UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED DEC 1 1 1979 FEB

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DATE ENTERED

SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T			3
1 NAME	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (COMPLETE APPLICAB	LE SECTIONS	
HISTORIC	venu Historia District			
AND/OR COMMON	wery Historic District			
Klug Brewery	V			
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	•			
Challis Cree	ek Road		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Challis		VICINITY OF	Second	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Idaho		016	Custer	037
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
XDISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED		
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE COMMERCIAL	MUSEUM PARK
STRUCTURE	X BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X_PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	X BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	
	EBEING CONSIDERED	NO	MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
NAME	F PROPERTY	on sheet		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
		VICINITY OF		
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Custer County Co	urthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	custer country co	ar chouse		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Challis			Idaho	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
- TÎTLE				
	Historic Sites Invent	nrv		
DATE DATE	Joedile Jiedo Invent	<u>j</u>		
1972		FEDERAL X	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR				
SURVEY RECORDS	Idaho State Histori	cal Society		
CITY, TOWN		cat octech	STATE	
Boise			Idaho	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

X_FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

__RUINS

X_ALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

....MOVED DATE.....

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The 1879 Challis Brewery historic district is made up of a cut-stone and rubble brewery building, two rubble-stone houses held together with mud mortar and mud plaster, a stone-walled outbuilding with wooden roof and facade, and the stone foundation of a fifth structure no longer extant. Brewery Spring is nearby--source of the water used in the original brewery operation. It flows at a good rate into a catch basin.

The one-story brewery building is the largest of the structures, and is in good condition. It is 37' 6" long x 28' wide, constructed of local stone. The east-facing entry wall is made of hand-cut smooth-finished stone, laid in random-coursed ashlar. The other three walls are of uncoursed rubble.

The front door is centered under the gable, and is flanked by double-hung 6 x 6 sash windows, one on each side. The three openings are spanned by stone lintels, each set under a shallow segmental arch in stone which relieves the weight of the wall above. The space between these arches and the lintels is slight, and is filled with mortar. A clearly discernible keystone is visible in the arches above the left-hand window and the door, but the same function on the right hand window is carried out with two stones. The projecting square-cut stone window sills are monolithic. There are two additional windows in north and south walls.

The roof is gabled, running east and west. It is covered with sheet metal but was originally shingled.

Interior wood work is largely intact, and is handsomely proportioned. Wainscoting of pine lumber is divided into panels trimmed with delicate moldings. This has been painted an ivory color which enhances interior lighting from the six windows. Upper walls are papered.

Archaeology may reveal three stone tanks used in brewing, remembered by old time residents but no longer visible.

The two rubble structures to the south, originally dwellings for the brewers and their families, were literally held together with mud. Repeated plastering with mud, whitewashed on the outside, has built up an additional thickness of 4 to 6 inches on the rough stone beneath. This is severely weathered, but is intact enough for accurate restoration. The Don Ferguson rock-adobe "B" is the larger of the two. It has one small off-center six pane window in the east wall and a door on the north wall. The Henry Reynolds rock-adobe "A" has a centered door in the east wall flanked by one six-pane window on the left hand side. A window in the door supplies all additional light. Rubble retaining walls at the back of these two dwellings connect them and control erosion from the hillside to the rear. Several small wooden sheds of recent date complete the complex.

The low pitched roofs on these two dwellings are framed in lodgepole pine logs, running parallel to the ridgepole, and covered with planks. Earth for insulation was placed on top of the planks. Adobe "B" has a tin roof on top of original earth and plants. All of these structures are in fair condition and restorable, if work can be started within the next year or two.

SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1879	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT Unknown	
—РЯЕНІЗТОНІС —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 Х1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE X ARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	CONSERVATION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE Ch	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

There has been no brewery operating in Idaho for 20 years. Even these most recently used brewery structures have been demolished. The Challis brewery is of especial interest, since it is one of only two known breweries in the state to have survived, and is older by 25 years than the second.

The brewery building itself is a fine example of frontier stone commercial architecture. The craftsmanship on the random ashlar facade is especially noteworthy. The front half of the building is well finished on the inside since it doubled as saloon as well as brew house.

The brewers' dwelling houses adjacent to the main structure are also of great interest, due to their method of construction. The rubble stone walls of these buildings were mortared together by mud and heavily plastered with it inside and out. Although mud was often used for mortar in early Idaho, the mud plastering was rare—due no doubt to a mountain climate which deteriorated it rapidly. It was a geographical eccentricity which made mud plaster more permanent in Challis, Idaho, than elsewhere. In the rain shadow of the Salmon River mountains, Challis gets less snow and milder temperatures than other mountain areas nearby. This, and the fact that the two dwellings have been almost continuously occupied since 1879 accounts for their preservation. Fresh mud has been added, along with an occasional coat of paint to keep the buildings intact and habitable.

Three Germans, Fred Albiez, Ferdinand Klug, and George Fuchs teamed up in 1879 to start a brewery in Challis—a townsite laid out just that year in a region of promising mineral discoveries. By 1886 the establishment of other breweries at Custer and Bayhorse, farther up the Salmon river, made the Challis operation unprofitable. In 1887 the brewery building was used for at least one winter as a school. It has had varied uses since, including residential.

