•	DATA	SHEET
STATE:		

Form 10-300 (Rev. 6-72)		S DEPARTMENT O TIONAL PARK SER		NTERIOR		Nebra	ıska			
	NATIONAL REG	GISTER OF HIS RY – NOMINAT				Hall	PS USE ONL	.y	-	
	(Type all entries	s - complete an	nlicable	e section		NTRY DATE	9 1075		$\Box$	
1. NAME	(1) po all outle	s complete up	onedor.	9 5001101	107	mu1	2 1975			
COMMON	:									
	Grand Islam	nd Carnegie	Libra	ry						
AND/OR	HISTORIC:								-	
0 10017/										
2. LOCATIO	JN AND NUMBER:									
	321 West 2	nd Street								
CITY OR		na Jorceo			CONGRESSIO	NAL DISTRICT:			$\dashv$	
	Grand Islam	nd			Th:	i rd			- (	
STATE		· ·		CODE	COUNTY:			COD	E	
	Nebraska			031	Ha	11		079	3	
3. CLASSIF		T				T	1			
	CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNER	SHIP		STATUS	1	CESSIBLE		
. Distr	ict 🔀 Building	☐ Public	l .	Acquisiti		X Occupied		es:		
☐ Site	Structure	X Private		In Proc		Unoccupied	101	Restricted Unrestricted	,	
	☐ Object	☐ Both	'	_ Being (	Considered	☐ Preservation	י work			
						in progre	55			
PRESEN	T USE (Check One of )	More as Appropriate)							_	
	= :		Park			☐ Transportation		mments		
☐X Comm		•		ate Reside	rce [	Other Specify		- X	7	
		lilitary luseum	ີ Reliq			<del>- / 3 -</del>	RECEN	/ED		.\
1		loseom	Scien	111116	_			uu,	1	<u></u>
OWNER	OF PROPERTY						<del>JAN23</del>	1978 N	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
j.		louno I de					- ** ** <u>**</u>	17/3	Z	~ <del> </del>
STREET	Edgar A. R	eynorus	<del></del>				NATION	4F.	Nebras	T E
		uise Street				of the second	REGISTE	R /	SB	
CITY OR		4.02 00.00			STATE:	1,3	`\	CODE	۲ ۵	1
	Grand Isla				Ne	braska 🔪		031		
	ON OF LEGAL DESC									
COURTH	OUSE, REGISTRY OF		C		مامد				_	0
STREET	AND NUMBER:	y Courthouse	, cou	nty Cr	erk				Hall	OUNTY
1									=	≾
CITY OR	: TOWN:		<del> </del>		STATE			CODE	1	
	Grand Isla	ind			Ne	braska		031		$\sqcap$
6. REPRES	ÊNTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVEYS								
TITLE O	F SURVEY:									m Z
						5.			-	EN TRY
	F SURVEY: TORY FOR SURVEY R	ECORDS:		Federal	State	County	☐ Loc		1	ZZZ
								٠		FOR NPS USE
STREET	AND NUMBER:									
CITY OR	TOWN:				STATE:			CODE		- ONLY
										D A

	DESCRIPTION								
1					(Che	k One)			
	CONDITION	Excellent	X Good	☐ Fair	☐ Det	er i ora ted	Ruins	Unexposed	
	CONDITION		(Check Or	1e)			(Che	eck One)	
	<del>-</del>	X Alter	ed	☐ Unaltered			☐ Moved	X Original Site	`
- 1	DESCRIBE THE PR	RESENT AND ORL	GINAL (if kno	Wn) PHYSICA	LADDEA	DANCE			

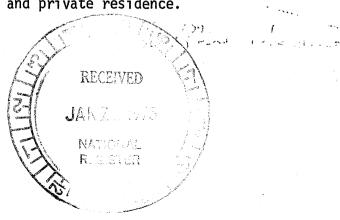
The Grand Island Carnegie Library is an exquisite example of a small library building executed in the Neo-Classical Revival style of architecture so popular in Nebraska during the early 20th century.

The building, basically a two-story structure with the main floor on the second level, measures 88 feet by 132 feet and rises approximately 20 feet above grade. Construction is of 18 inch thick pressed brick walls with the second floor supported by cast iron columns and fire coated steel beams. The exterior is trimmed with stone, terra cotta, and molded pressed brick. The low hipped roof is covered with slate with tile hip rolls and the whole topped with copper cresting. The front (north) facade reinforces the symmetry of the plan. The classically symmetrical facade rises above the partial basement on a high base of rusticated brick. Wide steps lead monumentally through the stone lonic columns to the double doors of the main entrance on the upper level. Ornate iron grillework adorns the doors and transom light of the entrance.

Through the entrance vestibule of the original building were the lobby and the main desk. Behind the desk was the receiving and storage area for the book stacks. To either side of the lobby were the east and west reading rooms. The basement of the original structure was used for storage, work rooms, and lecture room, with the boiler room in a separate structure to the rear of the lot. The interior finishes consisted of plaster on brick walls with classically detailed cornices, hardwood and ceramic tile floors and hardwood trim. The main feature of the lobby was the steel columns with an imitation marble finish.

The building today retains its original character and integrity on the exterior. The building is in good repair with the entrance steps and a portion of the copper cresting the only items in an obvious state of disrepair.

The interior of the building has been stripped of all its nonpermanent features and is presently being converted to an adaptive use as a music conservatory and private residence.



IGNIFICANCE			
PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	18th Century	χ 20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable	le and Known)		
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Che	ck One or More as Appropr	iate)	
Abor iginal	□ Education	☐ Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric.	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
☐ Historic	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
X Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
☐ Commerce	☐ Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	☐ Theater	
Conservation	Music	☐ Transportation	

The importance of the public library as a cultural institution is an undeniable fact to most of the towns and cities in Nebraska. Grand Island is no exception. The board of directors met for the first time in 1884 and made their first book selections that same years. The library itself moved from place to place on a short term basis until 1889 when space in the new City Hall was found. It wasn't until February of 1902 that a joint meeting of the Library Board and the City Council decided to devise a plan for the maintenance of a new Public Library Building. The city agreed to levy the sum of \$2,000 for maintenance and support of a library provided the Library Board secured a donation of \$20,000 for the building.

By April of 1902 the board had accepted an offer from Andrew Carnegie for the sum of \$20,000. The board soon began to confer with the top architectural firms in Lincoln and Omaha and found Tyler & Son of Lincoln to be "the best and most reliable." The board unanimously elected them architects on June 28, 1902. One month later plans were received by the board for consideration. It was decided, at this time, that the building would be made one-fifth smaller to allow for monies to fire-proof the building, Complete construction documents were then prepared and bids were received in March of 1903 with Falldorf and Kirchke selected contractors. Ground was broken April 27, 1903, with President Theodore Roosevelt attending. Final acceptance of the building was in December, 1905.

The building was completed at a cost of \$19,000 with \$1,000 for the architects' fees. The building exhibited the finest of design skills and workmanship at the time. Today it still stands as an excellent example of the small Carnegie Library and Grand Island's first public library building.

JANZ 8 1970 NATIONAL REGISTER 9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES