National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

JUN 1 6 1989

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for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries. 1. Name of Property historic name Craid. John J. Quarry Historic District Craid. John J.. Quarry Historic District other names/site number 2. Location street & number At the end of Marmor Road, one-half mile south of N/A not for publication X vicinity Miser Station Road -Friendsville city, town 37737 state Tennessee code TN county Blount code 009 zip code

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines

3. Ciassification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resources within Property	
X private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	X district		9 buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure structure		<u>3</u> structures
	object		objects
		13	<u>12</u> Total
Name of related multiple property listing:		Number of cont	ributing resources previously

Hist. & Arch. Resources of Blount Co.

4. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation station National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional required In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteric Signature of certifying official	andards for registering properties in the uirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.
Deputy SHPO, Tennessee Historical Commission	
State or Federal agency and bureau	
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteri	a. See continuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or other official	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	
5. National Park Service Certification	
I, hereby, certify that this property is:	
 a) entered in the National Register. b) See continuation sheet. c) determined eligible for the National Register. c) See continuation sheet. 	- 7/25/89
Ational Register.	
removed from the National Register.	<u> </u>

D.

listed in the National Register

5. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) INDUSTRY/Extractive Facility DOMESTIC/Single Dwelling		
INDUSTRY/EXTRACTION/Extractive Facility			
DOMESTIC/Single Dwelling			
COMMERCE/Department Store			
7. Description			
Architectural Classification enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation	Stone/Brick/Concrete	
OTHER/20th Century Vernacular Industrial	walls	Weatherboard/Brick	
	roof	Asphalt/Metal/Stee	
	other	Metal/Steel	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The John J. Craig Quarry Historic District is composed of eighteen buildings, six structures and the quarry pit associated with the late 19th and 20th century marble quarry operation at this site. The quarry is located in a hilly area approximately two miles east of Friendsville and is located within a northeast/southwest band of hills which contain a variety of marble deposits in the western section of the county. The quarry is surrounded by wooded hills with only a few neighboring modern residences located adjacent to the district boundary.

The district contains a variety of buildings and structures associated with the quarry operation from the early to mid-20th century. The largest and most significant building is the Gangsaw building constructed in 1926. This building retains the original marble saws and polishers and continues to be in use. Other major buildings from the 1920s are the company's Commisary building and a residence built by the company for its workers. Adjacent to the quarry pit and next to the Gangsaw building are steel derricks which were erected primarily in the 1920s and 1930s to hoist the marble blocks. The quarry pit itself was opened up in 1896 and has continued to be expanded and deepened to the present.

Also in the district are a series of frame and metal sheds which were built or altered since the early 1940s. The largest of these is the two-story Crusher building which is located adjacent to the quarry pit. This structure was built in 1948 and serves to crush the marble into terrazzo chips. The other structures are small shed used to house machinery for the derricks and store bags of terrazzo. Most of these sheds measure less than 400 square feet and are scattered throughout the district.

The buildings which remain from the 1920s are brick and frame vernacular structures with no decorative detailing. The Office/Gangsaw building is of simple brick construction and its primary feature are large multi-light casement windows which allow light into the building. The Commissary is a one-story, gable front frame building of board and batten construction. The residence is a one-story, gable front frame building with a recessed porch and weatherboard siding. None of the contributing sheds have any decorative features. The contributing steel derricks are approximately 100' high and swivel on round plates.

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Most buildings in the district continue to be used for the present marble quarrying operation. The Commissary has been abandoned for many years and is in poor condition. The remaining residence continues to function as a dwelling and is leased out by the present quarry owner. No major modern intrusions have been built in the district and it retains its original early 20th century character. The district is located in a hilly, rural section of the county near Friendsville.

