city, town

Pittsburgh

tion

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### **National Register of Historic Places** Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received

state

Pennsylvania

date entered See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections Name historic Woodville and/or common Neville House Location street & number not for publication Route 50 (Washington Pike) city, town \_ vicinity of Heidelburg code nag Pennsylvania <u>Allegheny</u> Classification Status **Present Use** Category Ownership  $\stackrel{X}{=}$  occupied public \_ district \_ agriculture \_ museum X private  $\underline{X}$  building(s) \_ unoccupied \_ commercial \_\_\_ park \_\_\_ structure \_\_ both \_ work in progress \_ educational \_ private residence \_\_ site **Public Acquisition** \_ entertainment \_ religious Accessible \_\_ object \_ in process \_ yes: restricted \_ government \_\_ scientific \_\_\_\_ being considered \_\_ yes: unrestricted \_\_\_ industrial \_ transportation X\_ no X other: under restora-\_ military **Owner of Property** Pittsburgh History and Landmarks Foundation street & number 1 Landmarks Square \_ vicinity of city, town Pittsburgh **Location of Legal Description** courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Allegheny County Courthouse street & number 414 Grant Street state Pennsylvania city, town Representation in Existing Surveys title Landmark Architecture of Allegheny Countes this property been determined eligible? \_\_\_\_yes \_X\_no \_\_ state \_\_X county \_\_\_ local date 1967

depository for survey records Pittsburgh History and Landmarks Foundation

And Andrews Assets the second and assets and assets and			Private Company to the private private and distributed to the state of the company of the private private and the state of		
Condition  X excellent  good  fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	1785	eri i agramani

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Neville house is basically a Virginian colonial style built in western Pennsylvania. This is understandable, because its builder was John Neville, a Virginian. It is a frame, one and a half story house, with later additions. The veranda with trellis post and beam panels stretches across the front, one side and the rear of the house. The roof has a long slope, covering the veranda and extending over a rear addition, evident by an earlier faced cornice on the gable end. There are two gable end brick chimneys and four roof dormer windows. The front roof dormers have been altered in a most curious combination of styles. A lancet arch window with intersecting tracery mullions has been installed; and the dormer cornice is a Spanish arch form.

As a later date colonial house, it exhibits a growing refinement in planning and layout. The house is bisected by an entrance hall that contains the stairs; on one side of it is a large living room with two small bedrooms at the back. On the other side are two irregularly shaped rooms, which indicate later room additions. The exterior clapboards do not match and there is a vertical wood strip to support this supposition. The interior contains some good late eighteenth-century woodwork.

A highway is steadily encroaching on the land in front of the house, but the house must be preserved as one of the few remaining eighteenth-century houses in Allegheny County. Its connection with an important family and its uncommon architectural style to the region further support its need for preservation.

### 8. Significance

Specific dates	1785	Builder/Architect Jo	hn Neville	
1600-1699 _X 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-	architecture art commerce communications	education engineering exploration/settlemen industry invention	X military music	social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture	community planning	landscape architectur law literature	re religion science sculpture

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Neville House is a Southern (Virginian) colonial house style transplanted in western Pennsylvania. It was built by Virginian John Neville in 1785. A few years later General John Neville built another house for himself nearby, called Bower Hill. This earlier house then came into the possession of his son, Colonel Presley Neville. Bower Hill was burned during the Whiskey Insurrection of 1794. The Neville House is in excellent condition and historically significant because of its builder, John Neville, and is an excellent example of a Virginian architectural style in western Pennsylvania.

General Neville came to the region from Virginia in the early 1770s. On May 16, 1775, he was appointed by the inhabitants of "that part of Augusta that lies on the west side of Laurel Hill at Pittsburgh" a member of a committee to select the delegates for the First Continental Congress in Philadelphia. On August 7 he was directed by Virginia "to march with his company of one hundred men and take possession of Fort Pitt and that the said company be in the pay of this Colony from the time of their marching." Neville remained in command of Fort Pitt until General Edward Hand arrived here, June 1, 1777. Neville served throughout the Revolution; was at the battles of Trenton, Germantown, Princeton, and Monmouth, and was awarded the commission of brigadier general, September 30, 1783.

Probably, Bower Hill was built after he retired from military service. Bower Hill (in Bower Hill) was the first residence of General John Neville in western Pennsylvania. It was built in the manner of Virginia houses of the time, with wide walls and broad verandas on two sides. Adjoining it was a large, squared-log kitchen with a shingle roof and a stone chimney.

From 1783 to 1792 Neville was in Pennsylvania service. He was a member of the Supreme Executive Council (1783), a member of the Board of Property (1785-92), and a representative at the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention (1787).

When the Federal Government enacted new excise laws, new districts for the collection of these taxes were formed. Bedford, Westmoreland, Washington, and Allegheny Counties were one district, and General John Neville was named revenue inspector.

9. Major Bil	bliographica	l Referen	nces		
1936, pp. 7, 43, Van Trump, James D		167. gler, Jr. <u>La</u> n	nsylvania. New York: Helburn, admark Architecture of Allegheny cks Foundation, 1967, p. 169.		
10. Geogra	phical Data				
Acreage of nominated prop Quadrangle name Pitts	perty <u>One acre</u> burgh West		Quadrangle scale 1:24;000		
A 1/7 5 7/6 7/1/ Zone Easting	0 414 710 11010 Northing	Zone	Easting Northing		
C		D F H			
Verbal boundary descri	ption and justification	4, 1,4			
. Lot on which the	Neville House stands	3.			
List all states and coun	nties for properties overl	apping state or c	county boundaries		
state	code	county	code		
state	code	county	code		
11. Form Pi	repared By				
name/title James l	D. Van Trump, Researd	ch Director	(retyped with minor revisions by National Park Service, January 1983		
organization Pittsb	urgh History & Landma	arks Foundatio	date March 1973		
street & number		to	elephone		
city or town		s	state		
12. State H	istoric Preso	ervation	Officer Certification		
	of this property within the s	state is:			
X næiona		local			
665), I hereby nominate this		ne National Register	toric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– er and certify that it has been evaluated ervice.		
State Historic Preservation	Officer signature		•		
title			date		
For NPS use only	his property is included in th	ne National Register	·		
. Horoby contribution	me property is included in the	.o manona negiotei	date		
Keeper of the National	Register				
Attest:			date		
Chief of Registration					

NPS Form 10-900-a (3-82)

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Item number

Page

Title Na

National Register of Historic Places

<u>Date</u> 1974

Depository for Survey records

National Register of Historic Places,

440 G Street, N.W.

City, Town V

Washington

State DC

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Item number

Page 1

By 1794 the resistance to this excise tax by the Anti-Federalists in western Pennsylvania climaxed. Members of the Democratic Society were incited to rioting by their leaders, and on July 16, 1794, about 160 armed men attacked Neville's home. He and his servants resisted this attack. The group which attacked next evening was well organized, about 500 strong. Although soldiers had been sent from Fort Fayette to protect Neville, they were unsuccessful in quelling the riot. As a consequence the mansion (Bower Hill) and other buildings on the plantation were burned.

