SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: SG100003071

Date Listed: 11/5/18

Property Name: Brick Quarters Historic District

County: Greene

State: OH

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

Amended Items in Nomination:

This SLR is to amend the registration form to correct the level of significance and revise the areas of significance.

Section 3. Level of Significance. The case has not been made for national level of significance, consequently, the level of significance is changed to State level.

Section 8. Areas of Significance. The case for significance has not been made under military, consequently, this area of significance is deleted from the nomination.

The Air Force FPO and the OH State Historic Preservation Office were notified of this amendment.

DISTRIBUTION:

National Register property file Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)



NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Prope	rty								
Historic name Other names/site number		Brick N/A	Brick Quarters Historic District						
2. Location		- man -							
Street & number City or town State	the state of the s	Road and Patterson code		and the second se	Greene	□ not f □ vicin _ code	or publication ity 057	_ Zip code	45433
3. State/Federal A As the designated nomination 🗆 req National Register In my opinion, the considered signific	authority uest for d of Historic property cant Xmat	under the l etermination Places ar Xmeets l ionally 🗆 s	National I on of elig nd meets D does n statewide	ibility meets the procedu ot meet the	the docume ural and profe National Re See continu	entation statessional rec gister Crite lation sheet	ndards for reg quirements set ria. I recomm for additional	istering prop forth in 36 (end that this	erties in the CFR Part 60.
Signature of certify United States Air State or Federal A In my opinion, the additional comments	r Force, Officia gency and e property nts.)	l fice of the Bureau 凶 meets Dept.	Assistan does Head	t Secretary	Date of the Air For he National		ation <u>s, Environ</u>		
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Ohio Historic Preservation Office, Ohio Historical Society

State of Federal Agency and Bureau

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5. Classification	and the second			
Ownership of Property	Category of	Number of Re	sources within Prop	perty
	operty			
(Check as many boxes as apply.)	(Check only one box)		eviously listed resources in	the count.)
private	buildings	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	☑ district	121	4	Buildings
public-State	🗆 site	0	0	Sites
☑ public-Federal	□ structure	0	0	Structures
object		1	0	Objects
		122	4	Total
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Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark 'x' in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A. Property is associated with events that have made significant contributions to the broad patterns of our history
- B. Property is associated with the lives of Persons significant in our past.
- C. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, Information important in prehistory or history

Criteria Considerations

(Mark 'X' in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- □ A. owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B. removed from its original location.
- **C.** a birthplace or grave.
- D. a cemetery.
- E. a reconstructed bridge, object, or structure.
- F. a commemorative property.
- □ G. less than 50 years of age or achieved a significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions.)

COMMUNITY PLANNING

ARCHITECTURE	
MILITARY	

Period of Significance

1934-1937

Significant Dates

1935, 1937

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above.)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

U.S. Army, Office of the Quartermaster General

Louis Lott Albert Kahn

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite	e the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on on	e or more continu	ation sheets.)
Pre	vious documentation on file (NPS):	Pri	mary location of additional data:
	preliminary determination of individual listing		State Historic Preservation Office
	(36 CFR 67) has been requested		Other State Agency
	previously listed in the National Register	\square	Federal Agency
	previously determined eligible by the National Register		Local Government
	designated a National Historic Landmark		University
	recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey		Other
	#		
Ø	recorded by Historic American Engineering Record	Na	me of repository:
	# OH-103	88	ABW/EM, Wright-Patterson AFB

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	I References e additional UTM	i i references on a co	ntinuation sheet.)				
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2. +1-6+ +7-5-3-2-6-3+ +4-4-1-1-0-5-0+			4. □	+1-6+ See contin	+7-5-3-2-5-4+ uation sheet.	+4-4-1-0-2-5-6+	
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	Form Prepa	red By					
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Orga	anization	Hardlines De	sign Company			Date	May 3, 2004
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City or Town Columbus		State	State Ohio		Zip Code	43214	
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Paperwork Heduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Hegister of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.). Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the lime for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 1

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Description

Located in the northeast side of Area A of Wright Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB), Ohio, the Brick Quarters Historic District contains 122 buildings and one object constructed between 1934 and 1937. The district runs an east to west course at the south end of the complex on Chidlaw Street, and completes an arc around the east, west, and north sides of the complex following Schlatter Road, Lahm Circle, and Breene Drive. The northern boundary extends slightly north from the arc to accommodate the Officers' Club and slightly west to accommodate the Commanding Officers' Residence. The boundary exactly follows the boundaries of the original 1934-1935 housing development and Officers' Club complex.

