



# United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

1849 C Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20240

March 12, 2011

## Notice to file:

This property has been automatically listed in the National Register of Historic Places. This is due to the fact that the publication of our Federal Register Notice: "National Register of Historic Places: Pending Nominations and Other Actions" was delayed beyond our control to the point where the mandated 15 day public comment period ended after our required 45 day time frame to act on the nomination. If the 45<sup>th</sup> day falls on a weekend or Federal holiday, the property will be automatically listed the next business day. The nomination is technically adequate and meets the National Register criteria for evaluation, and thus, automatically listed in the National Register of Historic Places.

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United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

JAN 25 2011

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form*. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets if needed (NPS Form 10-900a).

## 1. Name of Property

historic name Drake, June D., Houseother names/site number N/A

## 2. Location

street & number 409 South Water Street☐

not for publication

city or town Silverton☐

vicinity

state Oregoncode ORcounty Marioncode 047zip code 97381

## 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended,

I hereby certify that this X nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.

In my opinion, the property X meets does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:

national statewide X local

Signature of certifying official/Title Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

Date

Oregon State Historic Preservation Office

State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria.

Signature of commenting official

Date

Title State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government

## 4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that this property is:

X entered in the National Registerdetermined eligible for the National Registerdetermined not eligible for the National Registerremoved from the National Registerother (explain):

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

Drake, June D., House  
Name of Property

Marion Co., OR  
County and State

## 5. Classification

**Ownership of Property**  
(Check as many boxes as apply.)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	private
<input type="checkbox"/>	public - Local
<input type="checkbox"/>	public - State
<input type="checkbox"/>	public - Federal

**Category of Property**  
(Check only **one** box.)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	building(s)
<input type="checkbox"/>	district
<input type="checkbox"/>	site
<input type="checkbox"/>	structure
<input type="checkbox"/>	object

**Number of Resources within Property**  
(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1	2	buildings
		district
		site
		structure
		object
1	2	<b>Total</b>

**Name of related multiple property listing**  
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)

Historic Architecture in Silverton, Oregon and its  
Environs

**Number of contributing resources previously  
listed in the National Register**

N/A

## 6. Function or Use

**Historic Functions**  
(Enter categories from instructions.)

DOMESTIC: Single dwelling

**Current Functions**  
(Enter categories from instructions.)

DOMESTIC: Single dwelling

## 7. Description

**Architectural Classification**  
(Enter categories from instructions.)

LATE VICTORIAN: Queen Anne

**Materials**  
(Enter categories from instructions.)

foundation: STONE: Granite

walls: WOOD: Weatherboard

WOOD: Shingle

roof: ASPHALT: Shingle

other: N/A

Drake, June D., House  
Name of Property

Marion Co., OR  
County and State

### Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance of the property. Explain contributing and noncontributing resources if necessary. Begin with a **summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, setting, size, and significant features.)

#### Summary Paragraph

The June D. Drake House is situated on the east side of South Water Street, the primary north-south thoroughfare through Silverton, extending along the east side of Silver Creek, at the northern edge of the residential neighborhood extending south, away from the main downtown business district. The neighborhood is characterized by historic residences to the south, most being contemporary to the June Drake House, or built within 15 years of its completion in 1904. It represents one of a few residential vestiges in an area immediately south of the original downtown business district that was developed with residences in the opening years of the twentieth century, and that now is increasingly surrounded with growth of the business district, now being almost entirely surrounded by commercial and community buildings, including a commercial building adjacent to the north, the Silverton Public Library across South Water Street, and the Silverton Community Center, two lots to the south. The house fronts southwest onto South Water Street, which bends to follow the course of Silver Creek. The house sits on a rectangular lot, with 59 feet fronting South Water Street, and extending 117 feet into the block. Immediately behind the house are two non-historic, non-contributing sheds. The house is a 1½ story, wood-frame Free Classic Queen Anne-style house which, typical of the Free Classic sub-type of the Queen Anne style, combines late-Victorian elements of massing and style with subdued elements of the Colonial Revival style. It has a side-gabled roof featuring a prominent, projecting, forward-facing gable and rear-facing, projecting gable. The house has an off-center entrance covered with a front porch, forward canted bay, and two additions, one at the rear of the south (side) elevation, and another at the rear (east)<sup>1</sup>. The walls are finished with wood coved shiplap (drop) siding, and wood shingle in the gable ends. The foundation beneath the original house is rough-dressed, coursed granite, and beneath the additions, poured concrete. The interior of the house is modestly styled with built-in cabinetry, a finely-crafted fir staircase, and a modestly-executed colonnade between the front sitting room and the rear parlor, featuring delicate spindle work supported by columns. The house includes three alterations of note, including a gabled attachment to the rear of the south elevation, an enclosure of the rear porch at the northeast corner, and a hipped-roofed, partially enclosed rear porch on the east elevation. The house totals 3,122 square feet.

### Narrative Description

#### Exterior

The June Drake House is composed of a side-facing main gable across the width of the house, opposed by a subordinate, forward-projecting gable on the south side of the principal (west) elevation, and a subordinate, rear-facing gable projecting from the south side of the east (rear) elevation. The building rises to 1½-stories in its main massing. On the south (side) elevation is a single-story, gabled addition, added in the 1960s. On the east (rear) elevation, a hipped roof has been added, covering a concrete patio with a narrow, projecting enclosure. In the northeast (rear) corner of the house is a small, hipped-roofed, single-story enclosure that was (until the 1960s) an open porch.

The main mass of the house, which includes all of the original portions of the house except for the front porch and the porch in the northeast corner (since infilled), sits on a foundation of rough-faced, mortared granite, rough-squared, and laid in courses, each approximately 6-inches thick. The foundation rises two courses above the ground surface. The front porch is supported by wood posts behind a lattice skirt, while the infilled rear corner porch (northeast corner) rests upon a poured-concrete slab foundation, poured to replace the

<sup>1</sup> The June Drake House is situated along South Water Street, which follows the course of Silver Creek through Silverton, bending to follow natural curves in the course of the creek. In the vicinity of the June Drake House, the creek trends southeast-northwest, as does South Water Street. As a result, the June Drake House actually faces somewhat to the southwest. For the purposes of this nomination, the principal elevation (SW) will be referred to as the west elevation, the side elevations as the north and south elevations, and the rear elevation as the east elevation.



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

wood-post foundation when the porch was enclosed for additional living space in the 1960s. At the rear corner porch, the siding extends below the lowest level of the original massing, to within four inches of the ground. Beneath the single-story side addition on the south elevation, the structure is supported by a poured-concrete foundation, as is the partially-enclosed rear patio area.

The west (front) elevation is characterized by the vertical division created by the forward slope of the main gable on the north and the forward-projecting gable on the south. On the ground floor, the porch occupies the north half of the elevation, while the forward-facing gable occupies the south half. Where these two intersect at the roofline of the porch, the roof porch encroaches onto the face of the forward gable by approximately two feet. The porch itself is supported by three turned posts joined by a low railing with spindled balusters. These have replaced the original porch supports, which consisted of three Tuscan columns, with no railing between them. The cheeks of the porch roof continue the siding, but the eaves descending along the sides return a shingled, pent roof clear to the main massing of the house. The slope of the side-gabled roof descends to just above the eave line, where the slope lessens very slightly, projecting beyond the face of the adjacent forward projecting gable to cover the front porch. The main entry door, located on the west elevation at the south end of the porch, is a heavy wood door with four panels below a large, frosted glass pane. The window itself is enframed by richly carved detailing, including a small sill, flanking half-rounds, and a decorative cornice. Above the window is a wide swag with stylized scallop detail at the center, and below the sill is a similarly wide swag that appears to be a stylized acanthus. The door and molded framing are original, and include a single-pane transom above the door. The original rotary doorbell is intact and functional, located on the south doorframe. Centered above the front porch, on the second floor, is a gabled dormer containing a pair of small, single-pane casement windows. The lintel molding, which matches that elsewhere on the house, spans the gable, creating a pedimented arrangement in the gable, set off by the varied courses of wood shingle. The cheeks and face of the dormer are clad in coved shiplap found elsewhere on the house.

The south side of the principal (west) elevation is composed of the face of the forward-facing gable, which includes a projecting canted bay on the ground floor, and a paired window on the second floor. The canted bay has a one-over-one wood-sash window on each of the three faces. The upper sashes have lamb's tails, and are fixed. The center window on the bay is wider than the flanking windows, with a taller lower sash than upper sash. The bay is covered by a hipped roof, canted to match the bay, and with a decorative fascia suggesting a cornice beneath the eave overhang. The bay roof extends from the face of the elevation directly beneath the sills of the paired windows on the second floor. These windows are typical of those found throughout the house, in size, shape, and ornamentation, as well as operation. They are one-over-one single-hung wood sashes with lamb's tails on the upper sash. Window surrounds include a shaped sill and simple sideboards. The lintel, which on the first floor is a classically-derived cornice-type molding, is here carried across the façade, piercing the cornice fascia beneath the gable eaves. The cornice/lintel molding creates the division in the gable end, below which is the typical siding found elsewhere on the house, and above which is a decorative infill of varied courses of shingle, including fishscale, square, hexagonal and octagonal patterns. The cornice fascia that extends around the entire building, including into the gables, continues beyond the piercing of the window lintel, creating a pedimented appearance in the gable ends. This arrangement of the window lintel, cornice, and shingles to create a pedimented appearance occurs on the side (north and south) elevations beneath the main side gables as well. The corners of the projecting gable and of the main gable have corner boards with simple Colonial Revival-style molded capitals.

The south (side) elevation is characterized by the main gable end, containing the same arrangement of paired windows on the second floor, with the above-described pedimentation of the gable end and lintel spanning the gable. Centered within this shingled gable is a small attic window, with the same trim as seen elsewhere on other windows throughout the house. The ends of the main gable return a short distance with asphalt-shingled pent-roofed eave returns. The wall of this elevation is extended somewhat to the west to accommodate the projection of the forward-facing gable. The ground floor contains a triple window, carrying the same molding profiles as the lintel, sill, and sideboards seen elsewhere on the building. The center window in this triple window is slightly wider than the flanking windows. At the east end of this elevation is a single-story, side-

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

gabled addition constructed in the 1960s. The siding on this addition matches the siding on the rest of the house; however, the corner boards are simple boards. The windows on the west elevation of the addition has two one-over-one windows with very similar, though slightly different, molding profiles at the lintels, and lacking the shaped trim beneath the sill. These windows, while also wood sashes, do not have the lamb's tails at the bottom of the upper sash. The south elevation of the addition has an exterior-brick chimney extending through the eave just to the east of the gable peak. Above the addition, on the south elevation of the rear-facing gable on the main mass, is a small casement window with matching trim. Although obscured by the 1960s addition, the rear facing gable is not flush on the south elevation with the face of the south elevation beneath the primary side gable; it is set back off that face by about one foot.

