## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received FEB I 4 1985
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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
historic The	Electric Building			
and/or common				
2. Loca	ition			
street & number	619 S. Fourth Av	7enue		nanot for publication
city, town	Louisville	na vicinity of		
state	Kentucky co	de 021. county	Jefferson	code
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownershippublic Xprivateboth Public Acquisitionnain processnabeing considered	StatusX_ occupied unoccupied work in progress AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture _X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
name street & number	Mr. Martin Cohn 615 S. Fourth St	c/o Tiff's Records		
city, town	Louisville	na_ vicinity of	state <sub>k</sub>	Kentucky
5. Loca	ition of Leg	al Descripti		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Je	fferson County		
street & number	. 5	17 W. Jefferson Str	eet	
city, town Lo	uisville		state	Kentucky
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing	Surveys	
title Kentucky	Historic Resource	s Inventoryhas this pr	operty been determined el	ligible?yes <sub>x</sub> no
date 1982			federal _Xsta	ite county local
depository for su	rvey records <sup>Kentucky</sup>	Heritage Council		
city, town	Frankfort		state	Kentucky

### 7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent good X fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X_ altered	.x_ original site moved date <u>na</u>

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Electric Building is located in the central business district adjacent to the Wright and Taylor Building (National Register, 1984), Lowes United Artist Theatre (National Register, 1978) and the Theatre Building (National Register, 1982). The southern end of the 600 block of Fourth Avenue is being developed as Theatre Square, which involves the total renovation of the Brown Hotel (National Register, 1978) and considerable new construction.

The Electric Building is a three-story brick structure with three facade bays. The first floor currently provides commercial space for two businesses. The storefronts are not original. The first floor was originally designed as a single commercial space. Early photographs show what appears to be large display windows flanking a central recessed entry. A large multi-paned transom light extends the full width of the first floor. The entire first floor also appears to be slightly recessed with a cast iron frieze of geometric design and end cast iron brackets between first and second floors. (See Figure 1, historic photograph)

The upper two floors are nearly identical. Again the actual window surface is recessed slightly behind a cast iron frieze and cast-iron paired columns which flank the windows. Sullivanesque motifs are found in the iron tracery in the frieze, one foliate and the other geometric. The windows are comprised of a single, central large pane with multipaned transom lights and sidelights. The sidelights on the second floor have been altered by the installation of jalousie windows. The wide overhanging cornice contains four pairs of large, stylized brackets. (Photos 2 & 3)

Within the recessed areas surrounding each window grouping and along the spandels and cornice are electrical sockets spaced approximately one foot apart, apparently used by the first owner/occupant, the Kentucky Electric Company, to advertise its services.

## 8. Significance

prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	agriculture X architecture art	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1912	Builder/Architect	NKMUWN	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Electric Building is one of Louisville's finest examples of the Chicago School. Although modest in scale, the building displays the simplicity and restrained ornamentality of the style masterfully executed. Few buildings in Louisville boast the Chicago School style, and none create the sense of freedom from the masonry wall as well as the Electric Building.

Built in 1912 for the Kentucky Electric Company, the Electric Building was lighted nightly. Electrical sockets are still evident in the recessed areas surrounding the windows and lining the cornice. The Kentucky Electric Company, however, was short lived. Only a year later, in 1913, Rhodes Burford, a furniture store, occupied the building. Subsequent occupants included the Soldiers Club, Hubbuch Brothers and Wellendorf Carpets, and Kunz's Restaurant.

The first floor of the building now houses two commercial concerns and the upper floors are used for storage. The materials used to alter the first floor appear to have been applied over existing materials. Hopefully the original transom and spandrel decor is intact.

The Electric Building is one of only several buildings in the 600 block which remain from the early twentieth century when this block was known as Theatre Row, where five grand movie houses supplied the community with the height of entertainment. The state-of-theart design of the Electric Building and its glittering lights certainly complimented the atmosphere of the 600 block.

