National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

date entered

received FEB 1 0 1986

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name Nistoric Reliance Historic District and or common Same 2. Location In an irregular pattern along Highway 30 and Power House Road city, town Reliance N/A vicinity of state Tennessee code 047 county Polk code	
and or common Same 2. Location In an irregular pattern along Highway 30 and street & number Power House Road N/A not for publicity, town Reliance N/A vicinity of	
2. Location In an irregular pattern along Highway 30 and Power House Road city, town Reliance N/A vicinity of	
In an irregular pattern along Highway 30 and street & number	
street & number	
	cation
state Tonnossoo cada 0/17 sountu Polik	
state Tennessee code 047 county Polk code	139
3. Classification	
Category Ownership Status Present Use X district public X occupied X agriculture museum building(s) private X unoccupied X commercial park structure X both work in progress educational X private religious site Public Acquisition Accessible entertainment religious object Y in process X yes: restricted government scientification Y yes: unrestricted industrial X transport no military other:	esidence
name Multiple Ownership see continuation sheet street & number N/A	
city, town N/A N/A vicinity of state N/A	
5. Location of Legal Description	
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Polk County Courthouse	
street & number Court Square	
city, town Benton state Tennessee	37369
6. Representation in Existing Surveys See continuation	on shee
title Polk County Survey has this property been determined eligible?ye	s <u>X</u> ne
date 1984 federalX_ state county	loca
depository for survey records Tennessee Historical Commission	
city, town Nashville state Tennessee	

Condition excellent _X_ good _X_ fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check oneX_ original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Reliance Historic District is comprised of five principal buildings, one structure, and several outbuildings which form the central portion of the community of Reliance in north central Polk County, Tennessee. The historic resources in the district are representative of vernacular design found in a small village that served as a social and commercial center for surrounding farmsteads during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries in southeastern Tennessee. Constructed between 1888 and 1912, the contributing resources in the district collectively represent the historic character of the area.

The irregularly-shaped district is located along both sides of the upper Hiwassee River in the rugged mountains of the Cherokee National Forest. State Highway 30 extends through the district in a roughly east-west direction on the south side of (and is parallel to) the river. From the south side of the river, the New Reliance Road extends north over the Reliance Bridge, while the railroad tracks and a modern railroad bridge traverse the eastern section of the district. Power House Road, located on the north side of the Hiwassee River, intersects with the New Reliance Road near the Reliance Bridge. The landscape ranges from relatively flat open spaces near the river to the heavily-forested slopes of the mountains. All of the properties are located close to roads and have small front yards. Formal landscaping is minimal with only the Vaughn-Webb House having shrubbery and a fenced-in yard.

The earliest principal resource in the district, the circa 1888 Vaughn-Webb House, is also the most ornately detailed with sawn wood trim. The most recently constructed contributing resource in the district is the 1912 Reliance Bridge, although the Watchman's House was altered in 1946 and the Webb Brothers' Store (non-contributing) was built in 1955. The two residences, hotel, and church are all similar in scale and material, most being one or two story frame buildings of vernacular design with minimal ornamentation. The two largest buildings, the Higdon Hotel and the Vaughn-Webb House, have sawn wood porches and gable trim, while the Hiwassee Union Church/Masonic Hall and Watchman's House are without ornamentation. Only three outbuildings, the Vaughn-Webb barn, corn crib, and smokehouse, are of an age and scale to be contributing resources in the district. Several sheds are scattered throughout the district, but their small scale is such that they neither detract nor add to the significance of the area.

The district contains four contributing buildings, one contributing structure, three contributing outbuildings, and one non-contributing building. Contributing resources (C) are significant in the historic and architectural development of the district, possess compatible design elements, and maintain the scale, use, and texture of the district. Non-contributing resources (NC) may disrupt the texture of the district, have little or no architectural significance, or have been considerably altered.

8. Significance

	^ architecture	community planning conservation economics	literature military	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
_X 1900–	communications	industry invention	politics/government	transportation other (specify
Specific dates	ca. 1888 - 1936	Builder/Architect Mu	ıltiple	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Reliance Historic District is being nominated under National Register criteria A and C for its local architectural and historical significance. The resources in the district are historically significant as an excellent representation of a late nineteenth/early twentieth century rural community in north central Polk County, Tennessee. In the late nineteenth century, the arrival of the railroad and river ferry and the location of nearby logging camps helped Reliance develop into a small commercial and social center for the surrounding area. By the early twentieth century, a bridge would replace the ferry as the main form of transportation across the river. Although no historic store buildings are extant, a community building, an early resident's farm, two buildings associated with the railroad, and a bridge combine to form the historic district of Reliance. Architecturally, the district is important as a good example of late nineteenth century vernacular architecture. All of the historic buildings are of the same material and scale, while the Vaughn-Webb House and Higdon Hotel display interesting sawn wood ornamentation. The Reliance Bridge is a good local example of a through Pratt bridge. Overall, the Reliance Historic District retains its historic and architectural integrity.

