Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

REGISTERED N	ATIONAL
HISTORIC LAN	DMARKS

1	۰.	Ð	÷ .	١÷	Ð.	c.	1	t C	÷.	12	.	11	£.	×.		×9.	27	чç:	800	80.	23	25	8.3	<u>.</u>	191	e de r	- E -	1977	S. 1	
2	<u>ي</u> رو		0.1	v	Γ.	0	٠÷.,		iΕ	. N		1	٩.	ж.	26	æ.,	č.		V/	93	ς,	£0		XV	÷.,	8°.	273		· · ·	ł
•	20		-00	0	- 22	C			0.2		9- I	10	2.3	22	64		ð.,		$^{>>}$	6,2	ŝ.	28	č. 1	en:	1. S	4.1	4.0	Sec.,	÷	
ľ	\sim	92	X	20	-	22			2 T			œ				22	20	23		÷.	57	13	÷.,	à. 3	2.2	÷.	45	6.57	< <	
ĩ	87		1		18	121	82	्यत	293	24		-62	92	14	v	~~	6.2	6.2	<u>م</u>	31	÷	22	14	×.		-17	12	×.	×1.	
	1		10	÷.	1.1	-07	6. 1		210	्र	٠.,		÷.	11	£.	÷.	λ.	÷.,	e 17	1.1	А.	S	S., 3	274	۰.	×.	wi	11	2.	
è	ŵ	÷.	ć.	1	÷ν	<u></u>	<u></u>	-32	8.7	- 22	226	24	60	0.13	37	1.5	23	÷.	8 J.	4.5	25	20	200	6 <u>7</u> .,	Z.	×.	21	÷.	Q 84.	
l	÷	Ŧ	36	1	v	F .	D	-02	- 2	£.	0er	14	2	23	œ	33	99	6ġ.,	$d \sim$	47	· .	1	9. Pr	S.,	с.	Ъ.,	1.		-22	
2			Ч.	۰.	۳.		*	10	516	s. 1	er.	÷.,	22	12	Ċ.	à.	. F	£2	ς.	19	0	10	$X \downarrow$	99	- P-		10	$(n)^{2}$	S	
	à		1	۰.	. 84		÷.	1.1	11	9.2	90	<u>_</u> ```	 1 	1	11	1				- C.	j×.	20	з.,	20	22	×.,	÷.,	×.,	6 y	

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS **TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS** NAME United States Courthouse, Custom House and Post Office HISTORIC AND/OR COMMON Pioneer Courthouse The 2 LOCATION 555 S. W. Yamhill STREET & NUMBER NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Portland 3rd VICINITY OF STATE CODE Multnomah CODE Oregon 97204 41 **3** CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY **OWNERSHIP** STATUS PRESENT USE __DISTRICT X_PUBLIC COCCUPIED ___AGRICULTURE ___MUSEUM X_BUILDING(S) ___PRIVATE __UNOCCUPIED ___COMMERCIAL ___PARK __STRUCTURE __WORK IN PROGRESS ___BOTH ___EDUCATIONAL **___PRIVATE RESIDENCE** __SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE ___ENTERTAINMENT __OBJECT ___YES: RESTRICTED __IN PROCESS X_GOVERNMENT ___SCIENTIFIC ___BEING CONSIDERED XYES: UNRESTRICTED __TRANSPORTATION _INDUSTRIAL __NO __MILITARYOTHER: **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY** United States Government (GSA) NAME STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN	T.T. N. P		STATE	
	Washington vicin	ITY OF	D.C.	
5 LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCRIPT	ION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	Multnomah County Courth	nouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Portland		Oregon 97204	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXISTING	SURVEYS		
TITLE	Historic American Build	lings Survey		
DATE	1954, 1964	XXFEDERALSTAT	ECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Library of Congress			
CITY, TOWN	Washington		STATE D.C.	