The rear (east) elevation of the house has seen more modification than any other elevation. In the 1960s, the south addition was built flush with the rear façade of the house, extending the east elevation the length of the addition. On the east elevation of that addition is a triple window very similar to that on the south elevation, ground floor, though with the same trim seen on the addition's west elevation – very similar, yet slightly different lintel molding, and lacking the shaped board beneath the sill. In addition, in contrast to the original triple window on the south elevation, this triple window is distinguishable from the original by the narrow dividing boards between the windows, compared to the windows on the original which match the thickness of the sideboards around the outside of the triple set. The rear of the house is largely defined by the added hipped roof covering the concrete patio, built between 1915 and 1922. The roof is centered beneath the main east-facing gable, and extends from beneath the level of the second-story windows. It is supported by a partial enclosure (also dating to between 1915 and 1922) occupying the south side of the patio, and a square-wood post located at the northeast corner of the patio. The enclosure is quite narrow, and has a wide wood, six-light door with simple surround on the east end of the north wall. The siding on this enclosure matches the siding found elsewhere on the house. Beneath the hipped roof, to the north of the enclosure is the rear door, located in its original position. A recent screen door is attached to the exterior. The second-floor windows are of similar dimensions and trim as those found elsewhere on the house; however, in contrast with the other elevations, where the lintel molding is extended across the façade to meet the eaves of the gable, this does not occur on the east (rear) elevation, and there is no shingle in the gable peak.

The north elevation has gable treatment identical to that on the south elevation, including the coursed-shingle work, and pedimentation suggested by the continuation of the second-story window lintel molding across the elevation. The fenestration on this elevation differs from that on the south elevation; however, as the triple window on the south elevation ground floor is a double window on the north elevation ground floor. A high-mounted single-light wood sash window is located to the west, corresponding to the staircase landing on the interior. Likewise, on the second floor, where on the south elevation is found a double window, on the north elevation is a single one-over-one window, just to the east of centered on this elevation. At the east end of the first floor is a small one-over-one wood-sash window with matching trim beneath the western edge of a hipped-roofed single-story enclosure that was once an open porch. The wood-sash window is original, and this part of the porch was built as an enclosure for a small pantry that still exists on the interior. The remainder of this corner porch, however, was enclosed in the 1960s. The enclosure has a large triple aluminum-framed picture window, the flanking sashes of which slide. On the east wall of the enclosed porch is a sliding aluminum-framed window. Both of these windows have attached aluminum-framed exterior storm windows as well. They have no trim. The siding on this porch enclosure matches that found elsewhere on the house. As originally built, this porch was open, and the roof (which remains as a part of the enclosure) was supported by a single column matching those originally on the front porch.

To the east of the house are two non-historic sheds. The northern of the two has a shed roof, plywood walls with wood batten, and two pairs of hinged doors. The southern of the two is a side-gabled shed with T-1-11 siding and a pair of hinged doors.

## Interior



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

The ground floor of the June Drake House includes ten rooms, including the entry hall, sitting room, parlor, dining room, kitchen, family room (within the northeast enclosed porch), wash room, bathroom (within the south addition), pantry, and rear bedroom (partially within the south addition). Interior trim includes a heavy baseboard molding in all rooms, molded-door and -window surrounds, and molded crowns over windows. Original four-panel doors (except pocket doors and closets) in the original house include single-light, hopper-sash transoms.

The entry hall, located in the northwest corner of the first floor, is immediately behind the main entry door. It is characterized by extensive use of fir paneling on the staircase that descends from the second floor. The staircase rises along the west wall to a quarter landing, from which it ascends along the north wall to a second quarter landing, ascending the rest of the way to the second story along the east wall of the entry hall. The staircase has a square, richly molded newel post at the base, turned 45-degrees at the end of a short sweep at the bottom of the rail. It is topped with a brass electrical lamp with a globe light (with replaced globe), which is original to the house; the June D. Drake House was the first in Silverton to be built with electricity incorporated into the house. Beneath the stairs, along the north wall, is a paneled wall with a basement access door. The exterior of this wall, descending directly from the edge of the stair, is a finely-paneled wall with dozens of small square panels set into it. A four-panel door is set in the paneling, at the east end of the wall. This door gives access to the earthen basement, which is unfinished. The stair rail has turned balusters, two to each stair, and a square newel at each turn. The entry hall has transomed doorways to the dining room (east), sitting room (south) and parlor (at the east end of the south wall). The doorway between the entry hall and sitting room is a single, wide pocket door, which slides east into the wall. The pocket door is original, and retains all of its original brass hardware.

The sitting room, occupying the area behind the canted-bay windows, is largely unelaborated, with the exception of the colonnade between it and the parlor to the east. This colonnade is the most elaborated in the house, consisting of finely-turned fir columns set upon paneled pedestals emerging from the walls. Across the top of the colonnade, spanning between the columns and the walls and between the columns themselves is delicate trim set with turned spindles carrying carved balls of alternating pattern, three to a spindle.

The parlor includes the triple window seen on the exterior, south elevation ground floor. It too lacks any notable elaborations, with the exception of the double pocket door on the north wall, between the parlor and the dining room. These doors are original, and retain all of their original hardware. The parlor also includes a narrow-transomed door on the west end of the north wall, allowing direct access to the entry hall.

The dining room has a door in the west wall to the entry hall, the double pocket door on the south wall to the parlor, and a double-swinging door to the kitchen. This door is notable for retaining its original hinges and hardware, swinging freely in both directions, and returning to the closed position by use of a pair of springs. The dining room also includes the paired window on the north wall, visible from the exterior on the north elevation, ground floor. The dining room includes a built-in fir china cabinet set into the east wall, to the north of the kitchen door. The cabinet has a pair of fir-trimmed single-light glass doors with original brass pulls. The trim at the crown and sill match that seen on windows throughout the house.

The kitchen has been remodeled several times during the life of the house, most recently in the mid-2000s. During remodeling in the 1960s, when the kitchen was first updated following the death of June Drake, the ceiling was lowered approximately 15 inches to accommodate new ductwork. To the north of the kitchen, divided from it by a counter peninsula, is the family room, constructed by enclosing the walls of the former northeast corner porch. It has very little trim or elaboration, because it is not an original interior space. In the northwest corner of this area is a narrow pantry or larder, accessed through an original doorway (the door has been removed), and containing cupboards and shelves. At the north end is a small original window. The pantry is original to the house, and the east wall of it was the original exterior wall, forming the west wall of the northeast corner porch.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

To the south of the kitchen is the wash room, now containing a clothes washing machine and dryer. When originally constructed, this room was the bathroom. During the late 1960s remodel that included the construction of the south addition, the bathroom was moved from this room, into the next room to the south, accessed through a doorway on the south wall of the wash room. The bathroom is a full bath, and includes similar, though very slightly different door and window trim than the rooms in the original portion of the house. To the south of the bathroom, accessible through a wood door at the east side of the south wall, is a large, walk-in storage room. This room has the same trim as the bathroom, and the rest of the 1960s addition. To the east of the storage room, bathroom, washroom and kitchen, accessible from the kitchen, bathroom, and storage room, is a long, narrow room occupying the eastern portion of the original house and extending into the eastern portion of the south addition. This room is currently used as a large bedroom, and includes a large, brick fireplace at the south wall. This room includes the triple window visible from the exterior on the east wall of the south addition.

The second floor of the house is accessed from the entry hall, via the main staircase described above. At the top of the stair, the balustrade makes a curve back around to follow the floor, turning twice and joining the north wall. This room is behind the dormer visible on the front (west) elevation, and except for the dormer, the ceiling slopes with the roofline, creating a space in the northwest corner that includes a built in, wood-trimmed cabinet with a glass door. The brass hardware on this cabinet is intact and original. From this room, the hallway extends to the east, giving access to bedrooms and a second full bathroom. The southwest corner of the second floor is the first room of a bedroom suite, with paired windows. These windows are visible from the exterior on the west (front) elevation, second floor, in the forward-projecting gable. The ceiling of this room slopes of the roofline. The east wall of this room includes a double pocket door joining it to the room immediately to the east. The doors are fir, intact, and original, with all of the original brass hardware. The room is also accessible from the hallway, via a transomed door on the north wall of the bedroom (south wall of the hallway). The bedroom also has two narrow doorways, evenly spaced on the east wall, the northern of which gives access through a small closet to the bathroom, located to the east. The doorway on the south gives access to a closet. These doors are located on a wall introduced in the late 1960s, approximately 4 feet to the west of the original wall, which is located behind it, forming the rear wall of the closets.

A bedroom is also located to the north of the hallway, east of the top of the stairs, beneath the northern gable of the main side-gabled roof. This room has a single one-over-one wood-sash window, visible from the exterior on the north elevation, second floor, beneath the main gable. The ceiling in this room slopes with the roofline on the east side. At the east end of the hall are two more bedrooms, equally sharing the space beneath the east-facing (rear) gable of the house. Each room has a transomed door, and each has one of the two windows visible from the exterior on the east elevation, second floor.

### Alterations

In ca. 1912, a hipped-roof patio addition was made to the rear of the house. Because this alteration was made very shortly after the construction of the house, and within the period of significance, it does not affect the integrity of the house. During the 1960s, the kitchen was remodeled, the rear corner porch enclosed and turned into living space, much of the interior wood trim was painted, and an addition was made to the rear of the south elevation, adding two new rooms (a full bathroom and a storage room), and expanding what had been a small rear bedroom.

The south elevation addition consists of a side-gabled, single-story wing, containing three rooms, a bathroom, a storage room, and an extension of the first-floor bedroom. The addition is toward the rear of the house on a secondary elevation. Siding on the addition matches that used on the original portion of the house, door and window trim is complimentary of the original, window material, shape, and operation match those in the original portion of the house, and stylistic embellishments are minimal, with the result that the addition does not attract the attention of the observer. This alteration is the most obvious and significant alteration, but was made with care toward the original design and materials of the house, and represents alteration suitable to and complimentary of the original design.



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

The enclosure of the rear porch, which originally occupied the first floor, northeast corner of the house, adapted that space for use as an interior living space. The enclosure uses wood siding matching the original, but also includes large, aluminum-framed picture windows, which are not compatible with the windows in the rest of the house, which are all original, except those on the south addition, which closely mimic the originals. The rear porch area of the house, however, is extremely difficult to see from the street or adjacent properties, and does not seriously affect the overall historic presentation of the house to the casual observer. In addition, the enclosure of the rear porch does not seriously alter the floor plan or change the pattern or circulation of the interior of the house. Overall, the exterior additions are to the rear of the house, and do not seriously detract from the curb-side view of the home. Although they do affect the integrity of the house, they do not disqualify the house from listing in the National Register. The interior alterations are consistent with common alterations to historic houses, especially updated kitchens and bathrooms, and while they do affect the integrity of the house somewhat, they are not sufficient to disqualify it for eligibility.