Individual Property Descriptions:

1. Gangsaw building. This one-story brick industrial building was constructed in 1926 in an 11 bay, ell plan design. On the main (west) facade is a 2 bay ca. 1970 frame addition which now contains the offices of the present operator. The original building is of 6 course common bond construction with a poured concrete foundation. Windows are original tri-part 9/9 fixed and hinged metal casement design. Original window lights are of opaque design and the windows have concrete sills. The building has a gable roof of composition shingles and several brick flues. The south facade is 3 bays wide with a small open rectangular water tank adjacent to the building.

The interior is composed of 2 original rooms separated by a brick partition wall. The north room is a large area of open floor space containing original belt driven saws. Marble blocks are brought in through double doors on the east facade to the sawing areas. The south room contains large compressors which power the air jacks which cut the marble in the quarry. Most machinery is original to the building. (C)

2. One-story, ca. 1980 shed roof corrugated metal building located adjacent to east wall of building #1. (NC)

3. One-story, ca. 1926, gable roof storage shed of frame construction with exposed rafter ends and corrugated metal roof. The building shelters an engine which powers adjacent derrick. (C)

4. Derrick power room, 1 story frame, ca. 1926, building with added corrugated metal siding. The siding completely covers the original vertical board siding underneath and renders the building non-contributing to the district. (NC)

5. Derrick power room, 1 story frame, ca. 1926 building with added ca. 1970 corrugated metal siding. The siding completely covers the original vertical board siding underneath and renders the building non-contributing to the district. (NC)

6. One-story, ca. 1926, frame shed with a shed roof and vertical board siding. The building shelters a band saw. (C)

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7. One-story frame, rectangular plan, single bay, gable front Commissary constructed ca. 1926. This building served as the quarry's commissary for the employees for many years. On the main (N) facade is an entrance with an original door of diagonal board. The building is of vertical board construction with both horizontal and vertical battens added. The west facade has a small, one-story original shed roof wing. On the east facade are two two-over-two sash windows. On the rear facade is a matching diagonal board door. The building has a concrete foundation and gable roof of metal standing seam. It is presently vacant. (C)

8. 1 story frame, ca. 1940 shed roof shed with building ca. 1970 metal siding. (NC)

9. One-story frame, ca. 1930 shed roof shed with horizontal board siding. (C)

10. One-story frame, ca. 1930 shed roof shed with vertical board siding. (C)

11. Two-story frame, rectangular plan building constructed in 1948. This building was constructed as a crusher building adjacent to the quarry. It has a gable roof of metal standing seam, horizontal board siding, and an open drive thru on the west facade. (NC)

12.13.14.15.1 story frame, ca. 1950 sheds with gable roofs and metal siding. (NC) (NC) (NC) (NC)

16. One-story frame, rectangular plan residence, built ca. 1926. This residence was one of several homes built by the Craig Company to house its employees but is the only one still standing. The house has a concrete foundation, gable roof of metal standing seam, interior brick flue, horizontal board siding and two-over-two sash windows. On the main (south) facade is a recessed porch with a square column and railing with square balusters. Doors are original 6 panel design. The interior was inaccessible. (C) Adjacent to the house are two contributing outbuildings: a ca. 1926 gable roof shed of frame construction with a vertical board door (C); and a one-story log barn with frame additions built ca. 1926. (C)

17. Ca. 1930, frame platform for weighing and measuring blocks which is a contributing structure. No original scales machinery remains. (C)

18. Ca. 1926, steel derrick which is s contributing structure. (C)

19. Ca. 1926, steel derrick which is a contributing structure. (C)

20. Ca. 1950, steel derrick which is a non-contributing structure. (NC)

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21. Ca. 1950, steel derrick which is a non-contributing structure. (NC)

22. Ca. 1950, steel derrick which is a non-contributing structure. (NC)

23. Quarry pit opened in 1896 which is a contributing site in the district. This pit is approximately 75' to 100' in depth and encompasses a large oval area. Within the pit are exposed marble formations and cut blocks of various sizes. (C)

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this propert nationally s	y in relation to other properties: tatewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D E F G N/A	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Industry	Period of Significance 1896 - ca. 1941	Significant Dates N/A
	Cultural Affiliation	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Unknown	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The John J. Craig Historic District is significant under criterion A for its association with the marble mining industry of Blount County. It is the only major historic industrial site in the county which retains early 20th century buildings, structures and sites. The quarry is the only significant marble quarry remaining in the county and is well known for its quality and variety of marble products.

