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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

MAR 1 0 1992

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

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1. Name of Property					
historic name		Gay	rmont		
other names/site number					
2. Location					
street & number U.S	S. Rt. 50				not for publication
city, town Auron	ra				x vicinity
state WV	code 54	county	Preston	code o77	zip code 26705
3. Classification					
Ownership of Property	Ca	tegory of Property		Number of Reso	urces within Property
X private	and the second se	building(s)		Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local		district		1	1 buildings
public-State		site			sites
public-Federal	, –	structure		1	structures
	-	object			objects
		00/001		2	1 Total
Name of related multiple pro	anartu llatina.				ALC: NAME OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPR
NAME OF TELEGO HUMPE PR	openty listing:				ibuting resources previously
N/A				listed in the Nati	onal Hegister
4. State/Federal Agency	Certification		8		
In ny obinion, the proper Signature of certifying officia State or Federal agency and	Jance	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>3/5/98</u> Date
In my opinion, the proper	ty 🗌 meets 🗌	does not meet th	e National Reg	ister criteria. 🗌 See d	continuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or	other official				Date
State or Federal agency and	l bureau				
5. National Park Service	Certification				
I, hereby, certify that this pr	A REAL PROPERTY OF THE OWNER WATER AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER WATER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER WATER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER WATER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER WATER ADDRESS OF THE OWNER ADDRESS OF			intered in	the
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See continuation sheet.		× llol	1. M	10.7	4/15/92
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Register. See continua			v		
				450 11-11-1	
determined not eligible for					
National Register.					
removed from the Notion	al Peoleter				
removed from the Nation			- 700		
other, (explain:)					
			1		

Signature of the Keeper

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
Domestic/Summer Resort Cottage	Domestic/Bed & Breakfast		
	Domestic/Work-in-Progress		
7. Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation cut sandstone/rough faced		
Craftsman	walls wood shingles; aluminum; log slabs		
Rustic			
Queen Anne	roofasphalt shingles		
	other log risers on front steps		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

X See continuation sheet

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____ Page ____

Description

Gaymont is a summer resort cottage built around 1896. It displays eclectic overtones of Craftsman, Rustic, and Queen Anne architectural styles.

Overall shape of the plan is a T. (See enclosed Preston County Courthouse Property Record.) Interior space is dominated by very large (approximately) 32' x 36' parlors on the first and second floors. (See enclosed floor plans.)

The two-story building is constructed of wood, wood shingles, wood half-timbers, and cut stone. The wood shingles on the top half of the building are coursed with a band of sawtooth-like designs, along the border between the first and second floors.

Gaymont features a low-pitched, cross-gabled, and hipped roof. The structural system is balloon frame, which was common by the 1890s.

Specific features of Gaymont include the Queen Anne style encircling verandah, which originally covered three sides (north, east, and west), but was enclosed on the west side in 1940. (This will be discussed in the alterations paragraph.) The windows of Gaymont are double-hung with original daisy and button, Victorian styled brass hardware. The windows are arranged in a symmetrical pattern. The bay window area on the front facade faces north and includes three double-hung windows with original handrolled glass, alternating with two rectangular stationary windows with thirty-six lights each. (See enclosed photograph # 15 of Other windows of interest include the line of three small 23.) windows (Craftsman type) at the top of each cross-gable (2). Also of note is the attic eyebrow window which is shown in the historic photo, but was removed when a new roof was installed pre-1940. (The eyebrow window is now in storage in the attic. The current owner plans to have it replaced.) (See enclosed Gaymont historic photo which shows the eyebrow window.)

The doors on Gaymont are made of oak and are of paneled construction.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____ Page ____

The door of note is the Dutch-type door on the front north side. It is beautifully hand-crafted of oak, with paneled construction and measures 4'8" x 7'6".

There is one brick chimney with ridge placement. (The chimney was rebuilt on the top section around 1940 after lightning struck the original.)