7 DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE			
X_EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	X_ORIGINAL	SITE		
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE		
FAIR	UNEXPOSED					

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE The following description was prepared by Elizabeth Potter:

"Occupying a full city block in downtown Portland at S. W. Fifth Avenue and Morrison Street, the U.S. Courthouse and Custom House is presently being renovated under supervision of the General Services Administration for use by the Ninth U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals and the bankruptcy division of Oregon's U.S. District Court. The building, popularly called "Pioneer Post Office" for many years, was officially redesignated "Pioneer Courthouse" by GSA in 1969. In 1963 it had been expected that the building would be surplused owing to proposed construction of a new federal building in Portland. However, in 1967 the U.S. Court of Appeals asked that the building be retained and restored for continued use by federal court offices. GSA prepared a feasibility study, and, having the support of the Oregon Historical Society, Portland Art Association and the local chapter of the AIA and other groups, the request was acted upon favorably. Exterior restoration work was carried out between 1971 and 1972. Interior renovation contract work was let in 1972 and is expected to be completed in time for re-dedication ceremonies scheduled for May 1, 1973.

During expansion and remodeling carried out between 1903 and 1905, wings consistent with the original design were added to the west face, and certain modifications were made to the interior. Current restoration work has been aimed at the appearance of 1905. Supervision of initial construction work has been attributed to local architect John H. Holman and to an E. B. St. John. Contractor was William Luther Higgins. Remodeling shortly after the turn of the century was directed by Portland architect Edgar Lazarus.

The following passages are quoted from Dr. Joseph A. Baird, Jr., Historic American Buildings Survey Photograph-Data Book Report, 1964.

"The original Post Office was a rectangular structure of stone which stood unaltered until 1903. At that time additions at the west (on 6th Street) increased the floor space of the first floor to almost double what it had been and continued on the second and third floors as two wings at the west of the older structure - with an open space between. It would be unwise to say that the building was 'spoiled' by these additions as they are a meticulously exact imitation of the style of the original structure - in the same kind of stone (apparently from a different quarry). Furthermore, they are essentially the kind of wings that might be expected on this kind of restrained building...

The basement level is made up of a thick wall of stones, with an externally roughened surface laid in regular horizontal courses. The first story was divided (east and west) into nine 'bays,' with a projecting group of three



PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1869-1875

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Alfred B. Mullett

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

One of the first monumental buildings to be constructed in the Pacific Northwest, the Pioneer Court House is the oldest standing Federal building in that area. Officially renamed in 1969, the structure had been a Post Office and a United States District Court (1875-1933) where the infamous land fraud trails began in 1904. The building was designed by Alfred Bult Mullett, who designed the United States Mint in San Francisco at about the same time. Mullet was the Supervisor, Architect of the Treasury from 1866 until 1874 when a large building program was taking place after the Civil War. He was responsible for the north wing of the U. S. Treasury in Washington, D.C. and the State, War and Navy Building as well as regional Federal structures in both the classic and the French Empire style.

Elizabeth Potter, in her report for the National Register, writes: "The following passages are quoted from Dr. Joseph A. Baird, Jr., Historic American Buildings Survey Photograph-Data Book Report, 1964.

"The Pioneer Post Office (so named in 1937, when it was again activated as a post office after three years of disuse) is undoubtedly the singly most important building of the American Northwest to survive into the 20th century. Finished in 1875, it was a dignified exemplar of Italianate (albeit more classicist) design, following the precedent of much civic and government building in both San Francisco and Portland. The additions of 'wings' (from the second story up), at the west in 1903, give it a more Baroque shape and made it more visually comparable to the San Francisco Mint - built also in the early 1870s. Long threatened by both government and city officials, the building has fortunately survived in a relatively intact condition, exteriorly and interiorly.

On February 24, 1869, the city council authorized Mayor Hamilton Boyd to sell the block to the United States Government for a customs house and post office at a cost of \$15,000. The sale was consummated two days later for the two hundred foot square block. At the time of its purchase, the Federal Government was criticized for locating the Court House and Post Office so far from the center of town, then down near the river. It was humorously suggested that a pony express service be established between the new Post Office and the center of business. Although the building's cost is variously given as

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

(See Continuation Sheet)

