

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

RECEIVED  
SEP 02 1993

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
REGISTRATION FORM

NATIONAL  
REGISTER

=====

1. Name of Property

=====

historic name: Walnut Street Historic District (Boundary Increase)

other name/site number: Rogers Commercial Historic District (preferred)

=====

2. Location

=====

street & number: Roughly bounded by Walnut, First, Poplar, & Second Sts.

not for publication: N/A

city/town: Rogers

vicinity: N/A

state: AR county: Benton code: AR 007 zip code: 72756

=====

3. Classification

=====

Ownership of Property: Private/Public-local

Category of Property: Buildings

Number of Resources within Property:

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>21</u>	<u>7</u>	buildings
<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	sites
<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	structures
<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	objects
<u>21</u>	<u>7</u>	Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register: 21

Name of related multiple property listing: Historic Resources of Benton County (Partial Inventory: Historic and Architectural)

#### 4. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this X nomination \_\_\_\_\_ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property X meets \_\_\_\_\_ does not meet the National Register Criteria. \_\_\_\_\_ See continuation sheet.

Cathryn A. Slater  
Signature of certifying official

August 12, 1993  
Date

Arkansas Historic Preservation Program  
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property \_\_\_\_\_ meets \_\_\_\_\_ does not meet the National Register criteria. \_\_\_\_\_ See continuation sheet.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of commenting or other official

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
State or Federal agency and bureau

#### 5. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby certify that this property is:

- ☒ entered in the National Register  
\_\_\_\_\_ See continuation sheet.  
\_\_\_\_\_ determined eligible for the  
National Register  
\_\_\_\_\_ See continuation sheet.  
\_\_\_\_\_ determined not eligible for the  
National Register  
\_\_\_\_\_ removed from the National Register  
\_\_\_\_\_ other (explain): \_\_\_\_\_

Entered in the  
National Register

Delores Byers 9/30/93

Jan Signature of Keeper

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date  
of Action

#### 6. Function or Use

Historic: Commerce/Trade  
Domestic  
Government

Sub: Business, Financial  
Hotel  
Post Office

Current : Commerce/Trade  
Domestic  
Education

Sub: Business  
Multiple Dwelling  
Library

## 7. Description

Architectural Classification:

<u>Italianate</u>	<u>Art Deco</u>
<u>Spanish Colonial Revival</u>	<u>Moderne</u>
<u>Colonial Revival</u>	

Other Description: Early Twentieth Century Commercial

Materials: foundation brick, concrete roof asphalt, ceramic tile  
 walls brick, stucco other metal, cast iron, wood  
stone

Describe present and historic physical appearance. X See continuation sheet.

## 8. Statement of Significance

Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties: local.

Applicable National Register Criteria: C

Criteria Considerations (Exceptions): N/A

Areas of Significance: Architecture  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Period(s) of Significance: 1885-1943

Significant Dates: N/A

Significant Person(s): N/A  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Cultural Affiliation: N/A

Architect/Builder: Clark, A. O.  
Almand, John Parks  
Wetmore, James S.

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.  
X See continuation sheet.

SEP 2 1993

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park ServiceNational Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 1**Summary**

The original Walnut Street Historic District is comprised of seventeen contributing and three noncontributing buildings. The amendment to that district seeks to add twenty-one contributing resources and seven noncontributing structures. The proposed boundary amendment extends south from the Walnut Street Historic District boundaries and encompasses the remainder of the block bounded by Walnut, First, Elm, and Second Streets as well as the block bounded by Elm, First, Poplar, and Second Streets. The Rogers Post Office Building (NR 01/28/88; now the city library) at the southeast corner of Poplar and Second Streets is also included within the boundaries of the amendment. The original period of significance covered the years, 1885 to 1912. Some of the structures located within the boundaries of the amendment also date from that period, but others range to the fifty year guideline (1943). Architecturally, the buildings represent a variety of styles including Italianate, Renaissance Revival, Colonial Revival, Spanish Colonial Revival, Art Deco, Art Moderne, and the basic Early Twentieth Century Commercial building form.

**Elaboration**

All of the buildings within the amendment - both contributing and noncontributing - are of masonry construction, and several are of the party-wall, continuous storefront commercial type. The building height ranges from one to three stories, and a variety of architectural styles are represented. Also within this boundary amendment are four properties that were previously listed on the National Register. Lastly, all of the properties within the expanded district are connected by brick-paved streets that were laid in the late 1920's.

The individual properties are listed below:

BE 2022. 112 South First St.

This two-story brick commercial building was constructed c. 1895 and is very similar in architectural detail to the Citizens Bank Building (BE 2023) at the southwest corner of Walnut and First Streets (contributing to the original district). The three upper-story windows are crowned by ornate, triangular-pediment hood molds, and an equally decorative pressed-metal projecting cornice with Italianate-style brackets completes the effect. It is known that in 1911, J. H. Fisher operated a barber shop in part of the building, and in 1912, the J. S. Elder Grocery moved into the building. An early



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 2

account stated, "[o]ver \$600 [was] spent the past year to install new interior fixtures and sanitary appliances" and observed that "[a] new elevator, shelving and counters . . . gives the store a metropolitan appearance." The two store buildings between this structure and the Citizens Bank Building are no longer extant.

BE 2021. 114 South First St.

This imposing Renaissance Revival-style building was designed in 1906 by A. O. Clark for the Bank of Rogers. It was listed on the National Register on June 23, 1980.

BE 2020. 116 South First St.

This is another impressive A. O. Clark-designed building that was erected in 1907 as the Applegate Drug Store Building. It was listed on the National Register on June 23, 1982.

BE 2019. 122 - 124 South First St.

Located at the corner of First and Elm Streets, this large two-story brick building was constructed in 1896 and named for its owners, Joseph and Sarah Burnham. The building exhibits some Italianate influences, and its construction is reminiscent of many of the Walnut Street structures. The two first-story storefronts on First Street have been altered since construction; however, some original detail, including two decorative cast-iron pilasters remain. The second-story window treatment is more interesting and consists of a continuous limestone sill and lintel for the six windows, which now each consist of a single-pane of glass instead of the probable one-over-one or two-over-two sash. Segmental arches adorn the two paired windows, a flat arch or lintel covers the single window in the center, and the bevelled bay features a half-circular, Roman arch. The date "1896" is inscribed in stone above this arch, and "Burnham Block" is similarly placed underneath the elaborate, two-tiered pressed-metal cornice on the front elevation.

