Form 10-300 (July 1969)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

-	STATE:	Utah					
1	COUNTY:						
	Millard						
		FOR NPS USE ONLY					

IMMEN	TORY - NOMINAT	MI	Millard		
INVEN		FOR NPS USE ONLY			
(Type all e	ENTRY N	23 <u> </u>	TE		
	mics – complete app	oncable sections)	70.10,43/6	0011	6/20
NAME COMMON:		Print /	RELEIVE 30		
1	ve Fort			JUL 13 1970	
AND/OR HISTORIC:			lat	NATIONAL	
Co	ve Creek Fort		المنتفر	REGIO	7 1
LOCATION			To the second se	NEGIO	SH
STREET AND NUMBER: intersection wi CITY OR TOWN:	Two miles east th Interstate 70		e 15 on State Ro	orest, mean	
Co	ve Fort, betweer	n Kanosh and E	Beaver		
STATE	•	CODE CO	UNTY:	C	CODE
Ut	ah	43	Millard		27
CLASSIFICATION					
CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP	STATI	JS ACCESSIE	
	T B.LI:	TD 11: A			BLIC
District Build	- I	Public Acquisition:	Occupied	N Pastrict	ed
Site X Struct	Both	Being Cons	Unoccupi sidered Preservat	ed Inrestri	1
Object			in prog	i 🗀 Na	1
PRESENT USE (Check Or	- Annunciata)				
					
☐ Agricultural ☐ Government ☐ Park ☐ Transportation ☐ Comm					•
Commercial Educational	Industrial Military	Private Residence Religious	Other (Speci	fy)	
	Museum	Scientific			
OWNER OF PROPERTY					
OWNER'S NAME:					
A1	ice T. Kesler				
STREET AND NUMBER:					7
	So. 100 East				
CITY OR TOWN:	11		STATE:	COD	t ah
	llmore,		Utah	43	<u> </u>
LOCATION OF LEGAL COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY	900909900000000000000000000000000000000				
	llard County Cou	urthouse			
STREET AND NUMBER:	iraid county cou	ui tiiouse			
					3
CITY OR TOWN:	<u> </u>		STATE	COD	E =
c:	llmore		114-1-	1.3	Ω.
			Utah	43	1,9
REPRESENTATION IN I	XISTING SURVEYS				_2
Utah Historical American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1968					
		ndation			2.00
Utah Heritage Foundation STREET AND NUMBER: 603 East South Temple					
	lt Lake City		114-6	43	- 0
	- C Lake City	······································	Utah	43	- 6

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13 32	コエミニ共工士 (Check One)						
CONDITION	Excellent	X Good	☐ Fair	Deterior	ated 🔲 Ruins	Unexposed	
CONDITION	(Check One)				(Check One)		
	🔀 Altered	I	Unaltered		☐ Moved	🔀 Original Site	

Cove Fort was built of black volcanic rock laid in with lime mortar, burned nearby. Ira N. Hinckley directed the work and was assisted by Hans Hansen, Horace Owens, James Owens, Albert Shales, Nathan Baldwin, Christian Hansen, Allen Russell, and Dorus and Orange Warner. The estimated construction cost was about \$23,000.

The fort consisted of a square--four walls 18' high from the base of the foundation, 4' thick at the foundation, and 2' thick at the top, and 100' long. The main gateway in the east wall was approximately 14' square and closed with two large, hinged doors, originally filled with sand between the outside planking to prevent burning by flaming arrows. The west door was similarly constructed but 8' x 4'. Six apartments (about 16' x 14' x 9') lined each of the north and south walls, with chimneys for each room projecting 6' above the walls. The heavy beams were hand hewn. Local timber was used for shingles and lumber.

Teams, stage coaches and covered wagons could be driven into the fort if necessary. A well was dug for water without success. However, the inhabitants felt secure when forted up.

By 1902 the fort had been abandoned and the north interior burned. Sizeable restoration efforts have been made by the Kesler family, and generally the integrity of the fort remains. Although the fabric of the walls remains excellent, there is still need for extensive restoration.

SIGNIFICANCE							
PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		min gr iggi de s				
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	18th Century	20th Century				
15th Century	☐ 17th Century	X 19th Century					
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable	e and Known) Built	in 1867	<u> </u>				
AREAS OF SEGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)							
Abar iginal	☐ Education	☐ Political	Urban Planning				
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)				
☐ Historic	industry industry	losophy	9 NATIONAL ET				
Agriculture	Invention	Science	REGISTED				
Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	(61)				
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-					
☐ Commerce	Literature	itarian	0111				
Communications	⋈ Military	☐ Theater					
☐ Conservation	Music	Transportation					

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Indians called the site Pa-Hump-Pa (Cove Creek); Mormon emigrants named it Cove Creek. Cove Fort is located at a crossroads of early western trails. Jed Smith reached the site enroute to California in 1826; the old Spanish Trail also passed it. Both California-bound emigrants and Mormons passed by and camped on Cove Creek. However, not until 1860 did Charles Willden and his son Elliot establish the first permanent residence there, known as Willden's Fort.

