Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEP NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

MAY 11 1977

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1	NAME				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	HISTORIC H1	tt's Mill and houses			,
	AND/OR COMMON	tt b illia did nodoco			
	Pr	y's Mill; Valley Mills	s; Hitt (or Cost)	House	
Ţ	LOCATION	1 was whyen	12 6/ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	¥	
•	STREET & NUMBER	North and south side	es of Keedysville	-Bakersville Road, o	one mile
	4	west of Maryland Rou	-	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
	CITY, TOWN	77 7 447 77		CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	RICT
		Keedysville X	VICINITY OF	Sixth COUNTY	CODE
	STATE	Maryland	024	Washington	043
	CLASSIFIC		×		
	0211001110				,
	CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
	DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	XAGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
	XBUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	<b>X</b> COMMERCIAL	PARK
	STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XPRIVATE RESIDEN
	SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
	OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
		BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION
			NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
	OWNER O	FPROPERTY			
		ouse (south side) Mr. orth side) Mr. Calvin		nson (1)	
	STREET & NUMBER	(1) (2) Route 1			
	CITY, TOWN		<del></del>	STATE	
<del></del>	Ke	edysville X	VICINITY OF	Maryland 217	756
ł	LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
	COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Washington Cour	nty Courthouse		:
	STREET & NUMBER	TT			
	CITY, TOWN	West Washington	Street	STATE	
		Hagerstown		Maryland	
6	REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
	TITLE				
	DATE				
			FEDERAL	_STATE _COUNTY _LOCAL	
	DEPOSITORY FOR			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	SURVEY RECORDS				
	CITY TOWN			STATE	

## 7 DESCRIPTION

#### CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

X EXCELLENT

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED
\_\_RUINS
UNEXPOSED

\_UNALTERED  $X_{ALTERED}$  50%

XORIGINAL SITE

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

<u>Hitt's Mill</u> is located south of the Keedysville-Bakersville Road, on the Little Antietam Creek, near the point where it joins the Antietam in the vicinity of Keedys-ville in Washington County, Maryland. It is situated on the north bank of the creek.

The mill is a five-story stone and brick structure built as a grist mill and now used as an antique shop. The ground story which is exposed on the south or creek side and the first full story above ground level are constructed of coursed limestone. The upper stories are built of bricks laid in common bond at all elevations. Stone foundations extend to the east of the mill along the edge of the creek. An outline of a gable from an adjoining structure said to have been a sawmill can be seen on the east elevation of the mill.

The ground story level of the south elevation and the adjoining foundations are pierced at intervals with segmentally arched openings. The arches are supported by carefully cut stone voussoirs. Between the ground and main stories of the stone portion of the mill are a series of square openings in the wall which apparently held joists or supports for some sort of attached structure. The stone portion was part of an earlier mill which was replaced by the present brick structure.

Windows in the mill have six-over-six pane double hung sash. Large wooden lintels top the windows and door in the brick section.

The wood shingle roof, barge boards and cornice are modern, having been replaced during restoration of the mill in 1972. Just upstream from the mill are the remains of the dam which regulated the flow of water to the structure.

Immediately across the Little Antietam Creek from the mill are the ruins of a small log house with a stone and brick flue inside its north gable end. Foundations of a structure said to have been a cobbler's shop are also located near the mill.

Old deeds for this property refer to a wagon road which crossed the Little Antietam Creek below the mill. Other references are made to the road leading from the Monroe School house, which presumably stood on Monroee Road, to Hitt's Mill.

Just north of the mill building is a two-story, six-bay <u>log dwelling</u> sheathed with weatherboarding. It is situated on sloping ground along the south side of the Keedysville-Bakersville Road. The dwelling rests on limestone foundations which become nearly a full story in height at the south elevation. Stone piers perpendicular to the foundation walls support a one-story porch extending along the entire south elevation.

The dwelling is a two-part structure, divided by an interior wall of log construction. Windows and doors in both sections of the house are aligned with each other, although they are not spaced symmetrically in the walls. Windows have narrow frames which hold six-over-six pane sash.

Entrances are located in the second and fifth bays from the west end of the house at both the north and south elevations. Original doors have six low relief panels and are hung below three-light transoms.

