United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form





Type	all entrie	es—complete ap	plicable se	ctions			
1.	Nan	ne					
histor	ic	Meyerhofer Co	bbleston	e House (preferre	d)		
and/or	r common	Wager House					
2.	Loc	ation	E al	hake Henen	a on	112	
street	& numbe	er Townline	V			not for put	olication
city, to	own	Lake Gen	ieva "iii	X_ vicinity of	congressional district	First	
state	1	Wisconsin	code	55 county	Walworth	code	127
3.	Cla	ssificati	on		-		
X b s	istrict uilding(s) tructure	•		Status occupied unoccupiedX_ work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museu park X private religiou scienti notranspo	residence us fic
4.	Owi	ner of Pr	opert	ty		8.14	· ·
name	:	Pahorta	and Ewarin	Vacor			4
street	& numbe	Roberta a Route 4,		wagel			
city, to	own	Lake Gene	eva	vicinity of	state	Wisconsin	53147
5.	Loc	ation of	Lega	l Descripti	on		
	ouse, reg & numbe	gistry of deeds, etc	W	alworth County Co	urthouse		
city; to	own	1	E	lkhorn	state	Wisconsin	53121
6.		resenta	tion i	n Existing	Surveys		
title	Wiscon	isin Inventory ric Places		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	operty been determined e	legible?y	res Xno
date	1974					ite county	
depos	itory for s	survey records	State His	torical Society o			•
city, to	wn	l l	Madison		state	Wisconsin	53706

					_
Condition excellent good fair	_X_ deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	·	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Wager cobbleston house is a two-story, rectangular building with gabled end wings and a center pavilion, constructed about 1850. At a later time, a frame summer kitchen, also with a gable roof, was added to the west rear portion of the house. A low foundation of like cobblestone and fieldstone construction supports the house. The entrance to the house is constructed of brick, with brick quoins, and has Greek Revival features, particularly in the segmental-arch doorway and the pediment. The house has symmetrical fenestration. Elements of deterioration on the exterior include a large hole in the southeast corner of the roof and a gradually widening vertical crack in the rear of the building. (Originally, heavy wood cornices formed a pediment over the center of the second story, and course denticulation decorated the wings.) In the interior of the house, only the frames of the interior walls remain to mark the past arrangement of rooms. The cellar, a brick barrel vault with a dirt floor and once used to store wine, is the one interior feature in reasonably good condition. It is the plan of the new owners to restore the house to its original condition.

There are numerous outbuildings on the farm, including a barn, a granary, chicken house, shed, and an outhouse. These are all generally of frame construction and in deteriorating condition. In addition, a large cement silo with a stone foundation stands at the rear of the house, alongside the foundation where a cobblestone barn once stood. Although many of these buildings are quite old, they are not of sufficient architectural significance to contribute to the nomination.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1850 ¹	Builder/Architect N	ikolaus Meyerhofer ²	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Cobblestone architecture in Wisconsin is mostly derived from antecedents in the north-eastern United States, particularly the cobblestone buildings constructed in western New York by masons who had previously worked on the Erie Canal. As a result, most of the Wisconsin cobblestone structures still in existence are similar in construction, marked by carefully selected and arranged stones of uniform size and color.³

The Meyerhofer House is a marked contrast to other Wisconsin cobblestone masonry. Nikolaus Meyerhofer came to Wisconsin from Germany sometime around 1845, and purchased 160 acres for farming in Walworth County in 1847. He had been a stonemason in Germany and puthis skills to use in the building of his home. The result, completed in 1850, sacrificed the more usual (for this period of architecture) uniformity of stones in favor of speed of completion. Meyerhofer's daughters gathered a wide assortment of stones, together with bits of ledge rock, which were used by their father to fashion the sturdy walls of the two-story structure. The use of brick was confined to the quoins and the entrance. This type of cobblestone masonry, with stones of various sizes and colors laboriously pieced together with a minimum of mortar, has been termed "opus mixtum" and is identified with the northern European area from which Meyerhofer came. 5

The basic form of the Meyerhofer house is almost entirely unaltered since its first occupant completed it. It retains formal classical massing that is not present in the more vernacular examples of cobblestone architecture elsewhere in Wisconsin. Most notable of these features are the originally pedimented center pavilion with side wings, segmental—arch motif over entrance and windows (formed by brick voussoirs), the remaining stone pediment and the leaded glass sidelights of the doorway. These features set off the structural soundness of the house to render a comfortable combination of rugged texture with more graceful lines.