The Brick Quarters Historic District, constructed as Army officers' housing, contains detached and semidetached residential structures, garages, an Officers' Club, and related service facilities. Designed in the Tudor Revival style, the houses are one-and-a-half and two-and-a-half-story brick residential dwellings with stucco and half-timber detailing. Other detailing on the individual structures includes quoining, pointed-arch stone lintels, steeply pitched gables, and chimney pots.¹

Resembling a typical early twentieth-century suburban development, the brick housing structures sit astride and set back from wooded streets laid in a straight grid bounded to the northwest by a curvilinear loop with recreational facilities. The houses have large, open, common rear yards. A strong boulevard axis cuts through the center of the planned community with a green space and central axial reflecting pool, referred to as the Turtle Pond. The Turtle Pond consists of four semicircular bays arranged around a shallow rectangular concrete pool. Three cast concrete turtles are centered in each of the bays. The entire complex of houses is encircled by the fairways of a golf course. Originally opened in 1922, the golf course has been modified and altered throughout its history, including the relocation of several holes to accommodate the Brick Quarters construction.

Upon its completion in 1935, the Officers Quarters contained 91 detached and duplex quarters placed along tree-lined streets in a large horseshoe configuration. The district is composed of residential housing and a recreational complex. The Quartermaster General of the Army designed and constructed the residential units in a series of types. Labeled types "A" through "H," the structures differ little in style and character, but are sized according to the grade of officer occupying the residence. The majority of structures are small, detached cottages. Designed for company officers, these were the smallest structures at just under 1,300 square feet. Twenty-three of the structures are duplex types, containing units ranging from approximately 2,100 to 3,200 square feet. Seven Type "A" houses exist, with approximately 2,400 square feet and designated for Field Officers.²

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 2

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Description (continued)

Every two residential units share a two-car garage located in between every other structure, with a drive from the main road. The garages have less detailing than the associated housing but are constructed with brick walls and clay tile roofs.³ At the apex of the curvilinear drive and on axis with the central boulevard sits an officers' club and mess hall. Also a brick Tudor Revival style building, the Officers' Club is a rectangular structure with a canted left wing.

Integrity

The houses of the Brick Quarters Historic District are in very good condition and are still used as officers' quarters, but alterations have been made throughout the past to upgrade the living conditions as improvements in housing have evolved. Changes to the homes have been made to all units and have consisted of such improvements as kitchens and bath upgrades and the construction of stand-alone gazebos. Family room additions have been added to the rear of single-family housing types "G" and "H."

The Commanding Officers' Residence, house type "B," has been expanded as the role of the Commander has grown. The original house had 3,826 square feet of space, but a 1942 addition to the building's north wing increased the size of the house to 5,403 square feet. Several other small additions were added in the 1970s, such as a breezeway connecting the house to the garage and a front-entrance stoop, but the house still retains its overall character and integrity.

A Field House/Gymnasium (Building 849) was built in 1947 within the district, but it lacks the integrity to be contributing to the Brick Quarters Historic District. The building is a large, plain brick facility that does not display the Tudor Revival architectural details visible on other buildings in the district. Furthermore, the building has been heavily altered: a 1975 addition provided handball and squash courts, another small addition was made in 1976, numerous improvements took place in the 1970s and 1980s, and a major renovation occurred in 1984. The various additions have diminished the integrity of the building, and the building does not have architectural continuity with the Tudor Revival-style buildings that define the district.

A few other fairly small changes have occurred within the district. Most notably, the original swimming pool behind the Officers' Club has been filled in, but an outline of its original location has been created within the new landscape.

4

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section ____ Page ____

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

List of Contributing and Non-Contributing Buildings and Objects

Building Number	Date of Construction	Building Type or House Plan Type
10301	1935	Type H House
10301G	1935	Garage
10303	1935	Type G House
10303G	1935	Garage
10304	1935	Type F House
10309	1935	Type G House
10309G	1935	Garage
10311	1935	Type H House
10311G	1935	Garage
10316	1935	Type E House
10319	1935	Type H House
10319G	1935	Garage
10321	1935	Type H House
10321G	1935	Garage
10323	1935	Type G House
10325	1935	Type G House
10325G	1935	Garage
10327	1935	Type H House
10329	1935	Type H House
10329G	1935	Garage
10330	1935	Type F House
10330G	1935	Garage
10332	1935	Type E House
10401	1935	Type H House
10401G	1935	Garage
10403	1935	Type H House
10403G	1935	Garage
10405	1935	Type G House
10407	1935	Type G House
10407G	1935	Garage

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>7</u> Page <u>4</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

104091935Type H HouseList of Contributing and Non-Contributing Buildings and Objects (Continued)

Building Number	Date of Construction	Building Type or House Plan Type
10411	1935	Type H House
10416	1935	Type F House
10418	1935	Type A House
10420	1935	Type D House
10422	1935	Type D House
10423G	1935	Garage
10424	1935	Type A House
10424G	1935	Garage
10430	1935	Type F House
10430G	1935	Garage
10432	1935	Type E House
10501	1935	Type H House
10501G	1935	Garage
10503	1935	Type H House
10503G	1935	Garage
10505	1935	Type G House
10507	1935	Type G House
10507G	1935	Garage
10509	1935	Type H House
10511	1935	Type H House
10511G	1935	Garage
10516	1935	Type F House
10518	1935	Type A House
10518G	1935	Garage
10520	1935	Type D House
10520G	1935	Garage
10522	1935	Type C House
10522G	1935	Garage
10523G	1935	Garage
10524	1935	Type A House
10524G	1935	Garage