The Elm Street elevation does not contain any storefronts and is fenestrated by six modern single-pane windows with separated limestone lintels and sills.

Attached to the western end of this building and fronting Elm Street is a building constructed as an integral component of the "Burnham Block." This structure features the most pristine first-story facade of any of the properties within the district amendment. Six tall and slender cast-iron columns and two cast-iron pilasters punctuate the three recessed storefronts that consist of original wood bulkheads, display-window

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 3

configuration, transoms, and double-leaf entrances. The "Burham Block" became "Vinson Square" in 1939 when the Vinson family purchased the property. For purposes of this National Register nomination, this structure contains a total of five contributing resources.

The two storefronts positioned between BE 2020 and BE 2019 (and constructed at the same time as BE 2019) are no longer extant.

BE 2018. 113 West Elm St.

This simple one-story brick commercial building was constructed c. 1925 and does not feature exterior ornamentation. The front elevation consists of two large display windows and a recessed, single-leaf entry to the east. This building occupies the site of an 1881 frame building where Roger's first newspaper, the *Rogers Champion*, originated.

BE 2017. 121 West Elm St. (NC)

This structure was originally constructed c. 1920 as a single-story, brick office building for the Sinclair Oil Company. Because at a yet unknown date a gable roof was added on to the original flat roof behind a parapet, this building is considered noncontributing. Other suspected alterations to the original structure include a stuccoed veneer and unusual door and window surrounds of an irregular-shaped, quoin-like pattern.

BE 2015. 121 South Second St.

Located at the northeast corner of Second and Elm Streets, this c. 1938 three-story, buff-brick building appears to be essentially unaltered on the exterior. Minimal Art Moderne influence is found on the curved wall with two glass-block windows. The principal fenestration, however, is accomplished by metal-framed casement windows. The building was constructed with an integral, yet distinct, one-story wing on the Elm Street elevation that abuts BE 2017. This structure occupies the site of the former Sinclair Oil Company Service Station, which would later become the Lion Oil Service station. This property is counted as two contributing resources.

BE 2016. 119 South Second St. (NC)

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 4

This two-story, buff-brick building has recently been remodeled from its original, Plain Traditional style with minimal Craftsman influence to a white-painted, Colonial Revival design. The first-story display windows and transoms were filled in with brick, and two single-leaf entrances (in the center of the elevation) flanked by two large Palladian-type windows were added. The six original Craftsman-style, three-over-one windows on the second story have been replaced by twelve-over-twelve sash windows. This building housed the McNeil Chevrolet dealership in the late 1920's and was probably constructed for that purpose.

BE 2032. 115 South Second St. (NC)

This property deviates from others in the proposed district amendment as it is a c. 1890's residence that was constructed before the commercialization of Second Street. Unfortunately, it is considered noncontributing due to alterations and additions to the front elevation in the 1970's.

BE 2031. 115 South Second St.

Constructed c. 1930, this single-story brick structure is unique for the two large, glass-block windows on the southern elevation, facing the front yard of the neighboring residence. The front elevation contains only minimal panelled brick detail. Although the fenestration and entrance of the front facade have most likely been altered numerous times over the years, only the current wood-shingled shed roof is a distraction.

Note:

There are two small, one-story brick commercial building, separated by an alley, on second street between 115 S. Second St. and the Union Block Building, 124 W. Walnut St., in the original district. These buildings were excluded from the 1984 survey. A recent site visit by the National Register staff has determined that they are architecturally compatible with the buildings in the proposed district amendment; however, until more information is gathered on the construction dates, these structures will be considered noncontributing.

(No Survey #). Southeast Corner of Second and Elm Streets. (NC)

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 5

This is a noncontributing one-story office building of modern construction. Its longer wall fronts Second Street.

BE 2033. 114 West Elm St. (associated warehouse is NC)

Constructed in 1929 by the Harris Bakery, this one-story, stuccoed building is the district's only example of the Art Deco style of architecture. The building features such typical Art Deco features as a chevron course above the metal-frame casement windows, the name "Harris" in Art Deco letters on the front elevation, a wide-fluted roofline coping, and a cantilevered, half-conical shaped porch roof.

Just east of the Harris Bakery Building, there is a large, associated concrete-block warehouse that is noncontributing.

BE 1994, 1995, 1996. 212-216 South First St.

The lot at the southwest corner of First and Elm Streets, originally the site of the c. 1888 Commercial Hotel, is now vacant. Also believed to have been constructed at that time is the two-story brick building comprising 212-216 South First Street. This building is characterized by the six segmental-arched windows and the decorative brick panel work across the cornice. BE 1996 is the least altered and retains the first-story cast-iron columns and wooden bulkheads; however, the transoms of all three sections have been boarded over. Above, the second story contains the only two windows with the original two-over-two sash; the other four have aluminum-frame windows. BE 1995 has a ground-story facade in similar condition to BE 1996. Unfortunately, the first-story facade of BE 1994 has suffered the loss of the cast-iron columns, brick veneer over the bulkheads, and shortened display windows. Over the years, this building has accommodated a variety of businesses such as the Rogers Commercial Club (a Chamber of Commerce-type organization), a shoe store, an automotive parts store, and several groceries. This property is counted as three contributing resources.

BE 1993. 218 - 220 South First St.

This is a single-story brick building constructed c. 1890 and connected to BE 1994 by a party wall. The most distinctive feature of this building is the elaborate and ornate corbelled-brick cornice. A portion of the full-facade, multiple-pane transom sash remains; however, its entire length is boarded over, as is the full-facade display window area. During the 1890's, F. F. Scaife had a livery stable in the northern portion of the

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 7 Page 6

building, and a faded sign, "Livery Sale," can still be seen today. By 1908, a restaurant and pool room occupied the building, and a few years later a meat shop and bakery were established in the structure. By 1917, it had again become a meat market. It is also known that the southern portion of the building once housed W. H. McMullin Watchmakers and Repairer. Although the building was originally constructed to house two separate businesses, it appears that the original facade may have been later altered to a continuous storefront. Until the interior can be viewed, the property will be considered one contributing resource.

