Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) UNITED STATES DEPARTMEN

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORV

FOR NPS USE ONLY

FEB 1 RECEIVED

1978

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MARIATORI		ORIVI DATE	ENTERED 199 C	1370
SEE IN	ISTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW T</i> O TYPE ALL ENTRIES (3
1 NAME				
HISTORIC		RM.		
	stitute Female Dormit	ery and Site Mis	٠.	
AND/OR COMMON				
Bethany In	stitute, The Estate			
2 LOCATION	I of the Atl	and the commission	A second	
STREET & NUMBER SO	utheast side of old I	Liberty-Centreville	e Road,	
_4	h of the present Libe	erty-Centreville Ro		
CITY, TOWN	Contractor.		CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Ariel Commu	nity	VICINITY OF	Fourth	
STATE Mississipp:	•	CODE 28	COUNTY	CODE
Mississipp		20	Amite	003
3 CLASSIFICA	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X.OCCUPIED	X_AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X_PRIVATE RESIDENCE
X_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X.YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME				
	s. William D. Aldridg	·e		
STREET & NUMBER	3) `		
Route 2, Bo	ox 406			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Centreville	e	VICINITY OF	Mississi	ppi 39631
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE,	Office of the Cha	ncery Clerk		
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ET	c. Amite County Cour			
STREET & NUMBER				
	Courthouse Square	!		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
<u></u>	Liberty		Mississi	pi 39645
6 REPRESENT	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
Statewide S	urvey of Historic Sit	es		
DATE				
1972		FEDERAL _X	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS M-	ississippi Department	of Archives and H	istory	
CITY, TOWN	roorgarbbr nehartment	. OI AICHIVES and II	STATE	
	ackson		Mississi	pi 39205



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT __GOOD

X FAIR

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS

__UNEXPOSED

__UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Set among shade trees on several acres of flat lawn, the Female Dormitory of Bethany Institute faces north to the graveled road that once was the primary route between Centreville and Liberty, Mississippi. The setting, an area of forest and fields, retains its rural quality.

The dormitory is an unpainted frame building, five bays across and two bays deep (55' x 33'). It is set on low brick piers and is covered by a hip roof. The roof, sheathed with galvanized sheet metal, is pierced by two off-center brick chimneys with sawtooth brick caps. Each clapboarded elevation is edged with a box cornice and plain corner boards. The regularly arranged window openings are filled with six-over-six sash and are trimmed with plain board surrounds. Plain boards also trim the front (north) entrance, where a double-leaf paneled door is flanked by rectangular lights and panels, the whole surmounted by a large rectangular transom. Broad concrete steps lead from a running-bond brick walk up to the door.

The front door opens onto a wide center hall, on each side of which are two rooms, the smaller to the rear. From the back of the hall, an open straight flight of stairs with turned balusters, turned base, and corner newels rises against the east wall to the identically arranged second floor. On one side of the back-to-back fireplaces, in each room, is a closet fitted with three tiers of boards with pegs for hanging clothes. The simple interior trim consists of plain board casings and bases, unmolded doors with four sunk or sunk and fielded panels, and eight identical pilaster mantelpieces with molding beneath the shelves. The walls and ceilings are covered with sand-finish plaster in the hall and with smooth plaster in the upper rooms. The northeast upper room retains its original white oil paint on the plaster, the doors, and the windows and the original gray oil paint on the bases and the mantelpiece.

Changes to the original fabric of the building have not seriously affected its integrity, especially on the second floor, where the rooms remain almost in their original state. At some time before 1972, the plaster in the lower back rooms was replaced with matched boards. Since 1972, the plaster in the lower front rooms has been replaced with wallboard panels with wainscoting and chair rails; a kitchen has been installed in the southeast lower room; and a bath has been placed in the closet of the southwest lower room. In 1974, a porch terminated by a utility room was attached at right angles to the center of the back wall of the house, on the site of and following the basic dimensions of the original one-story frame kitchen and dining wing, which stood into the twentieth century. This original wing was connected to the main block by a covered breezeway. Cuts and changes in the siding on this wall, along with three sets of stucco-over-brick steps original to the wing, define the height, width, and roof pitch of the wing.

The present barn was constructed to the southwest of the dormitory during the twentieth century. It is constructed of previously used materials, including beaded board and batten doors hung with iron hinges with pins cast in place, which may have come from the nonextant school buildings (the male dormitory destroyed by tornado in 1934 or the frame school house).

PERIOD	AR	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	X EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1859 construction 1859 - 1900 operation

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Female Dormitory is the only surviving building of Bethany Institute, a locally important church-affiliated boarding school dating from the second half of the nineteenth century, and it is one of only a few pre-Civil-War buildings remaining in a once thickly populated community which developed around Bethany Presbyterian Church in the "thickwoods country" of Amite County, Mississippi.