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 5

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

105301935Type E HouseList of Contributing and Non-Contributing Buildings and Objects (Continued)

Building Number	Date of Construction	Building Type or House Plan Type
10530G	1935	Garage
10532	1935	Type F House
10601	1935	Type H House
10601G	1935	Garage
10603	1935	Type H House
10603G	1935	Garage
10604	1935	Type E House
10609G	1935	Garage
10609	1935	Type H House
10611	1935	Type H House
10611G	1935	Garage
10616	1935	Type E House
10619	1935	Type H House
10619G	1935	Garage
10621	1935	Type H House
10621G	1935	Garage
10623	1935	Type G House
10625	1935	Type G House
10625G	1935	Garage
10627	1935	Type H House
10629	1935	Type H House
10629G	1935	Garage
10630	1935	Type E House
10630G	1935	Garage
10632	1935	Type F House
10700	1935	Type B House (Commanding Officer's Res.)
10700G	1935	Garage
10702	1935	Type C House
10703	1935	Garage
10704	1935	Type A House
10704G	1935	Garage

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 6

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

107061935Type E HouseList of Contributing and Non-Contributing Buildings and Objects (Continued)

2

10706G1935Garage107121935Type F House10712G1935Garage10714G1935Garage107151935Type G House10715G1935Garage
10712G1935Garage10714G1935Garage107151935Type G House
10714G 1935 Garage 10715 1935 Type G House
10715 1935 Type G House
51
10715G 1935 Garage
10716 1935 Type A House
10716G 1935 Garage
10800 1935 Officers' Club
10802 1935 Type D House
10804 1935 Type A House
10804G 1935 Garage
10809 1935 . Type H house
10809G 1935 Garage
10811 1935 Type G House
10811G 1935 Garage
10812 1935 Type E House
10815 1935 Type G House
10815G 1935 Garage
10817 1935 Type G House
10817G 1935 Garage
11521 1935 Garage
11522 1935 Garage
11523 1935 Garage
11524 1935 Garage
108601937Caddy House and Transformer House
Contributing Objects
07255 1937 Central Fountain ("Turtle Pond")

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section ____ Page ____

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

List of Contributing and Non-Contributing Buildings and Objects (Continued)

10849	1947	Field House/Gymnasium
10851	1980	Misc. O/Recreation Facility
10885	1960	Swimming Pool
10888	1960	Swimming Pool Water Treatment

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 8

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Statement of Significance

As stated in the Historic American Engineering Record documentation of Patterson Field, Brick Officers' Quarters: "The Brick Officers' Quarters, built at Patterson Field in 1934-35, were part of a nationwide initiative to create much-needed, permanent housing for military personnel."⁴ Funding for the project came from the Public Works Administration (PWA), a depression-era federal program established to provide recovery to the building industry.

The Brick Officers Quarters were designed by the Quartermaster General of the U. S. Army and erected by Penker Construction Company of Cincinnati, Ohio. They are significant as an adaptation of early civilian planning principles and popular styles of suburban architecture--in this case, Tudor Revival--applied to a military setting. The execution of such planned suburban enclaves on military installations represents an instance of the federal government on the forefront of the development of important new areas of planning and design. Nationally recognized civilian architects and planners were consulted on these early projects, thus creating the prototype for post World War II development nationwide.⁵

Historical Background and Significance:

At the close of the First World War, the Army Air Service appeared to be an effective, stable part of the defense of the United States. Soon embroiled in fiscal battles and declining military spending, the air arm of both the Army and Navy found themselves on the back burner. By 1926, a heated debate led by Colonel Billy Mitchell brought attention to the plight of the Army aviators. With a lack of planes and trained personnel, the Army was not capable of performing any functions of a modern air force. Once resolved and the funding secured for 1,800 additional airplanes, 450 officers and 15,000 enlisted men, the dynamics of lobbying activists turned to the housing situation.⁶

During the fall of 1927, the "Summerall Incident" brought the awareness of the condition of Army housing to the public eye. While on an inspection and speaking tour in several cities in October, Army Chief of Staff General Charles P. Summerall denounced housing on Army posts as disgraceful. His abrupt summoning to the White House resulted in a Congressional investigation into the condition of housing at military bases across the United States.

General Summerall's comments were not the first attempt to bring the condition of Army housing to the attention of the public. As reported by the *Philadelphia Record* in January of 1927, Secretary of War Davis had said: "Our officers and enlisted men, their wives and children, are in many posts housed in war-time shacks,

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 9

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Statement of Significance (continued)

hastily constructed for temporary use, many of them utterly unfit for human habitation." The degree of persuasive rhetoric used later by Summerall typifies the campaign to call attention to the housing condition. In San Diego, Summerall commented that about 40 percent of soldiers in the Army were housed no better than if they had been in a German prison camp.⁷

