United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places



See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

nistoric	Landry Tomb			
and/or common	same			
2. Loca	tion			
street & number	Ascension Catholic near the corner of			not for publication
city, town	Donaldsonville	n/a_ vicinity of	congressional district	
state	LA code	22 county	Ascension Parish	code 005
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition n/a in process n/a being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	educational entertainment government industrial	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: tomb
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name _{Land} street & number	ry Family Associatic Walter J. Landry, 425 W. Vermilion S	President		
city, town	Lafayette	<u>N∕A</u> _ vicinity of	state _{L.A}	70501
5. Loca	ntion of Lega	I Description	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Asce	nsion Parish Court	thouse	
street & number	Homer Street (no	specific address)	P. O. Box 192	
city, town	Donaldsonville		state I	A 70346
6. Repr	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys	
itle LA Histo	ric Sites Surveu	has this pro	operty been determined eligib	le? yes no
late 1980			federal state	
depository for su	rvev records TA State	Historia Dress	<u> </u>	
·····	,	Historic Preserva		
city, town	Baton Ro	uge	state _L	A

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one X_ unaitered altered	Check one original site moved dateN/A
--	--------------------------------------	---

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Landry Tomb (1845), an extremely monumental above ground multiple burial vault, is located in a small town cemetery. Since it was built and filled, it has undergone no changes aside from the gradual growth of vines. Hence there is absolutely no integrity problem.

The tomb is a two stage monument constructed of ashlar granite. Set on a heavy base, the lower stage contains the square tomb space, which has 2 severely cut Doric pilasters on each face and a massive diagonally set pier on each corner. Each pier is surmounted by an urn. The second stage is a granite cube with a 4 pilaster temple front on each face. The walls spread markedly towards the base, which indicates a desire to combine Egyptian characteristics with this essentially neo-classical monument.

The tomb is entered on the north side by means of a bronze door and a granite stoop.

8. Significance



Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Criterion C

The Landry Tomb is significant on the state level in the area of architecture as one of the most outstanding extant examples of antebellum Louisiana funerary architecture. Louisiana is known for its large elaborately designed tombs, but virtually all of the more impressive ones date from the late nineteenth or early twentieth centuries. Prior to the Civil War the finest Classical Revival tombs tended to be sarcophagi (sometimes double sarcophagi) with a pediment at each end and a set of corner pilasters. The Landry Tomb is far more pretentious than this. Its two stage design with four massive corner piers, urns, and a pavilion top which presents a full pedimented portico on each side represents a much bolder and more ambitious approach to funerary architecture than was common at the time.

The Landry Tomb was built in 1845 and is attributed to James Dakin by his biographer, Arthur Scully, Jr. Scully's conclusion that the tomb was "in all likelihood" designed by Dakin is based upon the architectural evidence and a drawing in Dakin's collection of a building which strongly resembles the tomb.

There are 24 vaults in the Landry Tomb. One of the individuals buried there is the one to whom it is dedicated, Joseph Landry, who died in 1814 and was moved into the present tomb in 1845.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Scully, Arthur, Jr. James Dakin, Architect. LSU Press, 1973.

10. Geogra	ohical Data							
Acreage of nominated prop Quadrangle name <u>Dona1</u> UMT References			Quadrangle scale _1:24000					
A <u>1 5</u> <u>6 9 4 0 9 0</u> Zone Easting	3 3 3 1 3 2 0 Northing	B Zone Eastin	ng Northing					
C] []		▫└⊥┘└┴┘ ╒└┘┐┌┬┐ ⊢┌╹┐╷┌┬╹						
Verbal boundary descrip	tion and justification							
See attached sketch	See attached sketch map.							
List all states and count								
state N/A	code	county	code					
state	code	county	code					
11. Form Pr	epared By							
name/title Dr. Robert	t C. Judice							
organization Landry Fai	mily Association	date	December 1980					
	t. Charles Avenue	telephone	504.005.6603					
city or town New Or.	leans	state	la 70115					
<u></u>	storic Prese	ervation Offi	cer Certification					
The evaluated significance of	of this property within the s	tate is:						
nationai	<u>X</u> state	local						
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.								
State Historic Preservation (B. DeBlieux	Shert					
title State Historic	c Preservation Offic		^{date} June 25, 1982					
I hereby certify that th	s property is included in Mi	National Constants						
William H. R	sarhow .	and the second second	ano. 8.11.82					
Keeper of the National R	legister							
Attest:			date					

19. j

Chief of Registration

TO LIAIBORNE STREET

TO MISSISSIPPI FINER



TO ST. VINCENT STREET



NOTE: THE LEMETERY MAIN ENTRANLE 15, LOLATED AT THE CORNER OF CLAIBORNE + ST. VINLENT STREETS. THE TOMB 16 LOLATED IN THE SOUTHEASTERN CORNER OF THE CEMETERY. BOUNDARIES PARALLEL FACADES AT DISTANLES SHOLUN.

Ascension Catholic Church Cametery

SLALE 1"=10' APPROX.