

867

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form*. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

RECEIVED 2280

OCT 23 2015

Nat. Register of Historic Places
National Park Service

1. Name of Property

Historic name: Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm

Other names/site number: _____

Name of related multiple property listing: _____

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)

2. Location

Street & number: 1228 E0580 Road

City or town: Bison State: OK County: Garfield

Not For Publication: Vicinity:

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended,

I hereby certify that this X nomination ___ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.


In my opinion, the property X meets ___ does not meet the National Register Criteria.

I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:

___ national ___ statewide X local

Applicable National Register Criteria:

X A ___ B X C ___ D

 Signature of certifying official/Title:	<u>Oct 19, 2015</u> Date
_____ State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government	

In my opinion, the property ___ meets ___ does not meet the National Register criteria.	
_____ Signature of commenting official:	_____ Date
_____ Title :	_____ State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
Name of Property

Garfield County, Oklahoma
County and State

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that this property is:

- entered in the National Register
 determined eligible for the National Register
 determined not eligible for the National Register
 removed from the National Register
 other (explain:)

For Edson H. Beall
Signature of the Keeper

12-8-15
Date of Action

5. Classification

Ownership of Property

(Check as many boxes as apply.)

- Private:
Public – Local
Public – State
Public – Federal

Category of Property

(Check only **one** box.)

- Building(s)
District
Site
Structure
Object

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
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Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>	buildings
<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	sites
<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>	structures
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	objects
<u>14</u>	<u>7</u>	Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register 0

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Domestic: Single Dwelling

Agriculture/Subsistence:

storage, animal facility

agricultural outbuilding

Current Functions

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Domestic: Single Dwelling

Agriculture/Subsistence:

storage, animal facility

agricultural outbuilding

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7. Description

Architectural Classification

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Late 19th and Early 20th Century

American Movements: Craftsmen

Other: Dairy Barn

Materials: (enter categories from instructions.)

Principal exterior materials of the property: Wood

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition of the property. Describe contributing and noncontributing resources if applicable. Begin with a **summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, type, style, method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicate whether the property has historic integrity.)

Summary Paragraph

Located in Garfield County, the John and Mary Fuksa Farm is located in a minimally populated rural setting. Composed of 160 acres of farm and pasture land, the property is crossed by the Chisholm Trail (see Fuksa Portion of the Chisholm Trail nomination). The nomination covers five acres which include the house, barn, chicken house, granary and other agricultural buildings and structures.

Narrative Description

House, 1926, contributing: This is a one-and-a-half story front gable building clad with wood clapboards and asphalt shingles on the roof. The foundation is concrete. The façade, which faces south, has a front-gable porch with one three-pane, fixed window. The first floor has two pane and panel wood doors and two, four-over-one hung wood windows. The half-story gable end has two, four-over-one wood hung windows. The west elevation has a front gable extension with a sliding window on the south and north elevation and two sliding windows and a wood pane and panel door on the west elevation. Located in the gable end of the west elevation are

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three, three-pane fixed windows. The north elevation has two pair of four-over-one wood hung windows on the first floor. The half-story has two four-over-one hung wood windows in the gable end. The east elevation also has five, four-over-one wood hung windows. The side gable roof has a gable front dormer with three four-over-one wood hung windows. There is a brick chimney in the center of the roof. The roof also has exposed rafter tails on the side gables and brackets on the gable ends. (photograph 0003)

Barn, 1940, contributing: This is a two-story metal clad gambrel roof barn with a concrete foundation. The building is clad in a brick-patterned metal siding. The south elevation has four four-pane wood windows. The west elevation has two sliding shed doors as well as two diamond pane fixed sash windows in the gambrel peak. The north elevation has three single four pane wood windows. The east façade has two central sliding shed doors as well as a smaller hay loft hinged, drop-down, door above for the hay hook trolley access which is extant. There are two diamond pane fixed sash windows in the gambrel peak. The interior features stalls and milking areas on the first floor with a full hay loft on the second floor. (photograph 0001, 0005)

Chicken House, 1926, contributing: This is a one-story side gable building with a concrete foundation. The building is clad in horizontal wood siding. The roof is clad in metal. The south elevation has two wooden paneled doors on both ends and a centralized band of ten single pane wood window openings that have been covered with green fiberglass. The west elevation has no openings. There are two sections of the exterior wall with a top hinge that allows the wall to open outwards to provide ventilation on the north elevation. The east elevation has two wood frame hung windows. (photograph 0002)