An important marble belt is located in the western section of Blount County which is approximately three miles wide and runs in a northeast/southwest direction from Morganton to Louisville. This marble belt extends for sixteen miles and comes to the surface many times along hillsides. At least twenty-four quarries have operated in this area since the 19th century and they were a major source of employment and income for area residents. The first marble quarry was opened after the Civil War by the Copley Company and the variety and texture of the marble attracted other operators in following decades. Other marble quarries were opened by the Junitia Marble Company, Evans Marble Company, Great Southern Marble Company, Royal Tennessee Marble Company and Quaker Marble Company. Most of these companies operated at the turn of the century and ceased quarrying activities by World War II.

The John J. Craig Company began quarry operations at this site in 1896. This site was the company's main quarry among four others it operated in the area. In 1902, the company built a tram road connecting this quarry with the railroad and built a sawmill with eight gang-saws. The primary marble types extracted from this quarry were known as Pink Tennessee and Dark Cedar. None of the buildings or structures associated with these early quarry operations exist but the original quarry site is a contributing site in the district.

In 1926, the company expanded its operation and constructed several major new buildings and structures at the quarry site. These included the company's Gangsaw building, Commissary for employees and at least six one-story

See continuation sheet

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residences for quarry workers. This expansion also resulted in the construction of numerous sheds and the erection of steel derricks to replace earlier wooden derricks. During this period the company employed over fifty workers at its various quarries in the area.

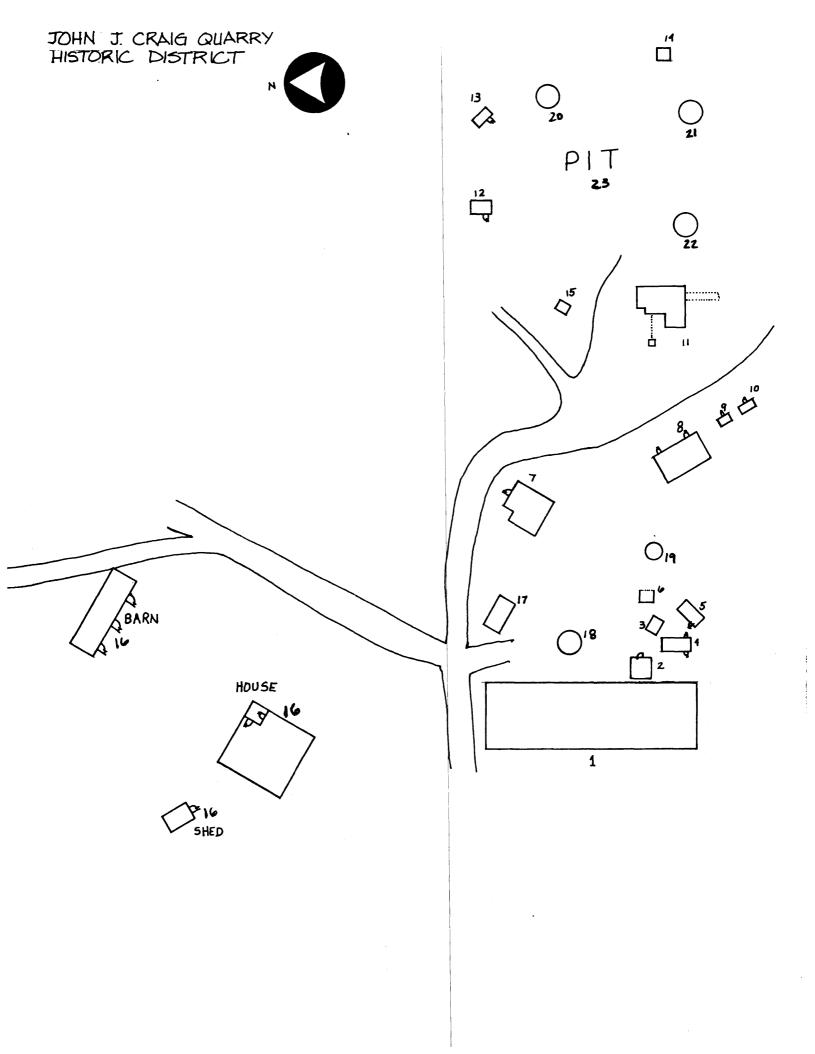
The company's expansion of the 1920s was the result of the rising demand for the Craig quarry's marble concurrent with the building boom of the period. The company's marble was purchased and shipped across America and to foreign countries such as Italy and Australia. Several large contracts were for marble used in government office buildings in Washington, D.C. The pink and reddish marble of the main quarry was highly prized and the demand of the 1920s resulted in the expansion of the company's operation.

