

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number _____ Page _____

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 93000526 Date Listed: 6/10/93

Pinal Ranger Station
Property Name

Gila AZ
County State

Depression-Era USDA Forest Service Administrative Complexes in
Arizona MPS
Multiple Name

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Antoinette Allee
m Signature of the Keeper

6/10/93
Date of Action

=====

Amended Items in Nomination:

Statement of Significance: This property has been evaluated at the statewide level of significance.

This information was confirmed with Michael A. Sullivan, Archeologist with the Tonto National Forest, and Evan I. DeBlois, Federal Preservation Officer, USDA Forest Service.

DISTRIBUTION:

- National Register property file
- Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

MAY 12 1993

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
REGISTRATION FORM

NATIONAL
REGISTER

1. Name of Property

historic name Pinal Ranger Station

other names/site number Globe Ranger Station; AR-03-12-02-598

2. Location

street & number N/A

/NA/not for publication

city, town Globe

/XX/vicinity

state Arizona

code AZ

county Gila

code 007

zip code 85501

3. Classification

Ownership of Property

Category of Property

Number of Resources within Property

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Contributing	Noncontributing
3	1 buildings
	sites
	3 structures
	objects
3	4 Total

Name of related multiple property listing:

DEPRESSION-ERA USDA FOREST SERVICE
ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLEXES IN ARIZONA

Number of contributing resources
previously listed in the National
Register None

4. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet.

Signature of certifying official

Date

USDA - Forest Service

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet.

Signature of certifying official

Date

State Historic Preservation Officer

5. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby, certify that this property is:

entered in the National Register.

See continuation sheet.

determined eligible for the National Register.

See continuation sheet.

determined not eligible for the National Register.

removed from the National Register.

other, (explain:)

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)

GOVERNMENT/government office
DOMESTIC/institutional housing
GOVERNMENT

Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)

GOVERNMENT/government office
GOVERNMENT

7. Description

Architectural Classification
(enter categories from instructions)

Mission/Spanish Colonial Revival

Materials enter categories from instructions)

foundation CONCRETE

walls CERAMIC TILE

STUCCO

roof ASPHALT

other CERAMIC TILE

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

Summary

Pinall Ranger Station is a Forest Service administrative complex that includes four buildings, a loading dock, corrals, and an entry wall. Three of the buildings, a residence, barn/garage/shop, and hen house, are considered contributors to the district. The noncontributing building is a modern office which replaced the original office (demolished) in the 1970s. The loading dock and the corrals, located, respectively, to the southeast and south of the barn/garage/shop, also postdate the historic period of significance and are noncontributing structures. Due to alterations, the original entry wall has lost integrity and is therefore considered a noncontributing structure.

Setting

The Pinall Ranger Station is located in the desert foothill region northeast of the Pinall Mountains. The facility is situated on a terrace along the west side of Pinall Creek. The area consists of a series of low ridges separated by entrenched drainages. Elevation at the station is approximately 3700 feet. Vegetation in the vicinity is primarily desert scrub that includes mesquite, prickly pear, and a variety of shrubs and grasses.

Physical Description

Pinall Ranger Station is a Forest Service administrative complex with four buildings, a loading dock, corral, and an entry wall. The historic core of the complex consists of three buildings (a residence, a barn/garage/shop, and a hen house) and the entry wall. All the historic buildings are considered to be contributors to the property. The entry wall although constructed during the period of significance has been altered several times so that its integrity has been greatly diminished. These alterations have so impacted the wall that it is not considered to be a contributing element. One of the historic buildings is no longer standing. This is the original office that was replaced by the present office during the 1970s. The present office is of recent origin and not considered eligible for the National Register. The loading dock is located to the southeast of the barn/garage/shop. This structure is of recent origin and is not considered a contributing element. The corrals, located to the south of the barn/garage/shop, like the loading dock are of recent construction and treated as a noncontributing element in the complex. The

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nominated property is the only example of USDA Forest Service, Region 3 Depression-era standard plan architecture ever erected that was constructed to the Spanish style plans that called for ceramic hollow tile wall construction. As such the complex is a unique example of a Forest Service administrative site built during the Depression.

The residence was built to an A-15 plan. This plan is for a 5 room Spanish style building. Exterior walls were composed of ceramic hollow tile with covered with stucco. The floor plan is basically rectangular, however the living room and front porch project slightly on the left side. In keeping with the Spanish flavor of the design, the roof over the main portion of the building is flat with parapeted walls. This portion of the roof is covered with rolled asphalt. Over the porch the roof has a low pitch and is covered with with spanish tiles. In this variation off the basic Forest Service bungalow style residence the porch is fully enclosed. The entry is a panel door located at the center of the primary facade. Windows in this building are all multilight casements. The focal windows on the front facade are set in recessed areas moulded to simulated arched windows. The building sits over a full basement. Since its construction the primary change to this building has been to the windows. All the front windows have been replaced with fixed single pane windows. Those on the side now have fixed large pane windows with smaller sliding windows set into the bottom 1/3 of the window space. Other than these alterations the building appears very much as it did when was built. Presently the residence is being used as office space for the Globe Ranger Station.

