rm No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

# PH0505285

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## DATA SHEE

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RECEIVED SEP 28 1977

DATE ENTERED NOV 1 1 1977

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (			
1 NAME				
HISTORIC XX				
	prowers Bank Building			
AND/OR COMMON				
2 LOCATION	J			
STREET & NUMBER	•			
OTREET & NOWBER	Corner of Deadwood a	and Main	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY. TOWN Fort P	) † awa		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
	rierre	VICINITY OF CODE	No. 2	
STATE South	Dakota 04		Stanlev	117
3 CLASSIFIC	CATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	<b>X</b> COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	XOTHER: residentia
4 OWNER O	F PROPERTY			
NAME Terry Ba	rge			•
STREET & NUMBER	Main Avenue			
CITY TOWN			STATE	
Fort Pie	rre	VICINITY OF	South Dakota	
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE,				
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	Register of Deeds	, Stanley County		
STREET & NUMBER	Stanlay County Co			
CITY, TOWN	Stanley County Co	urtnouse	STATE	
	Fort Pierre		South Dakota	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE Sou	th Dakota Historic Sit	es Survey		
<sub>DATE</sub>	uary 1977	FEDERAL _X	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Historical Dynamic	_		
CITY, TOWN	Historical Preservatio	n Center	STATE	
•	Vermillion.		South Dakota	

#### CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

\_\_EXCELLENT

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_RUINS

\_\_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

\_\_MOVED

DATE\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Stockgrowers' Bank was constructed in 1903. Architecturally, it is basically Romanesque Revival in design as evidenced by the generally massive appearance of the building, the use of both arched and flat-topped windows, the corner tower with its polygonal roof, the columned entrance and the use of both brick and stone construction materials.

The two story structure rests upon a cut sandstone foundation and uses buff colored brick for its facing. Darker brick is used as a decorative element. The building's most outstanding feature is the polygonal corner tower. Important details of the structure include the outstanding decorative brickwork on both the Main Street and Deadwood Street facades, the interlocking corners of the tower, the arched windows with their brick keystones and the stamped or cast ornamental festons around the base of the tower's roof. Originally, cast iron cresting was used to fill the gaps between the tower and the brick parapets on both facades of the building. This cresting appears in the early photo of the bank that accompanies this form.

The entrances to the building were altered and moved during a remodeling that occurred in the late 1920's. This alteration gave the building a more classical flavor.

The window's surrounds have round arches, flat arches or just flat topped while lugsills appear on the first level. The second story's sills continue across the building as a string course. Some of the top portions of the windows have been painted, but all remain double hung. The main door was round headed but is now flat with two Doric columns.

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and the commence of the state of

### 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
_1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
<u>√</u> 1800-1899	X_COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION				

SPECIFIC DATES

1903; altered 1920's

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Richardsonian LEBOVICH The Stockgrowers' Bank is significant as the single example of Romanesque Revival 10/5/17

architecture in Fort Pierre. (While not outstanding by any national standard, it represents an interesting and well-executed adaptation of the style to the needs of a frontier community.) It is probably the most important commercial structure erected in Fort Pierre during the twentieth century. From an urban design point of view, the Stockgrowers' Bank is the most impressive landmark in the city. It completely dominates the center of town as it stands at the corner of Deadwood and Main.

Historically, the Stockgrowers' Bank symbolizes the commercial development of Fort Pierre during the early twentieth century as the business center for much of western South Dakota's cattle-raising activity. However, the location on which the bank is situated is perhaps the site of the first bank in western South Dakota.

In 1890, by Presidential Proclamation, the Indian Territory known as the Great Sioux Reserve was opened for settlement. Within days of this event Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Millett crossed the river at Pierre and settled in what is now Fort Pierre. Milletts, having established squatter's rights for their residence on April 26, 1890, officially incorporated a banking enterprise at the corner of Deadwood and Main - site of the subject building. The names of those who were investors and the first customers of that bank are gone, but the names of officers exist and are names synonymous with the development of western South Dakota. They include: Charles S. Millet, President; Reverend Thomas L. Riggs, Vice President; A.J. Banker, Director; Frank Fischer, Director; and Anton Fischer, Director.

In 1903 Charles Millett, in association with Gaylord E. Sumner and James (Scotty) Philip, built the subject building and began the Stockgrowers' Bank and a chain of associated banks in Midland, Philip, Kadoka, Cottonwood and Milesville.

Upon its completion in 1903 the Stockgrowers' Bank became the most prestigious office and commercial structure in the city. Besides the bank itself, other tenants included the Lynch Barber Shop, the Phillips, Young & McPherson Land Office, the first telephone exchange in Fort Pierre, Binder & Borst Hardware Store, Hargesheimer Drug Store, the Webb-Lambert Attorney's Office, and the offices of Doctors Lavery, Walsh and Morrissey.

Other locally prominent names associated with the Stockgrowers' Bank building are Anton and Frank Fischer, originators of what was the oldest general store under continuous management in central South Dakota; Gaylord Sumner, owner of the first lumber yard in Fort Pierre; Reverend Thomas L. Riggs, son of Reverend Stephen Return Riggs, founder of Oahe Mission; and finally, no introduction is needed for James (Scotty) Philip.

### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Robinson, James, WEST FROM FORT PIERRE, Los Angeles, Westernlore Press, 1974.

PRAIRIE PROGRESS IN WEST CENTRAL SOUTH DAKOTA, Historical Society of Stanley County, 1968.

	HICAL DATA  NATED PROPERTY 1055  None Available		re		
A L L ZONE EAST		لىلى	B ZONE	EASTING NORTH	ING
Latitude 44 Longitude 1	0 21' 19" 00 <sup>0</sup> 22' 13"		aliah XX - m	ast of two sames. A teas?	#
	g 1 s 18		.}±4,	22 N#42	E + Committee
LIST ALL S	TATES AND COUNTIE	S FOR PROPER	TTIES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUNTY BOU	NDARIES
STATE		CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	······································	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STREET & NUMBER 407 CITY OR TOWN	anning & Histor A Alworth Bui		tion Consulta	nt/Ft. Pierre CD De TELEPHONE STATE Minnesota	LAS AL
12 STATE HIS	TORIC PRES	GNIFICANCE O		CERTIFICATIO	***************************************
hereby nominate this criteria and procedure STATE HISTORIC PRES	nte Historic Preservation property for inclusion as set forth by the Nation SERVATION OFFICER SIGN	n Officer for the in the National onal Park Service ATURE	National Historic Pr Register and certifie	eservation Act of 1966 (Publy that it has been evaluated DATE	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY  DIRECTOR OFFICE  ATTEST:  KEED	THAT THIS PROPER	TY IS INCLUDE	O IN THE NATIONA	DATE  KEERER OF THE DATE	WATTOMAL PRIGIST

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE one

The role of the bank is described by James Robinson:

Many a hopeful rancher made deals to buy cattle on credit and later had his loan heartlessly foreclosed and the cattle shipped to Sioux Falls to satisfy his debt. Few cattlement, or banks, survived the periodic depressions and natural calamities to become rich and stay rich.

<sup>1.</sup> James Robinson, WEST FROM FORT PIERRE, p. 321.