ACDEAGE OF NOMINATED DOODEDTV	ATA		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY UTM REFERENCES	,,,, <u></u> , <u></u>		
A 1 10 5 2 15 2 13 10 ZONE EASTING C 1 2 1 1 1 1		B ZONE EASTIN	
Block 172 of the origin		und	
Diver 172 of the origin	lai piat oi roitia		
LIST ALL STATES AND CO	OUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING STAT	E OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Carolyn Pitts, Architec ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey I STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW		Park Service	DATE 2/17/77 TELEPHONE
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey I STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN		Park Service	2/17/77
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey E STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington	Division, National		2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey I STREET& NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington	Division, National	OFFICER CEF	2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240 RTIFICATION
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey I STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington	Division, National	OFFICER CER	2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240 RTIFICATION
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey I STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTORIC P THE EVALUA NATIONAL X As the designated State Historic Pres	Division, National RESERVATION ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF TH STATE servation Officer for the Nat clusion in the National Reg ne National Park Service.	OFFICER CER HIS PROPERTY WITHIN	2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240 RTIFICATION THE STATE IS: LOCAL on Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665).
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey E STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTORIC P THE EVALUA NATIONAL X As the designated State Historic Pres hereby nominate this property for in criteria and procedures set forth by th	Division, National RESERVATION ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF TH STATE servation Officer for the Nat clusion in the National Reg ne National Park Service.	OFFICER CER HIS PROPERTY WITHIN	2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240 RTIFICATION
ORGANIZATION Historic Sites Survey E STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW. CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTORIC P THE EVALUA NATIONAL X As the designated State Historic Pres hereby nominate this property for in criteria and procedures set forth by th FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATUR	Division, National RESERVATION ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF TH STATE servation Officer for the Nat clusion in the National Reg ne National Park Service.	OFFICER CEF	2/17/77 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464 STATE D.C. 20240 CTIFICATION THE STATE IS: LOCAL on Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). If has been evaluated according to the DATE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse

CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER 6 PAGE 2
TITLE:	Statewide Inventory of Historic Sites and Buildings
DATE:	1970FEDERAL <u>x</u> STATE _COUNTY _LOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:	Parks and Recreation Section, Oregon State Highway Bldg.
CITY, TOWN	Salem STATE Oregon 97310



NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

bays at the center of each face. Corner and internal articulation, vertically, is achieved with smoothy rusticated pilasters of sandstone. The eight windows and single door (of the original facades - the west facade is now different) were crowned with flattened arches with a stubby keystone in the center. Window and door reveals were set back in two levels of recession from the main facade plane. The windows have muntins of wood, making four panes in each window. The second and third stories were grouped (again there are the changes of 1903 on the west) as a single story with colossal Roman Doric pilasters on bases above a salient string course; above, is a classical entablature of Doric type without triglyphs and metopes. The cornice has mutules, as did the raking cornice of the pediment over the projecting central section of each facade.

The north and south facades are alike. Each is a repeat of the salient central section of the east and west facades - again made salient from this north and south face of the building, with a section of wall and with corner pilasters to complete the composition.

The windows of the second story on all facades are relatively tall; and their narrowness is emphasized by the continuation of vertical moldings at either side, to the main string course below - the space between the bottom of the window and the horizontal molding above the string course being treated as a rectangular recessed panel. Each window is capped with a strongly projecting cornice strip, supported on consoles - in the Italianate manner. The windows of the third story are simple square shapes with framing moldings to give them plastic definition. The roof is a modified gable-hip type, with angles of intersection where the salient sections come together. There are four sandstone chimneys on each side of the building, east and west, serving old fireplaces inside (now generally unused). An octagonal cupola of wood crowns the entire building, in the center of the roof. It has a pseudo-balustrade (obviously not to be used as a balustrade) beneath each arched window (of each of the eight sides) the arch above being strengthened visually with repeated moldings and a continuous molding horizontally at the springing point of the arches. The domed cap of the cupola rises above a cornice with mutules and a dentil course.

Of the original interior (finished in 1875) the main hall on the first floor, the stairway at the north, and the great Court Room on the second floor are the best preserved. All are of exceptional architectural interest



NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 3

and of fine design quality. The hall on the first (main) floor is made up of six 'bays' which start at the south and end at the staircase on the north side of the building. The side elevations of these 'bays' is ennobled with a colossal order of wooden pilasters, grouped as pairs at the point of abutment of each 'bay.' Their capitals are of a Roman Doric type, with egg and dart molding in the echinus; the fluting is of the Ionic type. A ten inch grey and white marble baseboard rises to the base of these pilasters; above each of them is a plaster (mastic?) console. The squared ceiling compartment of each 'bay' is enriched with additional moldings to emphasize its The entire effect of heavily varnished (apparently oak) - pilasters shape. and white ceiling is handsome and dignified. The floor is a combination of marble and terranzzo. Various doors and wicket-like windows punctuate the side elevations, and provide access to the rooms at the east and west which are generally of less architectural interest than the hall. Many have had interior revisions, and new lighting, in more recent times.