Granary, 1927, contributing: This is a one-story front gable building with a shed roof wing on the east and west elevations. It is clad in metal and has a concrete foundation. The south elevation has two sliding shed doors in the gable front portion and hinged doors in the shed roof wing on the east side. The west shed roof wing is open. The west elevation has no openings. The north elevation has a sliding metal door in the center and two wooden doors on the west extension. The east elevation has no openings. (photograph 0001, 0002)

Storm Shelter, 1930, contributing: This is a concrete underground storm shelter. The south façade has two wood-paneled doors which open outward. There is a metal railing on the east and west sides of the doors. Visible from the south elevation written in the concrete is Mar 11, 1930. (photograph 0004)

Bull Shed, 1940s, contributing: This is a one-story side gable building clad with corrugated metal siding. The roof is clad with corrugated metal. The south façade has a centralized paneled door. The metal hardware was made by John Fuksa in his blacksmith shop. The west and east elevations each have one fixed pane wooden window. There are no openings on the north elevation.

Garage, 1947, contributing: This is a one-story front gable building with a concrete foundation and asbestos shingles. The roof is clad in metal. The south elevation has four sets of two metal casement windows; each window has two panes. The west elevation has no openings. The north

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elevation has two garage doors. The east elevation has one set of metal casement windows, one paneled wooden door and one glazed wooden door.

Drill Shed, 1930s, contributing: This is a one-story shed building clad in vertically oriented wooden shiplap siding. There is no foundation.

Windmill, ca. 1930, contributing: Near the barn, the windmill has the metal structure in place to support the paddles and the metal pumping mechanism set on a concrete pad.

Windmill, ca. 1930, contributing: Metal windmill, functioning. No foundation. (photograph 0006)

Hand Pump, 1930s, contributing: South of barn. Hand Pump manufactured in Beatrice, Nebraska was shot and has a hole in the south side; water comes out of hole during pumping. (photograph 0006)

Pasture, contributing: The pasture lies to the west of the farm buildings and contains a portion of the Chisholm Trail. There is a marker on the south end of the property designating this crossing. [See the Fuksa Portion of the Chisholm Trail nomination] The pasture land was used for grazing cattle.

Outhouse, ca. 1920s, contributing: collapsing. Outhouse is constructed of vertical wood boards. Front façade has remainder of paneled wooden door. No openings on west, north or east elevations. Roof has collapsed. Metal vent pipe is still remaining.

Well, ca. 1920s, contributing: The well, which provided water to the house, is enclosed within a concrete slab foundation and has a metal slab covering the opening. Two metal coverings are in use for enclosing the openings to the well. Two wooden beams on the east and west sides of the foundation are crossed by a metal beam for use in servicing the well pump.

Machine Shed, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: Ruins. Only two side walls and a concrete foundation remain.

Water Well Pump House, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: collapsed. A portion of the asphalt shingled roof remaining. Well pump located underground

Pigeon House, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: The pigeon house is a one-story front gable building clad with wooden siding and asphalt shingles. The original foundation is unknown; the current foundation is concrete blocks. This building is no longer in its original location. Originally located on the northeast portion of the farmstead, it was relocated to the pasture. The south elevation has no openings. The west elevation is completely open, exposing the pigeon roosting boxes, laid out in a checkerboard pattern. The north elevation has no openings. The east elevation consists of the egress planks for the pigeons to enter the house. A hinged board is

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attached above the pigeon entrances to close when necessary to contain the birds. (photograph 0007)

Showers, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: concrete foundation only. This project was started by John Fuksa in the early 1930s to provide outdoor showers for himself after working on the farm. It was never completed.

Blacksmith Shop, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: concrete foundation only.

Rabbit Hutch, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: concrete foundation only.

Wash House, ca. 1930s, non-contributing: concrete foundation only.

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8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A. Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B. Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A. Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes
- B. Removed from its original location
- C. A birthplace or grave
- D. A cemetery
- E. A reconstructed building, object, or structure
- F. A commemorative property
- G. Less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
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Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Agriculture
Architecture

Period of Significance

1916-1955

Significant Dates

1916, 1926, 1940

Significant Person

(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

Fuksa Family

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
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Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

The John and Mary Fuksa Farm, located in rural Garfield County, is eligible under Criteria A for its association with agriculture. It is also eligible under Criteria C as an excellent local example of the rural farmstead, wholly self-sufficient in its operation. This area of Garfield County heavily supports cultivation and animal grazing. The buildings on the John and Mary Fuksa Farm are reflective of this on-going use.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least **one** paragraph for each area of significance.)