The most significant alteration to the house is the replacement of the original Tuscan columns that supported the porch, and their replacement with narrow, turned porch posts, together with a porch rail. The overall shape of the porch is not affected. The turned posts are in the same position as the original columns, and replicate the original rhythm of the porch supports, and the steps are located in their original position. Although these alterations do alter the overall feel of the house somewhat, and are more appropriate for a building of an earlier style, the overall feel of the house as an early 1900s Free Classic Queen Anne-style house is maintained by the many other significant and characteristic design elements that remain intact, and the integrity of the house is not seriously diminished to the point of rendering the house ineligible for listing in the National Register.

Drake, June D., House  
Name of Property

Marion Co., OR  
County and State

## 8. Statement of Significance

### Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- ☐ A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- ☒ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- ☒ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- ☐ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

### Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- ☐ A Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- ☐ B removed from its original location.
- ☐ C a birthplace or grave.
- ☐ D a cemetery.
- ☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- ☐ F a commemorative property.
- ☐ G less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years.

### Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions.)

ARCHITECTURE

SOCIAL HISTORY

### Period of Significance

1904, Criterion C (Architecture)

1904-1964, Criterion B (June D. Drake)

### Significant Dates

1904, date of construction

### Significant Person

(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)

June D. Drake

### Cultural Affiliation

N/A

### Architect/Builder

Unknown<sup>2</sup>

<sup>2</sup> Review of historic newspapers, building and permit records, and historic city directories was unable to definitively determine the architect or builder of the June D. Drake House. One note appearing in the *Silverton Appeal*, dated May 27, 1904 states, "C.W. Drake has commenced the erection of a house on Water Street south of his residence." This clearly refers to the June D. Drake House, but it is unclear if C.W. Drake was undertaking the construction of the house himself, or had hired a builder to do so.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

**Period of Significance (justification)**

The June D. Drake House was constructed in 1904, representing the completion of the unknown builder's work and the beginning and end of the period of significance under Criterion C. The period of significance for Criterion B begins in 1904 when June D. Drake was known as an important photographer and influential local leader and continues until 1964 when Drake no longer lived at the residence.

**Criteria Considerations (explanation, if necessary)**

Not Applicable

**Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph** (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance and applicable criteria.)

The June D. Drake House, located in Silverton, Marion County, Oregon, is significant at the local level under Criterion B, Social History, as the last remaining building associated with June D. Drake, a regionally prominent professional photographer, leading historian of Silverton and the surrounding area, civic leader, and the driving force behind the establishment of Silver Falls State Park, the largest and best-known park in the Oregon State Park system. It is also eligible at the local level under Criterion C, Architecture, as a fine representative of a moderately-expressed Queen Anne style (Free Classic) residence in the cross-wing form, retaining integrity, and meeting the general and specific registration requirements set forth in the *Historic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs* Multiple Property Documentation.

**Narrative Statement of Significance** (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

Built in 1904, the June D. Drake House is nominated for listing in the National Register under the *Historic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs* Multiple Property Documentation under Criteria B and C. The house meets all of the general and specific registration requirements for moderately-expressed Queen Anne-style residences detailed in that document for historic houses in Silverton. As required for listing under the MPD, the single-family residence is located in Silverton at its original location and displays a high-degree of historic integrity that clearly communicates its architectural style, specifically in the areas critical for listing under Criterion C, Architecture, including retention of materials, workmanship, and design. The Free Classical Queen Anne style is clearly demonstrated in the 1½-story wood-frame Drake House through a blending of Queen Anne and Classical details. The Queen Anne styling is communicated through the use of tall, narrow windows and differing siding treatments, and by the incorporation of a bay window and large porch, among other details, applied to a finely-designed but modestly-sized building. The Drake House's adoption of the side-gabled main massing and the subdued classical elements (such as the corner boards with simple molding at the top, suggesting capitals, as well as the wide frieze, and, in its original form, the columns at the porch) suggest the Colonial Revival style. The interior shows a similar blending of style, particularly evident in the staircase that incorporates a Queen Anne-style rail and newell post paired with Classically-inspired square wall paneling. In addition to this, the June D. Drake House represents the move from nineteenth-century housing design to the fully modern age, with its traditional style and arrangement, especially in its interior design features and room arrangement, coupled with the first application of electrical wiring in new construction in Silverton. Although the house has been altered over the years, most noticeably on the rear elevation, overall, the house remains instantly and easily recognizable when compared with historic photos of the house in its original state.

The June D. Drake House is the last standing building directly associated with Drake, and is the building most closely associated with his life and contributions to the community. Drake was a regional award-winning photographer, the leading Silverton historian, collector of historical artifacts assembled into the pre-cursor of the first historical museum in Silverton, organizer and first president of the Silverton Historical Society and Silverton Museum, and the driving force behind the establishment of Silver Falls State Park for more than 20 years, portions of the purchase of which he funded himself despite financial hardship. He was recognized for



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

his effort by having one of the waterfalls in the park named for him, and recognized by the State of Oregon for his work as a historian with an award from the Oregon Historical Society and a seat on the board of the Oregon Centennial Commission. Throughout his professional career and pursuit of his private passions, Drake sought to promote the welfare of his community through the preservation of its natural beauty and cultural artifacts, resulting in the permanent establishment of local institutions and a popular State Park which still define and shape Silverton today.

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**Developmental history/additional historic context information** (if appropriate)

The June D. Drake house is a fine example of early-twentieth century domestic architecture in Silverton, Oregon. It is a 1½-story, moderately-expressed Queen Anne-style residence, built in 1904, and retaining integrity, both on the interior and the exterior, despite some additions and alterations to the rear of the house. Measured against the Registration Criteria established in the *Historic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs* MPD, the June D. Drake House is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion B at the local level through its association with June D. Drake, a prominent Pacific Northwest photographer, Silverton civic activist, and Oregon promoter of the preservation of natural and scenic areas, most notably Silver Falls State Park, the largest and most well-known park in the Oregon State park system, for which June D. Drake is widely credited as the primary motivator in creating. In addition, the June D. Drake House is eligible under Criterion C at the local level, an example of moderately-expressed Free Classic Queen Anne-style residential architecture in Silverton, Oregon, represents a bridge between the technology and stylistic sensibilities of the late-nineteenth century and those of the developing twentieth century. The June D. Drake House was built in 1904, on the brink of a period of expansion and general prosperity in Silverton that would take hold within two years, and last into the middle 1920s.

Although the house was built in 1904, belonging to Silverton's period of development referred to as the "Entry of the Railroad and Development of Industry" ranging from 1880-1905, and the rear addition belongs to the next period spanning from 1906-1925 (Industrial Boom, Age of Automobiles, and Expansion), the June D. Drake House represents a transitional building between these periods, being both traditional in its stylistic design and form, yet thoroughly modern, being the first house in Silverton to be built with electricity installed in the walls during construction.<sup>3</sup> The rear patio was built soon after the original house (ca. 1912), and although later than the original house, is considered to be a historic addition, added by the original owner of the house (with whom the house is associated, and nominated under Criterion B), and not does not adversely affect the building's integrity.

### **History of the June D. Drake House**

The June D. Drake House was built for June D. Drake in 1904, as June Drake was embarking on his career as a professional photographer. In May 1904, a newspaper item noted that "C.W. Drake has commenced the erection of a house on Water Street south of his residence," referring to the construction of the June D. Drake House and to his own house at 401 S. Water Street (this house still stands at that location), in which June D. Drake was raised.<sup>4</sup> Similar announcements in the newspaper from that year indicate that by July the house was framed and partially enclosed, and that in October, June Drake and his wife, Eleanor, were moving into the home.<sup>5</sup> That same year, he married Eleanor Schoenfeld, a Silverton High School teacher, and purchased the photographic studio of William M. Jones, opening the Drake Brothers Studio with his brother Emory Drake. A wedding announcement that appeared in the Silverton Appeal noted that the June D. Drake House was then under construction:

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<sup>3</sup> Drake, June D. "Electricity," Unpublished manuscript, 1950. Oregon Historical Society Permanent Collection, *June D. Drake Papers*, Mss 1617, Box 1, Folder 26.

<sup>4</sup> *Silverton Appeal*, "Local Items of Interest," May 27, 1904.

<sup>5</sup> *Silverton Appeal*, "Local Items of Interest," July 29, 1904.

<sup>6</sup> *Silverton Appeal*, "Local Items of Interest," October 28, 1904.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

The newly married couple will arrive in Silverton next Monday, and until the groom's house is finished will make their home with his parents.<sup>7</sup>

Drake was raised in the Queen Anne-style home of his parents, which was immediately adjacent to the lot on which he would build his home. It may be for this reason, and the lingering popularity of the Queen Anne style in Silverton, that he chose a Queen Anne-style home for his residence, though, reflective of the changing architectural tastes of the time, the house exhibits features of the also-popular Colonial Revival style in form and stylistic embellishment. In addition, the house was built during a time of changing technologies and expanding city services, and the house was the first in Silverton to be designed to include electrical wiring for lights and appliances, and was the first house in Silverton built with connections to the city water and sewer systems.<sup>8</sup> The parcel it sat on included the current lot, the present lot immediately to the north along Water Street, and the adjoining lots to the rear that now front on First Street. In ca. 1912, with a growing family, a hipped-roof patio addition was made to the rear of the house, providing additional storage and covered exterior space.

In 1963, Drake sold the rear lots on First Street to Roy and June Dunifer.<sup>9</sup> The Drakes sold the house in 1964 to Walter and Jessie Webb, and June moved into a care facility called Silver Crest Manor.<sup>10</sup> At the time the house was sold, it was in almost exactly the same condition it was when it was built, as the Drakes chose not to make any major updates to the appliances or décor in the home; the original linoleum floors and wallpaper installed when the house was built were still intact when the house was sold sixty years later. The Webbs owned the house for less than a year, selling in 1965 to J. Gale and Lois Becker.<sup>11</sup> The Beckers owned the house only a short time too, selling it to Dr. Wayne and Mary Ann Feller in 1966.<sup>12</sup>

In 1990, the Feller's sold the house to James J. and Joanne Barrett.<sup>13</sup> At this time, the property consisted of the parcel currently holding the June D. Drake House, and the property immediately to the north. In 1996, the two parcels were split, and the June D. Drake House, with its current parcel, was sold to Karen and Ed McKenzie, who embarked on a major effort to return the house to as near original condition as possible.<sup>14</sup> Much of the 1960s wallpaper has been removed, and replaced with period-appropriate wallpaper, and most of the painted wood trim and doors have been stripped and returned to their original dark fir coloring. The home was featured in the August 2004 issue of *Country Victorian Magazine*.