The barn/garage/shop is located approximately 100 feet to the south of the dwelling. This building was built to a C-9 plan which is a Spanish type with walls of hollow ceramic tiles covered with stucco. The floor plan is for three stalls, two garage areas, a store room, and a shop on the first floor. A loft and an additional storage area occupy the second story. The roof is flat with double roof planes and parapeted walls. Five sets of bay doors are set in the primary facade. These were glazed, panel doors hung on strap hinges. Windows throughout the building were multiple pane casement type. Over the years since its construction the barn/garage/shop has undergone several alterations. As with the dwelling the original windows have been replaced with fixed single pane windows. Also the original bay doors have been replaced with track mounted retractable metal garage doors. Additionally, one of the bay openings has been sealed to create more office space. Despite these changes the overall impression of the building is quite similar to that of its original appearance. This, plus the fact that the construction technique is unique for Region 3 standard plans argues for the inclusion of the building as a contributing element in this complex. Much of the building is still used as it was historically, as a barn/garage/shop, but some of the space has been given over to provide office space for the fire crews that work out of the station.

Immediately behind the barn/garage/shop is the hen house. This small structure was constructed in the same manner as the primary structures at the complex, however, no standard plan for it has been located. It is assumed, therefore, that the structure

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was built to a unique plan. The roof is similar to those of the primary structures in that it is flat with parapeted walls. Only the end walls have parapets leaving the front and rear walls ending at the wall roof junction. Rolled asphalt is the material used for covering the roof. The structure is a single room building with a door and no windows. The only alteration of note since the buildings construction is the addition of a small shade with some cabinets, both built of wood, covered with a corrugated roof that has been added to the rear of the building. Today it is used as a storage shed rather than as a hen house.

Integrity

The Pinal Ranger Station has undergone some modifications since its construction. The only change made to the residence has been the alterations to the windows. Most of the alterations to the barn/garage/shop (window and bay door replacement) have minor impact on the overall visual or structural integrity of the building. Sealing of one of the bay doors had a more dramatic impact. This change affected the fenestration pattern of the primary facade but had little impact on the configuration of the building. In spite of these modifications the barn/garage/shop is felt to retain sufficient integrity to be considered a contributing element of the complex. The addition of the shade to the hen house has had minimal impact on the visual and structural integrity of this building. By far the most dramatic impact to the complex has been the removal of the original office and the construction of the present office. The new office is screened from the historic elements of the property by vegetation lessening the detracting to the historic setting. The loss of a primary element is somewhat offset by the level of integrity and the uniqueness of the construction style of the remaining primary buildings. The loading dock and the corral though modern intrusions are of a scale that does not distract visually from the complex. The complex, though altered, is felt to possess integrity of design, workmanship, materials, setting, feeling, and association of sufficient degree to provide a good representation of a USDA Forest Service administrative complex from the Depression-era.

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pasture area resulted in the relocation of the station to a site a mile and a half to the east of the original location. By this time the station was part of the Crook National Forest. The facilities at this new location began to be inadequate at the beginning of the 1930s so plans were being made to use the opportunity provided by the Depression-era work relief programs to upgrade the station's facilities.

The contemplated improvements were put on hold by an unusual turn of events. The Forest Service was approached by the Gila Pueblo Archaeological Foundation, in the persons of Winifred and Harold Gladwin and Albert V. Kidder, about the possibility of the Forest Service accepting a donation of land for a new ranger station. As the offered location was much better situated with respect to Globe, the main population center of the area, the Forest Service agreed to the donation. The deed was executed and recorded in 1934 but due to the need to take care of some legalities the title was not accepted until 1937. Notwithstanding the fact that the title had not been accepted construction began on this new ranger station in the summer of 1934. The Forest and the District requested plans from the Regional Office for buildings with a Spanish or Pueblo design. The intent of this request was so the new buildings would blend well with the already existing facilities that the Gila Pueblo Archaeological Foundation had nearby. The Regional Office responded with the plans for the present buildings and an office. They suggested that the buildings be constructed using hollow ceramic tile. Hollow tile construction, although initially more expensive, was seen as being less of a maintenance problem as it greatly reduced the problem of cracking in the stucco coating.