## 8. SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATES		BUILDER/ARCHITECT					
		INVENTION					
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	X_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)			
X1800-1899	<b>X</b> COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION			
X1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER			
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	X_MILITARY	X_social/humanitarian			
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE			
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION			
PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW						

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Hitt's Mill complex is significant for its architecture and its contribution to local commerce and the milling industry. It is also important for its association with the nearby Civil War battle of Antietam and for social and humanitarian concerns since the mill and the Hitt house served as hospitals during and after the battle. The complex is significant, additionally, for its association with the Hitt family. Three brothers, Martin, Daniel and Samuel, all ministers, were influential in the development of Methodism in the early republic. Samuel M. Hitt, son of Martin, established the mill, an important commercial establishment, at this site in the early 19th century.

Architecturally, the Hitt's Mill complex represents the three major construction traditions in the Cumberland Valley and Western Maryland with the use of log, stone and brick in the buildings present. Log as employed in the dwellings was an important construction material popular from the earliest days of settlement in the 18th century to the early 20th century. The Hitt House is interesting as a relatively large example of log construction in Washington County. Although the exact building date of this structure has not been determined, it would appear to date from the late 18th century or very early 19th century. A large dwelling is depicted on this site on an 1808 map of Frederick and Washington Counties compiled by Charles Varle. house is shown on the map as being in the possession of R. Smith. According to primary and secondary sources, Robert Smith willed his four farms to his grandnephew, Samuel M. Hitt (Will C/54). This will was probated October 18, 1818. The Varle map Robert Smith at the location of this house suggests that of the four farms he owned this one was his home. Smith was a member of a prominent early family in the Antietam Valley. Prior to 1750, the Smith family acquired land along the creek. Toward the end of the century, they held several thousand acres of land, some of which is encompassed in farms along Manor Church Road and the Sharpsburg-Keedysville Road. Robert Smith, presumed to be the son of settler James Smith, was a member of the State Legislature from 1800 until 1805.

The other log house in this nomination, on the south side of the road, was built in two parts. The interior woodwork of the western portion suggests a construction date during the second quarter of the 19th century, while that employed in the eastern portion is of a type associated with the later 19th century.

Stone construction was employed in the lower stories of the mill. The masonry work appears to be of high quality, particularly as seen in the arch construction toward the base of the south wall. Samuel M. Hitt operated a mill on this property during the early 19th century. It is not known, however, when the stone portion of the structure was built. A mill is not depicted on this site on Varle's 1808 map. The upper stories of the mill were added later, after part of the original structure was destroyed by fire. This brick portion appears to date from the mid-19th century.

see continuation sheet #2

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGR	APHICAL REFERI	ENCES		
Schildt, John W. Drums Varle, Charles. A Map of Washington County Land, Williams, T.J.C. Histor	ill near Keedysville town, Maryland), Nove Along the Antietam. of Frederick and Wash Probate, and Road Rery of Washington Coun	Takes on New Life mber 11, 1974. Parsons, W.Va.: ington Counties, cords.	under Fred Han  McClain Printi	son." The
10 GEOGRAPHICAL	DATA ing Co., 190 89 acres	16.		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPE UTM REFERENCES	RTYO7 acles			
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			ON COUNTY BOONDA	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	<del></del>	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED NAME / TITLE Paula Stor	BY ner Dickey, Consultan	t	pmj	
ORGANIZATION			DATE <b>April</b>	
Washingtor STREET & NUMBER	n County Historical S	ites Survey	March 1976 TELEPHONE	
33 West Wa	ashington Street	(301)	791–3065	
city or town Hagerstown	<b>1</b>	Ma	STATE ryland 21740	•
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	OFFICER CERT	<b>TIFICATION</b>	
THE EVAL	LUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF TH			
NATIONAL	STATE	Δ.	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic F hereby nominate this property fo criteria and procedures set forth b	r inclusion in the National Reg			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION O	FFICER SIGNATURE	M. Pearce	5/10/7	7
TITLE		SHPO	DATE /	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	S PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN	THE NATIONAL REGISTI	ER	
Please	althur		DATE 4/2	WAR PRINT CHARGE
ATTEST: OFFICE OF ARCHI	KNAMAN	SERVATION X REED 79	DATE	
TREEFER OF THE NATIONAL P	<del>eoiste</del> r			

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED MAY 1 1 1977 APR | 2 1979 DATE ENTERED

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

Hitt's Mill and houses Washington County

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER Maryland

PAGE

DESCRIPTION, continued

The roof is covered with sheet metal and terminates with barge boards set directly against the end walls. Plain boxing finishes the eaves. A brick chimney protrudes from the interior of the house at the juncture of the two sections.