The June D. Drake House is the last standing building directly associated with Drake, and is the building most closely associated with his life and contributions to the community. His original photo studio burned in 1908, and was replaced with a new concrete building in 1911. That photo studio, which long stood at 303 North Water Street, was demolished after his retirement in 1960.

## Registration Requirements<sup>15</sup>

### Criterion B: June D. Drake (1880-1969)

The June D. Drake House is directly associated with June D. Drake, for whom the house was built in 1904 (see Criterion B: June D. Drake (1880-1969), below). Drake lived in the house nearly his entire adult life from its construction in 1904 to his removal to a care facility in 1964.

<sup>7</sup> *Silverton Appeal*, "Drake-Shoenfeld [sic]," July 15, 1904.

<sup>8</sup> Jones, Edgar J. "Lensman with Vision." *The Sunday Oregonian Magazine*, December 27, 1953.

<sup>9</sup> Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 581, page 296.

<sup>10</sup> Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 590, page 187; *Silverton Appeal Tribune* "June Drake Dies in Portland; Famed Historian, Photographer." July 4, 1969.

<sup>11</sup> Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 603, page 35

<sup>12</sup> Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 620, page 417

<sup>13</sup> Marion County Deed Records, Reel 756, page 146.

<sup>14</sup> Marion County Deed Records, Reel 1304, page 608

<sup>15</sup> The registration requirements presented here are defined and presented in the *Domestic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs* Multiple Property Documentation (Allen 2010), under which the June Drake is eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

June D. Drake was a civic leader, historian, and prolific professional photographer in Silverton, Oregon during the first half of the twentieth century. Widely celebrated among his contemporaries as a photographer of rare and varied talent, Drake used his camera to capture the serene beauty of the natural landscape around Silverton, as well as leaving behind an extremely valuable collection of photographs documenting over 70 years of development in the city of Silverton, and the families who lived there. His photographs won the 1908 Photography Society Prize, as well as many other awards, and his photography of Silver Falls, a series of fifteen natural waterfalls ranging from 25 to 198 feet on Silver Creek in the Cascade Range of Oregon, and his energetic activism toward protecting them are universally recognized as the driving elements behind the creation of the 1,030-acre Silver Falls State Park (now over 8,000 acres). His personal papers and over 6,000 negatives and prints now reside in the Oregon Historical Society permanent collection, and the University of Oregon Special Collections. In addition, he was instrumental in the creation of Silverton's City Park, was the chief of the Silverton Fire Department, served on the Silverton City Council, led the establishment of the city's gravity water and sewer systems, and organized the Silverton Historical Museum, serving as the first President of that body, and donating his extensive and locally famous collection of artifacts to form the core of the museum's collection. Drake is, after Homer Davenport (famed political cartoonist), undoubtedly Silverton's most beloved and remembered resident.

June Drake was born on July 11, 1880 in Marquam, Oregon, moving to Silverton, Oregon with his mother and father, Fannie Milster Drake (1857-1932) and Charles W. Drake (1851-1911,<sup>16</sup> several-term Silverton councilman and mayor of the city), and his older brother Emory R. Drake in fall of 1889,<sup>17</sup> building the home in which they would raise the brothers, at 401 S. Water Street, a house that still stands adjacent to the June Drake House. In 1899, Drake began his long career in civic activism when he became the secretary pro-tem of the Silverton lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars (changed to International Order of Good Templars in 1905), an international fraternal organization dedicated to temperance.<sup>18</sup> In addition to this, he was a charter member of the Silverton chapter of the Knights of Pythias, and Secretary of the Silverton Chamber of Commerce. In his later life, he became active in local history, gathering something of a local history museum collection in his studio, which he would open to the public. In 1959, he was awarded a special citation from the Oregon Historical Society.<sup>19</sup>

On July 14, 1904, June Drake married Eleanor M. Schoenfeld (1880-1968), a Silverton high school teacher, in Salem. At the time of the wedding, the June Drake House was under construction. Until the house was finished, June lived in Drake's parents' house, next door to the north.<sup>20</sup> The June Drake House was the first house in Silverton built with electrical wiring installed, the remnants of which are visible in the shingled gable peak of the west (front) elevation, where two insulated holes once passed electrical wiring to the interior of the house.<sup>21</sup> In 1909, their son, Charles was born, followed by daughter Ardith in 1915. The 1920 U.S. Census indicates that the 12-room house also held a servant named Helen Wolfe (16 years old), and three lodgers, including two dentists and a pharmacist. The 1930 U.S. Census indicates that at that time, the Drakes had no boarders in their home, and that in addition to June's photography studio, Eleanor was the proprietor of a confectionary.<sup>22</sup>

<sup>16</sup> United States Bureau of the Census *Twelfth Census of the United States*, State or Oregon, Marion County, Silverton Precinct, 1900. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon.

<sup>17</sup> Brekas, Jeff. "Whistlestops." Silverton Country Historical Society, January 2000 edition. Unpublished manuscript on file at Silverton Historical Museum, June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton, Oregon.

<sup>18</sup> Unpublished notes in the June D. Drake subject file, on file at the Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon; National Council of the International Organization of Good Templars, "A Noble Past." Electronic document, available at <http://www.iogt.us/iogt.php?p=35> Accessed June 3, 2010.

<sup>19</sup> *Silverton Appeal Tribune*, 1969.

<sup>20</sup> *Silverton Appeal*, 1904.

<sup>21</sup> Jones 1953.

<sup>22</sup> United States Bureau of the Census *Fourteenth Census of the United States*, State or Oregon, Marion County, East Silverton Precinct, 1920. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon; United States Bureau of the Census *Fifteenth Census of the United States*, State or Oregon, Marion County, East Silverton Precinct, 1930. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon.



Drake, June D., House

Marion Co., OR

Name of Property

County and State

During the 1930s, Drake's interest in local history grew, and he is credited with founding the Silverton Historical Society in 1930.<sup>23</sup> During the 1930s, 40s, and 50s, Drake was a frequent columnist on the history of Silverton, its vicinity, and its families, appearing in the Silverton Appeal-Tribune many times. In 1958-59, he served on the advisory committee for the centennial celebrations of Oregon's statehood.<sup>24</sup> In 1960, Drake retired from professional photography in 1960, and began writing a history of Oregon, which was not completed before his death on July 1, 1969.<sup>25</sup>

### Drake Brothers Photography Studio

In 1904, June and Emory Drake partnered to purchase the photography studio of William L. Jones, opening the Drake Brothers Studio in June of that year at the corner of N. Water and Oak Streets. On March 27, 1908, the studio burned, destroying all books, accounts, and negatives. It is said that during that fire, which destroyed several downtown buildings, Drake (then the acting fire chief) allowed his own building to burn while he directed efforts to save those of others. After the fire, the community helped Drake to build a temporary studio at 311 N. Water Street in only ten days.<sup>26</sup> Later in 1908, June bought out his brother's share in the studio, and operated it as sole proprietor for more than 50 years.<sup>27</sup> In 1911, he built a concrete building at 303 N. Water Street, from which he operated his photography studio until 1960. This studio, with large display windows, was the location of his very large collection of natural and cultural artifacts relating to the city and its environs, and was the progenitor of the Silverton Historical Museum, which Drake would later organize and serve as President. During the entire period of his professional activity, his studio remained called "Drake Brothers Studio."

Widely regarded as an exceptionally talented photographer, June Drake became known throughout the region for his award-winning photographs, highlighted in April 1908 with key awards at the Eighth Annual Convention of the Photographers Association of the Pacific Northwest. An account appearing in The Oregonian, August 23, 1908 is as follows:

"...announcement of the Salon Award. This is the top-notch honor in the association and entitles the winner to have his fortunate photograph placed on the line in a subsequent official exhibit. At the Vancouver meeting this Salon honor was conferred on ...J.D. Drake, of Silverton, Or...There was considerable rivalry among the photographers who entered pictures in class 4. This division was open to camera men who lived in towns of not more than 5000 inhabitants. It was an extremely close and interesting competition, and was made rather notable by the fact that J.D. Drake, of Silverton, Or., who captured a Salon honor, should also pick up a prize in the other class. Differences in subject, style of treatment, and technique usually confine a photographer to one class or the other. The double victory of Mr. Drake astonished his fellow photographers, but they readily conceded his title to both prizes."<sup>28</sup>

During the 1920s and 1930s, Drake would use his photographs of Silver Falls to create pamphlets promoting the creation of a national park at Silver Falls. He continued to operate his photography studio until his

<sup>23</sup> Oregon Historical Society Research Library, "Guide to the June D. Drake Papers, 1855-1967 (Mss 1617), Biographical Notes. Electronic Document, available at <http://nwda-db.wsulibs.wsu.edu/print/ark:/80444/xv27376> Accessed June 3, 2010.

<sup>24</sup> Unidentified newspaper clipping, "Drake Recalls 54 Years as a Photographer." On file in the June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon.

<sup>25</sup> Although never published, the original, hand-written manuscript and extensive notes for this project are preserved in the June D. Drake Papers, Oregon Historical Society, Portland.

<sup>26</sup> Jones, 1953; unpublished manuscript in the June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon; Brekas, Jeff. Unknown title. *Silverton Appeal Tribune*, July 21, 1983. On file in the June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon.

<sup>27</sup> As early as 1904, Emory Drake had left the proprietorship of the photography studio to June, he having left for Portland that year to study music. He would eventually move on to California, where he would become a music teacher.

<sup>28</sup> Excerpted from *Oregon Photographers: Biographical History & Directory* (p.247), a partial copy of which is on file in the June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

retirement in 1960. His exceptional photographs of the forests, hills, and streams around Silverton, his photos of Silverton itself, and the portraits he produced represent the vast majority of the historic photographs available of Silverton, its residents, and the surrounding countryside, and are an invaluable resource for historians.

