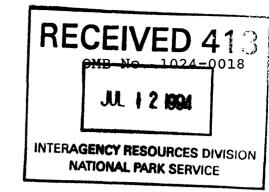
9:23

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM



1. Name of Property
historic name: Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou
other names/site number: Las Tumbas de Le Guillou, The Tombs Le Guillou
2. Location
street & number: 200 Santa María Road not for publication city or town: Isabel Segunda vicinity _X_ state: Puerto Rico code: PR county: Vieques code: 147 zip code: 00765
3. State/Federal Agency Certification
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that this <u>X</u> nomination <u>request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property <u>X</u> meets <u>does not meet the National Register Criteria.</u> I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide <u>X</u> locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)</u>
Alam
Xrleen Pabón PhD July 5, 1994 Signature of certifying official Date
Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office State or Federal agency and bureau
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of commenting or other official Date
State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification		
I, hereby certify that this property is	: ^	
entered in the National Register See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register	Mag. M. ngg	<u>8,26,94</u>
removed from the National Register		
other (explain):		
	Signature of Keeper	Date of Action
5. Classification		=========
Ownership of Property X_ private public-local public-State public-Federal Category of Property building(s) districtX site structure object		
Number of Resources within Property Contributing	Noncontributing _0_ buildings _0_ sites _0_ structures) _0_ objects _0_ Total	
Number of contributing resources previo Register _0_	usly listed in the Nati	onal

USDI/NPS NRHP Form Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Vieques, Puerto Rico

OMB No. 1024-0018 Page #3

Name of related	d multiple property listing: N/A
6. Function or	
Historic Funct Cat: Reli	ions
Current Function Cat: Relie	
7. Description	
Architectural	Classification: Neoclassical Funerary
roof: walls: other:	Brick, Stucco Stone
Narrative Desc	ription
8. Statement of	f Significance
Applicable Nat	ional Register Criteria
<u>x</u> A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
В	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
<u>x</u> c	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.
Criteria Consi	derations
A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.

		В	removed t	from its original location.
		C	birthplac	ce or a grave.
	<u>x</u>	D	cemetery	•
		E	econstruc	cted building, object,or structure.
		Fac	commemorat:	ive property.
		G	less than past 50 ye	n 50 years of age or achieved significance within the ears.
Areas	of S	Signif	icance:	Settlement Agriculture Architecture
Perio	d of	Signi	ficance: :	1843 - 1855
Signi	fica	nt Dat	es: 1843 ,	1855
Signi	fica	nt Per	son: N/A	
Cultu	ral Z	Affili	ation: N/	A
Archi	tect,	/Build	ler: N/A	
Narra	tive	State		ignificance
	-		graphical	References
Previ p p p d r	ous oreling reviews reviews the sign ecore	documeminary lested ously ously hated ded by	entation or determina l. listed in determined a National Historic	n file (NPS) ation of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been the National Register d eligible by the National Register l Historic Landmark American Buildings Survey # American Engineering Record #
_ <u>X</u> _ S O F L	tate ther edera ocal nive	Histo State al age gover rsity	oric Presen	tional Data rvation Office

USDI/NPS NRHP Form Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Vieques, Puerto Rico

OMB No. 1024-0018 Page #5

Name of repository: Archivo Histórico de Vieques
10. Geographical Data
Acreage of Property: Less than one acre
UTM References Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing 1 18 242640 2009880 3 2 4
Verbal Boundary Description
Boundary Justification
11. Form Prepared By
name/title: Hector Santiago Cazull/ Architectural Conservator; Robert Rabin Historian. (Revised and edited by the Puerto Rico State Historic Preservatio Office)
organization: Cultural Center Yaureibo and Institute of Puerto Rican Culture
date: September 30, 1993
street & number: 54 Ulises Martínez St. telephone: (809) 850-1885
city or town: Humacao state: PR zip code: 00791

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section Page

Vieques, Puerto Rico

RECEIMED INTERASENCY RESOURCES DIVISION Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Las Tumbas Le Guillou are a group of six graves located in a small, family graveyard, behind the house and vegetable garden, within the property of a Mr. García, on State Road #200, in Barrio Santa María, on the Island of Vieques, Puerto Rico (see sketch map). This property once belonged to the Hacienda La Pacience, the first sugar plantation on the Island, belonging to the Le Guillou Family.