Garfield County is located in north-central Oklahoma. It is bounded by Grant, Noble, Logan Kingfisher, Major and Alfalfa counties. Prior to the Cherokee Outlet opening, the county was designated O County and would be named Garfield County in 1894 after President James. A. Garfield. The primary industries of Garfield County have been agriculture and livestock.

The John and Mary Fuksa Farm is located in what was originally Cherokee Outlet lands. While the first Cherokees were located in Arkansas, by 1828 they were persuaded to move farther west. Seven million acres along the Verdigris, Grand and Arkansas valleys were exchanged for the holdings of the Cherokees in Arkansas. After the American Civil War, the Cherokee Nation was forced into signing the Treaty of Fort Smith (1866) which was vindictive and harsh towards the Cherokee despite the fact that many fought in the war for the North. The Cherokee Nation was required to surrender land, open their territory to railroads, and begin the process that would ultimately produce statehood. The costs of this war were as devastating as removal itself. By 1889, they had four railroad lines crossing their lands; towns were located along the streams and railroads. The railroad brought intruders who pressed for the opening of Indian lands to white settlements. In spite of these external pressures, the Cherokee Nation came alive with several generations of farmers, herders, and merchants practicing their trades.

By the Oklahoma Land Run of 1889 the federal government determined to extinguish the Cherokee Outlet, from which the lease income supported the Cherokee Nation. On September 18, 1890, President Benjamin Harrison closed the Outlet to the cattlemen who legally leased these grazing lands from the Cherokees. Thus, the tribe lost the major source of revenue for their school and governmental accounts. Finally, driven to near bankruptcy, the tribe ceded the Outlet. Broken by the sale, the Cherokee Nation lacked the power or financial resources to withstand the onslaught of numerous congressional enactments. Absorption into the State of Oklahoma was only a matter of time.

The land where the John and Mary Fuksa Farm now stands, was originally homesteaded by James Worley on August 3, 1898. After Mr. Worley's death, the court administrator attempted

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to sell the property to Frank Havlik for \$10,200. This liquidation sale was contested by the family members of Mr. Worley who claimed the sale was improper due to inadequate public notification. The judge ruled against the family and allowed the sale to proceed. Due to the questionable attempt at sale to Mr. Havlik by the court administrator, the judge asked Mr. Havlik if he would be willing to pay an amount equal to that which was offered by John Fuksa. He declined, and the Fuksa family acquired the land on December 29, 1916, when John and Mary Fuksa purchased it from the Worley estate for \$12,125 through the liquidation sale and court order.

The John and Mary Fuksa Farm has been used primarily for producing wheat and cattle. Other crops grown on the property include barley, alfalfa, and canola. Until the mid-1960s, the property also raised horses, hogs, goats, chickens, ducks, turkeys, peacocks, pigeons, and rabbits for both sources of food and income. Purebred Hereford bulls were also raised. A garden for fresh produce was immediately east of the house. The property also had cherry and apricot trees on the grounds. The land and buildings not only supported the farming practice but also the family sustainability needs. The farm sustained the family entirely until the early 1950s. At this point, with expanding families, additional income was needed. John and Mary's son, Thomas, began working as a mechanic upon his release from the Army Air Corps after World War II. In the 1960s he began working as a carpenter while also working at the farming operation. Most of the farming was done during the warmer months during which Thomas focused mostly on farming. During the colder months, he supplemented the farm income with residential construction. He also raised cattle which was a year-round endeavor.

The house, built as a wedding present for John and Agnes (Taborsky) Fuksa in 1926, is a great example of a simplified Craftsman style house. It is identified as the cross-gabled variation, which is approximately one-fourth of all Craftsman style houses built. Stylistically, the variation has a partial width porch with a front facing gable and the roofs intersect creating a cross gable. Other traditional details from the Craftsman identified on this house include the low-pitched roof with wide overhanging eaves, exposed roof rafters, decorative beams under the roof and multi-pane-over-one windows. Craftsman style houses quickly became the most popular smaller house throughout Oklahoma and the United States.