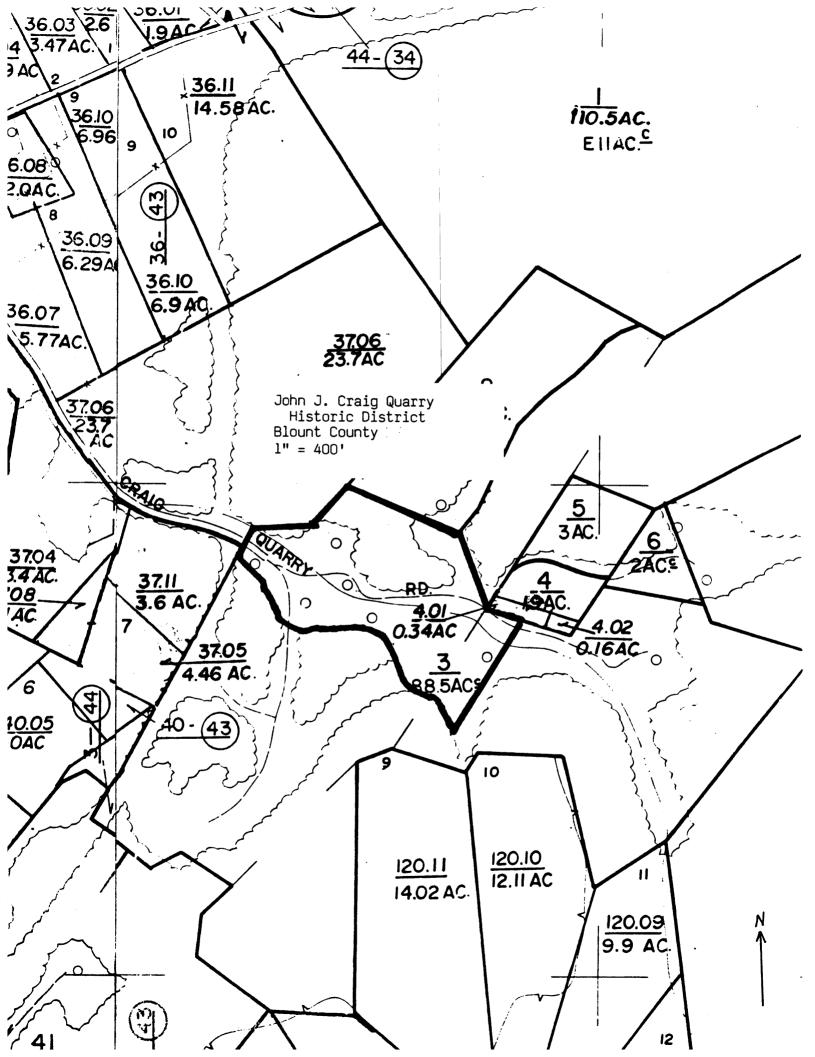
By 1930, the main quarry employed several dozen workers and the operations were centered around the Gangsaw building. Marble cut in the quarry was hoisted by derricks and brought into the building where it was cut into smaller blocks. The blocks were then hauled to the railroad at Friendsville for shipment to clients. Workers lived throughout the area with at least six residences built by the company on its property to house employees. Of these residences only one remains extant. The company remained in the hands of the Craig family throughout the early 20th century.

