CITY, TOWN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

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STATE

SEE 1	INSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES	TO COMPLETE NATION COMPLETE APPLICAB		18
NAME				
Illinois Ce	on Station - ntral Passenger D	epot and Freight	Office)	
The Train S				
	N h Ave. between Mo	nticello and Che	rokas streetso	
city town Brookhaven		VICINITY OF	congressional dist	TRICT
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Mississippi CLASSIFIC		28	Lincoln	85
CATEGORY DISTRICTXBUILDING(S) STRUCTURESITEOBJECT	OWNERSHIP YPUBLIC PRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS _OCCUPIED _UNOCCUPIED _WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE X_YES: RESTRICTED _YES: UNRESTRICTED _NO	PRE _AGRICULTURE _COMMERCIAL _EDUCATIONAL _ENTERTAINMEN _GOVERNMENT _INDUSTRIAL _MILITARY	SENT USE MUSEUM PARK PRIVATE RESIDENC TRELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION X OTHER
NAME City of Bro	F PROPERTY			Take to the state of
STREET & NUMBER	8 - 2 - 1 + 1			en e
City Hall			STATE	
Brookhaven		VICINITY OF	Ms. 3	9601
LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	Chancery Cle			
STREET & NUMBER	Courthouse 9	anaro		
CITY, TOWN	Courthouse Square		STATE	
			Ms. 396	01
Brookha		PINIC CLIDVEVC		
	ITATION IN EXIST ne	IIII JORVE 13		



XEXCELLENT __GOOD

__FAIR

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

X_UNALTERED
__ALTERED

CHECK ONE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The railroad passenger depot now owned by the City of Brookhaven is a rectangular shaped solid brick facility with a red tile roof. The building is actually in two separate parts, the north part and smaller being the old freight building separated by a breeze-way from the south building, which is the passenger depot, ticket office and railroad official offices and restrooms. The passenger section of the building is divided into two parts, which was significant of the era in which it was constructed in 1907, since it had facilities for whites and blacks.

The building, itself, faces Whitworth Avenue on the west side and the south bound and north bound tracks of the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad are on the east side. The railroad passengers boarded passenger trains south bound to New Orleans and north bound to Chicago from the east side of the building.

Brick pavers cover the entire area from the building to the railroad tracks through the breeze-way and on the west side to the sidewalks of Whitworth Avenue.

The building has a basement that was used to house furnaces to heat the building and a coal chute was on the east side of the building in which railroad cars could dump coal to fuel the boilers in the basement. The basement is still functional, but is used only for storage at this time.

The floors are hardwood and the ceilings and walls are made of wood. In the freight depot the floors are concrete and a set of scales are still operational that would weigh items that were shipped by rail. The freight office is still designed in such a way to receive freight from the parking area to the north of the terminal and store it in the freight office awaiting for the arrival of the trains.

The building has solid copper valleys, gutters and downspouts, which are in excellent shape, even today. The building, besides being a masonary type, is trimmed with concrete structures around the doors and windows. This is apparent as you examine the photographs attached to this application. In addition, the plat showing the location of the station with regards to the railroad tracks and the streets downtown is also attached to the deed.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW						
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION			
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE			
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE			
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN			
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER			
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	\underline{X} TRANSPORTATION			
X900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)			
		INVENTION					
	<u> </u>						

SPECIFIC DATES

November 20, 1967

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

F. D. Chase, architect for ICRR

Brookhaven was founded by Samuel Jayne in the year 1818 and it became a railroad terminal after 1851. The Brookhaven, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad completed its tracks through Brookhaven in March, 1858.

A frame depot was erected in the 1870's near the present site of the existing depot and the present structure, sought to be designated as a landmark, was erected to replace the former frame building and opened on November 20, 1907. The first ticket was purchased by B. D. Grizzard of New York City. The former frame depot was located just north of the present station and was demolished in March of 1908.

The Mississippi Central Railroad was completed from Brookhaven to Hattiesburg in 1906, and the Brookhaven and Pearl River Railroad was also terminated in Brookhaven and ran to Monticello. The mainline of that time was the north-south line, being the Illinois Central Railroad. With all three of these lines serving Brookhaven, and using the new station, after it was opened, there were for a time 18 passenger trains a day in and out of Brookhaven.

The movement to have the new station erected in Brookhaven was spear-headed by an incorporated group known as the Progressive Union, which can be considered the first incorporated Chamber of Commerce of Brookhaven. The new station was then known as the Union Depot.

The plans for the new station were drawn by F. D. Chase, an architect for the Illinois Central Railroad Company, who was then about 30 years of age. He graduated from the Mississippi Institute of Technology and left the services of the railroad company in 1910.

The Union Depot was the hub of activity for Brookhaven and the surrounding territory with the arrival and departure of politicians, noted artists of the time who played Heuck's Opera House in Brookhaven, Whitworth College performers, as well as students and Chataqua performers. The general movement of private passengers through this station had a profound effect on the growth and development of Brookhaven as a business, social and educational center.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

None - Data was obtained from private citizens who kept records of significant events in the history of this community. No known "official" history has been compiled although many have started on such a task.

ITM NOT VERHER					
10 GEOGRAPHICAL D	ATA	Olin 1001			
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERT	Lace than	one (1) acre	QUADRANGLE S	SCALE 1:24000	
UTM REFERENCES QUADRANGI		en, Miss.			
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	18 . i			Legal Land (Dec.)	
LIST ALL STATES AND C	OUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY B	OUNDARIES	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	· ~	CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	·	CODE	
ORGANIZATION City of Brookhaven STREET & NUMBER City Hall CITY OR TOWN Brookhaven			12/21/79 TELEPHONE (601) 833-14 STATE Ms. 39601	114	
12 STATE HISTORIC P				ON	
	ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	`		** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
NATIONAL	STA	TE	LOCAL X		
As the designated State Historic Pre hereby nominate this property for ir criteria and procedures set forth by t	nclusion in the National he National Park Service	Register and certify			
TITLE			DATE		
State Historic E	reservation Offi	cer	June	e 6, 1980	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS P	L Who		DATE	8/2.100	
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KEEDER OF THE NATIONAL TICS	ISTER				

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 3

After the construction of the mainline of the railroad through Brookhaven, a large number of homes were built up and down both sides of the track facing the street and drives adjoining the railroad property.

Brookhaven was originally located some distance from its present site at an area known as Ole Brook. Mr. Whitworth, one of the founding fathers of Brookhaven, offered the railroad free right of way through his property if the railroad would change its location in this area. The railroad obliged and the tracks are where they are presently located causing the bulk of the community to move approximately one mile to the north Top Brookhaven's present location today.

The general architecture of the building is representative of the more substantial railroad stations built throughout America in that era and wit a large number of these structures being demolished and falling into disrepair through disuse it is important that this structure, having been acquired by the City of Brookhaven, being preserved and designated as an historic landmark.