There are two projecting gables on the east and west elevations, and the north elevation features the bay window. The exterior also displays an interesting stairway on the north side. This verandah stairway features Rustic style,bark-covered tree slabs as risers. (See enclosed photo # 9 of 23.) The newel posts on these steps are missing but the historic photo shows their design. (Work-In-Progress)

The Craftsman-type influence is evident in the exposed rafter tails, multiple roof planes, and wide, unenclosed eave overhang.

The Rustic architecture style detailing is found again in the bark-covered half-logs that were used as the outer decorative fabric on the lower half of the building. Most of the barkcovered fabric is gone, but one wall covered in this manner remains. (See enclosed photo # 6 of 23.) (The current owner is in the process of restoring these hemlock half-logs on the whole bottom half of the house.)

The significant interior features of Gaymont include beautiful hand-crafted, one-inch thich, paneled oak wainscoting on all walls of the first floor parlor. Hand-crafted oak beams are also found on the first floor. These wood architectural elements are in pristine condition with original finish.

Master craftsmanship is also evident in the pine wainscoting covering the walls of the 2nd floor 32' x 36' parlor. The original wallpaper remains on the upstairs floor parlor area.

The chimneypiece on the 2nd floor is blocked but in original condition. It is constructed of smooth, glazed red brick. Three house-shaped designs are recessed into the chimneypiece for decorative effect. (See photo # 17 of 23.)

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number __7 Page __3

The flooring on the first and second floors is constructed of oak boards and maintain their original condition.

Brass acetylene light fixtures are still in evidence on the second floor. The steam pipes for the hot water heating system are constructed of copper , intact, and in original condition.

The historic floor plan is basically the same today, the exception being the turning the serving room into a kitchen. (See enclosed floor plan.)

There is one non-contributing building on this property. It is a frame garage (post-1950), which is scheduled to be demolished in the near future. A contributing structure is a steel windmill used for pumping water up the knoll from the spring. The spring location is now on Cathedral State Park property. This windmill is in sound condition, but the wooden blades are missing. (The current owner hopes to find replacement blades.) (See photo # 21 of 23.)

Manmade elements also include a roadbed/driveway made of gravel stone that comes up the knoll from Rt. 50 to the front of the house. It is not being used at this time. (See photo # 23 of 23.)

Alterations to the exterior include: 1. removal of most of the bark-covered hemlock slabs on the lower section of the house. Aluminum siding replaced the timbers (post-1960). (As stated earlier the owner has one wall in original condition to replicate. Although he has not pulled the metal siding off yet-possibly they are still attached. He is in the process of finding replacement hemlock logs.); 2. removal of eyebrow window when asphalt shingles were applied (pre-1940). (I do not know the original fabric of the roofing material, but I suspect it was either wood shingles or slate.); and 3. verandah enclosed on west side in 1940. (A full explanation of the verandah enclosure is found in section 8.)

The property has deteriorated to a minor degree. Some rotted wood and worn paint are in evidence on the exterior, due to extreme and harsh weather conditions and neglect. The interior remains in almost original and pristine condition.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _7 Page _4

Landscape elements include a small apple orchard (in poor condition, and on an adjoining parcel), evergreens, and an old garden badly overgrown. (The current owner hopes to restore the orchard and garden.)

k	
erty in relation to other properties:	
D	
D E F G	
Period of Significance 1896-1941	Significant Dates
1896-1941	1896:1941
1896-1941	1896;1940
Cultural Affiliation	
Architect/Builder Unknown Ma	ster Craftsman
	statewide locally

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State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	See continuation sneet Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	WVU Main Library/WVC
10 Oceaning Date	Morgantown, WV 26506
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property1.29 acres	
UTM References A [/ ₁ 7] [6] 2, 6] 2, 4 0 [4 3 5 3 7 0 0] Zone Easting Northing C	B
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The boundary of Gaymont shows up on the enclo This property is located on U.S. Rt. 50 acros	

properties/ Parcel 74.2 (1.29 acres).

See continuation sheet

Boundary Justification

The boundary includes parcel 74.2 which incorporates both contributing building (Gaymont) and contributing structure (windmill). This parcel also includes one non-contributing building (garage). Adjacent parcels are currently owned by various individuals. (See enclosed Preston County tax map 21, Union District.)