The group of six stuccoed, brick and rubble-masonry tombs occupies an area of approximately forty-two by twenty-one feet, with a slight upward slope towards the south (see photo #1). The tombs are organized into two groups of two graves, and two individual graves. The tombs can be described as follows:

Individual Tombs:

Tomb # 1: The northernmost tomb is a 4½' x 9' x 2' rectangular volume with a low, gabled top, resting atop a slightly wider base, of varying height (see photo #2). The tomb is painted white and presents certain deterioration, especially at the southwestern corner, where the end of the gable is broken, leaving the brick exposed.

Tomb # 2: Approximately 6½ feet west and only slightly offset to the south is the second tomb, a wide, low pyramid atop an almost cubical base (see photo #3). The base of the tomb measures 41/2' x 4½' x 2' high and rests on a low plinth. A plain rectangular panel adorns each of the four sides, leaving a molding five inches wide. A 2½-inch projecting molding defines the top of the base. The base extends four inches upwards of the 2½-inch molding, at which point the masonry structure begins to taper into a pyramidal form, which rises another 4'-10" and peaks at approximately 7½ feet above ground level.

Group #1 (includes Tombs #3 and #4):

The first group of two tombs sits immediately adjacent and south of the two individual tombs. The group rests upon a 21' X 10' stone and brick-masonry platform, which is partially indented at

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 2 Vieques, Puerto Rico

its northwestern corner, to avoid colliding with the pyramidal tomb (see photo #1). The grouping is entirely fenced off along the periphery of the masonry platform by means of a simple, 6'-high, decorative wrought-iron fence. The fence consists of a series of wrought-iron bars, held into place by two flat-iron horizontal rails. The tips of the vertical bars are crowned by flat iron bars which have been formed into arrow-like, inverted "V"-shapes with curved ends. Access to the grouping is through a single gate, slightly west of center along the southern side of the fence.

Tomb # 3: Inside the fenced-in area, to the east, lies the largest and, historically and architecturally, most significant tomb, the double tomb of Teófilo J. J. Le Guillou (May 4, 1790 - July 9, 1843, 53 years) and his wife, Madame Guillermina Ana Susana Poncet de la Grave (July 4, 1855, 64 years) (see photos #4, #5 and #6). The tomb rests along an east-west axis and consists of a 4'-radius masonry barrel vault, placed atop a rectangular base, measuring $8\frac{1}{2}$ ' X 10' x $2\frac{3}{4}$ ' high. The base is articulated by two circumferential string-courses, one serving as a plinth and the other defining the top of the base. The front or west end of the barrel vault is articulated only by a 4" surround. At the center of the arched portion, an 18"-wide x 12"-high marble plaque reads: "A Madame Le Guillou / Souvenir / de / JBD" (see photo #7). The east end of the barrel vault, located adjacent to the rear of the fenced quadrant, presents a smaller, concentric-arch surround within the major arch.

Tomb # 4: To the west, a small, unidentified, $3' \times 5^{\frac{1}{2}}$ rubble tomb sits on a north-south axis (see photo #8). It has no distinguishable architectural form other than a rectangular form, and currently consists of a mound of rubble, atop a deteriorated rubble and brick-masonry base.