The district is located in the fertile valley of the Hiwassee River. The area attracted white settlers shortly after the general Cherokee removal in 1838. Early settlers relied on farming and timber as their primary sources of income with the main crops being corn and hay. Pine, oak and chestnut were historically the major trees cut for timber.

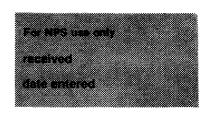
The earliest known settlers of record were T. A. Toomey and D. A. Haskins who established farms south of the river. Elisha Dodson filed for eighty acres of land with the Ocoee District Land Office on April 5, 1842 and received title on August 24, 1849. He subsequently purchased most of Toomey's holdings, including a water-powered grist mill and saw mill (non-extant) located near the present Reliance Bridge. This mill, commonly called Dodson's Mill, ground grain for farmers in the surrounding area and turned freshly-cut logs into lumber for sale or construction. In filling this need, it became the center of what would become Reliance.

In other parts of Polk County there were sporadic instances of partisan violence during the Civil War, but the Hiwassee Valley among the mountains was relatively untouched. Around 1870, the area around Dodson's mill was known as Broad Shoals and there was a short-lived Broad Shoals Post Office. A postal document filed by Postmaster Y. D. M. Prince on February 10, 1881 indicated that the community had a population, including surrounding farm families, of about 400 persons. Major families in the outlying area included the Presswood, Haskins, Stephens, Lindner, Carney, Massingill, Cheek, Jenkins, Bates, and Boring families.

9.	Major Bibli	ographi	cal	Refe	rence	S		
Linder Polk (see Union Church ro r, Fred. Presonal County. Various Co Harold, Jr. Perso	papers. Reli ounty records	iance, S. Co	Tenness unty Cou	ee. rthouse.	Benton,	Γennessee.	
10.	Geograph	ical Dat	ta					
Quadra	e of nominated property ngle name McFarland eferences	approximate and Oswald [y 46 Dome,	acres Tennesse	e	Quadrang	le scale 1	24,000
A 116 Zone C 116	e Easting N	3 <u> 8 9 7 0 0 0</u> Iorthing 3 8 9 6 4 5 0			Zone East	18 0 19 10 ing 16 7 16 10	3 18 9 16 8 1 Northing	
E				F [H [
Verbal	See continuat		on					
List all	states and counties	for properties	overlap	ping state	or county	boundaries		
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A		code	N/A
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A		code	N/A
<u>11.</u>	Form Prep	pared By	<u> </u>					
name/tit								
organiza	Association 1		ion o	f Cultur	al date	October	30, 1985	
street &	number Post Offic	ce Box 15863			telepho	ne 615/875	5-9687	
city or to	own Chattanoog	ja			state	Tenness	see 37415	
12.	State Hist	oric Pro	ese	rvatio	on Off	icer C	ertifica	ition
The eva	luated significance of thi	is property within	the sta	te is:				
	national	state	_X	_ local				
665), I h accordi i Deputy	lesignated State Historic ereby nominate this prop ng to the criteria and pro storic Preservation Offic	perty for inclusion cedures set forth	by the	National Re	egister and c ark Service.	eservation Acertify that it h	t of 1966 (Public as been evaluate	c Law 89 ed
title Fx	ecutive Director,	Tennessee Hi	stori	cal Comm	ission	date	2/5/86	
	IPS use only	Telliessee III	30011	car comm	1331011		-/ -/ -/	
	nereby certify that this pr		d in the		-		3/3/6	
WKen	er of the National Regis	Pheron		Nation	in two Pegisom	date	3/13/86	
Atte						date		
	f of Registration			····				

GPO 911-399

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet

Reliance Historic District Item number

4

Page

2

OWNER

Ruth Stillwell General Delivery Benton, Tennessee 37307

James Garren General Delivery Delano, Tennessee 37235

Harold Webb, Jr., Oliver Webb, Estate of Harold Webb, Sr. General Delivery Reliance, Tennessee 37309

Tennessee Department of Transportation James K. Polk Building Nashville, Tennessee 37219

PROPERTY

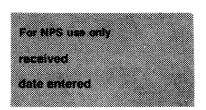
Watchman's House Power House Road

Higdon Hotel Power House Road

Vaughn-Webb House Webb Brothers' Store Hiwassee Union Church/Masonic Hall Highway 30

Reliance Bridge over Hiwassee River

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District Item number

6

Page

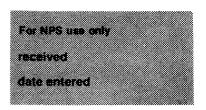
2

Representation in Existing Surveys

The Reliance Bridge over the Hiwassee River was included in a Tennessee Department of Transportation bridge survey conducted in 1983.