BE 1991, BE 1992. 226 - 228 South First St.

This two-story brick building at the northwest corner of First and Poplar Street was constructed c. 1895. It features a corbelled-brick cornice and six one-over-one windows with modest triangular-pediment hood molds on the second story. BE 1992 has an unusual recessed single-leaf entrance at its junction with BE 1991. The first-story facade for this section is less altered than the first-story facade for BE 1991. The southern elevation of the building consists of an uninterrupted first story and a second story fenestrated by six windows identical to those on the front elevation. During the 1890's, BE 1992 was used by the G. L. Mays Banner Grocery, but by 1911 it housed the Frisco Cafe. It is known that BE 1991 was occupied by W. H. Fowler, Furniture-Carpets-Undertaker, in the early 1900's with the second-story housing the fraternal organization, Gem City Knights of Pythias. This section was later sold to two consecutive grocers. The building comprising 222-224 South First Street between BE 1992 and BE 1993 is no longer extant. This property should be counted as two contributing resources.

BE 1997. 121 West Poplar St.

This property is the impressive Lane Hotel, a five-story, buff-brick building designed in the Spanish Colonial Revival style by John Parks Almand in 1929. It was placed on the National Register on January 28, 1988.

BE 1984. 120 West Poplar St.

Constructed in 1917, the Rogers Post Office Building (now the city library) is a symmetrical one-story brick building designed in the Colonial Revival style by the architect James S. Wetmore. It was placed on the National Register on January 28, 1988.



SEP 2 1993

**United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service****National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet**Section number 8 Page 1**Summary**

The Amendment to the Walnut Street Historic District, now known as the Rogers Commercial Historic District, expands the period of significance of the original nomination from 1885-1912 to 1885-1943, thereby including a number of buildings constructed between the World Wars. This amendment is being nominated under Criterion C with local significance for the ability of the expanded district to recognize the diverse architectural styles that developed during that period as well as the ever-changing commercial usage of a vibrant downtown.

**Elaboration**

Since this nomination is an amendment to the multiple property nomination, "Historic Resources of Benton County (Partial Inventory: Historic and Architectural)," the general history of Benton County has already been described in that document. Likewise, a brief history of the development of Rogers was outlined in the original Walnut Street Historic District, which is composed of a cohesive group of similarly styled (Italianate) buildings constructed from 1885 to 1912 along Walnut Street. This boundary increase to that district includes several other streets as well as a diverse group of architecturally styled buildings dating from c. 1888 to the fifty year guideline.

South First Street, originally known as Douglas Street, runs parallel to the railroad tracks and was the site of the first wood-frame business buildings in Rogers. The construction of masonry commercial buildings lagged somewhat behind the Walnut Street construction; however, all of the extant buildings on First Street within the amended boundaries date from c. 1888 to 1907. The earlier buildings, such as BE 2022 and BE 2019, best reflect the Italianate-derived style that is prevalent on Walnut Street, whereas BE 2021 and BE 2020 represent the more formal Renaissance Revival work of the architect, A. O. Clark. In contrast, the buildings at the southern end of the street, BE 1991-1996, are more indicative of the Early Twentieth Century Commercial building form. Although there was probably other pre-1900 construction on the other streets within the amended boundaries, the only extant examples of that construction (with the exception of the noncontributing BE 2032) are found on First Street.

After the two Clark-designed properties, the only documented construction in this expanded district before 1920 was by the federal government. Designed by James S. Wetmore, the stately 1917 Rogers Post Office building (BE 1984) is the district's finest example of the Colonial Revival style. The structures erected during the prosperous 1920's are basically unassuming and/or altered with two notable exceptions. Assisting the Rogers Post Office in anchoring the southern end of the district is the magnificent Lane Hotel (BE 1997) constructed



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation SheetSection number 8 Page 2

in 1929 and designed by Little Rock architect John Parks Almand. Located at 121 W. Poplar Street, this building provides the district's best and only example of the Spanish Colonial Revival style. On Elm Street, construction began in the same year on a markedly different style of building. A harbinger of a new era of architecture, the Harris Bakery (BE 2033) is an excellent example of the Art Deco style. Perhaps the first building of this style in Rogers, the Harris Bakery does not appear to have inspired other construction in this vein and is the only pure representative of the Art Deco style in downtown Rogers. Chronologically, the district is complete with the construction of BE 2015, a three-story c. 1938 building that has characteristics of the Art Moderne style.

Thus, from Italianate to Art Moderne, the expanded district recognizes a broad spectrum of architectural styles, and, in fact, contains a representative of practically every type of historic commercial architecture erected in Rogers. Furthermore, the varied histories of each building (outlined when known in Section 7) underline the diversity of the businesses which occupied these buildings and is reflective of the ever-changing nature of a vibrant downtown. For these reasons, this amendment is being nominated under Criterion C with local significance. This nomination also seeks to change the name of the district from Walnut Street Historic District to the Rogers Commercial Historic District in light of the numerous additional streets now included and their own unique history of development.



United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

SEP 2 1993

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9 Page 1

---

### Bibliography

"A Walking Tour of Downtown Rogers." Rogers Historical Museum. 1993.

Thomas, David. *Arkansas and Its People*. New York: The American Historical Society, Inc., 1930. Vol. II.

SEP 2 1993

=====

**11. Form Prepared By**

=====

Name/Title: Patrick Zollner, National Register Historian

Organization: Arkansas Historic Preservation Program Date: 08/10/93

Street & Number: 323 Center, 1600 Tower Bldg. Telephone: (501) 324-9880

City or Town: Little Rock State: AR ZIP: 72201

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Continuation Sheet

Section number \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 93001028

Date Listed: 9/30/93

Rogers Commercial Historic District (Boundary Increase)

Property Name:

Benton AR  
County: State:

Benton County MPS

Multiple Name

-----  
This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

*Patty S. Chrisman*  
for \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of the Keeper

*12/1/93*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Action

=====

Amended Items in Nomination:

An error was discovered after listing and should be corrected in the data base. The correct resource type for the property is "district." This SLR will not count during State Program Review. The nomination is officially amended to include this information.