The interior of the dwelling displays woodwork from different periods with that of the west section appearing earlier in style than that in the eastern portion.

In the north foundation wall of the cellar is a broad arch covering a recess in the wall about three feet in depth. The purpose of this arched recess has not been determined.

The main house for the mill complex is located on the north side of the Keedysville-Bakersville Road, immediately north of the log dwelling. House is situated on gently sloping ground rising above Antietam Creek and faces west.

The house is a two-story, five-bay log dwelling set on low fieldstone found-Attached to its south gable wall is a two-story, four-bay wing lower in height than the main section. The walls of both sections are sheathed with German siding and composition brick. Some older weatherboarding finished with a bead at the lower edge can also be seen.

Windows of both sections have very wide frames with quarter round trim. original sash have been replaced with two-over-two pane double hung windows. Openings in the foundations of the south wing have narrow wooden frames.

The main entrance is located in the center bay of the front or west elevation. It is framed similarly to the windows and holds a door with six raised panels under a simple four-light transom. Other doors have similar treatment. A second door in the main section is located in the center bay of the east or rear elevation. Doors in the south wing are located in the front and rear elevations. A one-story. shed-roofed porch extends across the front elevation of the main section and part of the wing. At the rear of the wing is a broad, one-story porch.

The roof of each section is covered with modern asphalt shingles and terminates with tapered barge boards set directly against the end walls. Large brick chimneys with corbels at their tops are located inside each gable end. A portion of the flue at the south gable end of the main section protrudes from the exterior surface of the end wall, an unusual feature which may be the result of rebuilding of the chimney. Plain boxing finishes the eaves.

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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 2

DESCRIPTION, continued

Just south of the house is a square log outbuilding with a hipped roof covered with wooden shingles. Southwest of the house is a large frame bank barn and part of a fieldstone barnyard fence.

Several hundred feet north of the house is evidence of an old road which predated the present Keedysville-Bakersville Road between the Antietam Creek and Keedysville.

Approximately one-half mile east of the mill complex along the edge of the road is a stone lime kiln. Also nearby are two stone arch bridges, the historic Hitt Bridge and the smaller Pry's Mill Bridge. (None of these are included in this nomination.) Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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SIGNIFICANCE, continued

Operating as a grist mill, presumably with an attached sawmill, the Hitt's or Pry's Millcomplex is important for its contribution to commerce and to the milling industry in Washington County. Grist milling was an important early industry in the area, providing a means for local farmers to process their grain products. Sawmills were also numeroud. As well as being trade centers, the mills served a social function as meeting places where information was exchanged. The mill was in operation until 1926.

Throughout their documentary history, the mill property and that across the road containing the main house have always been conveyed separately. The earliest documented record of the mill property is the will of Robert Smith (see above). It states that Samuel Merritt Hitt, Smith's grandnephew, was to inherit the residue of his great-uncle's estate. Later on March 7, 1820, Hitt's ownership was confirmed by a deed from Joseph Chapline (Deed EE/487), which stated that Chapline had at an earlier date agreed to convey a tract of land containing 20 1/4 acres (the acreage of the mill property throughout all the deeds) to a certain Andrew Baker. Subsequently Baker agreed to convey the land to Robert Smith, who had in turn willed it to Samuel M. Hitt. Presumbaly it was Hitt who established the original mill.

Samuel Hitt was influential in the construction of a stone bridge erected over Antietam Creek in 1830 to facilitate access to his mill. In an Article of Agreement recorded among the Washington County Land Records (LL/350), between Justices of the Levy Court and Samuel M. Hitt, dated March 15, 1830, Hitt agreed to repair the road from the bridge to be built by Silas Harry to the summit of the hill toward Hess' Mill in Keedysville. The road described in the agreement was shortly thereafter changed to its present course as depicted in a plat recorded May 6, 1833, in Volume I, folio 196, of the Washington County Road Records. The earlier road, which led directly east from the bridge, is said to have been that used by General Braddock in 1755 on his trip west to Fort Duquesne during the French and Indian War.