The stair is an interesting structural type - rising in two side flights to a mezzanine landing, and then continuing (reversing itself) to the second floor with one central flight; it is the so-called 'imperial' stair, and is appropriate to this building's stylistic character. The woods of the stair are reported to be of Oregon ash and walnut - probably ash for the steps and balusters, and walnut for the handrails. All have been heavily varnished. An elevator (probably dating from the additions of 1903) rises to the west of the stair.

On the second floor, at the head of the stair, is the entrance to the great Court Room - magnificent chamber of rectangular shape, with the judge's chambers to the south. This Court Room is also articulated vertically with colossal pilasters, grouped as pairs on the east and west sides (center) and singly on the north and south sides (center). At the corners there are single pilasters on each face, making two for each corner. There are great doors, at north and south, and a simple, but attractive fireplace in the center of the north wall. On the west, there is one main central door to the hall; on the east there are three large windows between the pilasters. All of the trim is of wood (oak apparently), yellow with varnish; the pilasters are again (as in the first floor hall) of the Doric type with Ionic fluting. Above, a massive entablature with dentil course over the triglyph blocks above each pilaster leads to the ceiling. This is enriched in the center with an oval molding with high relief areas of ornament (cartouches around central bosses) - east, west, north and south.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

Pioneer Courthouse

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 4

A great gas chandelier was once the principal artificial light source of the room; it has disappeared, as has all of the superb walnut furniture." The restoration was done by George McMath, AIA.¹

¹ National Register form, Elizabeth Potter.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

\$250,000, \$365,000 or \$450,000, it was actually \$396,500 - as proven by the Congressional Acts necessary to finance construction. The official completion date is October 1, 1875.

Since it was built under the direction of the supervising architect of the United States Treasury, A. B. Mullett, one might assume he had something to do with the design. Like the contemporary Old Mint in San Francisco, it is in a generally classicizing Baroque manner, although there are Italianate aspects of the Portland Post Office - in the tall narrow windows - not seen in San Francisco. The local supervising architects E. B. St. John and/or John H. Holman, may have had something to do with the details. The builder was William L. Higgins. Trees were planted in the last stages of construction in 1874-1875 and are still standing.

An Act of Congress, approved June 6, 1902, called for extension to the building at a cost of \$200,000. On December 17, 1902, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Post Master General and the Secretary of the Interior personally signed authorization for construction of two new wings at the west side of the structure (on Sixth Street). They were wings only from the second story up; below that, the interior was complete between the wings.

...Sharing the main (first) floor with the Post Office was the Internal Revenue Department and the Office of the Surveyor General. Office of the United States Marshall and Clerk of the United States Court, as well as the District Court itself, occupied the second floor. In 1875, the third floor did not have permanent tenants. Between September, 1933 and December, 1936, the Post Office service was closed in this building, when both Post Office and Court moved to new quarters at S. W. Broadway and Main Streets. After the removal of 1933-1936, the inconvenience of not having a central, downtown Post Office had caused the Postal Department to open a branch in the old Post Office building again, early in 1937."¹

The exterior restoration was finished in 1971, before the interior restoration began. Architects for the restoration were Allen-McMath-Hawkins with George McMath the principal in charge of the job. This million dollar restoration was undertaken by the General Services Administration, encouraged by Ninth Circuit Court Judge John F. Kilkenny who has also overseen the acquisition and preservation of some of the magnificent furniture.

"The oak woodwork on the walls of the courtroom is more than 100 years old, as is a substantial part of the ash paneling and other woodwork in the chambers, hallways, main floor lobbies and in the chambers, courtrooms and

