Property Type:

Utah State Historical Society Historic Preservation Research Office

Site No. BV-04-75 Sign. Site #14

Structure/Site Information Form

Street Address: 195 S. 2nd East				UTM: 12/356875/4237050			
Name of Structu	re:			T.	R.	S.	
Present Owner: Floran and Lucinda Patt			rson Less then one acre				
Owner Address:	Beaver, Utah	84713					
		Effective Kind of Bu	ive Age: f Building:		Tax #: B-48		
Plat A Bl	k. 15 Southwest	Quarter of	Lot 2				
Original Owner:	Puffer, Ephrai	im Orvel, Hou	_{ise} Construction	Date: 1881	Demolitic	on Date:	
Original Use:	ragidanaa		Present Use:	rogi don co			
Original Use: Building Conditi	residence on: Integri	ty: F	Present Use: Preliminary Evalu	residence ation:	Final Registe	er Status:	
Building Conditi	on: Integri Site ☐ Unalte ☐ Minor	ered §	Preliminary Evalu		Final Registe National Landr National Register	mark □ District ster □ Multi-Resource	
Building Conditi	on: Integri Site ☐ Unalte ☐ Minor	ered 5 Alterations Alterations	Preliminary Evaluate Significant Contributory	ation: □ Not of the	□ National Landr□ National Regis□ State Register	mark □ District ster □ Multi-Resource	
Building Conditi	On: Integri Site ∑ Unalte Ruins □ Minor □ Major	ered Alterations Alterations	Preliminary Evaluate Significant Contributory Not Contributory	ation: ☐ Not of the Historic Period Date of Photo	□ National Landr□ National Regis□ State Register	mark District Multi-Resource Thematic	

Mrs. Winifred Edwards Puffer, interviewed 10/2/78 by Linda L. Bonar. Mr. Puffer, interviewed 10/2/78.

Date: 9/19/78

Researcher: L. L. Bonar

the siding.

Architect/Builder: Ephraim Orvel Puffer probably did origina log work himself.

Building Materials: Log and brick

Building Type/Style: single cell, Hall & Parlor/ Victorian Eclectic

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

The Ephraim Puffer House is a one-story log and brick structure built in two stages beginning in 1881. The first structure was a log square cabin which has now been covered with shiplap siding, and then a rectangular brick addition was made at one end creating an "L" shape house. The brick section appears to have been added c. 1890. The log building was undoubtedly sided at this time. The moderately pitched gable roof has a simple boxed cornice with a frieze and is adorned by three corbelled chimney caps. Decorative elements on the house are provided by window and door openings and an 1890s porch. This house is in good condition and appears to have no other alterations than

The original log section of the house is pierced by a door and a two-over-two double-hung window. Spanning the facade is a porch with turned posts, brackets, and a full cornice. The gable end of the rectangular brick addition is pierced by centered double windows with segmental heads and corbelled side pendants. The broadside of the addition is pierced by a door with a transom and two flanking windows. The door and windows have heads that match the double windows of the gable. The Barn which is found on the property is not included in this nomination.

Statement of Historical Significance:

Construction Date:

The Ephraim Puffer house is significant for several reasons. First, the original log section of the home is one of few Beaver examples of the single-cell log cabin form. Small and relatively plain in appearance, these one-room dwellings were either abandoned or remodeled as family needs and expectations increased. During the 19th century in Utah, expanding a house nearly always meant adding a wing across the end of the original square or rectangular dwelling. This pattern of remodeling resulted, in the case of the Puffer house, in making a single-cell cabin into a 1 story cross-wing cottage, a small but fashionable house in Beaver during the 1880s and 1890s. The Puffer house is significant as a good example of this common remodeling pattern. The brick section of the house, added c. 1890 to form the cross-wing of the larger house, is also important as an example of the ubiquitous I story hall and parlor house, one of the principal types of middle-class dwellings found in Beaver. The Puffer house, in its changes, represents the growth and increased prosperity which beaver enjoyed during the 1880-1900 period.

Ephraim O. Puffer built the original rooms of the house (on the north) in 1881. He married Adaline M. Bohn Puffer about 1885 and they raised a family of six children. She was a housewife, and he did some farming as well as serving as the Beaver County Sherriff for 30 years. While the Ephraim Puffers lived in the house, it was known for its lovely gardens.

Ephraim O. Puffer was born in Beaver, the son of the famous scout, James Monroe Puffer, who discovered Puffer Lake in the Tushar Mountains and served as a negotiator between the Indians and the pioneers.