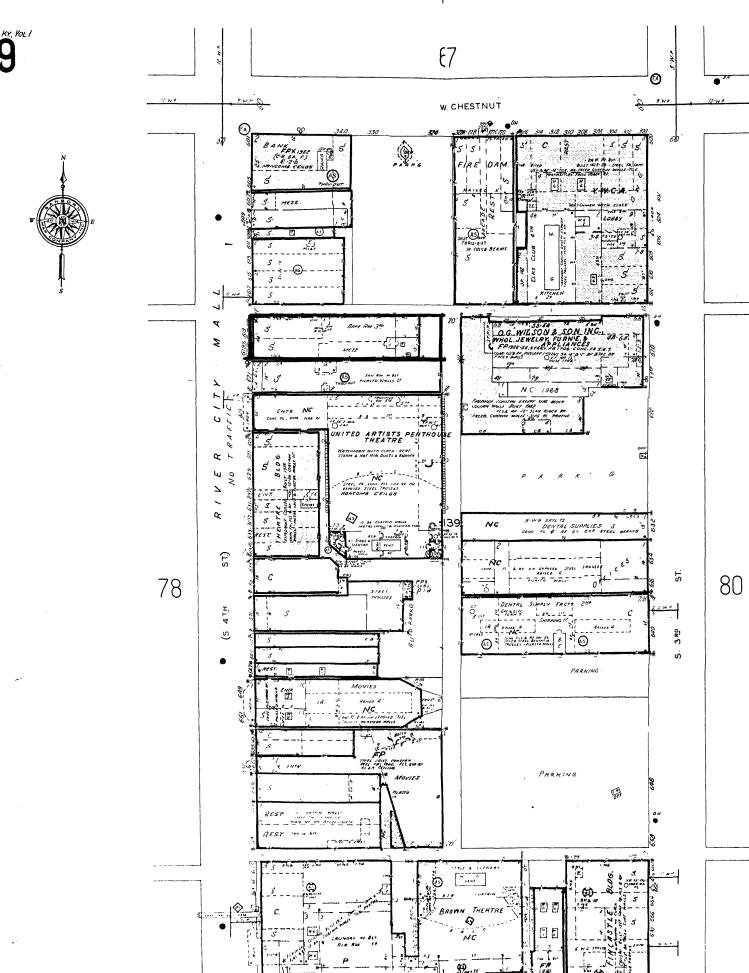
The architect of the Electric Building is unknown, but may have been Mason Maury or Clarke and Loomis. Both firms were competent in the Chicago School of architecture. The screen-like attitude displayed by the frieze work and paired columns are accentuated by the multi-paned transoms and sidelights around the larger single-pane windows. This treatment softens and adds depth to the fenestration. The use of cast iron allows for the delicate, airy treatment of the entire facade, particularly the spandrels.

The Electric Building is a locally significant element of the architectural history of the community. It is one of few remaining Chicago School designs in Louisville, and one of the most masterfully executed.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Chief of Registration

Carons Annual Directories of the City of Louisville Jefferson County Courthouse. University of Louisville Photographic Archives, Caufield and Shook and Royal Collections. **Geographical Data** Acreage of nominated property \_ .21 acre Quadrangle scale 1:24,000 Quadrangle name Louisville West **UTM** References Zone Verbal boundary description and justification City of Louisville Block 13K Lot 131. The Electric Building occupies the entire lot. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries code state county code state county code Form Prepared By name/title M. A. Allgeier, Director of Research organization date Louisville Landmarks Commission 12 - 84street & number 727 W Main Street telephone (502) 587-3501 Louisville city or town state Kentucky State Historic Preservation Officer Certification The evaluated significance of this property within the state is: national state As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. State Historic Preservation Officer signature State Historic Preservation Officer title date February 5, 1985 For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register Mafered to The date Keeper of the National Register Attest: date



Electric Building 619 Fourth Avenue Louisville, Jefferson Co., Kentucky Sanborn Map Sanborn Map Co. Pelham, NY