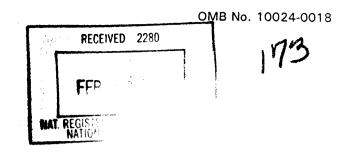
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual properties and districts. See instruction in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

complete all items.		
1. Name of Property		
historic name Hose House No. 2		
other names/site number West End Hose Hou	se, 6th and Colorado Hose	House, 5CC967
2. Location		
street & number 600 Colorado Boulevard		[N/A] not for publication
city or town Idaho Springs		[N/A] vicinity
state Colorado code CO county	Clear Creek code 019	zip code <u>80452</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
As the designated authority under the National Historic Pre [x] nomination [] request for determination of eligibility in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the property [A] meets [] does not property be considered significant [] nationally [] statew [] See continuation sheet for additional comments [].) Signature of certifying official/Title State Historic Preservation Office, Colorado Historic Prederal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property [] meets [] does not meet the (See continuation sheet for additional comments [].)	neets the documentation standard rocedural and professional require of meet the National Register criteride [x] locally. State Historic Preservation Officer Listorical Society	eby certify that this is for registering properties ements set forth in 36 CFR ria. I recommend that this days are also before the second set of the second
Signature of certifying official/Title		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau		
4. National Park Service Certification		
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date
entered in the National Register See continuation sheet []. [] determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet []. [] determined not eligible for the National Register. [] removed from the National Register	Deth Toland	3/19/98
[] other, explain See continuation sheet [].		

5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of R (Do not count previous Contributing		
[] private [x] public-local	[] building(s) [] district	0	0	buildings
[] public-State [] public-Federal	[] site [x] structure [] object	0	0	sites
	•	2	0	structures
		0	0	objects
		2	0	Total
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple p			contributing sted in the N	
		0		-
6. Function or Use				
Historic Function (Enter categories from instructions) GOVERNMENT/fire statio	n	Current Function (Enter categories from instance OTHER/storage		
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions) LATE VICTORIAN	n	Materials (Enter categories from instrumental foundation Store		
LAIL VIOLOIMAN		walls Brick	16	
		roof Asphalt		
		other		

Clear Creek/Colorado
County/State

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Hose House No. 2
Name of Property

Hose House No. 2	Clear Creek/Colorado
Name of Property	County/State
8. Statement of Significance	•
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.) [] A Property is associated with events that have	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) Architecture Community Planning and Development
made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	
[] B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	Periods of Significance
[x] C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Significant Dates
[] D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	1882
Critaria Canaidarationa	
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	
Property is:	Significant Person(s) (Complete if Criterion B is marked above).
[] A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	N/A
[] B removed from its original location.	Cultural Affiliation
[] C a birthplace or grave.	N/A
[] D a cemetery.	
[] E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	Architect/Builder
[] F a commemorative property.	Unknown
[] G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	
9. Major Bibliographic References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles and other sources used in preparing this form on one or	more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register	[X] State Historic Preservation Office[] Other State Agency[] Federal Agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	[] Local Government
] designated a National Historic Landmark	[] University
[] recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	[] Other:
#	Name of repository:

[] recorded by Historic American Engineering Record

Hose	House No.	2	Clear Creek/Colorado
	of Property		County/State
10. Ge	ographical	Data	
Acreag	e of Proper	rty Less than one	
UTM R (Place ac	eferences Iditional UTM	references on a continuation	on sheet.)
1. 13 Zone	454940 Easting	4399280 Northing	3. Zone Easting Northing
2. Zone	Easting	Northing	4. Zone Easting Northing
			[] See continuation sheet
Verbal (Describe th	Boundary I e boundaries of th	Description ne property on a continuation sheet.)	
Bounda (Explain wh	ary Justifica y the boundaries w	ation vere selected on a continuation sheet	t.)
11. Fo	m Prepared	d By	
name/t	itle <u>Mark Tl</u>	homas Harpe, Intern	(Edited by S. Doggett)
organiz	ation <u>Color</u>	ado Center for Comm	unity Development date 08-26-97
street 8	& number_5	335 16th St, Suite 320	O, Mail to Campus Box 128 telephone 303-620-4660
	& number <u>5</u> town <u>Denv</u>		
city or Additio	town <u>Denv</u> nal Docum	er	0, Mail to Campus Box 128 telephone 303-620-4660 state CO zip code 80217-3364
city or Additio Submit	town <u>Denv</u> nal Docum	entation ing items with the cor	0, Mail to Campus Box 128 telephone 303-620-4660 state CO zip code 80217-3364
Continu Maps	town <u>Denv</u> nal Docume the following uation Sheel SGS map (7.5	entation ing items with the cor ets o or 15 minute series) indica	0, Mail to Campus Box 128 telephone 303-620-4660 state CO zip code 80217-3364
City or Addition Submit Continu Maps A U A S Photog	nal Docume the following the following the following tation Sheet setch map for raphs	entation ing items with the cor ets o or 15 minute series) indica	state_CO zip code_80217-3364 mpleted form: ating the property's location. rties having large acreage or numerous resources.
Addition Submit Continu Maps A U A S Photog Rep Additio	nal Documenthe following the f	entation ing items with the cor ets for 15 minute series) indicates thistoric districts and prope	state_CO zip code_80217-3364 mpleted form: ating the property's location. rties having large acreage or numerous resources. of the property.
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Addition Submit Continu Maps A U A S Photog Rep Addition (Ch Propert	nal Docume the following the f	entation ing items with the core ets or 15 minute series) indicate historic districts and properack and white photographs SHPO or FPO for any addition	state CO zip code 80217-3364 mpleted form: ating the property's location. rties having large acreage or numerous resources. of the property. conal items)

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

DESCRIPTION

Built circa 1882, Hose House No. 2 was constructed to house the fire hose cart associated with early volunteer fire fighting efforts in the west end of Idaho Springs. The property is located in a residential area at the northeast corner of 6th Avenue and Colorado Boulevard. The hose house faces south onto Colorado Boulevard. The site is relatively flat, with a slight rise to the rear. Overall, the structure is in good condition. Although portions of its brick exterior have been patched with stucco, the property retains integrity in terms of location, setting, design, workmanship, feeling, and association.

The one-story structure has a rectangular plan measuring 16 x 20 feet. The walls are painted red and extend almost to grade, leaving very little of what appears to be a rubble foundation visible. The north wall was stuccoed at an unknown date, and there are stucco patches on the lower portion of the west, south, and east walls. The brick walls extend to form a parapet on the east, south, and west. The parapet is topped with corbeled brick detailing on the south facade. On the east and west, the parapet is stepped.

The flat roof consists of wood rafters that extend beyond the north wall and a wood sub-roof that is covered with rolled asbestos roofing. A brick chimney, capped with decorative brickwork pierces the roof on the east.

The south facade includes a central segmental arch opening which contains two wood paneled garage doors that are painted white with brick red trim. The surrounding wood frame is also painted red. The doors, which appear to be original, have been rehung to open outward. A standard size entry door exists within the left garage door. Within the arch, above the doors, the inscription "HOSE No 2" appears in white.

Single, double hung 4/4 wood framed windows, set in segmental arches of brick, are found on the east and west walls. The wood lug sills, windows, and surrounding trim are painted white. There are no openings on the north.

On the interior, the rafters and the brick walls are exposed. The floor is concrete. On the east wall, the brick chimney includes an outlet for a pot-bellied stove pipe. Although the structure currently functions as a storage facility for antique fire fighting equipment, it ceased to function as a working hose house in 1929.

Siren Tower

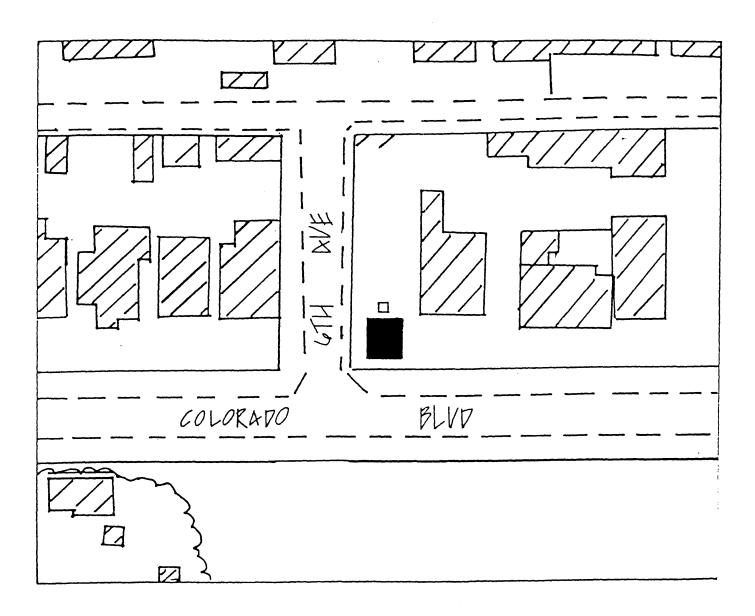
The circa 1916 siren tower, located approximately 6 feet to the north of the hose house, is a contributing structure. The tower, approximately 6 feet square at its base, is constructed of angle iron and is topped with a cylindrical metal siren that is painted green. On the east side, a narrow metal ladder extends to the top of the tower's framework.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

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SITE PLAN



0 TOWER

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2

STURROUNDING BUILDINGS

H T

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 3

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

SIGNIFICANCE

The circa 1882 Hose House No. 2 is significant under Criterion C for Architecture as a building type associated with a period of construction and for Community Development and Planning for its association with the early efforts of Idaho Springs residents to provide basic community infrastructure.