See continuation sheet

name/title Pamela Ball Redmond, Contract Historian		
organization Investigations Unlimited	date November 25, 1991	
street & number _ 625 Brandon Street	telephone(30	4) 296-3013
city or town	state	zip code 26505

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>1</u>

Statement of Significance

Gaymont meets the National Register criterion A through two areas of significance: entertainment/recreation and commerce. Gaymont was built in the mid-1890s as a summer resort cottage for Lee McBride.

Mr. McBride, a businessman from Cleveland, Ohio, liked the area so much that in 1896 he purchased the adjoining property known as the Brookside resort. This Victorian era summer resort was located in the Aurora community, just ten miles west of Oakland, Maryland, along the Northwestern Turnpike (U.S. Rt. 50).

Criterion A involves associations with broad patterns, or events in history. Gaymont was associated with the "Golden Age" of American summer resorts, which lasted from (approximately) the 1870s through 1914.

The prevalence of these summer resorts, throughout the late Victorian era, reflected an attempt on the part of the socially elite to escape from the rapidly growing, crowded, and dirty urban environments.

Recreational summer resorts grew up quickly in many areas of the country, due to several contributing factors: 1. increased wealth; 2. increased leisure time; and 3. improved transportation, both roads and rail.

Gaymont also meets National Register Criterion C through architectural significance characterized by exterior and interior distinctive features, which were designed and executed by (currently) unknown master craftsmen. Distinctive exterior features include Queen Anne style encircling veranda; bark covered half logs; bay window; low-pitch hipped roof; sawtooth shingles; and cut stone foundation, all contributing to the Victorian summer resort cottage architecture.

One-inch thick oak wainscoting; Dutch door; bay window; built-in paneled bench; button patterned brass hardware; and oak beams, all in original condition, display expert woodworking and crafts-man skills of the late 19th century.

Since Gaymont was initially designed and built as a private summer

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 2

resort cottage for the McBrides and their guests, it differs substantially in design from the other buildings that existed at the Brookside resort. (See enclosed Brookside advertising booklet <u>One Summer In Brookside</u>.)

Brookside, as stated earlier, was located in the community of Aurora. (See enclosed Aurora community map.) Aurora was formed from two settlements, West Union and Mt. Carmel. (Mt. Carmel was originally known as Salem, and was settled by Germans, Rev. John Stough and his followers, on March 27, 1787.)

At various times the present day community of Aurora was included in Augusta County, Virginia; Randolph County, Virginia; Monongalia County, Virginia; Preston County, Virginia; Restored Government of Virginia; and Preston County, West Virginia.

Aurora was a quiet, pastoral, German village, until the construction of the Northwestern Turnpike (now Rt. 50). The new turnpike was built by Colonel Claudius Crozet (famous engineer who built the National Road). The Northwestern Turnpike was finally completed through Preston County in 1832. At this point Aurora began to change and grow. Although the road was not hardsurfaced until much later, it quickly became an East to West, West to East, busy highway used for migration to the western territories and for the movement of manufactured goods, supplies, and livestock.

By 1841 a tavern (Old Stone Tavern) was operating in the area. It was used as a tavern until 1882 when it became the residence of Christian Selders. Part of Selders' farm later became the Brookside resort.

Change was in the air again as the B&O Railroad was completed from Baltimore to Oakland, Maryland, in 1852. Oakland was just ten miles from Aurora. The Maryland state line was six miles away to the east.

As in many sections of the country, the emergence of the railroad brought enormous growth and development. Part of this growth involved the development of seasonal resort areas. Two Maryland railroad tycoons, Henry Davis (Western Maryland Railroad) and John W. Garrett (B&O) were responsible for the creation of Oakland's first elite and fashionable resort called "Deer Park." Deer Park was host to Washington elite, including Presidents Harrison and Grant.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____ Page ____

Although Aurora never had a passenger railroad, they were close enough, geographically, to capitalize on the seasonal resort industry. Two years after Deer Park was developed in 1870, the first hotel opened in Aurora. It became known as the Aurora House. By 1882 the resort complex included a hotel, hotel annex, and two cottages. Total guest capacity was 125.

