## INVENTORY FORM FOR NOMINATED PROPERTIES

<i>*</i>	Name of property: J. W. Corwith Livery (Reensburg MKA)	Owner: Bernien Company
	Address: 121 South Webb Avenue	Owner's address: 121 South Webb Avenue
	City: Reedsburg County: Sauk	Reedsburg, Wisconsin 53959
REGI	STRATION INFORMATION	
160	NRHP Certification (date)  Listed in NRHP (LI)  Determined eligible in DOE process (DD)  Determined eligible in nomination process (DN)  Additional documentation added to nomination (AD)  Boundary increased (BI)  Boundary Decreased (BD)  Delisted (DL)	215 Criteria Considerations  religious property (A) moved property (B) birthplace or grave (C) cemetery (D) reconstructed property (E) commemorative property (F) less than 50 years old (G)  220 Area of Significance (code)
170	Thematic or Multiple Resource Nomination Name (code) Multiple Resources of Reedsburg	Transportation Early Mass Transportation
180	NRHP List Name J. W. Corwith Livery	230 Period of Significance  1911-1934 (Date of Construction:1911)
190	Level of Significance  national (NA)  state (ST)  local (LO)	340 Review Board Date 10/19/84  70 USGS Quad Map  Reedsburg West Quadrangle
200	District Classfication  pivotal (P) contributing (C) non-contributing (NC)	80 UTM Coordinates (Format: 99-999999-999999)  15-741660-4824000  85 Listed Acreage Less than one
210	Applicable Criteria  X event (A) person (B) architectue/engineering (C) information potential (D)	60 Verbal Boundary Description City of Reedsburg, (Lots 15, 16 and N 10' Lot 17) and Com. NW Cor 20, Th S 76', Th E 33', Th S to S line of lot, E 63', Th N to alley and W to point of beginning Block 20.

Architectural/Engineering Statement of Significance

Describtion

The Corwith Livery and Feed Barn is a rectangular

Brothers, also of Reedsburg, did the cement work. by Johnson Lumber Company of Reedsburg while Sweeney of the livery is concerned. The livery itself was built contributing element as far as the historic significance new section, fronting South Webb Avenue, is a nontwentieth century building on the northwest corner. The tial integrity. The livery is now attached to a later dows bricked over, the building has retained its essen-Although the side of the livery has had many of the winthe front or south of the building is used for storage. building has been blocked off and is used as a workroom, a wood frame roof and beams. The rear third of the interior of the building reveals solid brick walls with is a concrete slab; all partition walls are gone. The waiting room and office (A). All that remains of this overlight above. This used to lead into a ladies facade is wood and has a scrolled design on it and an on this facade. A door on the east part of the south large door, for carriage or car entry, is centered 4/1 vertical pane windows on the upper section. A south facade has a parapet roofline and four bays of faced with metal stamped to look like brick. The with metal (B,C). The sides of the monitor roof are covered with asbestos shingles, although was once clad alley (A). The livery is one story with a monitor roof frontage on Vine Street and extends north 160' to the

building constructed of Chicago brick. It has a 60'

It sold farm implements then (B).) Avenue. The company was founded by John Bernien c. 1892. storage and work space. The store itself is at 121 S Webb facing 121 Vine Street for old (c. 1911) livery by Bernien Company (tractor sales). Bernien also used the (The addition at 121 S Webb Ave. is now used for storage

G - "The Reedsburg Times", December 19, 1924.

F - Bensel, A. A., Bensel's Sauk County Directory (Fond du Lac,

E - Dwinnell, Solomon A., Sauk County, Town of Reedsburg.

C - Sanborn-Perris Maps at State Historical Society of

B - "Wisconsin Industrial Review", March 1912 (Vol. XIII,

1875, an issue of The American Sketchbook (LaCrosse,

D - French, Mrs. Bella (ed.), History of Reedsburg, Wisconsin

This was written in 1872 and reproduced in 1980 by Donald

P. B. Haber Printing House, 1890).

A - "The Reedsburg Times", April 21, 1911.