According to *Aviation* magazine, the housing condition in 1927 of the Air Service rated lower than at other Army bases. The poor condition of housing had a direct effect on the quality of officers staying with the air corps and "seriously impaired the morale of the whole force." As part of a campaign to increase public awareness, the editors reported that not only did the air corps have a problem keeping officers, but the fear existed that "the right type of enlisted men will not be attracted to stay by the air service unless they are comfortably housed." Indeed, these comments exemplify the competition for men and money faced by the air service typical of the day. The housing problem existed across all branches of the Army. The emergency construction during World War I centered around new air fields, with the majority of Air Service quarters consisting of temporary structures thrown together with an expected life of one to two years. These structures had deteriorated at a greater rate than those at older, established regular Army posts.⁸

In response to the public outcry against military living conditions, Congress appropriated nearly \$80 million between 1927 and 1933 for the military housing program. With the opportunity to mount a unified building campaign, Quartermaster General B. Frank Cheatham launched a comprehensive plan for post development. With an architectural staff led by Lt. Col. Francis B. Wheaton, who had previously worked for McKim, Mead, and White and who served as Chief of Construction from 1929 to 1933, the comprehensive plan called for a "deviation from the set type of military post" with handsome buildings replacing temporary ones built during the First World War.⁹ Funds for the new building campaign dropped as a result of the Depression of 1929, but additional funds soon became available through the public relief programs of the PWA and the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC).

In 1933, the Quartermaster Corps received \$61 million from the Federal Emergency Administrator of Public Works. These funds provided for 660 projects at 65 bases and resulted in the construction of 1,636 buildings or structures nationwide. Under this funding, the Corps prepared plans and specifications for 647 detached officers quarters and 66 semi-detached quarters.¹⁰

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>8</u> Page <u>10</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Statement of Significance (continued)

Of the PWA funds given to the Quartermaster General's Office, the Corps allocated \$8,300,000 for improving Army Air Corps facilities. This amount included \$2,735,111 for construction projects at Wright and Patterson Fields. The construction of officers quarters filled the bulk of the allocation to Wright and Patterson Fields, but plans also called for hangars, a Technical Data Building, a Static Test Building, and improvements to the landing field.

The construction of the Brick Quarters at Patterson Field began in 1934, but planning had begun as early as 1930. The design of the new housing emanated from new movements in private sector housing. The Army Quartermaster General utilized new ideas in city planning and suburban development to establish housing that identified itself with new scientific or model developments and not the traditional grid-like Army post. These new scientific housing developments embodied aesthetic ideals of efficient modern living and the uplift of quality of life. Through the design of playgrounds, patios, barbecue pits, a swimming pool, a golf course, and an open mess the Army sought to create the conceptual idea of community for the new family-oriented career officer.¹¹

Planning for the officers quarters at Patterson Field began well in advance of appropriation of construction funds. As early as May 1930, the Constructing Quartermaster's office sent the Quartermaster General in Washington proposed sites suitable for the housing development. Undergoing several changes, the final plan developed called for 91 structures, both single detached and semi-detached, based on the size and configuration of standard Army housing size and cost determined according to rank.¹² Designers laid out the housing in a horseshoe-shaped configuration with a central green space and reflecting pool flanked by avenues.

The design of the houses followed the typical early twentieth-century revival style of Tudor Revival. The style had medieval origins and was not as popular among contemporary architects as Colonial Revival, Mission, or Craftsman styles, but had been at the turn of the century a common style of large grand manor houses of the nation's new wealthy.¹³

Even though not a typical style used in military housing, the Army developed the prototype of the Tudor Revival-style officers quarters at Langley Field, Virginia, the only other base in the United States to use this style. At Langley, the Army erected Tudor Revival housing during two separate building campaigns, one in 1918 and again in 1932. The first wave of revival styled houses were designed by renowned architect, Albert Kahn. Generally noted for his involvement in industrial design for the military, Kahn stood out among the prominent architects designing in the Tudor Revival style during the early twentieth-century. ¹⁴

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>8</u> Page <u>11</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Statement of Significance (continued)

The legacy of Kahn's work passed to the second phase of building at Langley and then on to Patterson Field. In February 1932, the Quartermaster General's office in Washington sent a memo to the Chief of the Air Corps, stating: "It is understood that your office favors the erection at the Fairfield Depot of Officer's quarters of the type constructed at Langley Field. A set for each blue prints of the types built at Langley field has been forwarded to your office by special messenger for your study in connection with the recommendation of the Construction Quartermaster in basic letter."¹⁵

In October 1933, these plans and specifications for the Officer's Quarters at Patterson Field were voluntarily reviewed by one of Dayton's leading architects, Louis Lott. After reviewing the existing plans, Lott made a series of critical assessments. Lott found the plans generally favorable, but commented that the plans exhibited "medium good design in vogue ten to fifteen years ago and cannot be said to be abreast of the times." His recommendations included a "smaller, more compact kitchen" and a larger living room with a dining alcove. Lott further suggested that the number and size of rooms exceeded the needs of most officers, and that the construction detailing was "unduly massive" and more than required to carry the load. Impressed with Lott's recommendations, the construction quartermaster, Roland C. Bower, requested permission to employ Lott as "Senior Architect" to revise the plans with the intention of reducing construction costs.¹⁶

