	ation and Recreation	n Service.
State Histor	ric Preservation Offic	er signature	Know m'	rllon.	
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	use only				
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	the National Registe	Welh-		date	6/6/80
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED. JUN . 6 1980

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

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COMMUNITY LIGHTHOUSE CORPORATION

P. O. Box 7, Tehama, CA 96090

James C. McLemore and Nancy McLemore 1031 Douglas St., Red Bluff, CA 96080

Donnie Lavon Gordon and John Charles Gordon County Road 99, Orland, CA 95963

Aurum Q. Manos and DeVonna W. Manos 1056 Johnson St., Red Bluff, CA 96080

>_____

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

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Beginning at a point at the northeast corner of the intersection of 3rd and C Streets in the City of Tehama, Map Book A, p. 37, thence 160 feet north to the middle of the block, tence 160 feet east to the center of the block, thence 160 feet south to the middle of the block, thence 160 feet west to the point of beginning. Also known as Lots 1 and 2 of Black 77, Village of Tehama as surveyed in 1871. Although the majority of the nominated structure is situated in lot 1 of Black 77, lot 2 has been historically associated with the use of the Lodge structure, serving as a playground for the school and assembly grounds for lodge meetings.

LOT 2

W & LOT 1

St. 160'

C 5T.

14

Molino Lodge 3-d & C Strents Tehama, Tehama Co, California

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