### Leading Local Historian

As a longtime resident of Silverton, Drake became very involved in preserving the history of the city and its surrounding area, and dedicated to the availability of the history of the city to its residents. For several decades, Drake wrote historical pieces for the Silverton newspapers, and during his lifetime published a book on the history of the City, *A History of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs told in story and photographs* (published 1951), which prominently featured his photographs spanning more than 50 years of Silverton development to that point. In addition, toward the end of his life, he compiled a memoir, to be entitled "Memoirs of a Country Boy." Though this book was never published, much of it is derived from historical columns he wrote for local newspapers, and a review of the manuscript (on file among the June D. Drake Papers at the Oregon Historical Society) reveals that the memoir is more about the history of the city than of the history of Drake's life.<sup>29</sup>

Well before the founding of the Silverton Historical Museum, Drake's photographic studio was the home of a collection of locally significant historical and natural artifacts, which were on permanent, rotating display in the large display windows of his shop, and displayed on the interior shelves throughout the building. On holidays and event days, Drake would open his studio as a makeshift museum, for public enjoyment. In 1930, lamenting the loss of historical artifacts significant to the history of the City, especially to museums and historical societies in Portland (Oregon Historical Society), Drake led the organization of the Silverton Historical Museum, of which he was unanimously elected as the first President. His very extensive collection of local historical memorabilia and artifacts was permanently loaned to the museum to form the core of its collection.<sup>30</sup>

### Silver Falls State Park

Beginning in 1902, Drake began making trips to the waterfalls on the upper reaches of Silver Creek for the purpose of photographing them. Hiring men to cut trails through the forests, Drake quickly began to see the threat to the natural scenic qualities of this area posed by the encroachments of logging operations. The spirit of the national park movement, then at its height, and the scenic beauty of the falls convinced Drake that the area could be preserved as a national park, thus saving it from destruction by logging and making it available for the benefit of the public. In 1916, Drake began a 14-year letter writing campaign, accompanied by a series of pamphlets, brochures, and booklets featuring photographs he had taken of the falls, in an effort to gain the support of Congress in the investigation of the feasibility of creating a national park to embrace the ten falls on Silver Creek.

Through his efforts, and driven by the positive reception of his photographs (copies of which were ordered by individuals across the country), in 1930, Drake organized a visit to the area by federal engineers, United States Senator from Oregon Charles McNary (later Senate Minority Leader), and Col. Charles Goff Thomson (then-superintendent of Yosemite National Park) representing the National Park Service. Drake led the expedition himself, but although they were all impressed with the beauty of the falls and cognizant of the threats to its existence, they felt that there was "too much red tape" due to the many property divisions within the area, and that it would be too much effort to undertake. The effort was later picked up by Willis C. Hawley, member of the U.S. House of Representatives from Oregon, but his efforts met the same resistance.

Though discouraged, Drake began to consider ways to meet the challenge of the varied landownership of the area, and eventually arrived on the idea of purchasing options on the various parcels for the purpose of presenting them as a unified land area. Drake approached the Oregon State Highway Commission, which had

<sup>29</sup> Oregon Historical Society Permanent Collection, Mss 1617, Series C, Box 3, folder 3.

<sup>30</sup> "Pioneer Objects Attract Attention; Museum Plan Advocated by Citizens." *Capitol Journal* April 3, 1930.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

the authority to purchase lands off of the established highway network for the purpose of establishing new highways. In the 1920s, with the growing public embrace of motoring as a pastime, the Highway Commission had become increasingly interested in creating scenic highways. Drake promoted the idea of a scenic highway connecting Salem, Silverton, and the foothills of the Cascade Range, including Silver Falls, as a scenic destination that would attract motorists. The Highway Commission replied enthusiastically, and suggested that if the options on the area could be secured, that the Highway Commission would pursue their purchase for that purpose. To achieve this, Drake organized influential Silverton and Salem civic leaders, including members of both the Salem and Silverton Chambers of Commerce (of which he was Secretary) to assist in the effort. The purchase of such options began in 1931 with 100 acres of land including South Falls, and Drake personally approached the many individual landowners with the proposition.

By the end of 1931, Drake had assembled 613 continuous acres of land under option, including nine of the original ten waterfalls, many purchased with his own money, and all containing expiration dates, due to pressure from logging interests, who, responding to Drake's efforts, began approaching the same landowners with the aim of buying the land if the effort failed. Before the options expired, Drake had rallied the support of many local and state leaders to the idea of obtaining the properties and declaring the area a State Park. One of the parcels, a 100-acre tract nearing the expiration of the option, was purchased outright by Drake in order to keep the land together. That year, the state agreed to purchase the tracts and establish Silver Creek Falls State Park, and in 1933, the park was opened to the public. At the dedicating ceremony, in speeches made by Leslie Scott, Chairman of the highway commission, Douglas McKay, Mayor of Salem, and Joseph Carson, Mayor of Portland, all gave credit for the creation of the park to the tenacity of June Drake. The name of the park was subsequently changed to Silver Falls State Park at the persistent behest of Drake, who considered the word Creek to be diminishing of the grandeur of the falls.<sup>31</sup>

In 1935, Silver Falls State Park was designated by the National Park Service as a Recreational Demonstration Area, a program initiated by the Roosevelt administration to develop State and Federal parks (especially those near urban areas), and provide employment during the Great Depression through programs such as the Civilian Conservation Corps, which built trails and rustic buildings at the park. In 1947, the project was ended, and administration of Silver Falls returned to the State of Oregon.<sup>32</sup> By 1953, the park had expanded to over 1,000 acres, and was a major draw to the area from all around the Pacific Northwest. The effect on Silverton was to begin the move from a lumber products-based economy, which collapsed in 1930, to one based in no small part on tourism brought by the nearby park. In the years that followed, the park expanded to include over 9,000 acres of land under protection as a designated state wildlife refuge, over 25 miles of trails, and two National Register-listed cultural resources, the Silver Creek Youth Camp and the Silver Falls State Park Concession Building Area. Despite having lost a significant amount of his own money on the effort, Drake contended to his last days that the establishment of the state park was his greatest achievement.<sup>33</sup>

## Criterion C:

<sup>31</sup> Brekas 1983; Jones 1953; Drake, June D., letter to Mr. C.H. Armstrong, dated November 1951. On file in the June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon.

<sup>32</sup> Loislaw.com 16 U.S.C. § 459r. Disposition of recreational demonstration projects. Electronic Document, available at: <http://www.loislaw.com/advsrny/doclink.htm?dockey=7629446@USCODE&alias=USCODE&cite=16+U.S.C.+%A7+459r>. Accessed July 26, 2010.

<sup>33</sup> Oregon State Parks and Recreation Department, "Silver Falls State Park." Electronic Document, available at [http://www.oregonstateparks.org/park\\_211.php](http://www.oregonstateparks.org/park_211.php). Accessed June 3, 2010.



Drake, June D., House  
Name of Property

Marion Co., OR  
County and State

The June D. Drake House meets the specific registration requirements for listing in the National Register established by the *Historic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs* Multiple Property Documentation under Criterion C. It is classified as follows:

**Type:** Single Family Residence

**Sub-type:** Queen Anne (Free Classic)

**Form:** Cross-gable

**Expression:** Moderately-expressed

The Queen Anne style rose in popularity in Oregon at about the same time that it did in the eastern United States (ca. 1880), largely due to much improved communication and transportation networks, and to the rapidly increasing sophistication of Oregon residents as the Pacific Northwest became less frontier and more integrated into the mainstream of American culture. It remained popular in Oregon for thirty years, declining in the early years of the twentieth century in favor of the Colonial Revival and Craftsman styles. The transitional phase from late-nineteenth century architectural design motifs to those of the early-twentieth century (embodied by the embrace of the Colonial Revival and Craftsman styles) is seen in the Free Classic Queen Anne style, which combines these elements into a distinct, transitional style informed by elements of both.

In the June D. Drake House, this is exemplified by Free Classic Queen Anne-style design elements, such as tall, narrow windows, transomed interior doorways, and delicate spindle work in the colonnade between the sitting room and parlor on the first floor, and, as originally conceived (but no longer present), the use of classically-derived columns to support the porch, rather than the more typical turned porch posts typical of earlier Queen Anne sub-types. Bay windows, another element commonly associated with this transitional sub-type of the Queen Anne, is also demonstrated in the Drake House. The interior staircase provides a clear example of this blending of styles unto itself, with the Queen Anne-inspired sweep of the curved handrail and 45-degree turn at the ground-floor newel post, as well as the turned balusters, all in combination with the squared newel posts themselves and squared-paneling along the wall descending from the sideboards of the stair, which would not be out of place in a Craftsman-style home. The inclusion of varied wall surfaces (especially shingle) is typical of Queen Anne styles, but (as is typical of the Free Classic sub-type of the Queen Anne), the Drake House makes more subtle use of this, restricting the shingle to the gable ends, and employing horizontal wood drop siding for the majority of the cladding.

The Drake House's adoption of the side-gabled main massing, and the subdued classical elements (such as the corner boards with simple molding at the top, suggesting capitals, as well as the wide frieze, and, in its original form, the columns at the porch) suggest something of the Colonial Revival style, which was also popular at the end of the nineteenth century, but remained a favored style into the 1920s, and even something of the bungalow form, with its long, sloping roofline fading into a shed-roofed front porch, broken by a gabled dormer, which was just beginning to find popularity in applications with the Craftsman style. In addition to this, the June D. Drake House represents the move from a nineteenth-century to a fully modern age, with its traditional style and arrangement, especially in its interior design features and room arrangement, coupled with the first application of electrical wiring in new construction in Silverton.

### Comparative Analysis

Several contemporary examples of the style can be seen in Silverton, in similar form to that demonstrated by the June D. Drake House, with a main side-gabled roof and a projecting gable to one side of the main elevation. Notable examples similar to the June D. Drake House in size, style, and form can be seen at 140 Fiske Street (ca. 1905), 403 N. Water Street (ca. 1905), and 435 N. Water Street (ca. 1905). The residence at 140 Fiske Street is roughly the same size and form as the June D. Drake House, with long, forward-sloping main gable and projecting gable to one side of the main elevation, but carries more affinity for the Colonial Revival style than does the June D. Drake House. Where the Drake House demonstrates affinity with the Queen Anne in the shingled gables, 140 Fiske Street continues the horizontal wood clapboard siding across the entire building, and makes use of gable returns, a common element in the Colonial Revival style. Further, 140 Fiske Street does not include a canted bay on the forward projection (or anywhere on the house, for that matter), which the June Drake House does. In total, while both the June Drake House and 140 Fiske Street

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

are designed with very similar form and massing, and both belong to the Free Classic Queen Anne style, the June D. Drake House demonstrates more design affinity with the Queen Anne than does 140 Fiske Street, which leans more heavily toward the Colonial Revival.