Lott's influence cannot be overstated. He had considerable experience with Revival styles, including the receipt of a local American Institute of Architects award for the design of the C.C. Blackmore Home, one of the region's best examples of half-timbered Tudor Revival architecture. This house, in fact, has the same timber entry portico found on types "C" and "D" officer's quarters. Indeed, Lott's suggestion that small single quarters should be erected for younger or lower-ranking officers resulted in the new design of types "G" and "H" that constitute the largest group of houses built in the development.¹⁷

The Army awarded the contract for constructing the dwellings in March 1934. The Penker Construction Company of Cincinnati submitted the low bid and proceeded to complete the million dollar PWA contract. Work commenced on March 19 in a "mass production" system whereby each phase of the construction of all structures was completed concurrently. According to the contract, crews erected each house with a concrete foundation, brick walls with wooden framing and millwork, and clay tile roofs. Construction went according to schedule with only minor change orders, such as the addition of a coat closet and coal room. By late June 1935, officers and their families began to move into the new homes. On July 1, the Army accepted the project as complete.¹⁸

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>8</u> Page <u>12</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Statement of Significance (continued)

The Army awarded an additional contract for the completion of the Officer's Mess, located at the top of the horseshoe plan. Commencing in February 1934, the J.H. Marchbank Company of Chicago constructed the building with a steel and wood structural system clad with a brick exterior and a shingle tile roof. The base intended the new Officers' Club to provide facilities for social entertaining as well as dining. With the only delay an extreme cold spell in March, the contractor completed the building in October 1934.¹⁹

Additionally, landscape and other features were provided to the Officer's Quarters. One of the most notable features was the central ornamental pool, referred to as the Turtle Pond. Undertaken through the use of Civilian Conservation Corps funds, the base constructed the pool as a recreational facility for use as a wading pool in the summer and an ice skating rink in the winter. The shallow rectangular concrete pool has large semicircular bays on each end and smaller semicircular bays on each side. Centered within each of the four bays is a round, slightly domed, cast concrete pad bearing three large concrete turtles. Atop each set of turtles is a large concrete sphere with an embedded water pipe that makes the entire structure a fountain. Completed in under a year, quartermaster laborers began excavation in January 1937 and finished the reinforced concrete shell in November 1937.²⁰ Also completed in 1937 was the swimming pool at the Officers' Mess. Funding for the project was donated by Mrs. Julia Shaw Carnell in memory of her son, Lt. Frank Stuart Patterson. The pool included a terrazzo dance terrace, and a pool terrace.²¹ The pool has been subsequently filled in although each terrace remains.

The Brick Quarters have undergone relatively few changes. The alterations have included interior modifications and upgrades to virtually all baths and kitchens. By 1947, an 18-hole golf course encircled the housing complex, effectively preserving the isolation of the community. During the 1990s, the G and H units had a one-room addition placed on the rear elevation and stand-alone gazebos added in the back of the facilities. The quarters have continued to function as designed, providing housing for officers and their families. The Officers' Club has been substantially expanded and provides an active focus for the community. It now serves as a joint Officer-Enlisted club/facility. Currently, the quarters appear as a quiet neighborhood amidst the active office and laboratory complexes of Wright-Patterson Air Force Base.

Notes

² HAER, p. 22.

¹ Lavoie, Catherine C., and Herrin, Dean A. "Patterson Airfield, Brick Officers' Quarters, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base." HAER Report OH, 1994. Referred to from this point as HAER.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 13

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Notes (continued)

³ HAER, p. 29-30.

⁴ Hardlines: Design & Delineation. "Patterson Airfield, Brick Officers' Quarters, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base." HAER Drawing OH-103, Sheet 1 of 1, 1994.

⁵ HAER, p. 1.

⁶ "A Big Military Aviation Program." *Literary Digest*, June 19, 1926, p. 9.

⁷ "Army Housing A 'National Disgrace'." *Literary Digest*, November 5, 1927.

⁸ Savage, W.E. "Why and How an Airplane is Static Tested," Aviation November 14, 1927 pp. 1164-1166.

⁹ HAER, p. 12.

¹⁰ HAER , p. 21-22.

¹¹ HAER , p. 20.

¹² HAER, p. 22.

¹³ HAER, p. 22.

¹⁴ HAER , p. 23.

¹⁵ HAER, p. 23.

¹⁶ HAER , p. 25.

¹⁷ HAER , p. 26.

¹⁸ HAER , p. 28.

¹⁹ HAER, p. 30.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 14

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Notes (continued)

²⁰ HAER , p. 31.

²¹ HAER , p. 32.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 9 Page 15

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

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Section 9 Page 16

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Section 9 Page 17

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Section 9 Page 18

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 10 Page 19

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

Verbal Boundary Description

The district runs an east to west course at the south end of the complex on Chidlaw Street, and completes an arc around the east, west, and north sides of the complex following Schlatter Road, Lahm Circle, and Breene Drive. The northern boundary extends slightly north from the arc to accommodate the Officers' Club and slightly west to accommodate the Commanding Officers' Residence.