100000740000	2/2012/2020					
- 8 o 10		USE OI		 1, 10, 42, 6, 1941. 		 E. M. C. 1975 A.
	S. S	5 B Po S				1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
14 C				 A. A. MINARSET, 14 		[1] The second s
11 I.L.	100 A.C. 10	 ODEVLAN 			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11 J 12 J 26 J 2
E	 M. M. Martin 	 Constant State 1 (1998) 	and the second second			1 - C. A. A. M. H.
	1. S.	- 1974 - E. 1984 - E. 17	and shared t	the states of the		
1 I. I. I. I.	1.111.2		e ta filmenta element			1. S. A. S.
Secolutions.	. I David John	A. N. COMBART	승규는 가격하지 않는다.	and a start of the		- 11 N M - 12 N
and the last	a state in the state of		and the second	とうこう 好き 急からない しょう		
	EIVE		1	an tao tao amin'ny faritr'i Andre and A		1. A Strategic Content
	1		and the set of the			
	NN 1981 NG		A. 24			10 A. A. A. A. C. C.
	ha see Cilian daa	a shekiri da S	112	그는 국제 가격을 얻는 것을 수 있다.	•	and the first of the second
6. ST 1. S		a shi ka ƙwalara	engele a ser e ser	the second states and s		
6 J.C. SA	11 A H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	u i de reserve	laa fi sa ah fi shifi sa fi sa	ごうふん くちょうかい		
	(1) (4) (4) (4)	a an	Y4	1.1.2.30.141.0	1 A A	
1.1	- NACONI	 (11) 1.15411 - 6 		 The state frequency 		
1. N. L.	- 1.11(1)(2)(3)	en de baset fabrica das	parts for the second	a i male sector d	11 J.	
1 M 1 M 1		THE OWNER AND AND AND	the state of the s	1994 C. C. Sterrer 1997		二 日本 おお 日本 日本
	Sec. 2.1	TERED	i propiosi de la compañía de la comp	一点,我们的问题是你的人们的	1	그는 김 씨는 아이들이 있는 것이 없다.
	A 100 Date:	A Star I I Have Ball	Charles States and Aller	ent esta desta de la co		그는 사람이 이 집에서 다 같다.
	Luu u secono.		and the second	and the second		Contraction of the second second
						-

¹Elizabeth Potter, National Register Form

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 3

hallways of the third floor. The priceless old furniture comes from a number of Federal Courthouses from as far east as Chicago. The bench lamps are from Chicago, the public benches from St. Paul, Minnesota, the hat and umbrella rack from Butte, Montana, counsel tables with matching lectern and chairs from Spokane, two Seth Thomas clocks, stand-up desk and cabinets from Bellingham, other items of furniture from Judge Deady's original chambers and courtroom, and other antique tables and chairs from Los Angeles and San Francisco, the antique McGinn chair from Multnomah County Circuit Court, Mahoney rolltop dest from Heppner, and other charming articles from interested Oregonians.

> "One hundred years ago it was a marvel for its place. In a reverse sense it is today a marvel - for its place. It is a marvel and is a tribute to the community that has preserved it, and is a very moving and enduring link between two so very different centuries." (Carl Gohs)"²



²Brochure Pioneer Court House.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Pioneer Courthouse

RECEIVED	FC)R	NPS	USE	ONLY	6				
RECEIVED							수는 가슴 가슴 가슴 ''김 수있 '' 가슴	•		
	DE	0	IN/E	n.				an a		
2011년 전 1월 2012년 1월 2012년 1월 2012년 1월 2012년 1월 2012년 1월 2012년 1912년 - 1913년 1월 2012년 1월 2012	F7 5	- 64						 		n di ja Programs
									1	

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 1

Historic American Buildings Survey Inventory Sheet prepared by Oregon Chapter, American Institute of Architects, July 10, 1954. Historic American Buildings Survey Photograph-Data Book Report (ORE-52) pre-

Historic American Buildings Survey Photograph-Data Book Report (ORE-52) prepared by Joseph A. Baird, Jr., June 1964.

Ross, Marion D., <u>A Century of Architecture in Oregon, 1859-1959</u> (Women's Architectural League of the Oregon Chapter, AIA, 1959), 4.

Vaughan, Thomas, and McMath, George A., <u>A Century of Portland Architecture</u> (Portland: Oregon Historical Society, 1967), 19-21.

Jumper, Ken, "Portland's Old Post Office Preserved, Now 'The Pioneer Courthouse,'" Oregon Journal (November 18, 1969), 4.

Southwell, James, "Renovation Dated Soon for Portland Landmark," Oregonian (January 19, 1972), 23.



Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

PHOTOGRAPHS AND THEIR DESCRIPTIONS

Pioneer Courthouse, Portland, Oregon

Photo credit: George McMath, Portland, Oregon

Photo descriptions: 1. Facade.

- 2. Courtroom.
- 3. Lobby.