Two years later in 1884, Judge Vale, of Washington, D.C., bought a tract of land from Christian Selders and built the Brookside Hotel. A year later Vale added a dance hall and cottages. By 1891 the property changed hands and sold to Mr. Middleton. Middleton built a livery stable and purchased many expensive riding and driving horses from Washington. (Horseback riding was very popular during this era.) Unfortunately, Middleton must have overestimated his financial situation, and thus by 1893, he defaulted his mortgage, and lost the property to Prescott Wright, the mortgage holder.

It was in this same year of 1893 that Lee McBride and his family, of Cleveland, Ohio, came to stay at Brookside for the summer season. The next season, 1894, they returned and decided to buy property to build a seasonal home. The tract of land they purchased from Daniel Selders sat on a knoll overlooking the Brookside resort.

Brookside was situated on the north side of the Northwest Turnpike, the newly purchased McBride property on the south side. Some of the Brookside cottages (Linden; Laurel; Sycamore; Keystone; Maple; and Oak) were on the south side as well, adjacent to Mr. McBride's property.

Mr. McBride's seasonal home was very different looking than the other cottages in the area. Local history, based on oral reports, give the story that the McBrides patterned their summer home after a Swiss Chalet, where they spent their honeymoon. Oral tradition also states that their house was named "Gaymont" after Gay, a niece of the McBrides. (One source, Mrs. Rosmond Allen Pavone, a 90 year old woman whose family purchased Gaymont in the late 1920s, stated in 1991 "that the bay window on the north elevation facing Brookside and Rt. 50 was included in the design of the house because Gay had tuberculosis and could sit and look out the window at the people, activities, and countryside.)

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>4</u>

The house was built with a slightly eclectic look. It demonstrates strong influences of Craftsman, Rustic, and Queen Anne styles. The Queen Anne style encircling verandah originally wrapped around the east, north, and west elevations. (According to the above mentioned Mrs. R.A. Pavone, daughter of the late West Virginia Congressman R.E.L. Allen, who purchased the property in 1927, "The verandah on the west side of the house was enclosed in in 1940, before WWII." Thus, the enclosed verandah is over fifty years old. Mrs. Pavone also stated "That the brick chimney was struck by lightning during this same time period and they had the finest bricks shipped from England to rebuild it.")

One of the interesting Rustic characteristics of Gaymont was the hemlock log slabs that were used as the exterior fabric on the lower half of the house. These hemlock logs were cut on the Brookside property, wrapped in burlap, piled on sleds, and taken to a nearby sawmill, where they were cut, wrapped in burlap (to protect the bark), returned by sled to the building site to cure and then to use in the spring. (There is one full wall on the west side of the house that still retains the hemlock log slabs. (See enclosed photo.) The original wall is located in the enclosed verandah section. The current owner of the property is in the process of obtaining replica hemlock slabs to restore the whole lower half of the house to its former rusticity.) (During research I found reference to bark-covered half-timbers in materials relating to the Old Faithful Inn and to cottages located at the Victorian summer resort of Blowing Rock, North Carolina.)

Other Rustic elements used on the exterior of the house include the hemlock slab risers on the front (N) veranda stairs; the rough-cut stone foundation; and the wood shingles used as fabric on the u pper half of the house.

The Craftsman overtones of Gaymont include the low-pitched, hipped roof, cross-gables; overhanging eaves, with exposed rafters; and general horizontal line. The Craftsman style is also very evident in the interior as well: smooth, clean lines, without decorations, except expert paneled construction.

Although (currently), the name of the master craftsman is unknown, local history sources relate that a Maine master carpenter was hired to produce the beautiful one-inch thick oak wainscoting,

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ___8 Page __5 ___

stair landing with built-in bench, stairs, floors, beams, and mantel of the first floor. The second floor is finished in (what appears to be) pine. Pine beams, beaded board ceiling, doors, wainscoting, are all beautifully finished (original), but also have a simple Craftsman appearance.

Crafting these interior architectural features, plus the supervision of exterior features, such as the hemlock slab walls, reportedly took two full years of work.

The Rustic and Craftsman overtones, I believe, exemplify the look of a summer mountain resort. The distinctive interior workmanship reflects the work of an unknown master craftsman, and thus, I feel, meets requirements for Criterion C.

It was stated in several sources that Gaymont's construction was started in 1894, thus the house was probably completed in 1896. I will use 1896 as my beginning date of significance. The ending date of significance is somewhat more difficult to determine, due to conflicting stories of its use. I was told that the house was only used for a short time by the McBrides, although Lee McBride owned the property until the 1920s. I was also told that the house sat vacant for many years, but I recently found an advertising booklet that clearly shows Gaymont and the caption "a nice summer home." (See enclosed booklet entitled <u>One Summer</u> <u>In Brookside</u>.) There was only one resort cottage that looked like Gaymont, and that was in the Aurora area.)

A Preston County history published in the late 1970s states: "There was no kitchen in Gaymont for all the meals were brought up from the kitchens of the Inn (Brookside Inn) by black waiters, and were placed in a steam table in the serving room." (The serving room is now used as a kitchen.)

Thus, I believe that Gaymont was built as a summer resort cottage and was used for entertainment and recreation by the McBrides, their family, and guests.

The McBride family left the Brookside resort shortly afterward and placed Mrs. Emma Jane Kirkpatrick in charge for the next twenty-four years. Mrs. Kirkpatrick was the proprietress of Brookside, and her name shows up on the Brookside advertising

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number __8___ Page __6___

booklet mentioned above. It was said that Mrs. Kirkpatrick was a "jolly" host. Evidently she must have been a good manager of the property for Mr. McBride to leave it in her hands for twenty-four years.

My ending date for significance of Brookside as an entertainment/ recreation property is 1941. It was by 1941 that the properties of Brookside resort were either torn-down (Inn); made into a state park (Cathedral State Park); or sold at a trustee sale at the Preston County Courthouse in October of 1941. (See enclosed 1941 trustee sale survey of Brookside lots.)

Gaymont was certainly associated for many years (1896-1941) with the pattern of events that contributed to the "Golden Age" of summer resorts. Thus, I believe, it was significant for entertainment and recreation on a local and regional basis during those years.

Gaymont was intimately linked with the 600 acre Brookside resort that served the socially, politically, and economically elite of Washington, Baltimore, Cleveland, and many other cities. According to <u>The History of Terra Alta, West Virgini</u>a, Brookside had many "distinguished guests" including "the King of Siam, and Dr. Crile, who founded the Crile Clinic."

The commercial summer resort complex certainly affected the economy of the Aurora community; the B&O Railroad; and the town of Oakland, Maryland. Thus, I believe that it was significant for commerce on on a local and regional basis from 1896-1941. Many local people were hired as servants, maids, cooks, laborers, farmers, and waiters; thus, adding further to the economy and its significance commercially on a local and regional basis.

Even though, as earlier mentioned, Gaymont was built in 1896 by an unknown master craftsman, it was constructed with definite Craftsman, Rustic, and Queen Anne influences. These influences represent some qualities important to resort architecture during this time. (See enclosed photo of Old Faithful Inn.) The original wood crafting of the interior also displays Craftsman qualities. Additionally, since this property is architecturally unique to the Aurora area, I feel that it meets Criterion C for architectural significance on a local level.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number __8 Page __7

Work-In-Progress Note: Gaymont is again being used as a recreational property. The owner is in the initial stage of operating a Bed and Breakfast. He is currently involved in restoring the property to its original state with restoration of:

- 1. Log slab exterior wall (lower half of house, where the modern metal siding was applied after 1960).
- Replacing the roofline eyebrow attic dormer window. (Window currently stored in the attic.)
- Replacing of damaged floorboards on the encircling verandah.
- 4. Replacing missing newel post on front steps.
- 5. Tearing down the non-contributing garage.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number __9 Page __1

Major Bibliographical References

Primary

Kirkpatrick, Emma Jane, One Summer In Brookside: The Story of an Ideal Summer Vacation Told With Camera and Pen. privately printed, no date.