The house at 403 N. Water Street is also 1.5-stories with a side-gabled main roof set off by a forward-facing, projecting gable at one side of the main elevation. This house demonstrates the Queen Anne's use of varied siding textures, with v-matched shiplap siding on the ground floor, a band of asbestos shingle at the waist (likely a ca. 1960 modification), and varied wood shingle in the gable. The house has a half-round front porch, attached to the face of the elevation at the entrance, and covered with a low-pitched, half-cone roof. In the second floor of the forward cross-gable is an arched window. These elements very strongly suggest the Queen Anne style, however these are somewhat contrasted by Colonial Revival elements, such as a pedimented gable dormer, the use of columns on the porch, and eave returns on the gables. The house more strongly conveys the Queen Anne than the Colonial Revival, and does so with stronger, more developed stylistic elements than does the June D. Drake House, where such stylistic elements are somewhat muted by comparison. This is even more the case with the final comparative example found at 435 N. Water Street. This house is so similar in form and ornamentation that it likely was built on the same design, though with slightly different design elements which even further accentuate the Queen Anne style over the Colonial Revival. Again in the side-gabled and projecting forward, off-center gable seen on the June D. Drake House and 403 N. Water Street, this house further includes a highly decorative, arched-gable embellishment, several projecting square bays with rich trim, and half-round attached front porch. The house does include Colonial Revival elements, such as eave returns, frieze band, and corner boards with muted capitals, but these are very much overwhelmed by the heavy Queen Anne ornamentation. By comparison with these two houses, the June D. Drake House shows a more clear affinity for the Colonial Revival, with less use of varied siding textures, and far less use of applied decorative elements. In addition, the June Drake House incorporates the front porch beneath the long slope of the main gable, which demonstrates some similarity with the Craftsman style, which would come to dominance over the next 10 to 20 years.

In all, the June D. Drake House appears to be a singular residence in Silverton in its interpretation of the Free Classic Queen Anne style. Where some houses of a similar form and stylistic genealogy lean more toward the Queen Anne style and others lean more toward the Colonial Revival style, the June D. Drake House achieves a balance between these two, with stylistic elements of both, but neither in dominance over the other. The house is restrained in its use of the Queen Anne design elements and incorporates some elements of the Colonial Revival and even Craftsman styles, while not leaning heavily toward any of these. In this way, the house achieves a balance quite typical of the middle-class expression of the Free Classic Queen Anne, but uncommonly achieved in the domestic architecture of Silverton.

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

---

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

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### Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

#### *Capitol Journal*

1930 "Pioneer Objects Attract Attention; Museum Plan Advocated by Citizens." *Capitol Journal* April 3, 1930.

#### Council of the International Organization of Good Templars

2010 "A Noble Past." Electronic document, available at <http://www.iogt.us/iogt.php?p=35> Accessed June 3, 2010.

#### Drake, June D.

1950 "Electricity." Unpublished manuscript, 1950. Oregon Historical Society Permanent Collection, *June D. Drake Papers*, Mss 1617, Box 1, Folder 26.

#### Jones, Edgar J.

1953 "Lensman with Vision." *The Sunday Oregonian Magazine*, December 27, 1953.

#### Loislaw.com

2010 16 U.S.C. § 459r. *Disposition of recreational demonstration projects*. Electronic Document, available at:  
<http://www.loislaw.com/advsrny/doclink.htm?dockey=7629446@USCODE&alias=USCODE&cite=16+U.S.C.+%A7+459r>. Accessed July 26, 2010.

Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 581, page 296.

Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 590, page 187

Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 603, page 35

Marion County Deed Book, Vol. 620, page 417

Marion County Deed Records, Reel 756, page 146.

Marion County Deed Records, Reel 1304, page 608

#### Oregon Historical Society Research Library

2010 "Guide to the June D. Drake Papers, 1855-1967 (Mss 1617), Biographical Notes. Electronic Document, available at <http://nwda-db.wsulibs.wsu.edu/print/ark:/80444/xv27376> Accessed June 3, 2010.

#### Oregon State Parks and Recreation Department

2010 "Silver Falls State Park." Electronic Document, available at  
[http://www.oregonstateparks.org/park\\_211.php](http://www.oregonstateparks.org/park_211.php) Accessed June 3, 2010.

#### *Silverton Appeal*

1904 "Local Items of Interest," May 27, 1904.

1904 "Drake-Shoenfeld [sic]," July 15, 1904.

1904 "Local Items of Interest," July 29, 1904.

1904 "Local Items of Interest," October 28, 1904.

#### *Silverton Appeal Tribune*

1969 "June Drake Dies in Portland; Famed Historian, Photographer." July 4, 1969.

#### Silverton Historical Museum

June D. Drake subject folder, Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon.



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

## Bibliography Continued

### United States Bureau of the Census

1900 *Twelfth Census of the United States*, State of Oregon, Marion County, Silverton Precinct. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon.

1920 *Fourteenth Census of the United States*, State of Oregon, Marion County, East Silverton Precinct. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon;

1930 *Fifteenth Census of the United States*, State of Oregon, Marion County, East Silverton Precinct, 1930. On file at the Multnomah County Library, Portland, Oregon.

### Previous documentation on file (NPS):

☐ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)  
☐ previously listed in the National Register  
☐ previously determined eligible by the National Register  
☐ designated a National Historic Landmark  
☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey # \_\_\_\_\_

### Primary location of additional data:

☒ State Historic Preservation Office  
☐ Other State agency  
☐ Federal agency  
☐ Local government  
☐ University  
☒ Other

Name of repository: Silverton Historical Museum, Silverton, Oregon

Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): Not Applicable

## 10. Geographical Data

**Acreage of Property** 0.16 acre

(Do not include previously listed resource acreage.)

### UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1 10 517254 4983335  
Zone Easting Northing

2 \_\_\_\_\_  
Zone Easting Northing

3 \_\_\_\_\_  
Zone Easting Northing

4 \_\_\_\_\_  
Zone Easting Northing

### Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The boundaries of the property are the legal and recorded boundaries of the property as it currently exists. The property is limited to tax lot 61W35CB12200.

### Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

The boundary includes the building that was built for and occupied by June D. Drake from 1904 to 1964, and the land presently associated with it by legal recordation with the Marion County Clerk.

Drake, June D., House  
Name of Property

Marion Co., OR  
County and State

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### 11. Form Prepared By

---

name/title Jason M. Allen, M.A.  
organization SWCA Environmental Consultants date August 1, 2010  
street & number 434 NW 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue telephone (503) 224-0333  
city or town Portland state OR zip code 97209  
e-mail jallen@swca.com

---

### Additional Documentation

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Submit the following items with the completed form:

- **Maps:** A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.

- **Continuation Sheets**
- **Additional items:** (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

---

**Photographs:**

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map.

The following information applies to all submitted photographs. Additional information on individual photographs can be found in Appendix B: Photographic Log

**Name of Property:** June D. Drake House

**City or Vicinity:** Silverton

**County:** Marion **State:** Oregon

**Photographer:** Jason M. Allen

**Date Photographed:** May 8, 2010

**Description of Photograph(s) and number:**

- Photo 1 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0001  
West (principal) elevation, view to the east-northeast.
- Photo 2 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0002  
North, west half (left) and west (right) elevations, view to the east.
- Photo 3 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0003  
West (left) and south (right) elevations. View to the north.
- Photo 4 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0004  
North elevation, east half. View to the southeast.
- Photo 5 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0005  
Outbuildings, view to the southeast.
- Photo 6 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0006  
Entry Hall, first floor, view of the main staircase. View to the northwest.
- Photo 7 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0007  
View from entry hall, toward living room, first floor. View to the southeast.
- Photo 8 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0008  
View from parlor toward living room, first floor. View to the southwest.
- Photo 9 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0009  
View from dining room, toward parlor, first floor. View to the east-southeast.
- Photo 10 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0010  
View of built-in china cabinet, dining room, first floor. View to the north.
- Photo 11 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0011  
Kitchen, first floor. View to the west-southwest.



Drake, June D., House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

**Photos Continued:**

- Photo 12 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0012  
View of pantry, first floor. View to the west-northwest.
- Photo 13 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0013  
View of stair hall, second floor. View to the west.
- Photo 14 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0014 View from stair hall toward bedrooms and rear hall, second floor. View to the south-southeast.
- Photo 15 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0015  
View of west room of master bedroom suite, second floor. View to the southeast.
- Photo 16 of 16: OR\_MarionCounty\_JuneDrakeHouse\_0016  
View of east room of master bedroom suite, second floor. View to the east.

**Property Owner:** (Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name Karen and Ed McKenzie

street & number 409 S. Water Street

telephone (503) 873-0175

city or town Silverton

state OR

zip code 97381

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 31

### Additional Documentation:

- Figure 1: General Location and Tax Lot Map
- Figure 2: Site Map
- Figure 3: Floor Plans, 2 pages
- Figure 4: June D. Drake House, ca. 1910.
- Figure 5: Rear of June D. Drake House, ca. 1910.
- Figure 6: Interior entryway of the June D. Drake House.
- Figure 7: Sitting room and parlor of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910.
- Figure 8: Kitchen of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910.
- Figure 9: Master Bedroom suite of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910.