A small historic district, encompassing all of the structures associated with the brewery and the spring which supplied the water, will enable the preservation and restoration of a unique example of early industry. The brewery itself is the property of the North Custer Historical Society. The other structures are in process of being acquired.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Summary of history of Challis brewery, compiled by Roberta H. Green, on file at Idaho Historical Society, Boise, Idaho. Idaho Statesman, Boise, Idaho, 30 April 1979, p. 6B

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and shown as the dotted li	ne on the att	ached sketch	n map entitled "Unai	lls be district
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STATE	CODE.	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME/TITLE Arthur A. Hart, Architectu	ıral Historian	n and Idaho S	State Historical Soc	iety Director
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
Idaho State Historical Soc	eiety		TELEPHONE	
610 North Julia Davis Driv	/e	•	384-2120	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Boise			Idaho	
12 STATE HISTORIC PRES	SERVATIO	N OFFICER	CERTIFICATION	V
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NATIONAL	STAT	E_X_	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic Preservati	ion Officer for the N	ational Historic Pro	eservation Act of 1966 (Publi	c Law 89-665)
hereby nominate this property for inclusion				
criteria and procedures set forth by the Nat			.	-
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STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIG	SNATURE 200	lette W.	ells	
TITLE <u>Idaho State Histori</u> a	an, SHPO		DATE 4Due	79
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THE OF REGISTRATION				

Item 4. Continuation.

Challis Brewery Historic District Owners List:

Lloyd Reed Challis, ID 83226

Don Ferguson Box 52 Silverton, ID 83867

Leslie Corrigan 543 Hancock Hayward, CA 94544

M. P. Shull Route 1, Box 51 Mead, WA 99021

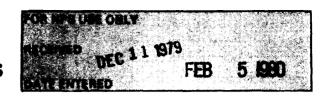
Henry Reynolds Box 711 Challis, ID 83226

Francis Doffing
P. O. Box 18407
Las Vegas, Nevada 89114

J. Yacomella Challis, ID 83226

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Description

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7. PAGE

The most southerly site in the district is Brewery Spring itself. The remains of a small springhouse sit over it. Although the roof is lost, the walls of saddle-notched poles remain. The greater height of the northern wall and the pitch of the rafter-poles show that the springhouse was a shed-roofed. Water flows steadily from a wooden pipe, formed from narrow staves bound by an iron strap, which emerges from the eastern base of the structure.

The district immediately to the west of Challis Creek Road, within the northern corporate limits of Challis. The boundaries recognize the "strip" arrangement of the historically, architecturally, and historicarchaeologically significant sites, and allow a clearance of at least 25' to the north, south and west of the major sites.

Three small houses have been built inside the historic brewery complex in the 20th century (map #'s 2, 3, and 8). The Ferguson and Reed houses are frame bungalows. The Reynolds house is a log cabin of the 1920s, built of lodgepole pine. All must be regarded as intrusive, but could be moved if the property is acquired by the local historical society.

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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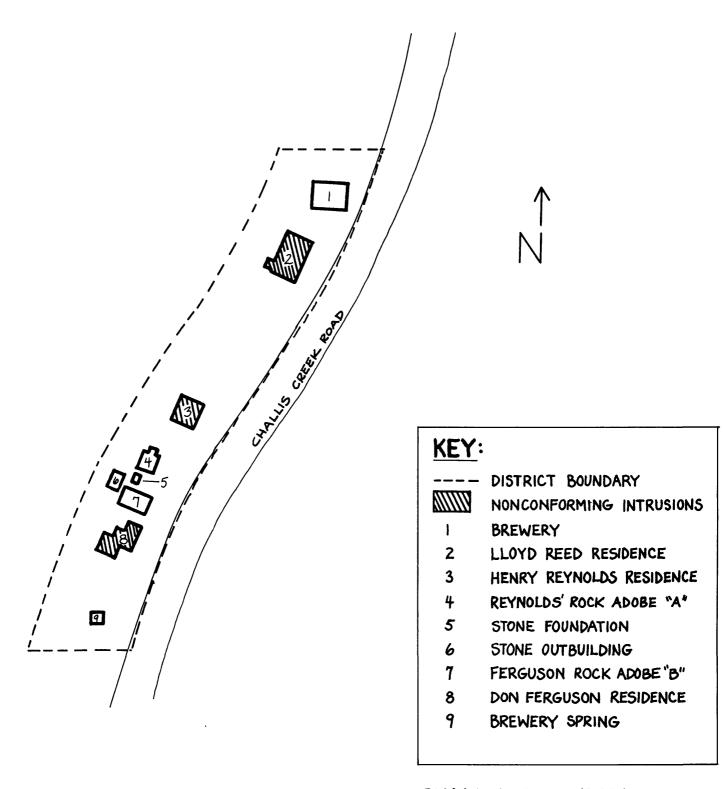
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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10

PAGE 1

boundary of the district follows the western edge of the road. It commences at a point due east of a point 25' south of the southernmost site (Brewery Spring, map #9). It continues northeasterly to a point due east of a point 25' north of the northernmost site (Challis Brewery, map #1). The western boundary of the district is described by a line which is at every point 100' due west of the eastern boundary. The northern and southern boundaries run laterally, due west from the northern and southern extremities of the eastern boundary to the corresponding extremities of the western.



CHALLIS BREWERY HISTORIC DISTRICT

CHALLIS, IDAHO SCALE: | " = 100' 1979