-----

DISTRIBUTION:

National Register property file  
Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: BOUNDARY INCREASE

PROPERTY NAME: Rogers Commercial Historic District (Boundary Increase)

MULTIPLE NAME: Benton County MPS

STATE & COUNTY: ARKANSAS, Benton

DATE RECEIVED: 9/02/93

DATE OF PENDING LIST:

DATE OF 16TH DAY:

DATE OF 45TH DAY: 10/17/93

DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 93001028

NOMINATOR: STATE

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N

OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N

REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

☒ ACCEPT ☐ RETURN ☐ REJECT 9/30/93 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA \_\_\_\_\_  
REVIEWER \_\_\_\_\_  
DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N



CLASSIFICATION

\_\_\_count \_\_\_resource type

STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION

FUNCTION

\_\_\_historic \_\_\_current

DESCRIPTION

\_\_\_architectural classification  
\_\_\_materials  
\_\_\_descriptive text

SIGNIFICANCE

Period Areas of Significance--Check and justify below

Specific dates Builder/Architect  
Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

\_\_\_summary paragraph  
\_\_\_completeness  
\_\_\_clarity  
\_\_\_applicable criteria  
\_\_\_justification of areas checked  
\_\_\_relating significance to the resource  
\_\_\_context  
\_\_\_relationship of integrity to significance  
\_\_\_justification of exception  
\_\_\_other

BIBLIOGRAPHY

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

\_\_\_acreage \_\_\_verbal boundary description  
\_\_\_UTMs \_\_\_boundary justification

ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION/PRESENTATION

\_\_\_sketch maps \_\_\_USGS maps \_\_\_photographs \_\_\_presentation

OTHER COMMENTS

Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to

\_\_\_\_ Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Signed \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_





Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolher  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
Looking west on Elm St.  
from the SW corner of Elm  
& First Sts.





Rogers Commercial Historic District

Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zolher

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

View looking east along

Elm St. BE 2033 in

background







Rogers Commercial Historic District

Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zolher

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

View looking east on Elm St.

from the SE corner of Elm and  
Second Sts.



Rogers Commercial Historic District

Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zollner

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

View looking north on Second St.  
from the SW corner of Elm &  
Second Sts.





Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zolner

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

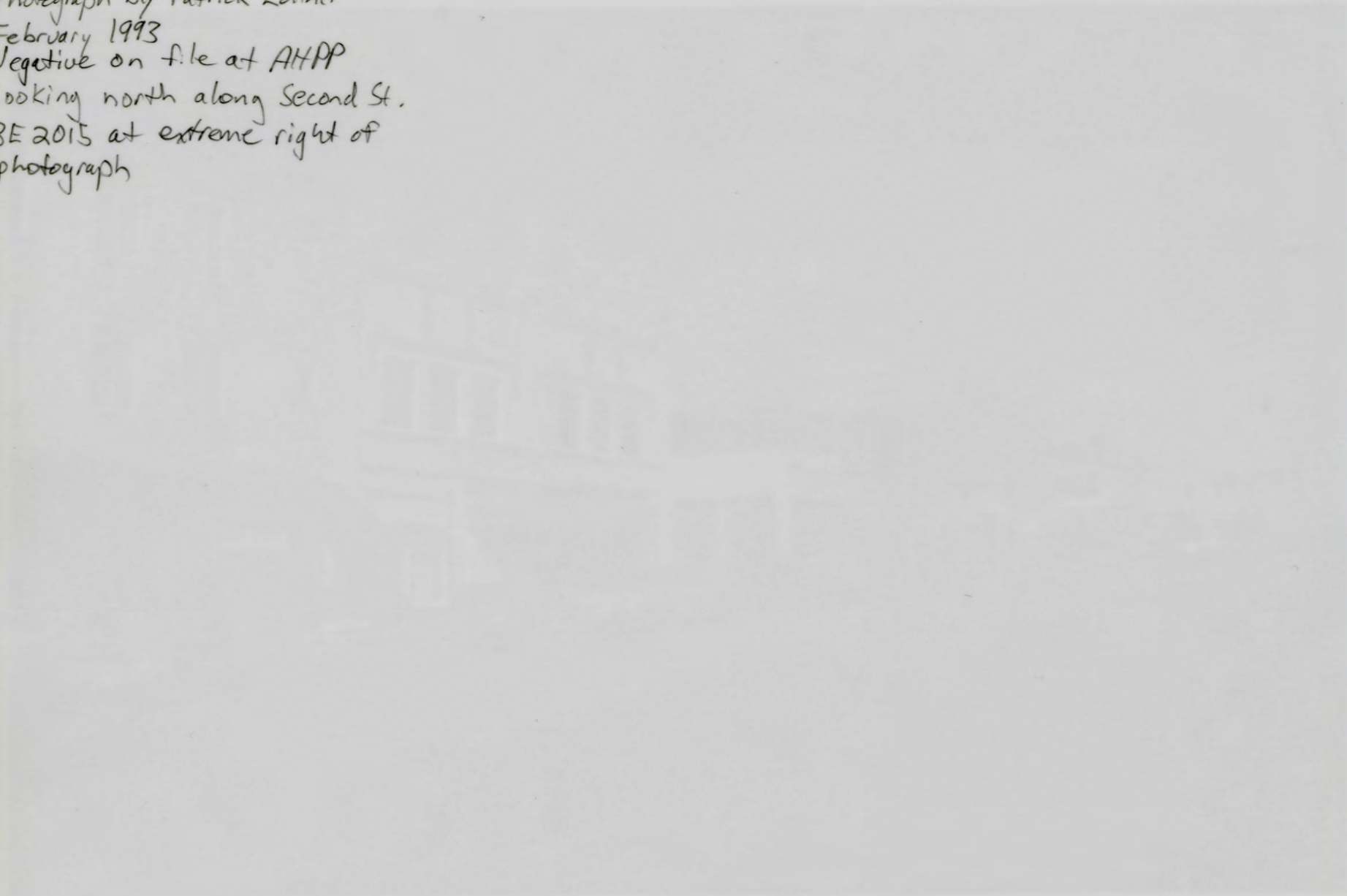
View looking north on Second St.  
from the SW corner of Poplar &  
Second Sts.







Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zellner  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
Looking north along Second St.  
BE 2015 at extreme right of  
photograph





Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zolner

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

View from the south of

BE 2015 (left) and BE 2017







Rogers Commercial Historic District

Benton Co., Arkansas

Photograph by Patrick Zolher

February 1993

Negative on file at AHPP

View from the southeast  
of BE 1993 - BE 1996

(left to right)

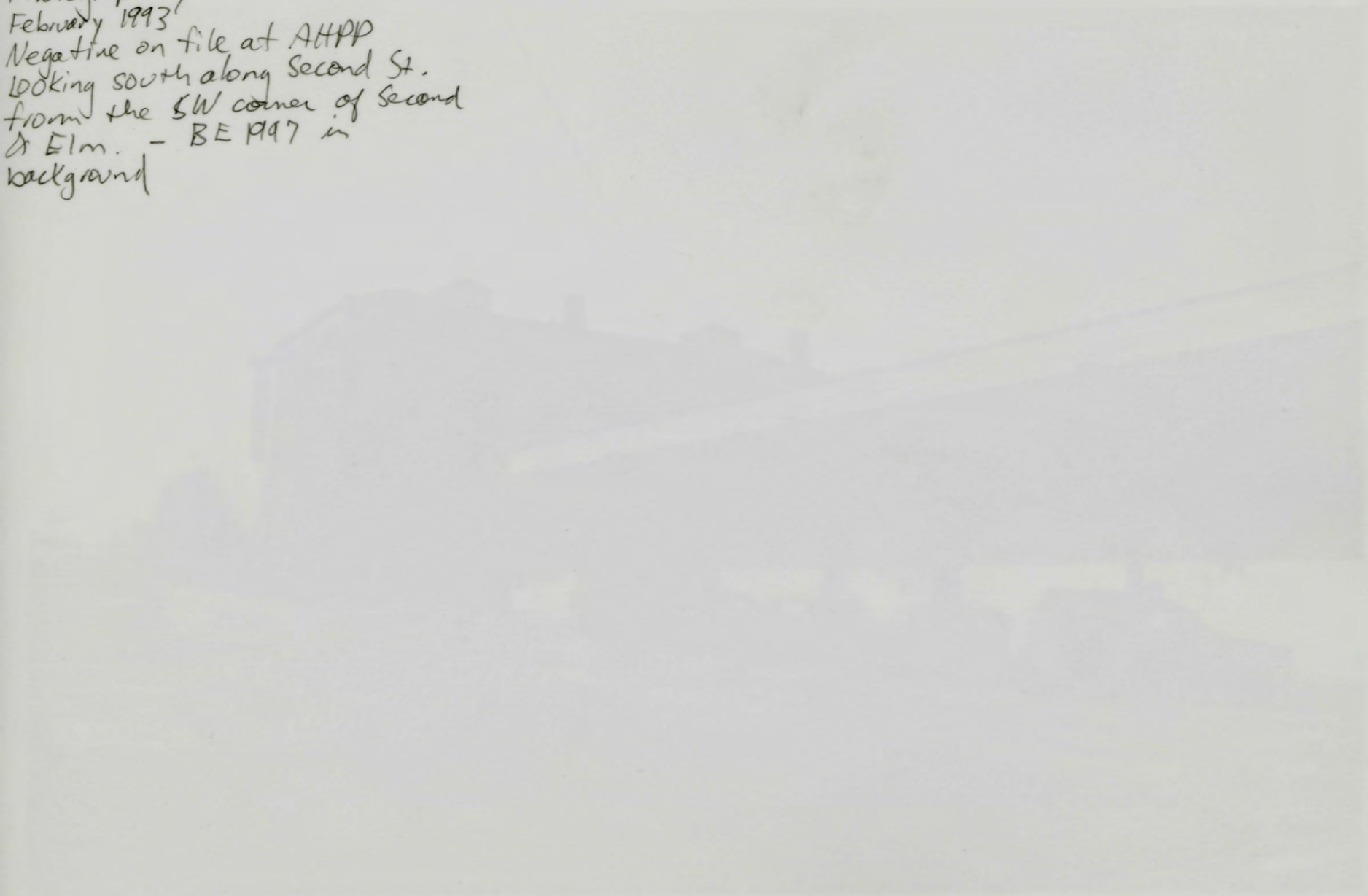








Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolher  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
Looking south along Second St.  
from the SW corner of Second  
& Elm. - BE 1997 in  
background