Resembling a typical early twentieth-century suburban development, the brick housing structures sit astride and set back from wooded streets laid in a straight grid bounded to the northwest by a curvilinear loop with recreational facilities. A strong boulevard axis cuts through the center of the planned community with a green space and central axial reflecting pool. The houses have large, open, common rear yards. The entire complex of houses is encircled by the fairways of a golf course. See accompanying map.

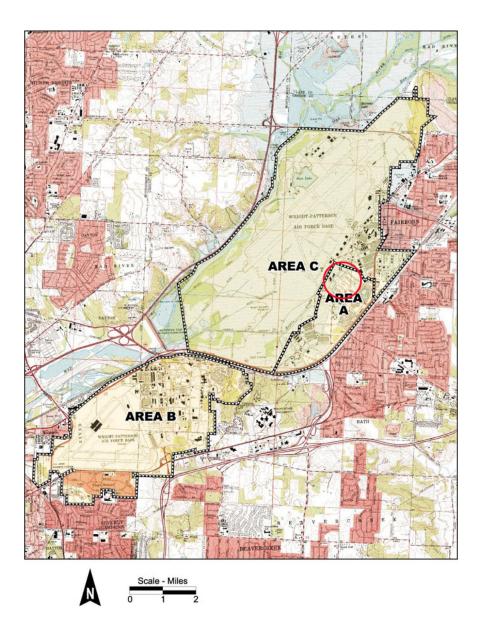
Boundary Justification

The boundary for the Brick Quarters Historic District follows the boundaries of the original 1934-35 housing development and Officers' Club complex. All significant resources associated with the Brick Quarters are located within this boundary.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Map</u> Page 20

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

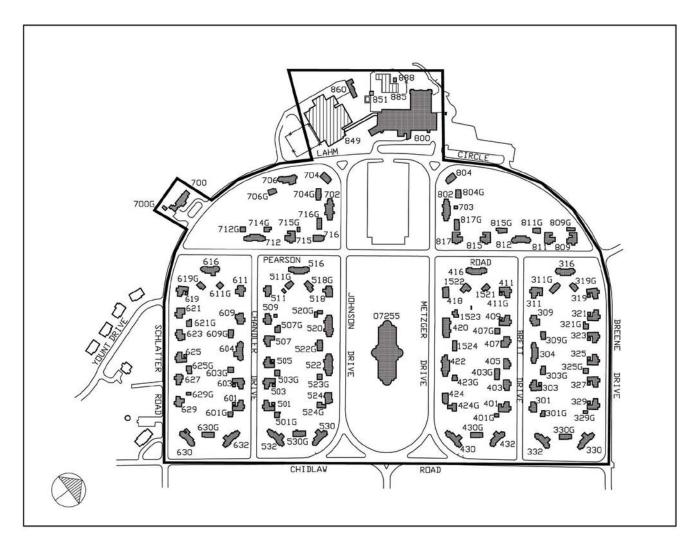


USGS Map of Brick Quarters Historic District

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section Map Page 21

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Map of Brick Quarters Historic District

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Map</u> Page 22

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

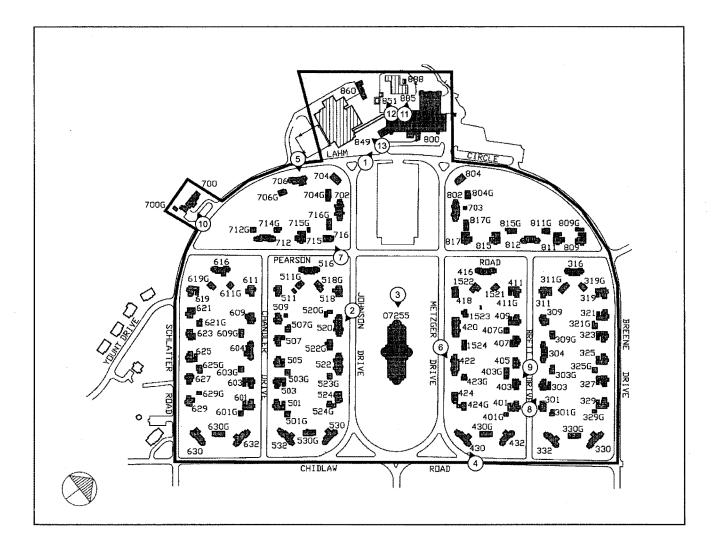


Photo Key for Brick Quarters Historic District

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page 23

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 1. Officers' Club looking north

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page 24

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 2. Corner of Pearson and Johnson Streets, looking southeast

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page 25

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 3. Central Pond looking southeast

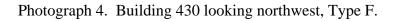
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>26</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>27</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 5. Building 706 looking east, Type E

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>28</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 6. Building 422 looking northeast, Type D

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page 29

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 7. Building 716 looking west, Type A

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>30</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 8. Building 303 looking north, Type G

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>31</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 9. Building 401 looking southeast, Type H

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>32</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 10. Building 700, looking west, Commanding Officer's Quarters

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>33</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 11. Building 885 looking north, Swimming Pool (non-contributing)

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page <u>34</u>

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Photograph 12. Building 851 (non-contributing) and Brick Wall, looking west