**PINAL RANGER STATION
FONTO NATIONAL FOREST**



HORSE PASTURE

PROPERTY BOUNDARY

RESIDENCE

New Office

HEN HOUSE

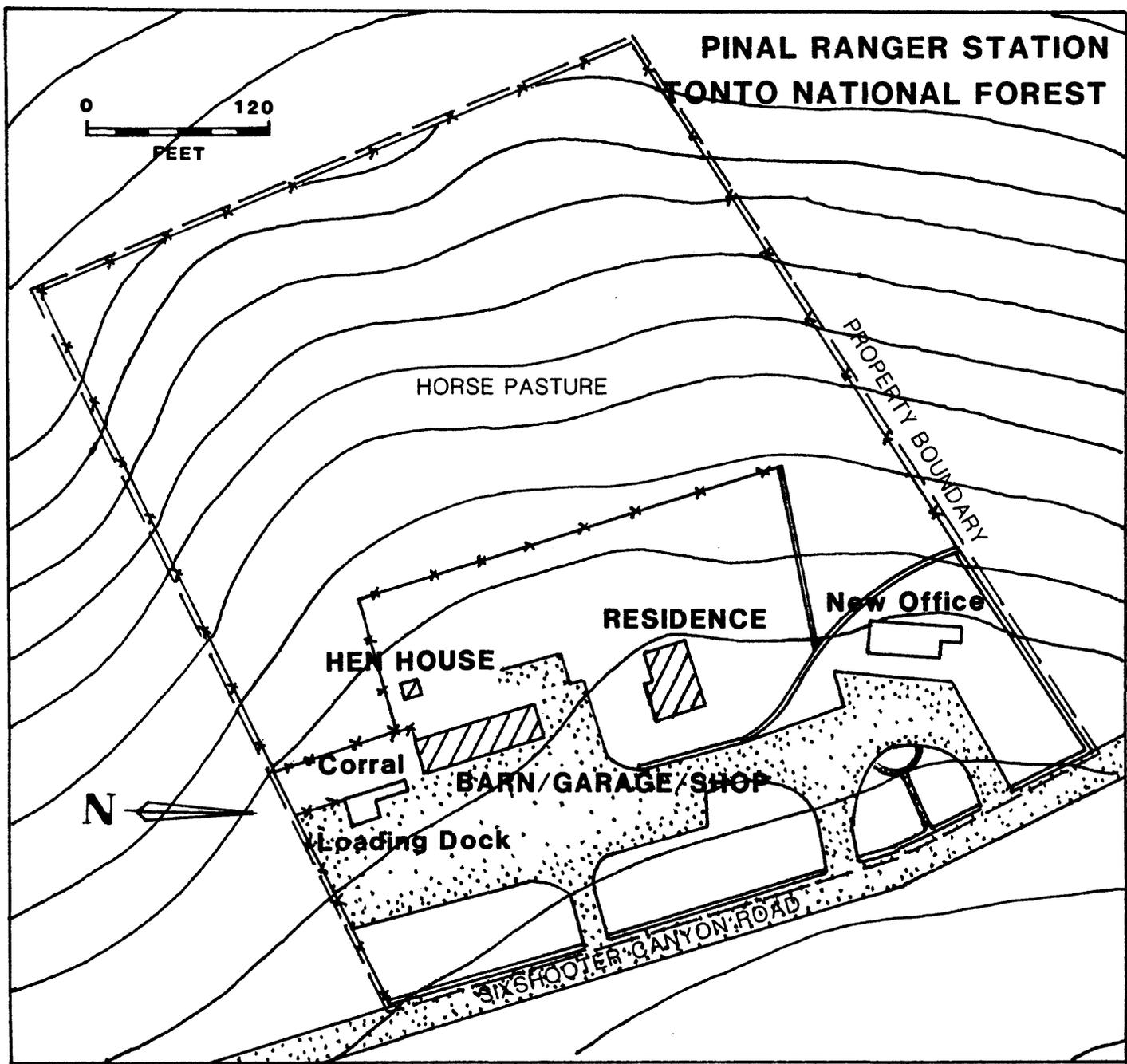
Corral

BARN/GARAGE/SHOP

Loading Dock



SIXSHOOTER CANYON ROAD



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Photographs Page 1

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS THE SAME FOR ALL PHOTOGRAPHS ACCOMPANYING THIS
NOMINATION:

- 1) Pinal Ranger Station
- 2) Vicinity of Globe, Arizona
- 3) J. Scott Wood
- 4) 5 January 1989
- 5) Tonto National Forest, Phoenix, Arizona

INFORMATION FOR INDIVIDUAL PHOTOGRAPHS:

- 6) Facing west, primary elevation of residence
- 7) TNF 4

- 6) Facing westsouthwest, primary elevation of barn/garage/shop
- 7) TNF 5

- 6) Facing southwest, elevation of hen house
- 7) TNF 6

- 6) Facing south, primary elevation of loading dock
- 7) TNF 7