Rogers Commercial Historic District

Benton Co., Arkansas

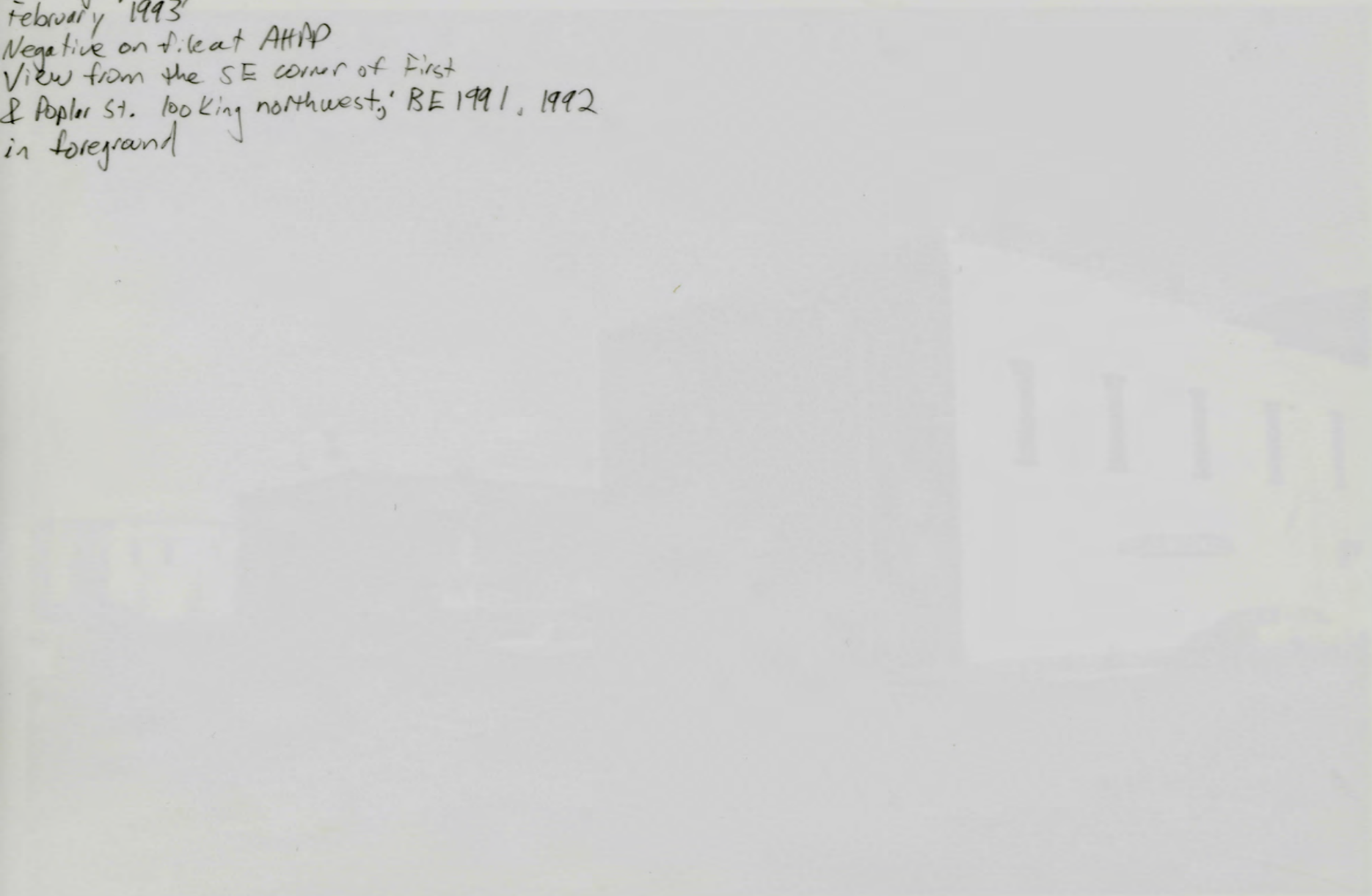
Photograph by Patrick Zolner

February 1993

Negative on file at AHP

View from the SE corner of First

& Poplar St. looking northwest; BE 1991, 1992  
in foreground







Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zollner  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
View of BE 2033 from  
the northeast









Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolner  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
Looking south along First St.  
BE 1996 at right of photo





Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolher  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPD  
View of RF 1997 from the  
Southwest





Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolher  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
View of BE 1984 from  
the north









Rogers Commercial Historic District  
Benton Co., Arkansas  
Photograph by Patrick Zolner  
February 1993  
Negative on file at AHPP  
View of BE 2019 from the  
SE corner of First and Elm Sts.





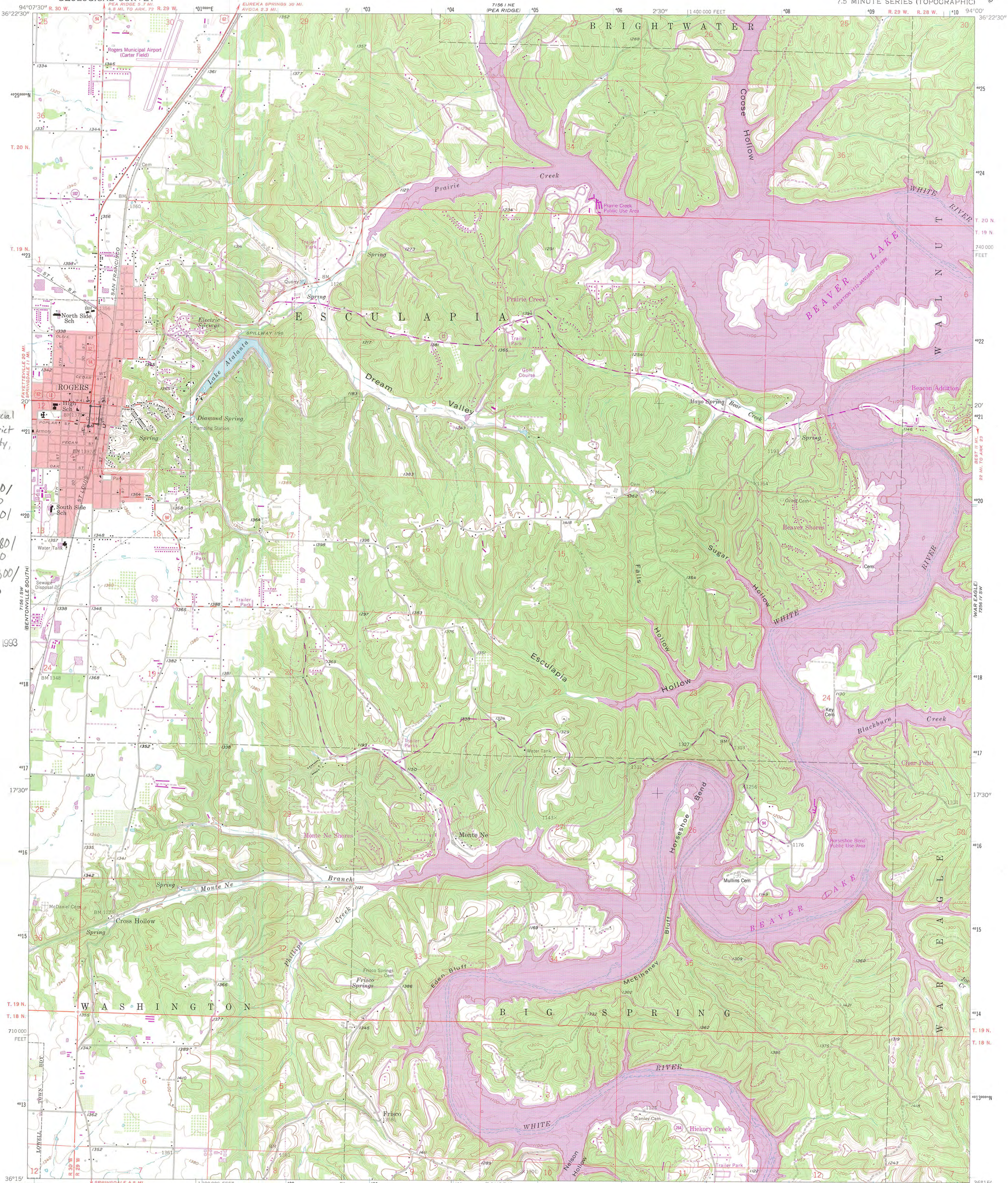
UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