Group # 2 (Tombs #5 and #6):

Twelve feet south of the fenced quadrant lies the second group of tombs, consisting of two adjacent and similar tombs, which share a single $8\frac{1}{2}$ '-wide x 8'-long x 2'-high base (see photo #9). The eastern side of the base is roughly aligned with the eastern extreme of the fenced quadrant. The tombs are located above the base on an east-west axes, and are placed one foot away from each other. Each of the two tombs, above the base, consists of a $3\frac{1}{2}$ '-

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Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 3 Vieques, Puerto Rico

wide x 8'-long x 2'-high rectangle, topped by a simple, one-foot high pediment. The tombs are articulated only by a four-inch surround on each of the small ends, creating a recessed, rectangular panel. A plain, circumferential molding defines the top of the rectangle and serves as the base for the pediment, which also is articulated by a plain molding.

Except for the marble dedication on Tomb # 3, none of the tombs conserves its original identification. For a more detailed graphic description, see the accompanying sketch map.

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Las Tumbas Le Guillou, or the Le Guillou Tombs, is a historic site consisting of a series of six early-to-mid-19th-century graves, located on the lands originally belonging to the Hacienda La Pacience, the first sugar plantation on the Island of Vieques. Hacienda La Pacience was the property of Frenchman Teófilo José Jaime María Le Guillou, the first permanent Spanish-availed settler of Viegues, and founder of the Municipality of Viegues and of the town of Isabel Segunda. The small graveyard is significant under Criterion A, for its association with the agricultural development and settlement of the town of Vieques Island, and under Criterion C, for the uniqueness of its architectural forms and shapes. As a family cementery it is elegible under Criterion Consideration D for property derives its primary significance from its age, distintive design features, and association with historic events. The property is related to three historic contexts: The Foundation and Settlement of Vieques, 1811-1860, The Immigrations to Vieques, 1823-1898, and Sugar Haciendas in the Development of Viegues, 1824-1900.

Don Teófilo José Jaime María Le Guillou, a native of Quemperle, France and landowner on the Island of Guadaloupe, French West Indies, came to Vieques for the first time in 1823 to buy native hardwoods, a product for which the wooded Island was well known. At the time, the Island was in an embryonic stage in its process of development and settlement. Very few people were living here, mostly dedicated to the cutting and selling of hardwoods, or to

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 4 Vieques, Puerto Rico

contraband activities. Realizing the agricultural potential of Vieques, Le Guillou decided to take advantage of the Spanish interest in populating the Island with productive and loyal subjects, by getting rid of the pirates and the contraband activities. Le Guillou returned to Vieques one year later and purchased lands from a woodcutter named Patricio Ramos and, upon clearing them, established the Hacienda La Pacience, the first large-scale sugar plantation on the Island of Vieques. From this moment on he became a permanent resident of the Island.

By 1839, Le Guillou was the wealthiest landowner and most successful planter in Vieques, with properties totaling 2,650 cuerdas (approximately 2,600 acres) and a net capital of 107,400 Spanish pesos. That year, La Pacience alone was formed by 1,200 of the above-mentioned cuerdas, 80 slaves and 61 oxen, and produced 66,500 Spanish pesos, more than half of which was derived from sugar production, and the rest from lumber, crops and textiles. The establishment and unprecedent success of La Pacience was to set the stage for the future, sugar-oriented economic development of Viegues. With the help of Le Guillou, various sugar plantations were subsequently established by European immigrants, mostly Frenchmen lured from the Islands of Martinique and Guadaloupe. These immigrants brought slaves and workers with them, thus planting the seed for the definitive settlement and population of Vieques, and contributing greatly to the formation of the Pan-Caribbean ethnic and cultural character of its people.

Le Guillou's great contributions to the establishment of a sugarbased economy and his influence on the immigration and settlement patterns which gave rise to the definitive and distinct cultural composition of the people of Vieques, demonstrate his importance in terms of the formation and history of the Island of Vieques.

Le Guillou is also an important figure regarding the political history of Vieques. Having consistently helped the local military authorities with their mission to rid the Island of pirates and criminal refugees, Le Guillou was recognized by the Spanish provincial authorities in Puerto Rico with various political and military titles, and in 1832, he was named Political and Military Governor of the Spanish Island of Vieques.