On June 11, 1859, the elders of Bethany Presbyterian Church formed a new school, in ecclesiastical connection with the Louisiana Presbytery, to be known as Bethany Institute, and constituted themselves and their successors in the office of elder as the trustees of the new organization. Despite the fact that the school received its charter from the state of Mississippi on April 7, 1860, under the name of the "Bethany Male and Female Institute," the trustees reverted to the name "Bethany Institute" in their revised constitution adopted on July 17, 1860.

On June 22, 1859, the trustees examined a lot of land proposed to be donated by J. M. Gallent, a member of the Board of Trustees, and selected a site for the "Buildings." The lot examined is probably the same twenty-five-acre lot on which the Female Dormitory is located and which was donated to the trustees on April 21, 1867, by James M. Gallent and his wife. At least two of the school buildings had been constructed by December 24, 1861, at which time the trustees considered "the propriety of leasing the Institute Buildings to the Principal." Certainly the style and construction elements of the Female Dormitory are consistent with a construction date of between 1859 and 1861. The traditional construction date of 1859 receives support from the fact that the school was accepting students by January 7, 1860, and was evidently open for business at that time. The builder is reputed to be the same as the unknown builder of the ca. 1855 Bethany Presbyterian Church. The school records contain only a passing mention on March 31, 1860, of the need to settle the account between the Rev. T. D. Lea, who had just resigned as principal, and a Mr. Wall, who might have been the contractor for construction.

The trustees' record book indicates that the school was open for classes during 1860 and 1861. A handbill advertising the second session to commence on October 6, 1862, belies the supposition, based on the fact that the record book contains no entries for trustees' meetings between December, 1861, and September, 1869, that the school was closed between those dates. The handbill lists classes in several English branches, Latin, Greek, French, and music, taught under the principalship of the Rev. S. B. Hall. For at least one scholastic year, ending August 31, 1874, Bethany Institute was certified as a public school of Amite County. Newspaper advertisements from the 1880s in-

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Mississippi Department of Archives and History. Statewide Survey of Historic Sites. Amite County. Bethany Institute Female Dormitory and Site. "Bethany Institute," by Mr. and Mrs. William D. Aldridge.

Liberty (Miss.) Southern Herald. July 9, August 6, November 5, 1881; October 23, December 18, 1886; April 2, 1887.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY Approximately 26 acres **UTM REFERENCES**

CX 1.5	6 9 1 3 9 5	3,4,4,1,7,9,0	A B 1,5	6 9 1 9 1 0	3,44,24,3,0
ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING 🛰
B & 115	6 9 12 2 15 10	314 411 71215	□		

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The entire property lying in Township 2 North, Range 2 East, and comprising three parcels as follows: #1 - twenty-five acres in Section 42, bounded on the north by Liberty and Centreville Road, west by Calloway and Dixon lands, south by McKnight land and east by land of L. M. Gallent, known as the Bethany Institute property; #2 - 84/100 acre adjoining but in Section 41, beginning on the south of the Centreville and Liberty Road where the west line of Section 42 crosses the said

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

1FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Ronald W. Miller, Site Administrator

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

ORGANIZATION Grand Village of the Natchez Indians	December 29, 1977
STREET & NUMBER 400 Jefferson Davis Boulevard	TELEPHONE (601) 446-6502
CITY OR TOWN Natchez	STATE Mississippi 39120

IZ STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL	STATE	LOCAL X

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the

criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

DATE TITLE January 30, 1978 State Historic Preservation Officer

Eller R. Hilliand

FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY 16(INCLUDED IN THETNATIONAL REGISTER ATTEST:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED FEB 1 1978
AUG 3 1978
DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 - 10 PAGE 1

7 - DESCRIPTION

A one-story frame commercial building, probably dating from the first half of the twentieth century, occupies the southwest corner of the driveway and the public road. Its gable end, protected by an attached shed roof porch, faces the gravel road. The frame is covered by sheets of corrugated metal.

8 - SIGNIFICANCE

dicate that the school was once again a private institution and that there were between 35 and 100 pupils at that time enrolled in the grammar course, the music course, and the higher English and language courses. The school must have continued to operate after 1890, for several area residents who attended classes there are still living. In 1918 the school land and buildings were sold for use as a private residence, and is so occupied by the owners today.

9 - MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Records of Bethany Institute, Collection of Bethany Presbyterian Church, in private keeping, available from Mr. and Mrs. William D. Aldridge.

10 - GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

road, thence south 46 degrees to the center of Clinton Road, thence south 9-1/2 degrees to a stake, thence east to the section line, thence north 30 degrees east to the place of beginning on the south bank of the old Liberty Road; #3 - a strip of land in Section 42 containing a fraction of an acre, more or less, lying south of the presently located gravel road (Old Highway 48) now running across the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of Section 42, and lying north of the center of the old gravel road now abandoned and lying east of a parcel of land conveyed M. S. Hassell. It being understood that said strip of land was caused by the relocation of the gravel road which left a strip lying between the E. A. Y. Dixon place and the new location of the gravel road which belonged to the L. M. Gallent estate.

