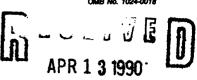
OMB No. 1024-0018

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**



## **National Register of Historic Places Registration Form**

NATIONAL

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries. 1. Name of Property Thomas Arch Bridge historic name Waveland Bridge other names/site number 2. Location not for publication street & number SW1/2. NW% NW% SW% S33 T13S y vicinity Auburn zip code 66402 state Kansas code KS county code Shawnee 3. Classification Ownership of Property Category of Property Number of Resources within Property building(s) Contributing private **Noncontributing** X public-local district buildings public-State site sites public-Federal structure structures object objects **Total** Name of related multiple property listing: Number of contributing resources previously Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas listed in the National Register \_\_0 4. State/Federal Agency Certification As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that this ☑ nomination ☐ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets-the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property X meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet. April 2, 1990 Signature of certifying official Date State Historic Preservation Officer, Kansas State Historical Society State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property \_\_ meets \_\_ does not meet the National Register criteria. \_\_ See continuation sheet. Signature of commenting or other official Date

l	organization of commontant grown common and		
L	State or Federal agency and bureau		
5.	National Park Service Certification	Entered in the Entered Register	
Į,	hereby, certify that this property is:	The Register	
K	entered in the National Register.  See continuation sheet.	Allow Byen	5/10/9
	determined eligible for the National		
	Register. See continuation sheet.		
	determined not eligible for the		
	National Register.		
	removed from the National Register.		
	other, (explain:)		
		Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action

8. Statement of Significance			
Certifying official has considered the significance	of this prop	erty in relation to other prope	orties:
nétioi Beas es apac	hally: clt[ ctast	statewide X locally	)
Applicable National Register Criteria A		□D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	В 🗆с	D DE DF	G
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instru Engineering	uctions)	Period of Significanc	•
		Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A		Architect/Builder Thomas, Willi Allen and Ful	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Thomas Arch Bridge (c. 1916) is being nominated to the National Register under criterion C for its architectural significance as reinforced concrete, triple hinged, open spandrel arched bridge and is to be included in the "Masonry Arch Bridges of Kansas" thematic resources nomination. This is Kansas' only known example of triple hinged, reinforced concrete construction.

The Thomas Arch Bridge spans the Wakarusa River at Wanamaker Road and 105th Street, near the Osage County line. This is a very rural area of Shawnee County. Wanamaker Road is paved when it crosses the bridge but becomes a gravel road just south of the bridge.

Arch bridges made of reinforced concrete had many advantages over masonry arches. Stone bridges were generally constructed with arches following a semi-circular, or segmental curve. These forms necessarily limited the span length. Stone bridges having a low rise to span ratio were extremely rare, but reinforced concrete lent itself to a low rise to span ratio, and this allowed for longer span length. In addition, concrete bridges generally required less handwork during the erection than stone arch bridges, which decreased their cost and construction time.

Many claims were made for concrete and the positive aspects of its use in bridge building. It was said to be a permanent material, far more durable than stone, and one which actually increased in strength with age. A concrete bridge was said to be frostproof, fireproof, and floodproof. The concrete, it was thought, would permanently protect the steel.

Concrete was first used in the mid-nineteenth century as a monolithic masonry without metal reinforcement, commonly called plain concrete. By itself, concrete can work only in compression, but if reinforced with iron or steel bars, the elastic metal will take the tensile stresses. Reinforcing schemes of varying shapes and types were introduced in the late nineteenth century. Because of the plasticity of concrete, various architectural and aesthetic designs can be incorporated into these bridges.

Shawnee <u>Chief</u> , 12 May 1916; 13 October 24 November 1916; 8 December 1916; 4 May 1917; 25 May 1917.	1916; 20 October 1916; 17 November 1916; 23 March 1917; 27 April 1917;				
at a second and a second and a second	- 1 HDH /Charman County Fances				
Shawnee County, Kansas Commission Journ					
County Clerk's Office). 8 May 1916					
18 August 1916; 8 September 1916; 9	September 1916; 15 September 1916.				
Topeka Daily Capital, 9 September 1916.					
	icial Gazette of the United States Patent de-Marks, Designs, and Labels. (Washington: ber 1914).				
Wallace, Douglass W. and Bird, Roy D.: Shawnee County, (Topeka: Shawnee C Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Witness of the Times: A History of ounty Historical Society, 1976).				
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:				
has been requested	☐X State historic preservation office				
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency				
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency				
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government				
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University				
Survey #	Other				
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:				
Record #	Kansas State Historical Society				
10. Geographical Data	<del></del>				
10. Geographical Data					
Acreage of property Less than 1 acre					
UTM References					
A 115 26 0 4 4 5 4 3 0 6 3 2 5 Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing				
	See continuation sheet				
Verbal Boundary Description The nominated property is R15E in Auburn Township, Shawnee County, Kansa northeast corner is represented by the northean northeast corner of the bridge the boundary prorthwest, 113'1" to the northeast, and 16'1"	s on a tract measuring 113'1" x 16'1" whose st corner of the bridge. Beginning at the coceeds 113'1" to the southwest, 16'1" to the				
	See continuation sheet				
Boundary Justification					
The boundary includes only that area to nominated property.	that is historically associated with the				
	See continuation sheet				
11. Form Prepared By					
name/title <u>Martha Hagedorn-Krass</u> , Architectural	Historian				
organization <u>Kansas State Historical Society</u>	date March 30, 1990				
street & number 120 W. 10th	telephone 913-296-5264				
city or townTopeka	state Kansas zip code 66612				

9. Major Bibliographical References