The barn, built in 1940, was an important aspect to the farming practices of the family. The barn is a classical dairy barn. It has a shallow pitched gambrel roof and the row of small windows on the side elevations. The first floor was utilized for cattle and horses while the second floor was used as hay storage with a hay door on the east elevation. As is common on most farms, the barn was the most important building. It was important to provide shelter for the animals due to the harsh climates in Oklahoma.

Although the remaining buildings and structures on the property are not of any particular style, they have maintained a high degree of architectural integrity. The buildings all served an important role in maintaining the self-sufficiency of the farm. The house and the barn are the key identifying features of farms and their placement on the property was crucial. The remaining resources were put in locations for convenience and for their intended purpose.

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As an example of a self-sustaining farmstead from the early 1930s, the John and Mary Fuksa Farm has maintained its architectural integrity and is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places under Criteria A for its association with agriculture and for Criteria C for its architectural merit.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

Federal Tract Book Records, Volume 39 Page 009. (accessed April 23, 2015).

McAlester, Virginia. *A Field Guide to American Houses*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 2013.

United States Department of Agriculture. *Soil Survey of Garfield County, Oklahoma.*, October 1967.

United States Department of Agriculture. *Supplement to the Soil Survey of Garfield County, Oklahoma.*, July 2007.

Wilson, Linda D., "Garfield County," *Encyclopedia of Oklahoma History and Culture*, www.okhistory.org (accessed March 13, 2015).

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____
- recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey # _____

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
 - Other State agency
 - Federal agency
 - Local government
 - University
 - Other
- Name of repository: _____

Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): _____

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
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10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of Property 5 acres

Use either the UTM system or latitude/longitude coordinates

Latitude/Longitude Coordinates (decimal degrees)

Datum if other than WGS84: _____

(enter coordinates to 6 decimal places)

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Latitude: 36.175576 | Longitude: -97.893484 |
| 2. Latitude: 36.175194 | Longitude: -97.893509 |
| 3. Latitude: 36.175172 | Longitude: -97.892975 |
| 4. Latitude: 36.174256 | Longitude: -97.892925 |
| 5. Latitude: 36.174261 | Longitude: -97.894655 |
| 6. Latitude: 36.175579 | Longitude: -97.894548 |

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The boundaries include approximately five acres within Section 25, Township 20 North, Range 7 West. Starting at Latitude/Longitude #1 extending south for 148 feet to Latitude/Longitude #2, thence extending east 152 feet to Latitude/Longitude #3, thence extending south 330 feet to Latitude/Longitude #4, thence extending west 478 feet to Latitude/Longitude #5, thence extending north 500 feet to Latitude/Longitude #6, thence extending east 332 feet to the point of origin.

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

The boundaries include only the property associated with the operation of the farm.

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
Name of Property

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County and State

11. Form Prepared By

name/title: Shea Otley/Grants Manager with edits by Lynda Ozan/NRHP
coordinator _____
organization: OK/SHPO
street & number: 800 Nazih Zuhdi Drive
city or town: Oklahoma City state: OK zip code: 73105
e-mail sjotley@okhistory.org/lozan@okhistory.org
telephone: 405/522-6249
date: 15 June 2015

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

- **Maps:** A **USGS map** or equivalent (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
- **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- **Additional items:** (Check with the SHPO, TPO, or FPO for any additional items.)

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
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County and State

Photographs

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels (minimum), 3000x2000 preferred, at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map. Each photograph must be numbered and that number must correspond to the photograph number on the photo log. For simplicity, the name of the photographer, photo date, etc. may be listed once on the photograph log and doesn't need to be labeled on every photograph.

Photo Log

Name of Property: Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm

City or Vicinity: Bison

County: Garfield

State: Oklahoma

Photographer: Lynda S. Ozan

Date Photographed: 3 March 2015

Photograph Number	Subject	Direction
0001	Barn and Granary	Northwest
0002	Chicken House and Granary	Northeast
0003	House	Northwest
0004	Storm Shelter	North
0005	Barn	Southwest
0006	Well and Windmill	West
0007	Pigeon House	West

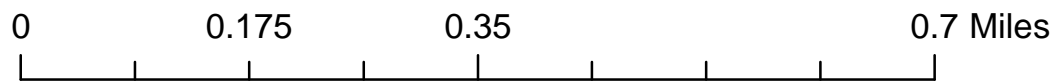
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management, U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm
1228 East 0580 Road (Marshall Road)
Bison Vicinity, Garfield County, Oklahoma