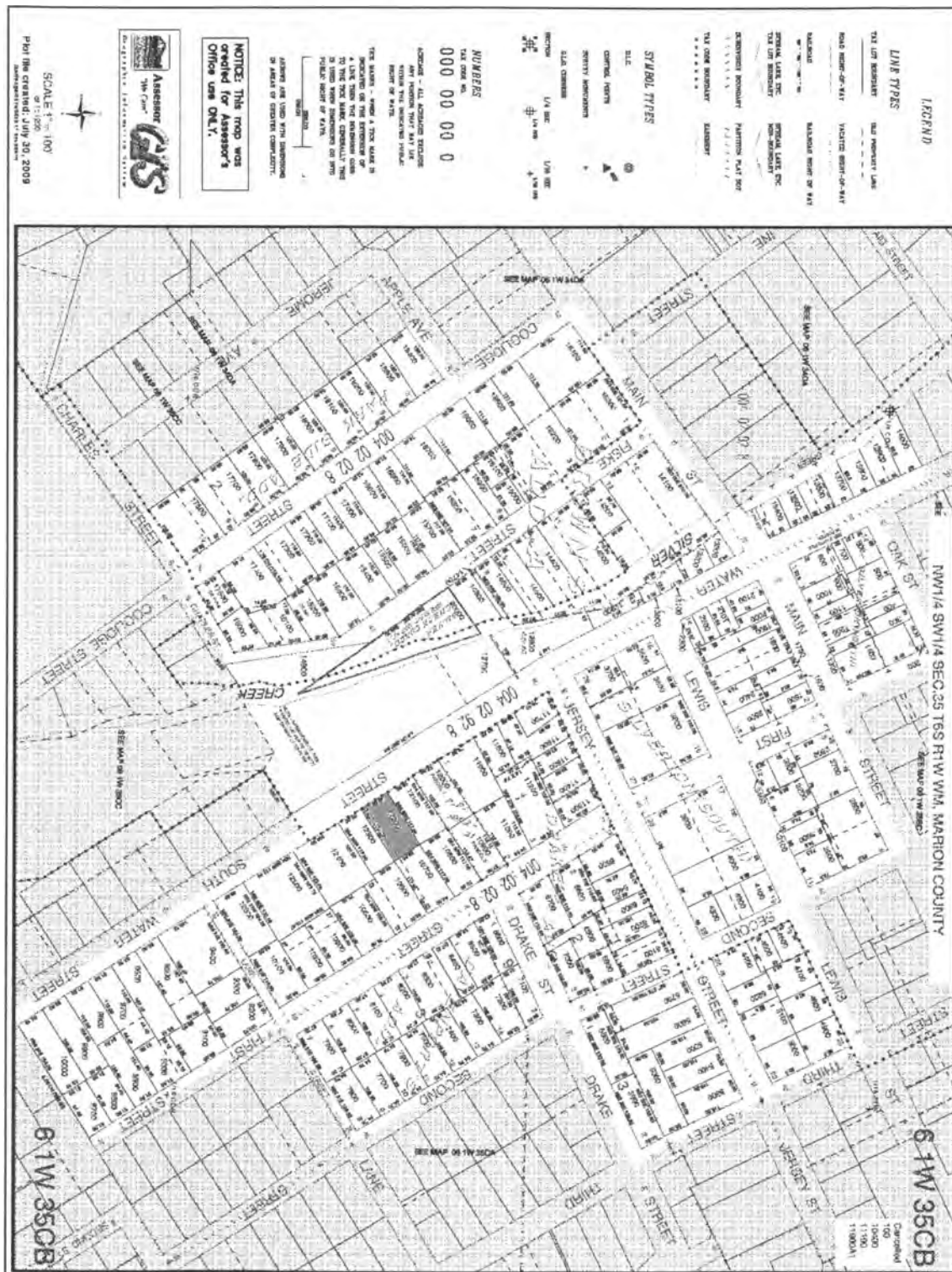
**United States Department of the Interior**  
**National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number Additional Documentation Page 32

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House
Name of Property
Marion Co., OR
County and State
Domestic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs
Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Figure 1: General Location and Tax Lot Map





United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

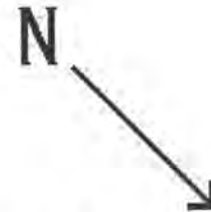
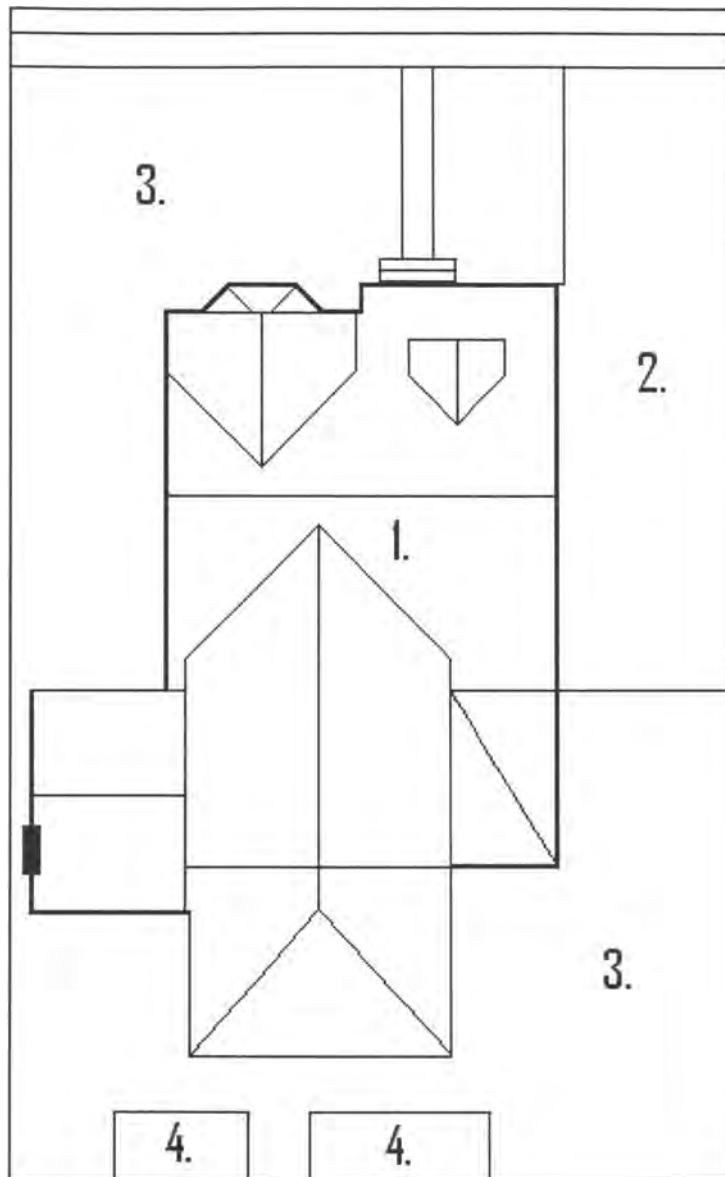
Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation

Page 33

Figure 2: Site Map



June D. and Eleanor  
Drake House

Site Sketch Map

not to scale

1. June D. Drake House

2. Driveway

3. Yard

4. Outbuilding

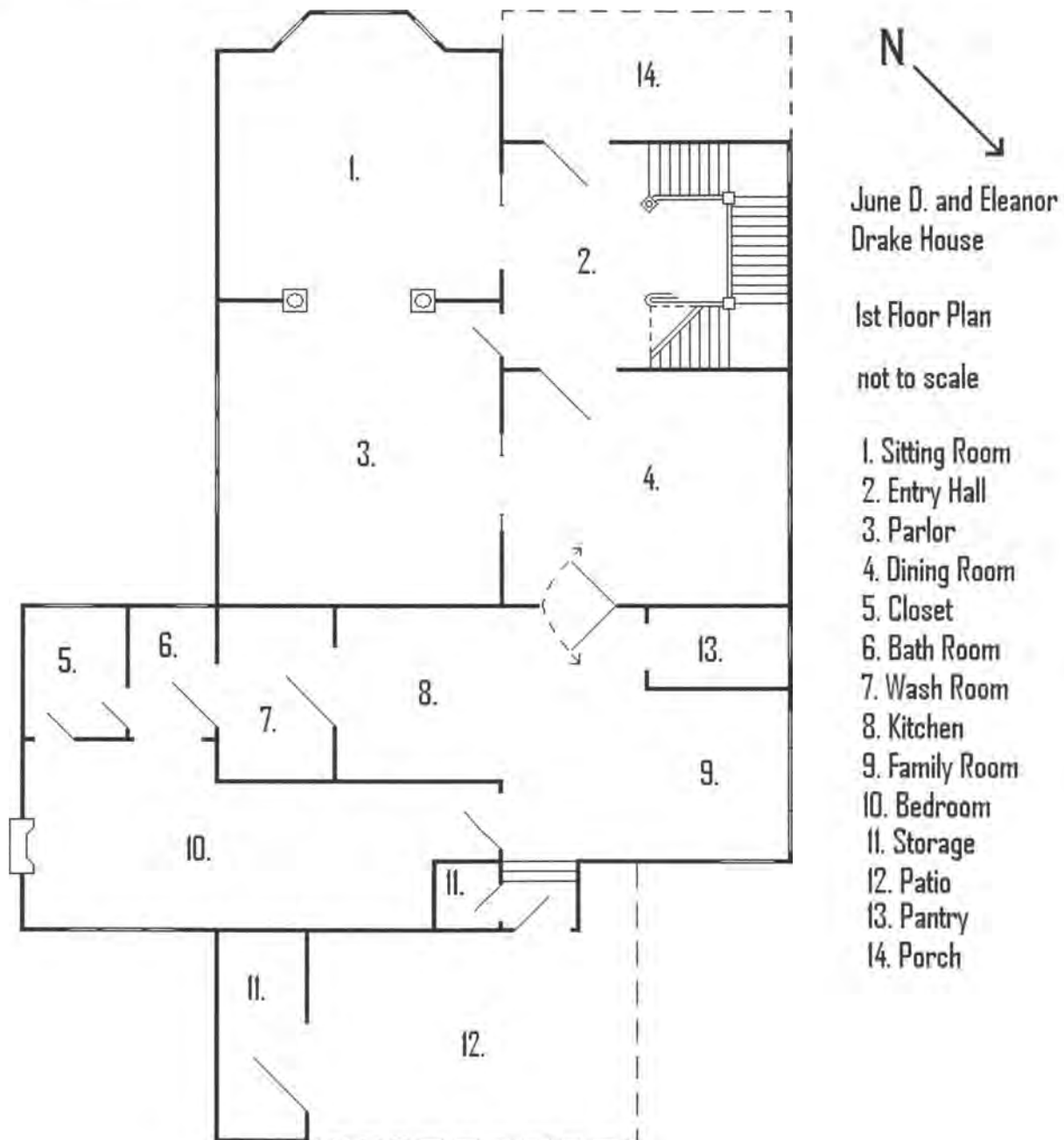
United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House
Name of Property
Marion Co., OR
County and State
Domestic Architecture of Silverton, Oregon and its Environs
Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 34

