UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC John Sherman Birthplace

AND/OR COMMON John Sherman Birthplace

STREET & NUMBER 137	East Main Street			
CITY, TOWN			NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ІСТ
	caster	VICINITY OF	10th	
STATE	0	CODE 39	COUNTY Fairfield	CODE 045
CLASSIFIC				045
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	BBEC	ENTUSE
		STATUS XOCCUPIED		XMUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)			COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН		EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
STREET & NUMBER	istorical Society			
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi	istorical Society istorical Center, 17tl	n Avenue and Inter		
STREET & NUMBER	istorical Center, 17tl	n Avenue and Inter	state 71 state Ohio	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu	istorical Center, 17tl	VICINITY OF	STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu	istorical Center, 17th us N OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF	STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu	istorical Center, 17th us N OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF IPTION Society	state Ohio	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	istorical Center, 17th us N OF LEGAL DESCR METC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent	VICINITY OF IPTION Society	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN Columbu	istorical Center, 17th us N OF LEGAL DESCR METC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue at	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN Columbu REPRESEN	istorical Center, 17th IS N OF LEGAL DESCR JETC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent IS NTATION IN EXIST	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue at	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN COlumbu COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN COlumbu REPRESEN TITLE Ohio La	istorical Center, 17th us N OF LEGAL DESCR METC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue at	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN Columbu REPRESEN	istorical Center, 17th IS N OF LEGAL DESCR JETC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent IS NTATION IN EXIST	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue a: ING SURVEYS	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN Columbu REPRESEN TITLE Ohio La DATE	istorical Center, 17th IS N OF LEGAL DESCR MOF LEGAL DESCR MISTORICAL Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent IS NTATION IN EXIST Andmark Survey	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue a: ING SURVEYS	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE Ohio	
STREET & NUMBER Ohio Hi CITY, TOWN Columbu LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN Columbu REPRESEN TITLE Ohio La DATE 1970 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN	istorical Center, 17th IS N OF LEGAL DESCR JETC. Ohio Historical Ohio Historical Cent IS NTATION IN EXIST	VICINITY OF IPTION Society ter, 17th Avenue a: ING SURVEYS	STATE Ohio nd Interstate 71 STATE Ohio	

7 **DESCRIPTION**

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C)NE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	X _ORIGINAL	SITE
X_good	RUINS	X_ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The John Sherman Birthplace, 137 East Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio, is a two-story structure. The original house was built in 1811. An addition of a second story room above the east porch and a room on the south side of the house was made in 1816. The present front of the house, in Victorian style, was an addition of the 1ate 19th century and has nothing to do with the occupancy of the the Shermans. Sherman's birthplace, which was his home until he was nine and then only intermittently between 1835-1840, consists of two sections, a brick section in front and a frame section behind it. The front of the house dates from after Sherman's birth. The house is quite deep, but the rear section is rather narrow.

Entering from the south entrance (visitors usually enter from the east side entrance), one steps into the main hallway. A staircase leads up to the second floor. On the left is the Victorian parlor in which is located furniture of the period, 1880's-1890's. North of this room is the gallery, with portraits on loan from various sources. This is a temporary exhibit. This room is likewise the first room of the 1816 addition. East of this room is a small study which sits off the hallway as well as the gallery. Proceeding to the rear of the house from the gallery, one passes another staircase which leads to the second floor. North of this stairwell is the dining room and the lean-to kitchen.

Proceeding upstairs from the second stairwell, one enters the master bedroom. Simplicity is the theme. Beside this room is the children's bedroom, it is the second room of the 1816 addition. In addition to the bedrooms on the second floor are various Civil War exhibits, including the Tent Room. This exhibit represents the way General William T. Sherman lived the majority of his life. In the room directly above the Victorian Parlor are various displays including a drum which was used to rally local Lancasterians to the War, uniforms of miscellaneous local personalities, and a large picture of the Andersonville Prison.

The house is the birthplace of both John and William T. Sherman. However, the latter receives most attention as far as interpretation is concerned for the museum is geared towards an interpretation of the Civil War.



PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
X _1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	$\mathbf{X}_{POLITICS/GOVERNMENT}$	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES	May	10,	1823-1832	
----------------	-----	-----	-----------	--

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The John Sherman Birthplace, located at 137 East Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio, commemorates the career of a man who for more than four decades served his country in various capacities. Sherman was a congressman, 1855-61; a senator, 1861-77 and 1881-97; Secretary of Treasury, 1877-81; and Secretary of State, 1897-98.

In his four years as Secretary of the Treasury, Sherman reached the apogee of his career, steering a deft, successful course between extreme liberal and conservative views on economic matters. However, he is remembered today primarily because of two bills which he introduced, the Sherman Anti-Trust Act and the Sherman Silver Purchase Act. Both were passed in 1890, during his second period of service in the Senate.