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community



y, Farm
rshall Road)
nty, Oklahoma

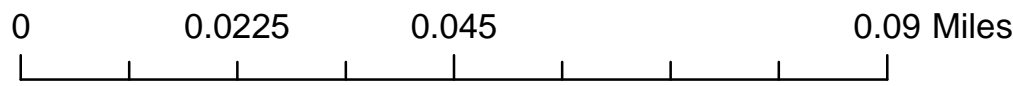


Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community

Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm Photographs
1228 East 0580 Road (Marshall Road)
Bison Vicinity, Garfield County, Oklahoma



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community

















UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: OKLAHOMA, Garfield

DATE RECEIVED: 10/23/15 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 11/27/15
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 12/14/15 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/08/15
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 15000867

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT RETURN REJECT 12.8.15 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in
The National Register
of
Historic Places

RECOM./CRITERIA _____

REVIEWER _____ DISCIPLINE _____

TELEPHONE _____ DATE _____

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



Oklahoma Historical Society
State Historic Preservation Office

Oklahoma History Center • 800 Nazih Zuhdi Drive • Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105
(405) 521-6249 • Fax (405) 522-0816 • www.okhistory.org/shpo/shponline

RECEIVED 2280

Founded May 27, 1893

OCT 23 2015

Nat. Register of Historic Places
National Park Service

October 19, 2015

J. Paul Loether, Deputy Keeper and Chief
National Register and National Historic Landmark Programs
National Park Service 2280, 8th floor
1201 "I" (Eye) Street, NW
Washington D.C. 20005

Dear Mr. Loether:

We are pleased to transmit twelve National Register of Historic Places nominations for Oklahoma properties. The nominations are for the following properties:

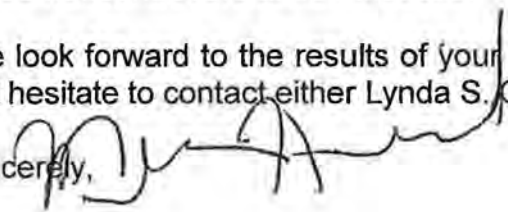
- a. Vannerson Homestead, South 7 miles on Highway 30 from intersection with Route 66, then 1.15 miles southwest, Erick Vicinity, Beckham County
- b. The University of Oklahoma Armory, 103 West Brooks Street, Norman, Cleveland County
- c. Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm, 1228 Marshall Road, Bison Vicinity, Garfield County
- d. Marshall Hall, 100 South University Avenue, Enid, Garfield County
- e. Public Library of Enid and Garfield County, 120 West Maine Street, Enid, Garfield County
- f. Robert R. and Minnie L. Kisner Mansion, 1111 West Wynona Avenue, Enid, Garfield County
- g. Santa Fe Freight Depot, 702 North Washington Avenue, Enid, Garfield County
- h. Lake Ponca Duck Pond Historic District, L.A. Cann Drive, Ponca City, Kay County
- i. Fairview Community Center, 206 East Broadway, Fairview, Major County
- j. Santa Fe Depot, 146 South EK Gaylord Boulevard, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma County
- k. Foyil Filling Station, 12243 S. Andy Payne Blvd, Claremore, Rogers County
- l. Belmont Apartments, 1314 South Denver Avenue West, Tulsa, Tulsa County

The members of the Historic Preservation Review Committee (state review board), professionally qualified in the fields of architectural history and prehistoric archeology were absent from the public meeting at which each of these nominations was considered and the recommendation to the State Historic Preservation Officer was formulated. Therefore, the member possessing the requisite professional qualifications for evaluation of Fuksa, John and Mary, Farm, Marshall Hall, Public Library of Enid and Garfield County, Robert R. and Minnie L. Kisner Mansion, Lake Ponca Duck Pond Historic District, Santa Fe Depot, and Foyil Filling Station was not present for the HPRC's formulation of its recommendation on the nomination. However, substantive

review of this nomination is not requested because the SHPO staff member possessing the requisite professional qualifications participated in the HPRC's deliberations on these noncontroversial nominations.

We look forward to the results of your review. If there may be any questions, please do not hesitate to contact either Lynda S. Ozan of my staff or myself.

Sincerely,



Melvena Heisch
Deputy State Historic
Preservation Officer

MKH:lso

Enclosures