ROGERS QUADRANGLE  
ARKANSAS—BENTON CO.  
7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

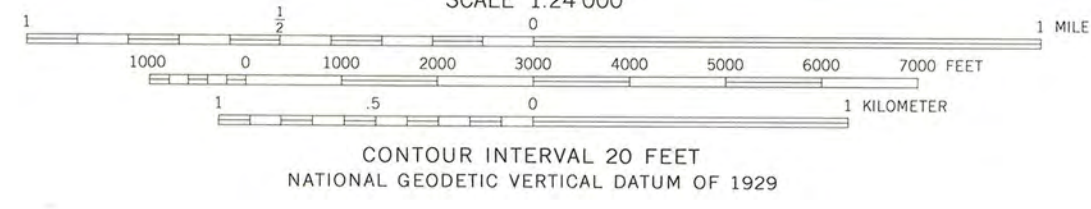
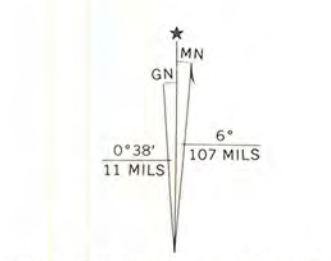
Rogers Commercial  
Historic District  
Benton County,  
Arkansas

UTM:  
1.15/399720/  
4021220  
2.15/399840/  
4021220  
3.15/399180/  
4021030  
4.15/399300/  
4021010

SEP 2 1993



Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey  
Control by USGS and USC&GS  
Topography from aerial photographs by photogrammetric methods  
Aerial photographs taken 1957. Field check 1958  
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum  
10,000-foot grid based on Arkansas coordinate system, north zone  
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,  
zone 15, shown in blue  
Red tint indicates area in which only  
landmark buildings are shown  
Unchecked elevations are shown in brown  
Revisions shown in purple compiled from aerial photographs  
taken 1976. This information not field checked



THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS  
FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092  
AND ARKANSAS GEOLOGICAL COMMISSION, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72204  
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



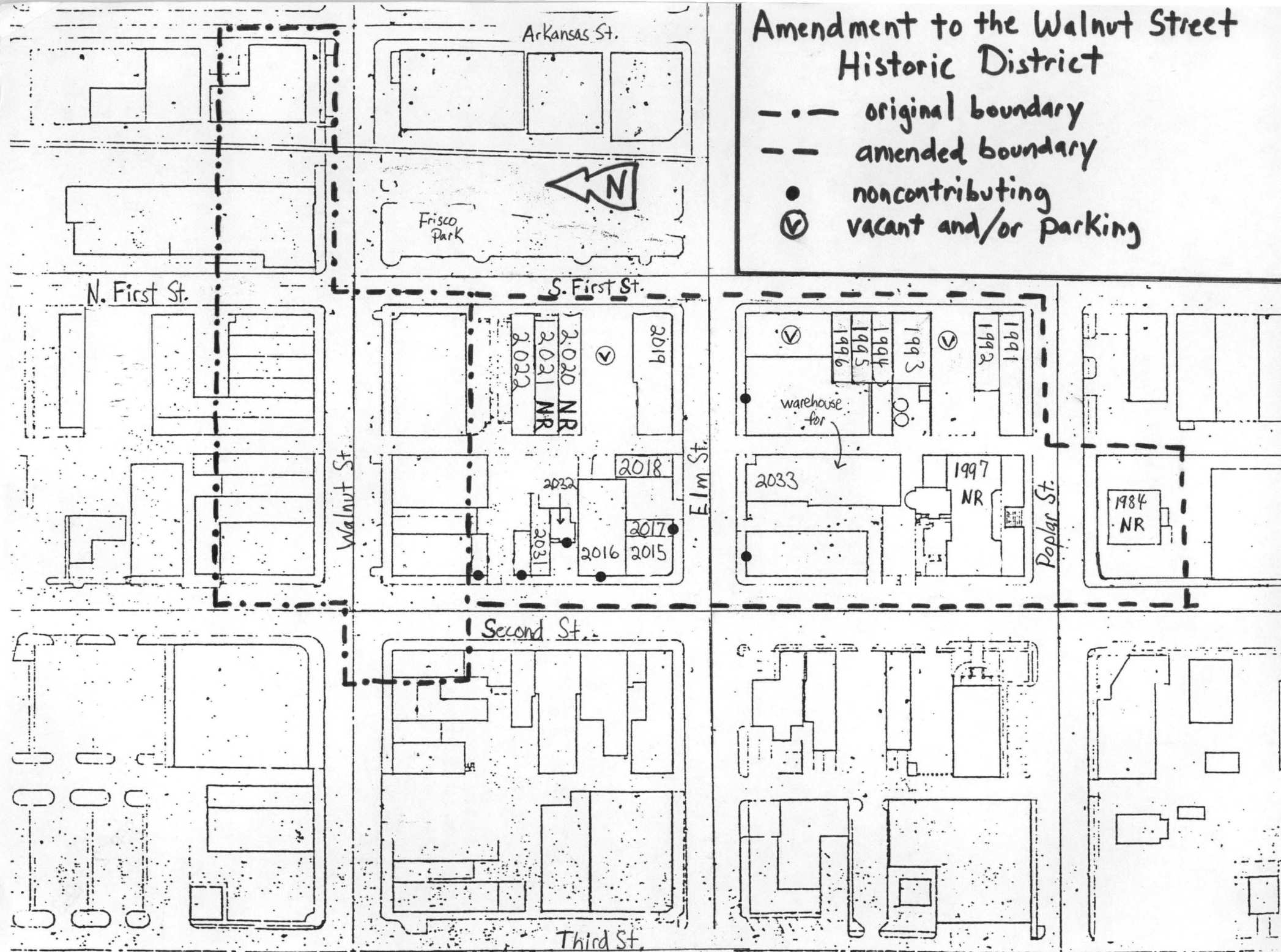
ROAD CLASSIFICATION  
Primary highway, hard surface  
Secondary highway, hard surface  
Unimproved road  
Interstate Route  
U.S. Route  
State Route