690 Bibliographic References (Sources)

Parly Mass Transportation

V. Hyzer, Reedsburg.

Wisconsin, Madison.

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Sketchbook Company, 1875).

700 Study Units (code)

360 Date Demolished

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350 Demolished

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## Historical Background

Although Reedsburg had only a few liveries throughout the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, the
liveries, whether run in connection with a hotel or operated separately, were an important part of the commercial life of the community. They transported people to
and from the depot and between other locations, provided
a personal service by caring for horses and carriages,
and often bought and sold horses on special request.
All this occurred at a time when horses and carriages
were a main form of transportation both inside the city
and for longer distances. Only the railroad could provide a faster mode of transportation.

In 1911 William Corwith built this livery and feed barn. He had been in the livery and feed business about one year and had a "first class up-to-the-times livery" (B). In addition to the building extant, Corwith had a 90' x 30' barn east of it (gone). He could accommodate 120 horses and had 19 for livery use, in addition to buying and selling horses. In 1925 Corwith had 27 horses, stable room and carriage room. A large part of his business was then concerned with funerals, weddings and private parties.

Corwith's livery was built west of the Bates Hotel (gone) on Vine Street, south of the City Hotel at 125 Main Street, one block southwest of the Hotel Stolte at 204 Main Street, two block southeast of the railroad passenger depot and near the southwest edge of the commercial district. Residences and warehouses are also nearby. This was a central location as far as potential business was concerned.

Three liveries were operating in Reedsburg c. 1912 when "It was predicted with the incoming of automobiles that the livery business would be put out of commission as a profitable vocation, but such has not proved the case. Automobiles seem rather to have stimulated the business by introducing riding to people who otherwise might never have become converts. People ride for business and pleasure more now than ever before, so we find livery men prospering" (B). In 1924, 20 years after the first automobile had arrived in Reedsburg, they were still considered a rarity in the city (G), although livery barns were now beginning to be used for automobile storage also (H), including the Corwith Livery.

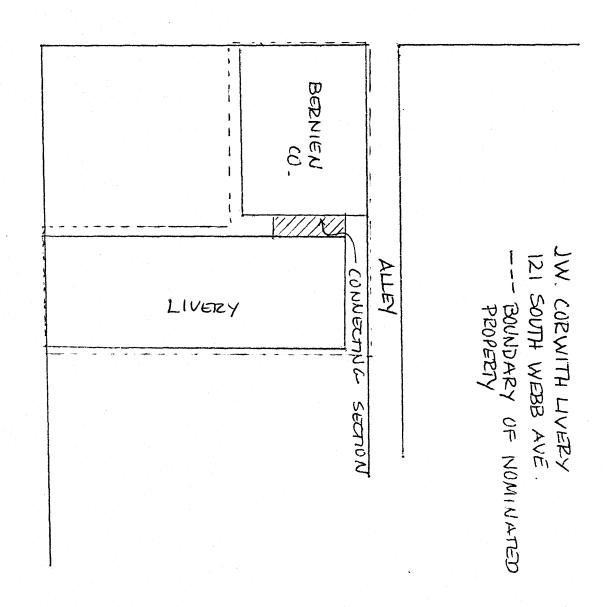
## Historical Statement of Significance: Transportation

The J. W. Corwith livery and feed barn has local historical significance because of its association with the development of transportation in Reedsburg. It provided an important commercial function in the city by servicing horses and carriages and providing a basic form of transportation, all of this before the popularity of the automobile changed transportation styles. In addition to its service function, the livery represents what was once one of the focal points of the community's transportation system (another being the railroad). The Corwith Livery is the last extant structure in Reedsburg associated with this important form of turn of century transportation. Because of its high degree of integrity, the livery is an excellent physical representation of transportation history in Reedsburg and has historic significance.

## Bibliographic References (sources) con't:

H - Sanborn-Perris Maps at State Historical Society of Wisconsin, Madison.

SOUTH WEBB AVENUE



VINE STREET