Because of Indian hostilities in the Black Hawk War, and because Mormons needed protection for their newly completed telegraph lines to southern Utah, Brigham Young purchased the site for the church and called Ira N. Hinckley from Coalville, Utah, to settle there and construct a fort. Hinckley moved his family and immediately began to raise the fort in the spring of 1867, which was completed by November of that year.

Cove Fort continued to be used by travelers and freighters through the region. Brigham Young stopped at the fort frequently--on one occasion (1872) accompanied by Col. Thomas L. Kane who had helped mediate the Mormon conflict in 1858.

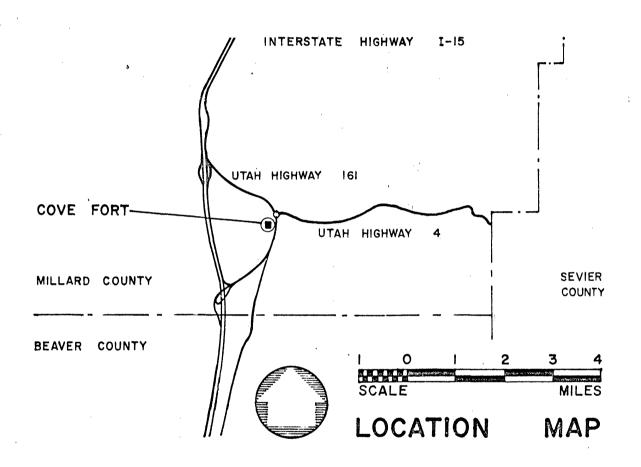
Ira Hinckley removed from Cove Fort after ten years, but the Mormon Church retained ownership until the Twentieth Century. During this period stages stopped regularly and freighters camped overnight nearby. W. H. Kesler leased the fort and property in December 1903. By April 1904 he had moved his family into the fort, and later (1911) purchased it. The Kesler family still owns the property.

At the time Mr. Kesler moved in, the fort was abandoned. The north quarter had been completely burned out but was restored in 1917. Since that time Cove Fort has served as a private residence, as a motel, and currently as a historic site and museum operated by the Kesler family.

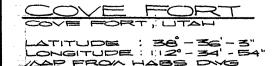
It remains an excellent example of an unusually well-constructed Mormon fortification.

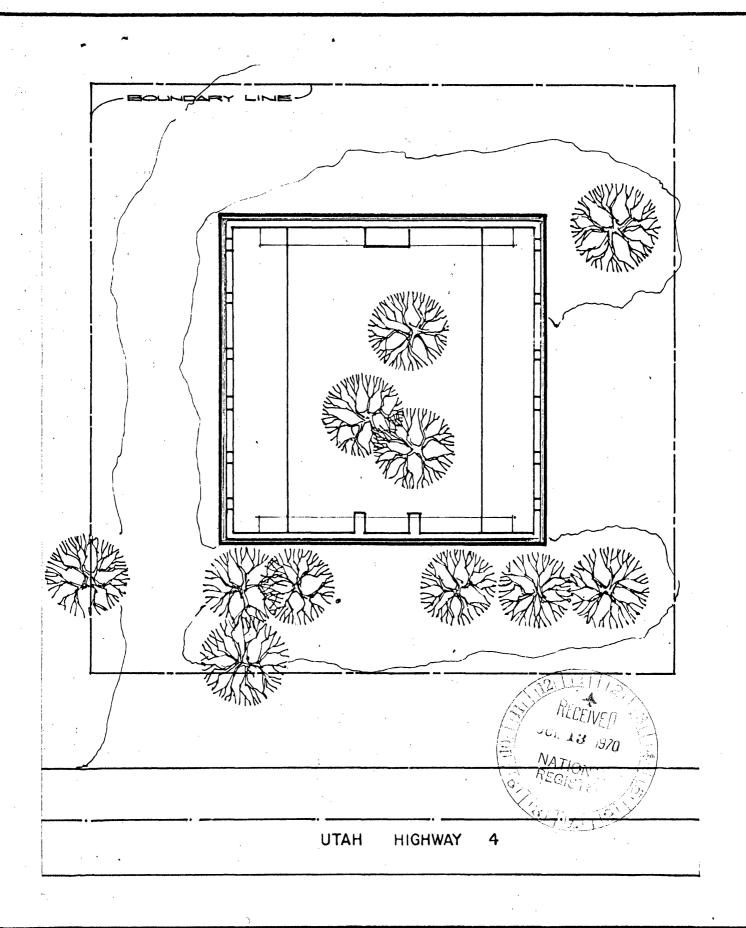
Date

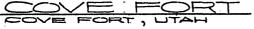
Date July 1, 1970











LATITUDE : 38° - 36' - 3" LONGITUDE: 112° - 34' - 54" MAP FROM HABS DWG

DATE: //AY 1970

ECALE: 1" = 30'