ROGERS, ARK.  
N3615—W9400/7.5  
1958  
PHOTOREVISED 1976  
AMS 7156 I SE—SERIES V884



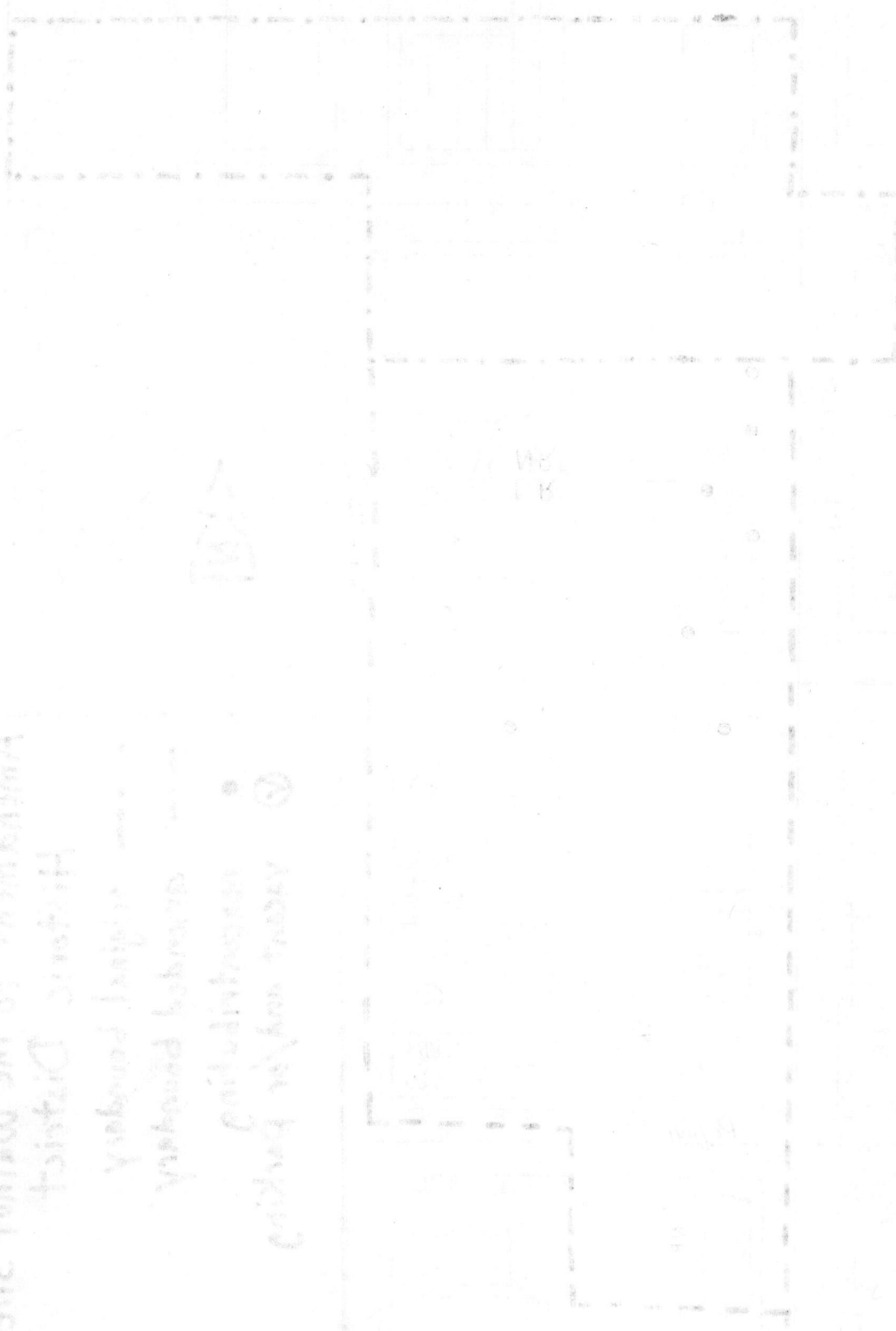
# Amendment to the Walnut Street Historic District

- original boundary
- - - amended boundary
- noncontributing
- Ⓟ vacant and/or parking





SEP 2 1993



WB  
LB

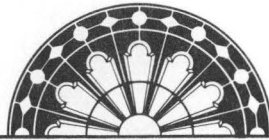
① Access to the building

Access to the building

Access to the building

Historic District

Adjacent to the Main Street



ARKANSAS  
HISTORIC  
PRESERVATION  
PROGRAM

August 12, 1993

Carol D. Shull  
Chief of Registration  
United States Department of the Interior  
National Register of Historic Places  
National Park Service  
800 North Capitol Street, Suite 250  
Washington, DC 20002

RECEIVED

SEP 02 1993

NATIONAL  
REGISTER

RE: Walnut Street Historic District (Boundary Increase)  
Rogers Commercial Historic District (preferred)  
Rogers, Benton County

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination of the above referenced property. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathy Buford Slater  
State Historic Preservation Officer

CBS:kg

Enclosures