Figure 3: First Floor Plan



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

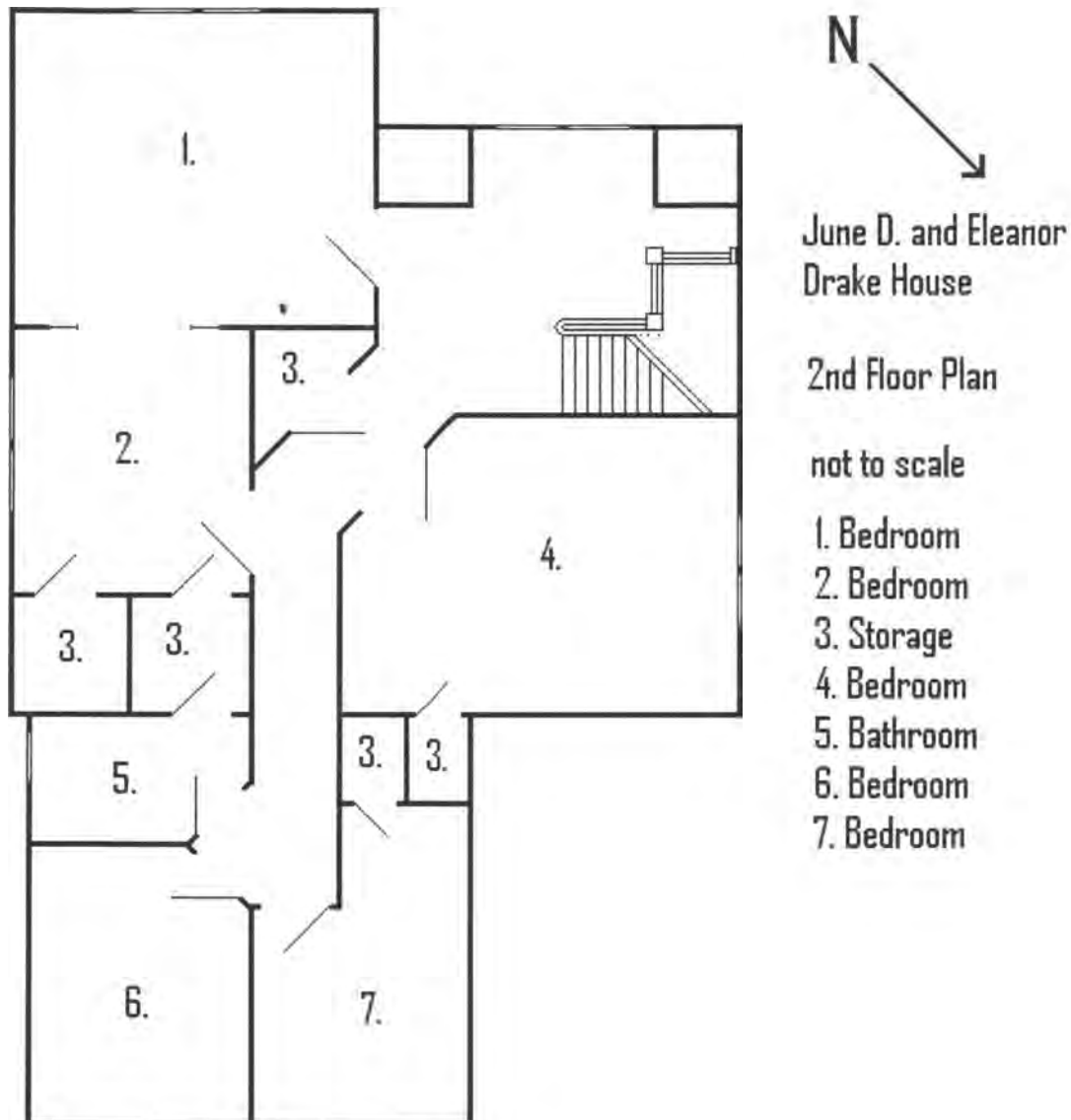
County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 35

Figure 3: Second Floor Plan





United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 36

Figure 4: June D. Drake House, ca. 1910. Photo is in the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 37

Figure 5: Rear of June D. Drake House, ca. 1910. Photo from the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 38

Figure 6: Entryway of the June D. Drake House. Photo from the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.





United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 39

Figure 7: Sitting room and parlor (through colonnade) of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910. Photo from the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 40

Figure 8: Kitchen of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910. Photo from the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Drake, June D. and Eleanor House

Name of Property

Marion Co., OR

County and State

Domestic Architecture of Silverton,  
Oregon and its Environs

Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number Additional Documentation Page 41

Figure 9: Master Bedroom suite of the June D. Drake House, ca. 1910. Photo from the collection of Ed and Karen McKenzie, current owners. Photo by June D. Drake.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Drake, June D., House

MULTIPLE NAME: Silverton, Oregon, and Its Environs MPS

STATE & COUNTY: OREGON, Marion

DATE RECEIVED: 1/25/11 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 3/02/11  
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 3/17/11 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 3/12/11  
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 11000078

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N  
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N  
REQUEST: Y SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

☒ ACCEPT ☐ RETURN ☐ REJECT 3.12.11 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in  
The National Register  
of  
Historic Places

RECOM./CRITERIA \_\_\_\_\_

REVIEWER \_\_\_\_\_ DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

TELEPHONE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0001





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0002



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0003





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0004



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0005





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0006



June D Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0007





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0008



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0009



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0010





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 6011



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0012





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0013



June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0014



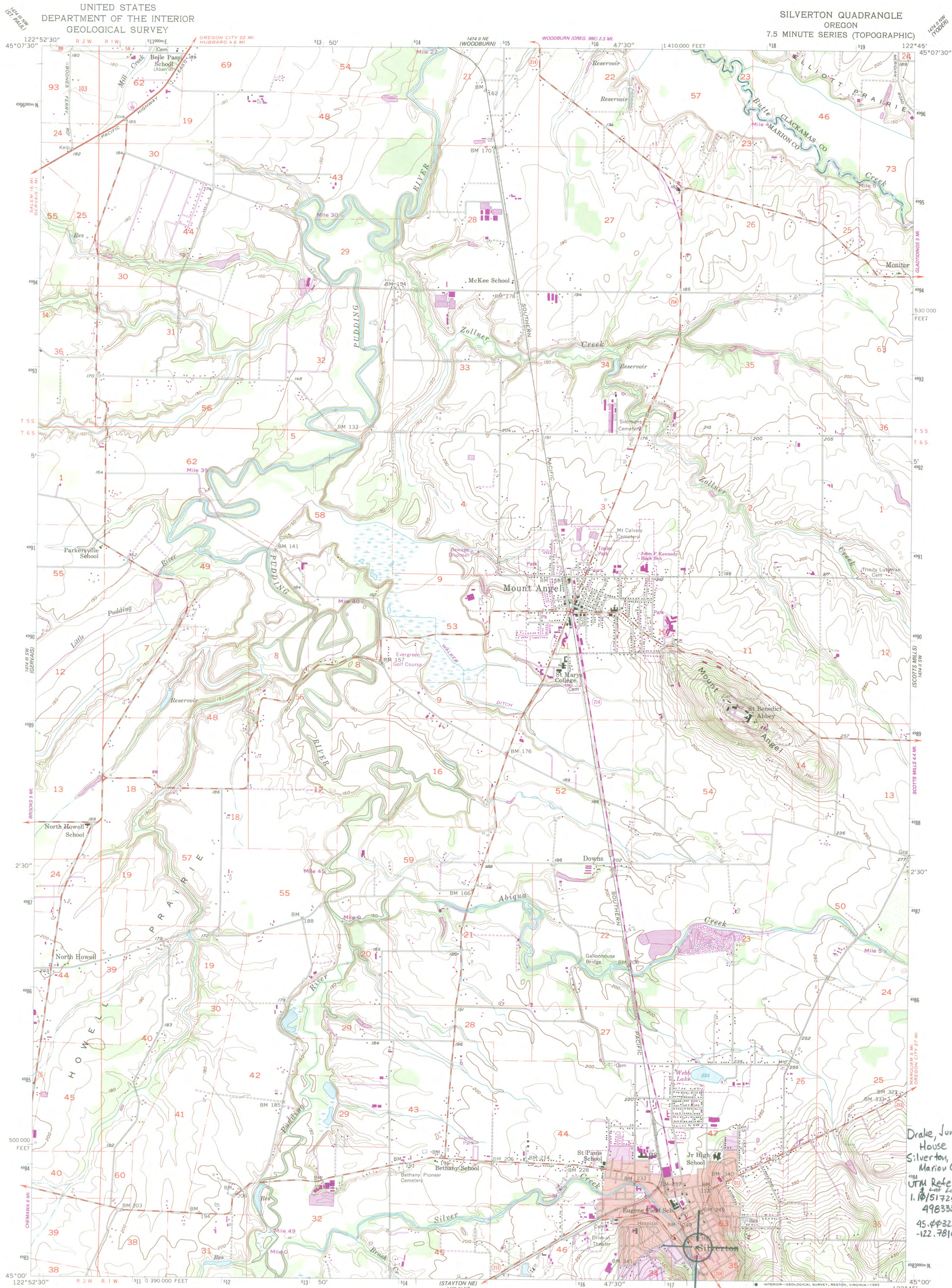
June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0015





June D. Drake House  
Marion County, OR  
Photo 0016





Maped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey  
Control by USGS, USC&GS, USCE, and State of Oregon  
Topography from aerial photographs by Kersh plotter and by planetable surveys 1956. Aerial photographs taken 1954  
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum  
10,000-foot grid based on Oregon coordinate system, north zone  
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 10, shown in blue  
Red tint indicates areas in which only landmark buildings are shown

To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983, move the projection lines 22 meters north and 95 meters east as shown by dashed corner ticks

UTM GRID AND 1985 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

1:24,000  
SCALE 1:24,000  
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET  
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

ROAD CLASSIFICATION  
Heavy-duty ——— Light-duty ———  
Medium-duty ——— Unimproved dirt ———  
U. S. Route ——— State Route ———

QUADRANGLE LOCATION  
Revisions shown in purple compiled from aerial photographs taken 1981 and other sources  
This information not field checked. Map edited 1985  
Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas

SILVERTON, OREG.  
45122-A7-F-024  
1956  
PHOTOREVISED 1985  
DMA 1474 III SE-SERIES V892

Drake, June D,  
House  
Silverton,  
Marion Co, OR  
UTM Reference  
Lat Long  
1.1015172591  
4983335  
45.443252  
-122.78147





# Oregon

John A. Kitzhaber, MD, Governor

## Parks and Recreation Department

State Historic Preservation Office

725 Summer St NE, Ste C

Salem, OR 97301-1266

(503) 986-0671

Fax (503) 986-0793

[www.oregonheritage.org](http://www.oregonheritage.org)

JAN 25 2011



January 21, 2011

Ms. Carol Shull  
National Register of Historic Places  
USDOI National Park Service - Cultural Resources  
1201 "Eye" Street NW, 8th Floor  
Washington, D.C. 20005

Re: National Register Nominations

Dear Ms. Shull:

At the recommendation of the Oregon State Advisory Committee on Historic Preservation, I hereby nominate the following historic properties to the National Register of Historic Places with the new Multiple Property Cover Document *Historic Architecture in Silverton, Oregon, and Its Environs*.

**ADAMS, LOUIS J, HOUSE**  
423 W MAIN ST  
SILVERTON, MARION COUNTY

**DRAKE, JUNE D, HOUSE**  
409 S WATER ST  
SILVERTON, MARION COUNTY

**DEGUIRE, MURTON E AND LILLIAN, HOUSE**  
631 B ST  
SILVERTON, MARION COUNTY

We appreciate your consideration of these nominations. If questions arise, please contact National Register and Survey Coordinators Ian Johnson at (503) 986-0678.

Sincerely,

for Roger Roper  
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

Encl.