On August 7, 1846, Samuel M. and Barbara Hitt, who had previously moved to Ogle County, Illinois, sold two tracts, including the 20 1/4 acre mill property, to Lewis Watson for \$6,137.75(IN3/71). Samuel Pry and Philip Pry purchased the mill property from Watson and his wife on December 16, 1847 (IN3/73). The mill property remained in the Pry family until 1941 (IN5/298, 115/383, 135/38, 173/307, 173/308, 217/131). The 20 1/4 acre property included parts of the grants "Addition to Bunell's Bower," "Resurvey of Felfoot Enlarged," "Resurvey of Hills and Dales" and "The Vineyard."

On August 17, 1846, the Hitts sold their farm across the road from the mill, containing 130 3/4 acres, to Samuel Cost for \$5,199 (IN3/69). Samuel Cost owned

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Hitt's Mill and houses Washington County

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

Maryland

ITEM NUMBER 8

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#### SIGNIFICANCE, continued

this farm (which includes the Hitt House) during the Battle of Antietam which occurred on Septermber 17, 1862. In addition to having numerous Federal troops stationed in the area and to being a major crossing point of the Antietam Creek. the Hitt house and barn were also used as hospitals during and after the battle. Doctor Wilcox established a hospital in the Hitt barn for several hundred soldiers, while approximately twenty-five troops were treated in the parlor of the house. On October 4 after the battle, the remaining wounded soldiers were moved to the Smoketown hospital, located approximately one mile northwest of the Hitt farm. On the eve of the battle, September 16, General J.K.F. Mansfield dined at the Hitt house. After the battle, the farm served briefly as headquarters for General George Gordon Meade.

The farm remained in the Cost family until 1886, when Jacob H. Cost sold it to Jacob C. and Barbara A. Rohrer (88/23). It was held by the Rohrer family until 1945 (229/201). The farm was purchased by the present owners in 1964. The land includes parts of the grants "Resurvey on Felfoot Enalrged," "Red Oak Level, " "Vineyard," and "Resurvey on Hills Dales and the Vineyard."

The mill property was owned by the Pry family during the Battle of Antietam. The mill was also used as a hospital for federal troops. The Sanitary Commission reported that this hospital was poorly managed and that the surgeons were young and frequently intoxicated (Schildt, p. 167). According to local legend, women of the Pry family baked bread for the wounded soldiers.

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Hitt's Mill and houses Washington County Maryland