The early years of the Depression slowed operations at the quarry for several years but the late 1930s were some of the busiest years of the company as a result of several federal government building programs such as the Work Projects Administration. The company supplied marble for numerous government buildings such as post offices, office buildings, and courthouses. One of its largest contracts was for the interior marble of the National Gallery in Washington. Several state office buildings in Nashville used the company's marble as did the U.S. Post Office in Knoxville.

With World War II, the company's operation declined as building projects lessened and did not revive until the late 1940s. The quarry continued to be owned by the Craig family until 1982 when it was sold to the present owner. The current operation of the quarry is the production of terrazzo chips for terrazzo floors. Over the past several decades small shed have been built in the district but the majority of these are small storage facilities. The overall appearance and character of the district's early 20th century operation remains intact and it is the only major historic quarry in operation in Blount County.

9. Major Bibliogra	aphical References	
Burns, In <u>Str</u>	nez E. <u>History of Blount County, Ten</u> <u>ip.</u> Tennessee Historical Commission,	nessee: From War Trail to Landing Mary Blount Chapter DAR, 1957.
Maher, Nas	Stuart W., and Joe P. Walters. <u>T</u> shville: Department of Conservation a	he Marble Industry of Tennessee. nd Commerce, 1960.
	John. Blount County Cultural Resonants County Cultural Resonmission, Nashville, Tennessee.	ource Survey. Tennessee Historical
preliminary detern has been reques previously listed previously detern designated a Nate recorded by Hister Survey # recorded by Hister	tion on file (NPS): N/A mination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) ated in the National Register nined eligible by the National Register tional Historic Landmark oric American Buildings oric American Engineering	See continuation sheet Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Specify repository:
10. Geographical	Data	
Acreage of property	Approximately 16.5 acres.	
Zone Easting	Northing	B 1 6 7 6 1 6 2 0 3 9 6 2 9 8 0 Zone Easting Northing D 1 6 7 6 1 1 6 0 3 9 6 2 7 8 0
Louisville G	Juad	See continuation sheet
Blount County t west by the west boundary of the guarry pit. and	or the John J. Craig Quarry Histor tax map 44, lot 3, which is drawn stern legal property line of the 1	The district is bounded on the lot, on the north by the northern legal which is 20' from the eastern edge of the See continuation sheet extends around the
Boundary Justification		
The boundary for include all signature	or the John J. Craig Quarry Histor gnificant buildings, structures an	ric District follows an irregular line to nd sites associated with the historic modern residences to the e ast and southeast
-		See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepare	ed By	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
name/title	Philip Thomason	
organization	Thomason and Associates	date3/30/89
street & number	P.O. Box 121225	telephone
city or town	Nashville	





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Photographs Section number _____ Page ____ Hist. and Arch. Resources of Blount Co.

John J. Craig Quarry Historic District Miser Station Rd., Friendsville vic., Blount County, TN Photographs By: Thomason and Assoc. Date: Fall, 1988 Location of Neg: THC View: Buildings 8, 9, 10, towards southwest. Photo # 1 View: Building 11, towards east. Photo # 2 View: Quarry pit, towards east. Photo # 3 View: Building 1, Gangsaw, north and west facade. Photo # 4 View: Building 1 Gangsaw, and 2, south and east facades. Photo # 5 View: Building 1, Gangsaw, south and west facade. Photo # 6 View: Building 7, Commissary, north and west facades. Photo # 7 View: Building 16, residence, north and east facades. Photo # 8 View: Building 16, residence, north and west facades, associated shed. Photo # 9 View: Building 1, interior machinery. Photo # 10 View: Barn associated with Building 16, residence. Photo # 11