BIOGRAPHY

Born in Lancaster on May 10, 1823, the young Sherman went to Mt. Vernon, Ohio, in 1832, after the death of his father, to live with some relatives and to attend a private school. Evidence of his high spirits at this time is indicated by how he and three companions placed a dead sheep in their teacher's chair one morning, much to the ire of the pedagogue. After four years in Mt. Vernon, Sherman returned home in 1835 and attended the local school until he was fourteen. During these years, he became a laborer on a canal. When he lost his job two years later, Sherman switched from laboring to studying law in Mansfield, Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in 1844. Even more remarkable, the young lawyer now became restrained, holding in check a hot temper. He also developed an interest in Ohio politics, and sought out the feelings of the people on the vital questions of the day. This was a practice he never abandoned, and his basically conservative instincts did not prevent him from accommodating himself to popular demands. Sherman later joined the Republican Party.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Burton, Theodore E., John Sherman (Boston, 1906). Dictionary of American Biography Kerr, Winfield, John Sherman, His Life and Public Services (Boston, 1908). Sherman, John, John Sherman's Recollections of Forty Years in the House, Senate and Cabinet (2 vols., Chicago, 1895).

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY <u>less than one</u> acre UTM REFERENCES

A 1 7 3 6 32 5 0 ZONE EASTING	4,319,710,0,0 NORTHING	
	Lilili	
VEDDAL DOLLNDARY DECORE		

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Beginning at the intersection of East Main Street with the alley, proceed north along the eastern edge of the alley approximately 126 feet to a point; thence east approximately 45 feet to the brick wall which forms the eastern boundary; thence south along the brick wall 126 feet to a point; thence west 45 feet to the point of origin.

LIST ALL STATES AND CO	OUNTIES FOR PROPERT	IES OVERLAPPING STATE	OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
_	Y (Original fo ndinghall, Hist an, Historian	rm completed by Wi orian	llian Birdsell)
ORGANIZATION			DATE
Historic Sites Survey	Division, Natio	nal Park Service	January 1978
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE
1100 L Street, N.W.			523-5295
city or town Washington			STATE D.C. 20240
TO OTATE INCTORIC D			

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

.

NATIONAL	STATE	
As the designated State Historic Pre hereby nominate this property for i criteria and procedures set forth by	nclusion in the National Register and certify	
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATU	JRE	Boundary Certified:
TITLE		AFF. APRILID 1974
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS F	PROPERTY IS INSLUDED IN THE NATIONA	LREGISTER
	IN the	- DATE 11/24/78
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEO ATTEST:	DLOGY AN CONST RIC RESERVATION	DATE
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REC	JISTER	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

John Sherman Birthplace

	-			
CONTINUATION SHEET		ITEM NUMBER	8	page ²

Sherman's rapid success in law and politics led to his election to the House of Representatives in 1854. Seven years later, he moved to the Senate where the Civil War soon demanded all of his energies. Interestingly, Sherman was not an early supporter of emancipation, nor did he first support Negro suggrage. When Rutherford B. Hayes became president in 1887, he appointed Sherman Secretary of the Treasury. Headly had the new appointee entered the office than he was confronted by two grave issues, resumption and funding of the public debt. Undeterred, Sherman resolved both problems satisfactorily.

With the approach of the presidential election of 1880, Sherman hoped for his party's nomination. However, the Republicans nominated James A. Garfield.

Long years in the Senate followed 1880. Between 1881 and 1897 Sherman influenced the course of much legislation, notably the Sherman Anti-Trust Law and the Sherman Silver Purchase Act, both of 1890. The Supreme Court hamstrung the effectiveness of the anti-trust measure for years, but the act remains the government's basic law against undue centralization of business and industry.

At the very end of his career, Sherman became Secretary of State. Appointed by William McKinley in 1897, Sherman resigned in 1898. His resignation was brought on in part by his opposition to the imperialistic tendencies of the McKinley administration. About two years later, on October 22, 1900, Sherman died.

Sherman worked hard, and appeared to lack warmth to many outside his family. Inherently conservative, Sherman became a leading Republican, and his partisanship led him to support "the measures of his party with unswerving tenacity." 1 Sherman, himself, recognized his partisanship, writing in his autobiography:

"What I have written (here) is no doubt clouded with partisanship, but I would not be honest if I did not express my attachment to my party."2

At the same time, Sherman's keen political sense responded to the thinking of the public, and in his long career he never felt dismayed by charges of inconsistency as he changed his views on numerous matters over the years.

- 1. Theodore E. Burton, John Sherman (Boston, 1906), p. 419.
- 2. John Sherman, John Sherman's Recollections of Forty Years in the House, Senate and Cabinet (2 vols., Chicago, 1895), II, p. 1215.