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Photos</u> Page 35

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

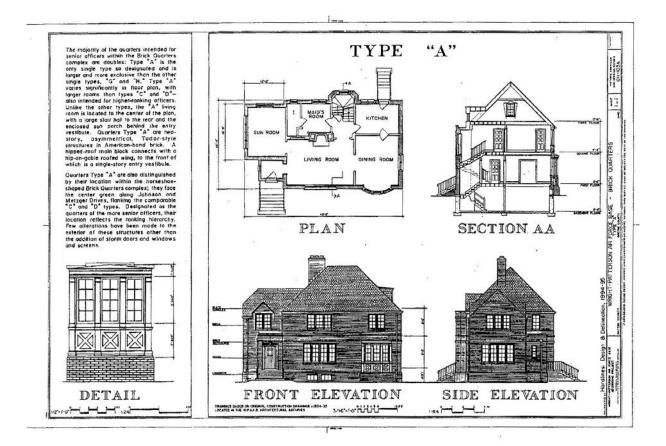


Photograph 13. Building 849, looking west, Field House/Gymnasium (non-contributing)

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>36</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

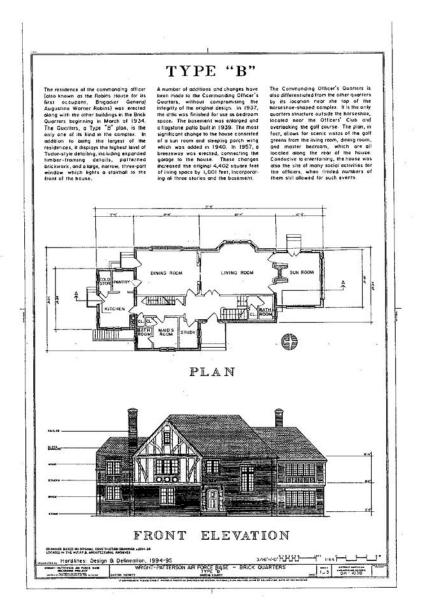


Type A Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>37</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

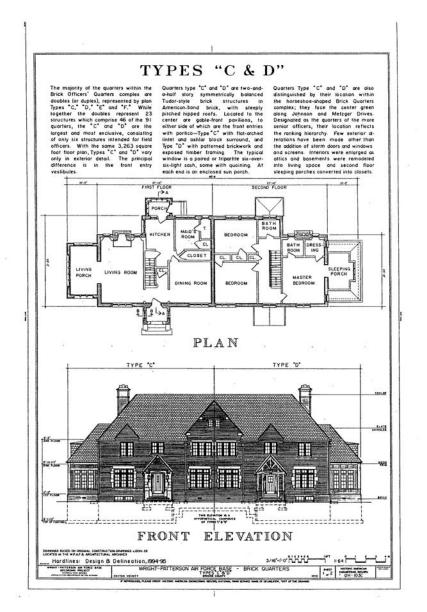


Type B Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>38</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

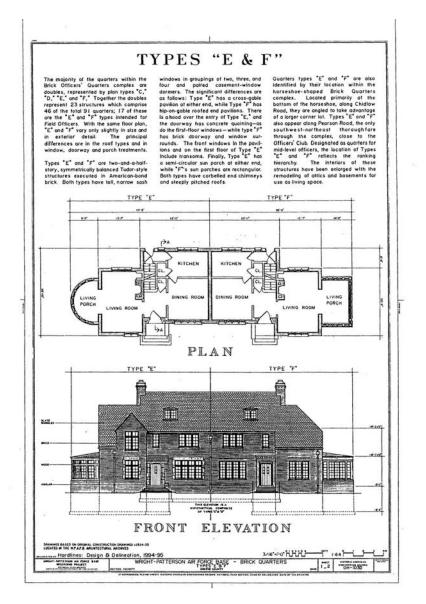


Types C & D Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>39</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

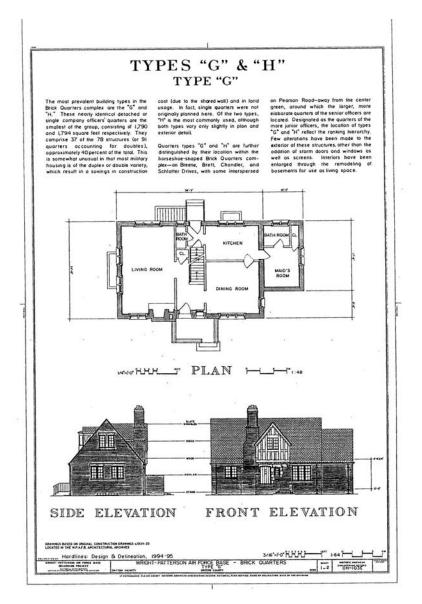


Types E & F Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>40</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