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Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 5 Vieques, Puerto Rico

Le Guillou implemented, with the approval of the Spanish authorities, a development plan which transformed the Island into a prosperous colony within only ten years. His administration provided the basic infra-structure for the economic development of the Island of Vieques. He proposed the creation of a military administration, whose representatives would serve as members of the Island's Colonial Assembly. The administration would function primarily with the support of tariffs collected from imports to and exports from the Island, and occassionaly, by mandatory public-service of the inhabitants. He also implemented a novel taxincentive system which called for only one-third of the tariffs charged on the Island of Puerto Rico, excluding necessary merchandise, provisions and utensils, which would enter Vieques exempt from taxation for a period of ten years. Le Guillou also favored the immigration of colonists and workers from neighboring French, English and Dutch islands.

In 1843, plans were drawn up for the Parish Church, the **Casa del Rey** (or King's House or City Hall), the Fort and the Cemetery, structures which defined and symbolized the foundation of a Spanish town. The following year, shortly after Le Guillou's death, a site was chosen for the Capital of the Island, the town of Isabel Segunda, apparently following his recommendations. For all of the above-mentioned reasons, Le Guillou has been historically considered the founder of Viegues.

The Tombs of Le Guillou are the only remaining part of a large historic site associated with the Hacienda La Pacience, and the later Central Santa María (sugar mill). Since due to alterations suffered by the Hacienda La Pacience, the site is not eligible as a site associated with the development of the sugar industry in Vieques, and since no extant independent buildings or ruins related to it can be directly associated with the life and works of Teófilo J.J. Le Guillou or with his very important Hacienda.

In addition, the entire group of six tombs being nominated is the oldest, identified European graveyard on the Island of Vieques. The public cemetery of Vieques was not built until 1844, when construction of the town of Isabel Segunda began. The oldest identified grave in the public cemetery, belonging to Frenchman and sugar-planter Daniel Terrible, dates back only to 1857. The Tombs

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 6 Vieques, Puerto Rico

of Le Guillou, therefore, possess the oldest identified tombs on the Island. Although the tombs do not present stylistic significance independently of each other, the complex displays structural and stylistic integrity, and has not been modified at all during its 150 years of existence. In addition, the tombs form an integral part of the historic physical context of Le Guillou's tomb, and therefore cannot be treated separately from the tomb of the founder of Vieques.

According to the latest research, the Tumbas Le Guillou is the last remaining example of a private cemetery in Puerto Rico, not just of the 19th century. It is also a very important example of its type, providing a grouping of funerary architectural forms not found elsewhere; the pyramidal tomb, particularly, may well be the only one remaining in Puerto Rico. We know of no other example.

Therefore, the Tombs of Le Guillou, is able to fulfill all the requirements of Criterion Consideration D and is eligible, under Criteria A and C.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

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OMB No.1024-0018

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Las Tumbas de J.J. María Le Guillou Section Page 7 Vieques, Puerto Rico

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- Rabin, Robert and Héctor Santiago. "The Foundation and Settlement of Vieques, 1811 1860", a historical context prepared with a "Survey and Planning" grant for the Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office, 1992, as part of the "Inventario de Recursos Históricos y Arquitectónicos de Vieques, Puerto Rico, 1843-1941".
- Rabin, Robert and Héctor Santiago. "The Immigrations to Vieques, 1823-1898", a historical context prepared with a "Survey and Planning" grant for the Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office, 1992, as part of the "Inventario de Recursos Históricos y Arquitectónicos de Vieques, Puerto Rico, 1843-1941".