^{1.} Perrin, The Architecture of Wisconsin, 52.

^{2.} Statement of Florine Helgert Warner, great-granddaughter of Nikolaus Meyerhofer. A copy of her statement is in the possession of this office.

^{3.} Schmidt, Cobblestone Masonry, 1-12.

^{4.} Statement of Florine Helgert Warner.

^{5.} Perrin, op. cit., 52. Perrin mistakenly refers to the builder of the house as Nikolaus Helgert. "Helgert" was, in fact, the name of the man who married Meyerhofer's daughter, and the Meyerhofer house remained in the Helgert family until recently.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Virginia A. Palmer, The Octagon House and the Cobblestone Building in Wisconsin, Madison, 1978. Richard W. E. Perrin, The Architecture of Wisconsin, Madison, 1967. Carl F. Schmidt, Cobblestone Masonry, New York, 1966

		HTM NOT VERIFIED
10.	Geographical D	ata gim no security
Acreage	of nominated property0.14	ALKEAGE NOT ACKIELD
Quadran	gle name Lake Geneva, Wiscon	Sin Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
JMT Ref	erences	
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ee cor	ntinuation sheet.	
ist all	states and counties for propertie	es overlapping state or county boundaries
tate	cod	e county code
ate	cod	e county code
4	Form Prepared	Rv
ame/title	Terry L. Shoptaugh, His	torian, Historic Preservation Division
rganizat	ion State Historical Societ	y of Wisconsin date June 19, 1980
reet & n	number 816 State Street	telephone 608/262-2970
ty or to	wn ^{Madison}	state Wisconsin 53706
2.	State Historic P	reservation Officer Certification
ne evalu	ated significance of this property with	hin the state is:
i	national state	_X local
65), I hei	reby nominate this property for inclusion	Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– sion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated orth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
tate Hist	toric Preservation Officer signature	Vickered Marray
le Di	rector, State Historical So	ciety of Wisconsin date 10/12/60
) be	RS use only property is included the control of the	ded in the National Register date 12 18 80
Attest:	of the National Register Hegistration	4ª allerd date 12-8-80

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Continuation sheet

Item number 10

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10. VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION:

The nominated site shall consist of a rectangular plot 100 feet north-to-south from the northern edge of Town Line Road and 60 feet east-to-west from a point 200 feet from the eastern edge of a parcel of land located in the South 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of Section 32, Town 2 North, Range 18 East, Walworth County, Wisconsin, described as follows: Commencing at the South 1/4 corner of said Section 32; thence N 89° 18' 55" E 742.28 feet along the South line f the Southeast 1/4 of said Section 32 to the place of beginning; thence N 0° 41' 05" W 33.00 feet; thence continue N 0° 41' 05" W 650.02 feet; thence S 41° 43' 05" E 596.25 feet; thence N 88° 47' 20" E 295.62 feet; thence S 5° 06' 00" W 237.17 feet to the South line of the Southeast 1/4 of said Section 32; thence S 89° 18' 55" W 164.71 feet along said South line; thence N 0° 41' 05" E 45.00 feet; thence S 89° 18' 55" W 485.00 feet; thence South 0° 41' 05" E 45.00 feet; thence S 89° 18' 55" W 13.43 feet to the place of beginning.

Containing 5.01 acres, exclusive of road, of which the actual nominated parcel (house and lot) occupies 0.14 acres.