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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	Cole, James	Omar, H	ouse					
and/or common	Cole House							
2. Loca	ation						1	
street & number	27 E. 3rd St	reete				ŊД	A not for pu	blication
city, town	Peru		N/A_	vicinity of				
state	Indiana	code	018	county	Miami		cod	e 103
3. Clas	sificatio	n						
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisit in process being consid N/A		u w Acces X ye	ccupied noccupied ork in progress ssible es: restricted es: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	:	religio scient	e residence bus ific portation
4. Own	er of Pr	oper	ty		·			
name	Statewide Inv	estmen [.]	ts					
street & number	27 E. 3rd, P.	0. Bo	x 355		инантик,			
city, town	Peru		N/A	vicinity of	sta	te	Indiana	46970
5. Loca	ation of	Lega	al De	escription	on			
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Miami	Count	y Recorder				
street & number		Court	House					
city, town		Peru			sta	te	Indiana	46970
6. Rep	resentat	ion i	in E	xisting	Surveys			
title	N	/A		has this pro	perty been determined	l eligi	ible?	yes <u>X</u> no
date					federal	state	count	y local
depository for su	urvey records	/A						
city, town					stat	te		

7. Description

Condition

_ good

fair

_ excellent

Check one deteriorated _____ unaltered ruins X_____ altered unexposed Check one _X_ original site ____ moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The James Omar Cole House is an example of French Second Empire architecture which incorporates all the formal features of that style. Of brick construction with stone lintels, bracketed entablature, and mansard roof, it combines these elements into an image of stateliness and vigor.

Located on a corner lot east of and adjacent to the Peru City Hall, the one-and-one-half story house features a square plan modified by two projecting bays, located on the east side of the principal (north) facade, and one on the south side of the west facade. The angles formed by these bays and the main body of the house are occupied by two porches. A third porch of simple design and construction is located in the center bay of the south facade.

The principal (north) facade features a one story polygonal bay on the projecting portion of the house on the left. This three-sided bay has elaborately carved, segmentally arched stone lintels above the double-hung windows, and is capped by an entablature articulated by shallow dentils. Above this bay, at the second story level, is a pair of windows joined by a larger version of the same stone lintel. Framing this window ensemble is a gable end to the mansard roof, with a boxed cornice and, again, shallow dentils. This gable at one time sported a lacey bargeboard.

The rest of the north facade is sheltered on the ground floor by the aforementioned porch, which features heavy turned posts, and an ornate bracketed and dentiled frieze and cornice. The main entrance is in the center. The original entrance, although still in place, is hidden behind a 1950s entrance. The double leaf, original entrance is set in a plain brick surround highlighted by a stone segmentally arched hood similar to the hoods which articulate the main floor windows. The door architrave features a plain reveal with a single light transom panel and no side panels. The double leaf door is a glazed, paneled unit.

A double-hung window with a stone lintel also opens onto the front porch on the right. Above this window and the entrance are two dormers, set into the mansard roof, with wood surrounds ornamented by double volutes and curved hoods, framing double-hung windows. The mansard roof, originally slate, is now covered in asphalt shingles. Although the curb is still in place, the cresting seen in an historic photo is now gone. Underscoring the mansard is a bracketed cornice.

The projecting bay on the righthand side of the west facade features the mansard roof (no gable end), with a centrally placed dormer on the second floor, and a single window below it. On the ground floor there is a door located in the north wall of this projecting bay, and another door in the second bay from the left, both of which open onto a side porch very similar to the front porch. There are two windows opening onto the porch and another at the north end, all double-hung with stone lintels like those on the main facade. Each has a dormer window above. There is a chimney between two dormers.

The four-bay east facade is adjacent to the City Hall (Photo #), and is the simplest in that it has no projecting bays. The four ground floor windows are double-hung with stone lintels, as on the other facades. Three dormers pierce the mansard roof on this side, and one chimney.

The south, rear, facade appears to have been altered from its original appearance. The same decorative treatment found on the rest of the house (mansard roof, bracketed cornice, dormers) continues around the corners onto the back; however, the center of the back wall



is plain and flat, with no mansard, although some of the cornice features are repeated at the roofline. A double entrance at the ground floor is sheltered by a very plain porch. Above this is a pair of double-hung windows in a plain surround, obviously not original.

The two double-hung windows on the ground floor of the south facade have plain stone lintels and sills.