During the late 19th and early 20th century, three small brick hose houses were constructed, at strategic locations within Idaho Springs, to support the larger Central Hose House located in the downtown commercial area. The small hose houses were similar in appearance and design, and each played a significant role in the community's fire fighting efforts. Although specifically constructed only for storage of the carts which carried the fire hoses, their arched window and door openings and decorative brickwork trim reflected the use of materials and detailing found in the much larger commercial buildings being constructed in the downtown area during the same period.

Hose House No. 2 was constructed in order to protect the west end of the growing city and is believed to have initially functioned as a substation of the Central Hose House. The structure and its hose cart remained in service until 1929.

The circa 1907 East End Hose House was demolished at an unconfirmed date, while the circa 1882 Hose House No. 2 and the 1881 Bryan Hose House remain intact. Hose House No. 2 compares favorably with the Bryan Hose House which is located approximately one mile to the east. The significance of the property is enhanced by the existence of the surviving siren tower located to the structure's north.

Hose House No. 2 remains at its original location, set close to the adjacent street, and its small rectangular plan, original lettering, and large double doors contribute to its ability to reflect its historic use. Although the original brick exterior has been painted and portions have been patched with stucco, the structure retains sufficient integrity to serve as an important visual reminder of its role in the establishment of basic community infrastructure within Idaho Springs.

Historic Background

The success of the surrounding mining region influenced the growth and development of Idaho Springs. Placer operations in the 1860s first resulted in a temporary community of tents and primitive wood structures. By the 1870s, the accelerating development of hardrock mining began to give the community an aura of stability. The arrival of the railroad in 1877 strengthened Idaho Springs' position as a supply center, and numerous brick commercial buildings, reflecting late Victorian and early 20th-century detailing, were constructed in the downtown business district.

NPS Form 10-900a (Rev. 8/86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

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The Idaho Springs Fire Department was organized in 1878 after a devastating fire burned a local boarding house and brewery to the ground. The failure of the local bucket brigade to contain this fire prompted the community to organize against the threat of future fires.

Since the primary function of the small hose houses was hose cart storage, the volunteers met with other hose company volunteers in the circa 1878, wood frame Central Hose House on Miner Street, adjacent to an early town hall. Circa 1912, a new wood frame Central Hose House, located at 1340 Miner Street, was constructed to accommodate the changing needs of the fire department. This building is recognized as contributing to the National Register listed Idaho Springs Downtown Commercial District.

By 1886, Idaho Springs had a fire department of 70 volunteer men, 3 independent hose carts, 1,800 feet of 2½ inch hose, 1 hook and ladder truck, and 17 double hydrants.

The three hose carts, which were used to carry hoses to fight fires, were housed at three distinct locations within the city. The hose carts were physically pulled by volunteer firemen to the scene of a fire. Multiple locations made the fire fighting efforts more productive by reducing the distance between the equipment and the actual fires. By 1886, the hose cart locations were: the Central Hose House, Hose House No. 2, also known as the West End Hose House; and the Bryan Hose House, also known as Hose Company No. 2.

Volunteers who manned the hose carts were organized into independent companies. These organizations known as hose companies usually consisted of 20 to 30 volunteers. They were headed by a foreman who had an assistant foreman, and a secretary and treasurer to help with administrative duties. Each hose company was responsible for raising funds and maintaining its equipment.

The volunteer fire companies usually functioned as brotherhoods or fraternal organizations. Potential members were voted on and faced the possibility of being blackballed. Members were expected to attend a certain number of meetings annually and were removed from the roster if they did not. As was typical, the Idaho Springs companies sponsored fundraising balls and participated in a variety of social events both locally and statewide.

The Idaho Springs Fire Department was headed by a chief engineer and an assistant chief engineer. The chief made semi-annual reports available to the proper governing body. His report often gave information on the condition of fire fighting equipment, the total number of volunteers within all the companies, the number of fires and their outcomes and recommendations on how to make the community a safer place from the danger of fire.