Depository for survey records: Tennessee Department of Transportation, Nashville, Tennessee.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District Item number

10

Page 2

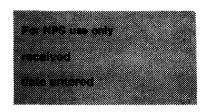
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Verbal Boundary Description and Justification:

The nominated property is irregular in shape and approximately 46 acres in size. The boundary is as follows:

beginning at a point where the Reliance Bridge intersects the south bank of the Hiwassee River, the boundary moves along the riverbank in a northwesterly direction approximately 1900', thence southwesterly approximately 600', thence southeasterly approximately 400', thence northeasterly approximately 300' to the north side of Highway 30; the boundary continues in a southeasterly direction along the north side of the road approximately 2800', thence north approximately 250' to the south side of Power House Road, thence easterly approximately approximately 500', thence north approximately 400', thence northwesterly approximately 1450' to the east side of the New Reliance (to Springtown) Road; the boundary continues southwesterly along the east side of the road approximately 300' until it intersects with the Reliance Bridge; the boundary then moves southwesterly along the west side of the bridge approximately 1100' to the point of the beginning (see tax map). This includes enough land to protect the historical setting and architectural integrity of the Reliance Historic District.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District Item number

7

Page 2

DESCRIPTION

INVENTORY

1. Vaughn-Webb House. ca. 1888, Highway 30, two stories, weatherboarded frame, 3 bay facade, one story side extension, standing seam metal side gable roof with pedimented gables, rectangular plan, 6/6 double hung sash windows, two interior chimneys; two story, one bay front porch with sawn wood bargeboard, horizontal cornice, and balustrade; porches at side extension and rear of house, main entry has transom and glass and paneled sidelights; central hall plan with kitchen and dining room in rear extension, interior has paneled doors with architrave trim, single run stairway (C). Front of property surrounded by metal fence.

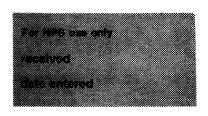
Smokehouse. ca. 1888, located south of house, one story, weatherboarded frame, metal front gable roof, exposed rafters, rectangular plan, stone foundation, single entry, two window openings on eastern elevation. (C)

Corn Crib. ca. 1888, (may pre-date this), located northeast of house
across Highway 30, frame, one story, shed roof. (C)

<u>Barn</u>. ca. 1910s, located northeast of house across Highway 30, one and one-half stories, frame with vertical board siding, metal gable roof, rectangular plan, one story extension with shed roof, central passage with four cribs on each side.(C)

- 2. <u>Webb Brothers' Store</u>. 1955, Highway 30, one story, frame, flat roof, rectangular plan, large display windows, rear extends on piers over hillside; used as a general store, library, gas station, post office. (NC) Small shed on property.
- 3. Hiwassee Union Church/Masonic Hall. ca. 1899, Highway 30, two stories, weather-boarded frame, rectangular plan, 3 bay facade, standing seam metal front gable roof, 2/2 double hung sash windows with cornice lintels, pilaster cornerboards, louvered belfry with sawn wood trim, recessed front entry, stone pier foundation; originally, second story extended over entry, but ca. 1927 the first story was enclosed for classrooms, creating the recessed entry. (C)
- 4. <u>Higdon Hotel</u>. ca. 1890, Power House Road, two stories, weatherboarded frame, rectangular plan, standing seam metal side gable roof with small bargeboard and imbricated wood trim in gable end, one exterior end chimney, two interior chimneys; full two story front porch with chamfered columns, ornamental spandrels, and sawn balustrade (much of balustrade is missing); 2/2 double hung sash windows, transoms over doors, one story shed roof rear porch, presently used as a residence. (C) Small shed on property.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District Item number

7

Page

3

- 5. Watchman's House. ca. 1891, Power House Road, two stories with one story extension, L-shaped plan, weatherboarded frame, exposed basement at rear has stone piers and board and batten siding, 3/1 double hung sash windows, two front entries, interior chimney; altered ca. 1946 when windows changed, basement enclosed and interior stairway altered. (C) Small shed on property.
- 6. <u>Reliance Bridge</u>. 1912, over Hiwassee River, built by Roanoke Bridge Company, five through Pratt steel truss spans. (C)

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District Item number

8

Page 2

Around 1880, Joseph Dallas Vaughn, a prosperous farmer from McMinn County, purchased Dodson's Mill. On October 11, 1880, he purchased 380 acres from D. A. and Ann Haskins, and on November 9, 1885, he bought 280 acres from Joseph and Mary Runion. These purchases combined gave him the largest and most productive farm in the area. Using lumber sawn from trees cut on the property Vaughn built a large two story frame house with a central hall flanked by two large rooms and a kitchen on the back. Constructed in the late 1880s, the house replaced Dodson's log house. In addition to operating the mill, the Vaughn family grew corn and hay, raised cattle, hogs, and mules, and cut timber.