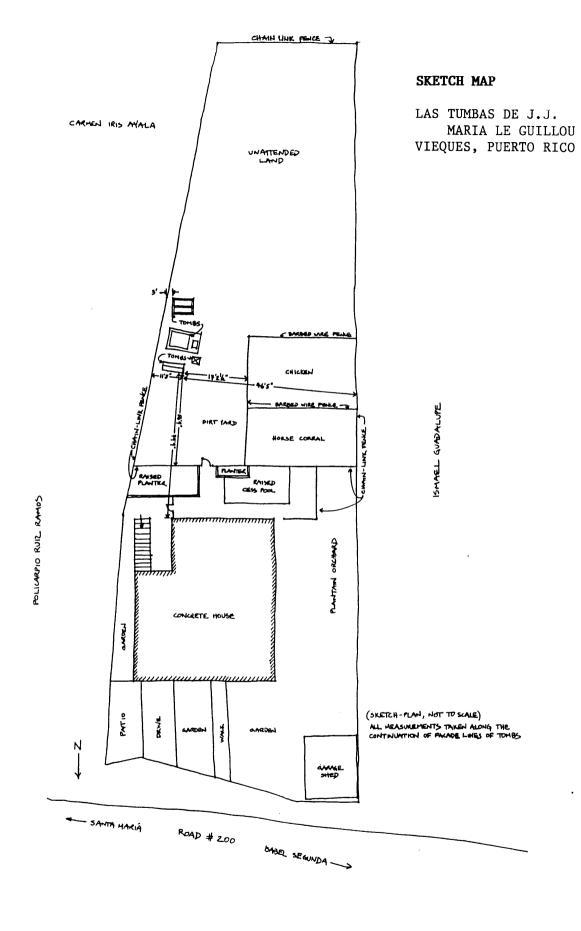
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Verbal Boundary Description:

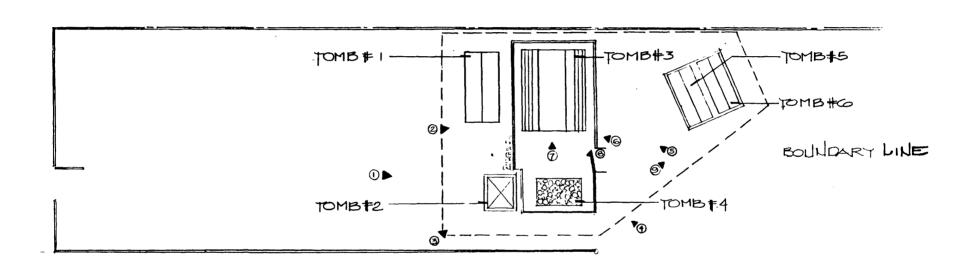
Boundaries of this property are represented by the broken line surrounding the property in the accompanying site map.

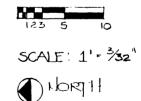
Boundary Justification:

Boundaries include the property historically associated with the tombs and exclude the part of the property that no longer retains the integrity due to the interventions or new construction.



LAS PUMBAS DE J.J. MARIA LE GUILLOU ISABEL SEGUNDA, VIEQUES PUERPO RICO





United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

SUPPLEMENTARY LIS	TING RECORD
NRIS Reference Number: 94000923	Date Listed: 8/26/
Las Tumbas de J.J. Maria le Guillou Property Name	Vieques PUERTO RIC County State
Multiple Name	
This property is listed in the Nation Places in accordance with the attack subject to the following exceptions, notwithstanding the National Park Sein the nomination documentation.	ned nomination documenta exclusions, or amendme
This property is listed in the National Places in accordance with the attack subject to the following exceptions, notwithstanding the National Park Se in the nomination documentation.	ned nomination documenta exclusions, or amendme
This property is listed in the Nation Places in accordance with the attach subject to the following exceptions, notwithstanding the National Park Se	ned nomination documentary exclusions, or amendmentary ervice certification inc
This property is listed in the National Places in accordance with the attack subject to the following exceptions, notwithstanding the National Park Se in the nomination documentation.	ned nomination documentary exclusions, or amendmentary ervice certification increases \$120194

This nomination is amended to show that both the historic and current functions are FUNERARY/Cemetery.

This change was confirmed by phone with the Puerto Rico SHPO (8/26/94).