All rooms are arranged around a central hall. Access to the second floor is by way of a stairway located against the east wall of the hall. The carved handrail forms a railing around the stair well on the second floor. All doors of the hallway on the first and second floor are carved panel hardwood units with decorative, carved surrounds. The uprights of the carved surrounds protrude above the cross-member and feature carved crown motifs. The paneling of the doors is arranged so as to simulate the presence of a transom panel. This feature mimics the design of the exterior doors which include functional transom panels.

8. Significance



Specific dates c. 1883

Builder/Architect Unknown

Statement of Significance (Incompanying)

The James Omar Cole House is significant both as an example of French Second Empire architecture and because of its connection with a prominent individual in the history of Miami County, James Omar Cole.

The house was built by Cole in about 1883. The lumber came from the Cole & Crane Lumber Company located in Cincinnati, Ohio. Three varieties of hardwood—oak, walnut and sycamore were used in the construction, and the bricks are thought to have been locally produced.

With its mansard roof, lavishly detailed window hoods, bracketed cornice, and decorative porches, the house is a fine example of French Second Empire architecture which has remained largely intact up to the present day.

James Omar Cole was born in Zanesville, Ohio, December 23, 1828, the son of Judge Albert Cole. He was six years old when his family moved to Peru. He lived in the community until 1850, when he left for California to join the Gold Rush.

With the six or sevenhundred dollars he accumulated as a laborer, Cole established himself in the mercantile business at Oak Valley in Yuba County, California. After spending 17 years in California, he returned to Peru with approximately \$30,000, which he then used to establish a brewery in the city. He remained in the brewing business until about 1908.

Cole was involved in many business and agricultural pursuits in addition to the brewery. These included an artificial ice plant, and a tenant farming operation encompassing some 500 acres of Miami County farmland. For 25 years, or more, much of Cole's time and resources were devoted to the lumber business, and it is in that industry that he was best known for his business achievements. For many years he was also associated with the First National Bank of Peru as stockholder, director and executive official.

In 1850 Cole married Miss Rachel Henton, a daughter of Sylvester Henton, and a member of one of Miami County's oldest families. They had two children, one of whom, Kate, became the mother of Cole Porter, a well-known musician and composer. Rachel died July 2, 1890. In 1892, Cole married Miss Bessie Labonte. Cole died February 3, 1923.

After Cole's death, the house was deeded by his heirs to James Omar & Josephine Cole, who owned the house until 1950. The house was converted into offices in 1952. It was threatened with demolition in 1978 by then owner Tom Shepherd Olds-Buick, Inc., who had planned to increase their auto storage space through use of the property. The house was saved by the intervention of the Miami County Historical Society. The current owners, Statewide Investment Company, purchased the house on contract in 1980.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bodurtha, Arthur L., <u>History of Miami County, Indiana</u>. Volume II. Chicago and New York: The Lewis Publishing Co., 1914, pp. 775-776

Holman, Omer, <u>History of Peru and Miami County from 1885 to 1935</u>. Published in the Peru Republican Printing Office, Peru, Indiana, 1979.

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F | H |

10. Geographical Data

Acreage	of	nominated	property	Less	than	one	acre
			r				

Quadrangle name Peru, Indiana

UT M References

A 1,6 Zone	5 718 71810 Easting	4 ₁ 5 <u>11</u> 5 <u>8</u> 0 Northing				
c						
E						
G						

Zone
Easting

Northing

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Lot No. 73 and 22 feet of equal width off the entire east side of Lot No. 74 in the original plat of the town (now city) of Peru, Miami County.

List all states and counties	for properties ove	rlapping state	or county bo	undaries
state N/A	code	county	·····	code
state	code	county		code
11. Form Prep	ared By			
name/title Albert Spandau	ı, Secretary-Tr	easurer		
organization Statewide Inve	estments (in Pe	ru)	date	August 17, 1983
street & number 400 E.4th	n St.		telephone	317/758-4369
clty or town Sheridan			state	Indiana 46069
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this prop according to the criteria and proc	erty for inclusion in	the National Reg	ister and certif	rvation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– iy that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Office	-	ul	Telu	
title Indiana State Histo		an Officer		date 1-24-84
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this pro		the National Reg Intered in the Intional Regi	방법 이는 그는 승규가 많은 것이 같은 것이 없다.	date 3/1/84
Keeper of the National Regis	iter 0			date
Chief of Registration				