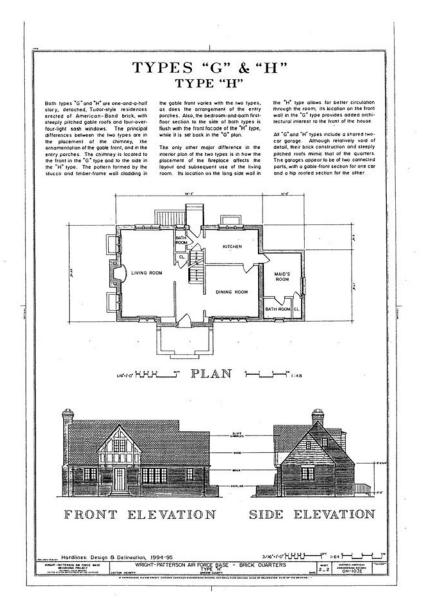


Type G Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>41</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio

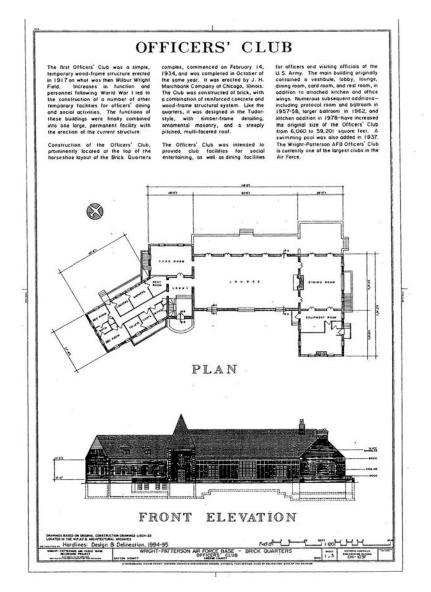


Type H Floor Plan

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section <u>Floor Plans</u> Page <u>42</u> (Floor Plans taken from 1995 HABS documentation and accurately depict the current floor plans.)

Brick Quarters Historic District Greene County, Ohio



Officers' Club Floor Plan



























UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

Requested Action:	Nomination				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Property Name:	Brick Quarters Historic Dis	strict			
Multiple Name:					
State & County:	OHIO, Greene			• MAX	
Date Rece 9/20/201				Date of 45th Day: 11/5/2018	Date of Weekly List:
Reference number:	SG100003071				
Nominator:	State		*		
Reason For Review	•				
X Accept	Return	Reject	11/5	5/2018 Date	
Abstract/Summary Comments:	Level of significance: Stat Development; Period of S Officers' Club, and related	ignificance: 1934-	1937. Ex	ample of Army offi	cers' housing, an
Recommendation/ Criteria	NR Criteria A and C.				·
Reviewer Lisa De	eline	D	iscipline	Historian	
Telephone (202)3	54-2239	D	ate	1/5/18	\$
DOCUMENTATION	: see attached comme	nts : No see at	tached S	LR : No	

If a nomination is returned to the nomination authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the National Park Service.



May 4, 2012

Paul F. Woodruff Cultural Resource Program Manager Environmental Quality Section Environmental Branch 88 ABW/CEANQ 1450 Littrell Road Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5209

> RE: Brick Quarters Historic District, WPAFB, Greene County, OH Wright Brothers Hill/Memorial, WPAFB, Greene County, OH

Dear Paul:

Enclosed are the National Register of Historic Places nominations for the Brick Quarters Historic District and the Wright Brothers Hill/Memorial. I have signed both of these nominations for the Ohio Historic Preservation Office as the commenting State Historic Preservation Office.

The nominations have addressed all previous review comments and corrections. We look forward to having these two significant historic resources listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any additional questions regarding either of these nominations. Thank you for your time and effort to document these historic properties.

Sincerely,

Barbara Powers Department Head Inventory & Registration

OHIO HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Ohio Historic Preservation Office 1982 Velma Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43211-2497 ph: 614.298.2000 fx: 614.298.2037 www.ohiohistory.org



Ernstein, Julie <julie_ernstein@nps.gov>

Acknowledging Receipt of Hand-Delivered National Register Documentation for Brick Quarters Historic District, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base (Greene Co.), Ohio

1 message

Ernstein, Julie <julie_ernstein@nps.gov> To: michelle.j.brown30.civ@mail.mil Cc: Lisa Deline <lisa_deline@nps.gov>

Dear Ms. Brown,



Thu, Sep 20, 2018 at 4:27 PM

This note is sent to formally acknowledge receipt of the National Register submission, you hand-carried to our office this afternoon. The submission for the above-named property includes hard copy of a letter from the Ohio SHPO to the Cultural Resource Program Manager at Wright-Patterson AFB (dated May 4, 2012), a cover sheet with wet signatures from the Air Force FPO as certifying authority and the authorized official from the Ohio SHPO as the commenting authority, a hard copy of the nomination, and a cd-ROM.

Many thanks for your submission. We will get this logged and into review promptly. Should our NR historian, Lisa Deline, have any questions she will be in touch.

Best,

Julie

Julie H. Ernstein, Ph.D., RPA Acting Chief, National Register & National Historic Landmarks Program Deputy Keeper of the National Register DOI-National Park Service 1849 C St., NW - Mail Stop 7228 Washington, DC 20240

office.: 202.354.2217 cell: 202.440.2764