Reliance was located along a mail route from Cog Hill to Slyco and area mail was left with Sarah Reed Vaughn, the wife of Joseph D. Vaughn (The old wooden bureau used to sort the mail is still in the Vaughn-Webb House.). Family history credits Sarah, the "keeper of the mail" in the community, with providing the name Reliance. The Vaughns had seven children, including a daughter, Alice, who married into the Webb family. By the time Joseph D. Vaughn's son, Joseph Thomas Vaughn, inherited the farm, it had increased to 690 acres in size.

Construction of the Vaughn house was rapidly followed by another event that had a dramatic impact on the area. On May 12, 1888, the Louisville and Nashville Railroad purchased right-of-way for track construction between Etowah and Ducktown with the route crossing the Hiwassee River a short distance above the Dodson Mill. Construction was scheduled to begin within eighteen months with the entire line to be completed within thirty-six months. Aware of the potential of the situation, Calvin Higdon purchased land on the north side of the river adjacent to the railroad property and built a large two story frame hotel with a two story front porch. The Higdon Hotel not only provided accommodations for railroad personnel and travelers, but was the home of the Higdon family. At first the railroad called the area Higdon's Station, although the post office used the name Reliance. A small depot was built and soon replaced with a box car depot located near the hotel. In around 1891 a frame cottage was constructed near the depot for use by the railroad watchman (Mr. Pickle). Higdon also operated a ferry service across the Hiwassee.

Around 1899, a community building was raised in Reliance through the joint efforts of the Hiwassee Union Church and the local Masonic Lodge. This was a two story frame building with a full porch across the front. The upper floor was restricted to the use of the Masons with the church meeting on the first floor. During the week, the church was also used as a school for local children. In 1927, the church expanded by enclosing part of the front porch. This left a narrow entrance hall with small meeting rooms on either side.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only
received
date entered

Continuation sheet Reliance Historic District

Item number

8

Page

ountain slope

3

During the first decade of the present century the dense forests on the mountain slopes around Reliance, long a source of lumber for local residents, attracted the attention of large timber companies. The Pendergast Lumber Company built a logging camp called Probst about a mile up river from Reliance. For a brief time, Probst was an extremely active site. There was a large company commissary, an office building, a spacious house for the director of the operation and quarters for the workers who cut the trees. At its peak, there were more than twenty-five buildings in Probst. The proximity of the camp to Reliance increased local traffic, while several families of the workers lived as tenants on the Vaughn-Webb farm. Over the years, several store sites were operated by various tenants on the Vaughn-Webb farm.

During this era, the Higdon Hotel operated for a time as a summer resort, and numerous visitors enjoyed the rugged beauty of the mountains and the sparkling rush of the Hiwassee River. In 1912, a five span through Pratt bridge was built over the river in Reliance. W. A. Vaughn, the son of Joseph Vaughn, was on the bridge building committee. Around this time, a special Fourth of July celebration in Reliance drew an estimated ten thousand people into the area.

Between 1915 and 1930 there were several changes in Reliance. The mill burned in 1915, although it was rebuilt and continued to operate into the 1940s. The school moved to a new building. Much of the timber supply was exhausted and the Probst camp closed. Pendergast Lumber Company sold their property to Mr. Stillwell, a resident of Reliance who worked for the railroad. With increasing use of automobiles, fewer passenger trains stopped in Reliance and the hotel ceased to operate in around 1920.

The grandsons of Joseph and Sarah Vaughn continued to operate a grist mill in Reliance. They also opened Webb Brothers' Store on May 15, 1936. The store served as a general store, post office, gas station, and library. Still in existence, it is now housed in a 1955 building. The mill was demolished in the 1950s while both the Church and Masons ceased using the circa 1899 building in the 1960s. It is now used as a storage building on the Vaughn-Webb farm. In 1969, a white-water rafting service was begun by the Webb family. Rafting is now a popular summer tourist attraction in Reliance. The Reliance Historic District contains all known extant historic properties associated with the development of Reliance. As such, it represents a significant and distinguishable entity which conveys a sense of time and place.