By 1904, a third hose company, Hose Company No. 3, had been formed. In 1907, Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps credit Idaho Springs with having 80 volunteers, 4 hose houses, one hook and ladder truck and 5 independent hose carts. The fourth hose house was called the East End Hose House and was located in the rapidly growing east end of town.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

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During a meeting held on December 7, 1920, the companies decided to consolidate. Fire ordinances which had promoted safer living conditions, the use of more fire resistant building materials, the ability of fire fighters to respond more quickly, and the stability of the city prompted the consolidation. By 1921, with the approval of the city council, only one company consisting of 40 members met.

In 1926, the Idaho Springs Fire Department re-organized again into four district districts: the Grass Valley, East Miner and Soda Creek District, which included the East End Hose House; the Sunnyside District, which included the Bryan Hose House; the Central District, which included the Central Hose House; and the West End District, which included the West End Hose House.

These districts each contained a series of fire boxes which were hooked up by telegraph to a main or central alarm box in the Central Hose House. If an alarm was pulled, the bell in the belfry of the Central Hose House tower would ring in code to summon the volunteers.

In 1929, after much debate and effort, Idaho Springs bought its first motorized fire fighting truck which rendered the hose carts and their hose houses obsolete.

Circa 1960, the former King Hotel directly across the street from the Central Hose House was converted into a fire house. It functioned as the fire station until a new one was built on Colorado Boulevard in the eastern portion of the city in 1963.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

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- Zurier, Rebecca. The Firehouse: An Architectural and Social History. Abbeville Press, NY. 1982. Third Printing 1991.

Unpublished Materials

- Bradley, Christine, Clear Creek County Archivist and Historian. [Materials Gathered from 19th Century Newspapers the *Colorado Miner* and the *Georgetown Courier*], copy of which was given to Mark Thomas Harpe by Christine Bradley in June of 1997.
- Minute Books from April 1912 March 1940 of the Idaho Springs Fire Department, kept in possession of the Idaho Springs Fire Department. (Don Krueger, acting fire chief, Clear Creek County, Colorado, 1997).
- Scrapbook of the Idaho Springs Fire Department, kept in possession of the Idaho Springs Fire Department. (Don Krueger, acting fire chief, Clear Creek County, Colorado, 1997.)
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Section number 10 Page 7

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

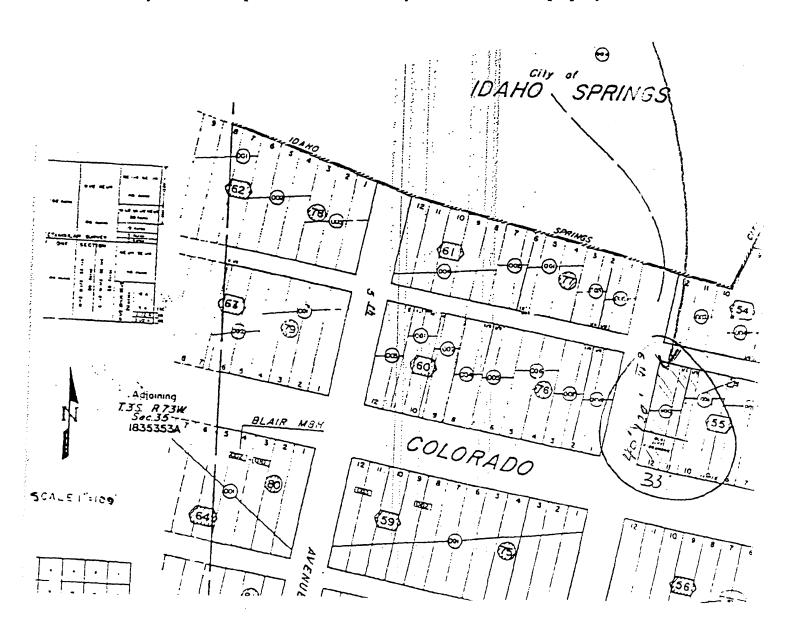
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Verbal Boundary Description

The south 40 feet of the west ½ of Lot 11 & the south 40 feet of Lot 12, Block 55, in the City of Idaho Springs, the County of Clear Creek, the State of Colorado.

Boundary Justification

The boundary includes the parcel of land historically associated with the property.