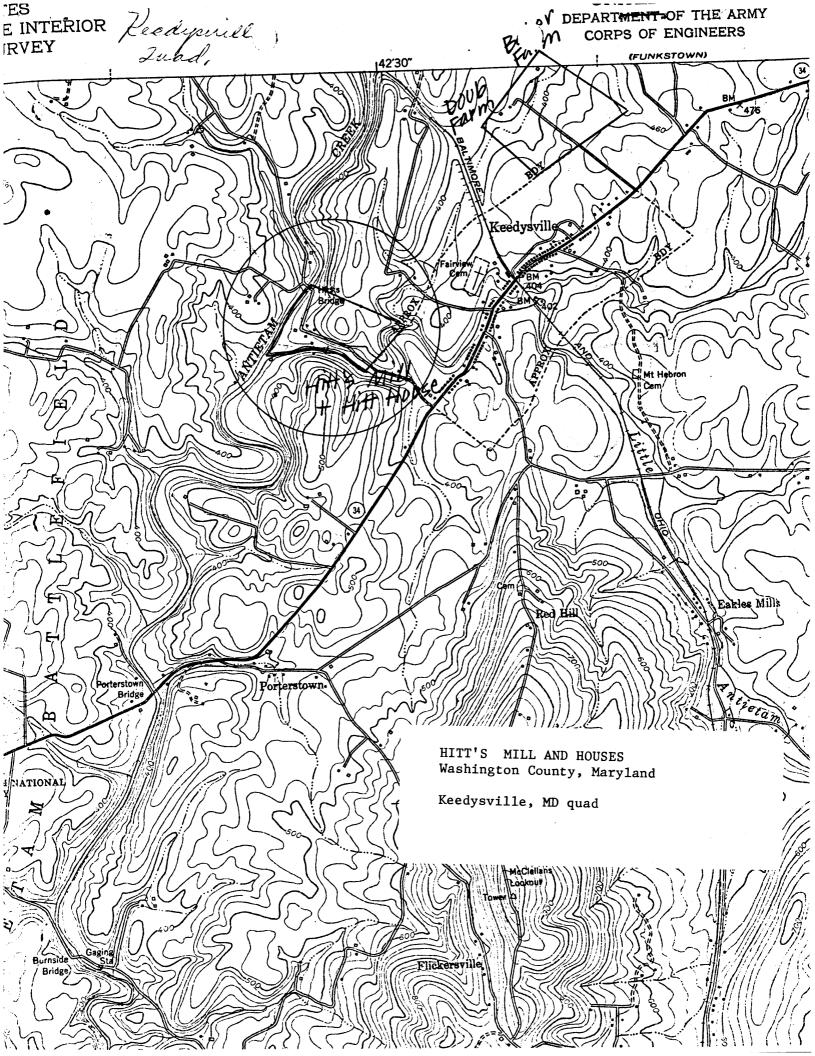
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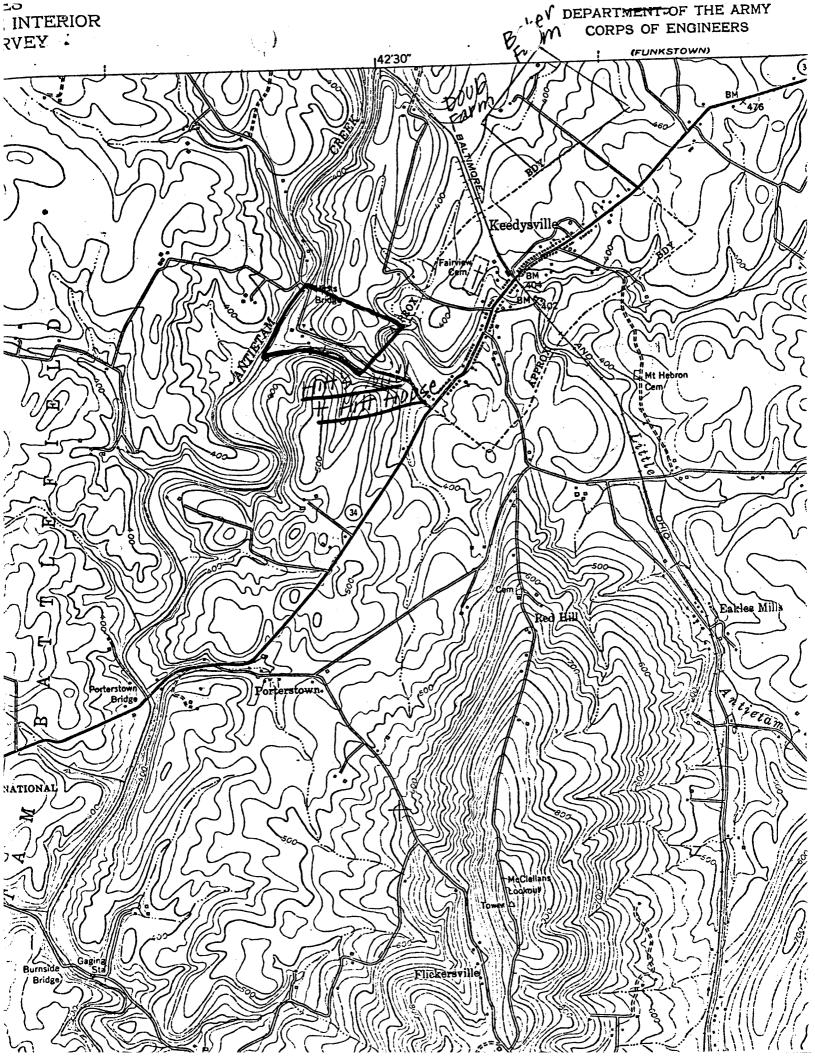
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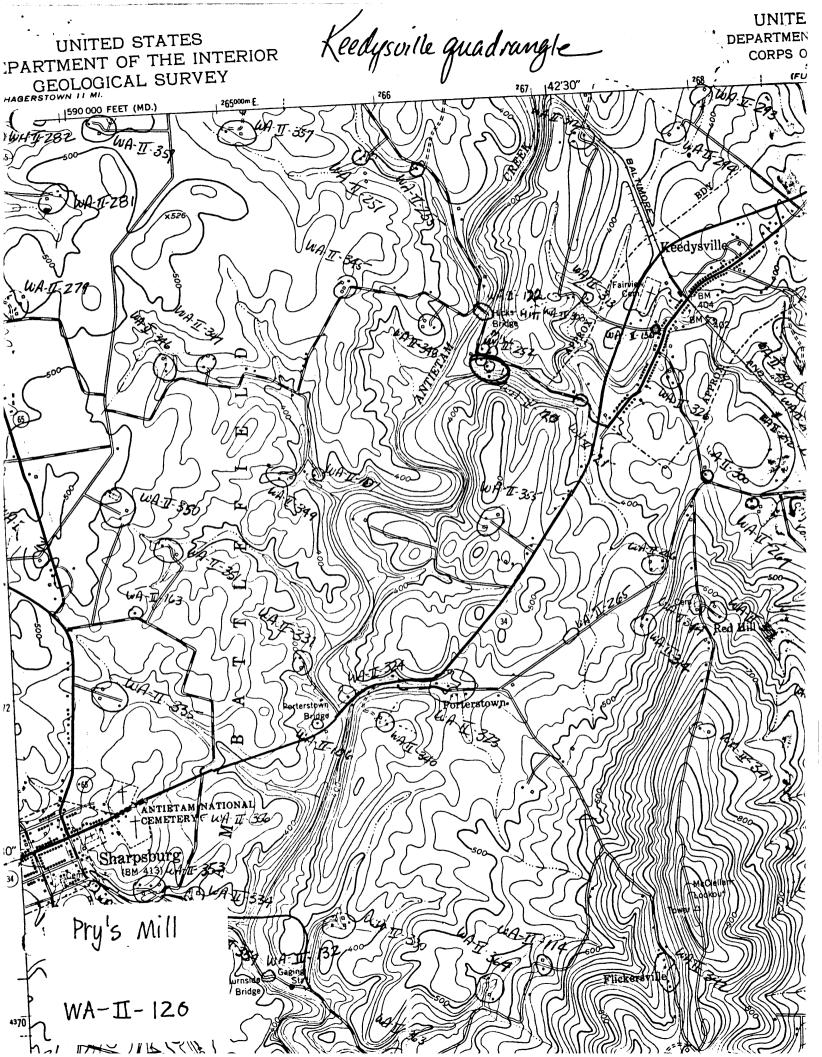
10 PAGE 5

(VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION CONTINUED)

The Hitt's Mill complex encompasses approximately 90 acres of open land and woods existing largely as it has since the 19th century. The central feature of the nomination is the Mill and the miller's house located on either side of the road. The 90 acre area defines a historic environment from the stream bed to a ridge to the northwest, which constitutes a topographical, visual termination of the rural, agricultural setting of the house. The southern boundary follows the stream which powered the mill. The western boundary follows the eastern bank of Antietam Creek. The northern boundary includes the ridge as a topographical limit. The eastern boundary is the town limits of Keedysville. The inclusion of acreage up to the town limits reflects the continuing rural environment of the property and the historic proximity of the Hitt complex to the town.



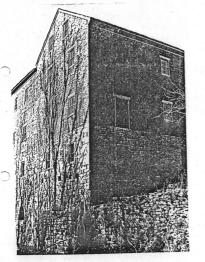


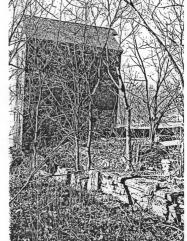


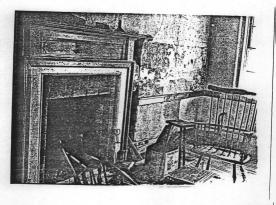


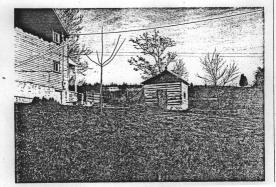














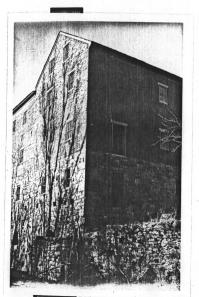








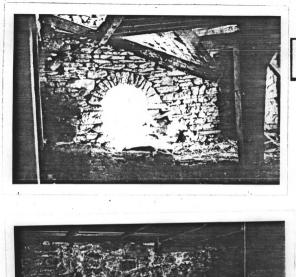




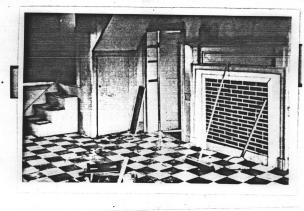
















BARN WACEN SHED WA- IX-120



HOUSE

SMOKE HOUSE

WA-II- 120



WIKONSHED

SMUKE HOUSE

WA-II-120