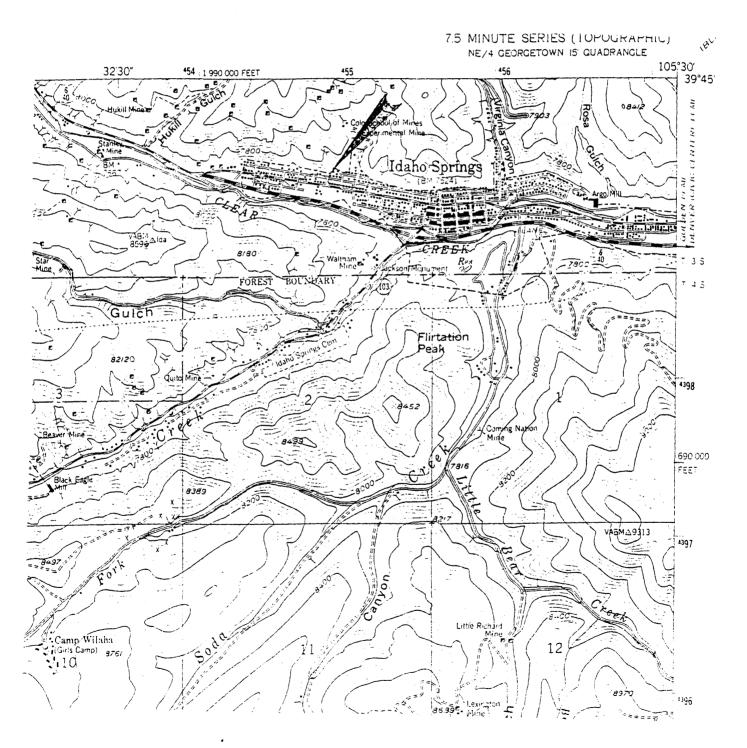


National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

Section number <u>Additional Materials</u> Page <u>8</u>

USGS MAP Idaho Springs, Colorado



United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

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HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

Section number <u>Additional Materials</u> Page <u>9</u>

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

The following information pertains to photographs numbers 1-6.

Name of Property: Hose House No. 2

Location: 600 Colorado Boulevard, Idaho Springs, Clear Creek County, CO 80452

Photographer: Mark Harpe

Date of Photographs: October 1997

Negatives: City of Idaho Springs, 1711 Miner Street, P.O. Box 907, Idaho Springs, CO 80452

Photo No.	Information
1	South facade, view north
2	South and east sides, view northwest
3	South facade, view north
4	East side, view northwest
5	North side, with siren tower, view south
6	West and south sides, view northeast

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

BRYAN HOSE HOUSE Clear Creek County, CO

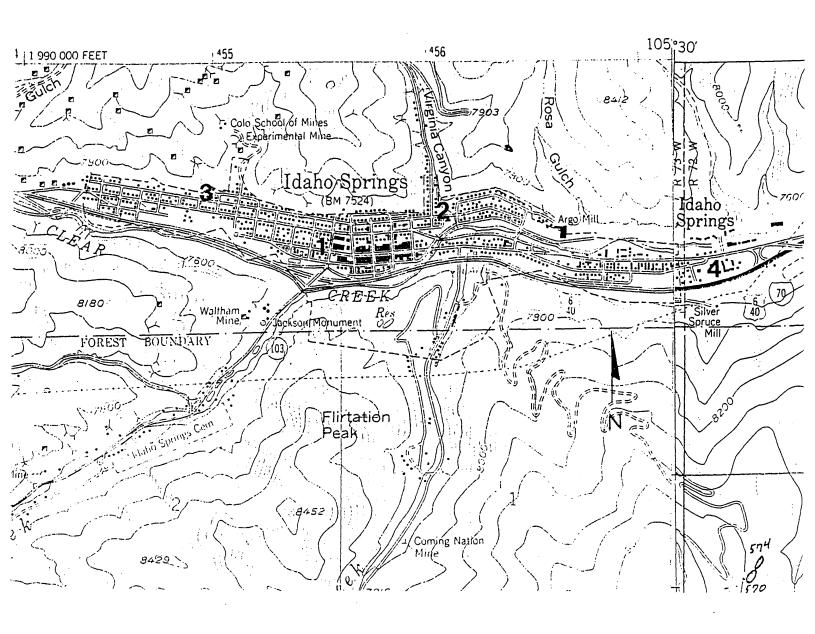
Section number Additional Materials Page 10

LOCATIONAL MAP

Idaho Springs - Late 19th & Early 20th Century - Firefighting Facilities

<u>Key</u>

- 1. Central Hose House
- 2. Bryan Hose House
- 3. Hose House No. 2
- 4. East End Hose House demolished



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

HOSE HOUSE NO. 2 Clear Creek County, CO

Section number Additional Materials Page 10

LOCATIONAL MAP

Idaho Springs - Late 19th & Early 20th Century - Firefighting Facilities

<u>Key</u>

- 1. Central Hose House
- 2. Bryan Hose House
- 3. Hose House No. 2
- 4. East End Hose House demolished