Preston County Courthouse Records:

- 1. Parcel 74.2 State of WV Property Record Card
- 2. Preston County Tax Map, Sheet 21, Union District
- Preston County Transit Survey Map of Brookside Inn Lots, July 29, 1941
 Preston County Deed Books
 - 546; 529; 516; 215; 172; 84

Secondary

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- Mc Alester, Virginia and Lee. <u>A Field Guide To American Houses</u>. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1984.
- McCrum, Summers, Jr. <u>The History of Aurora Community 1787-1945</u>. Morgantown: WVU, M.A. History Thesis, 1945.
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- Peter, Martin Luther. <u>Aurora Community</u>. Aurora: Aurora Community of Preston County, West Virginia, 1950.
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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____9 Page ___2

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Weeks, Thekla Fundenberg, Oakland Centennial History, 1849-1949. Oakland: Sincell Printing Company, 1949.

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National Register of Historic Places **Continuation Sheet**

Photo Section number . Page .

Photographs

Photographs by Pamela Ball Redmond (November 1991) Original negatives on file at: 625 Brandon Street Morgantown, WV 26505 Compass orientations, directions and degrees, plus verbal descriptions Note: used. Property Name: Gaymont Location: Rt. 50 Aurora, West Virginia Preston County 50 Degree NE - SW View 1. 210 Degree SW - NE -Front (facade) 2. 3. 220 Degree SW - NE elevation 260 Degree SW - NE elevation 4. 5. 350 Degree NW - SE elevation (back) 6. 70 Degree NE - bark-covered half logs (original 1st Floor exterior fabric/photo shows section now inside enclosed verandah) 330 Degree NW - architectural details (eave and sawtooth decorative shingles) 7. 8. 240 Degree NE - stone foundation 9. 150 Degree SE - half log front steps - N (facade) 10. 230 Degree SW - Interior-1st floor parlor; oak beams/wainscoating 11. 340 Degree NW - Interior-front, entrance area of 1st floor parlor 12. 320 Degree NW - Stair Landing/built-in bench 13. 60 Degree NE - Interior-stairwell-2nd floor, looking down to stair landing 14. 240 Degree SW - Interior- 2nd floor parlor and two bedrooms(view thru doors) 15. 360 Degree N - Interior-bay window -2nd floor parlor 16. 60 Degree NE - Interior-2nd floor parlor and two bedrooms (view thru doors)

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____Photo Page __2

Photographs

Photographs by Pamela Ball Redmond (November 1991) Original negatives on file at: 625 Brandon Street Morgantown, WV 26505

Note: Compass orientations, directions and degrees, plus verbal descriptions used.

Property Name: Gaymont Location: Rt. 50 Aurora, West Virginia Preston County

Cont.

- 17. 230 Degree SW Interior- Mantel-2nd floor parlor
 - 18. Interior-door knobs (brass, daisy&button pattern)(Note: all the hardware in the house follows this pattern.)
 - 19. Interior-door hinge
 - 20. 340 Degree NW Interior-Dutch type door (front door/1st floor)
 - 21. 180 Degree S Windmill (powered water pump)
 - 22. 337 Degree NW Road bed (driveway from Rt. 50 to N, front facade)

23. 240 Degree SW - NE stone entrance gate





G. Redmond 11-91





GAYMONT 50° NE Sw View 11/ 1991 Rt. 50 Shows 1940 - C. 1896 (Verandah) Builtin Porch Photo # 1 of 23 credit / nog. Morgontoun, WV St. (neg # 0 A)



210° 5W GAYMONT NE side - 11/91 Front - Friding - c. 1896 Rt. 50 - Rt.50 - Vermitah - hipped RooF credit: Pamela neg: Redmond 62.5 Brandoust Photo # 2 of 23 morgandour (2 A regett)



Saymont 220°5W 11/91 NE View . C. 1896 . Verandah - Rt. 50 (Recessed paneled columns) credit: " EAST Elevation Prine 14 goble Redmond 625 Brandon St. Photo # 3 of 23 morgantour, neg # 3A)



GRYmont 260° 5W 11/9/ NE side - C. 1886 GAble, R+, 50 chimney, Verman credit: reg: 625 Brandon St. morgantoen, WV Photo # 4 of 23 neg#s.A



GRYmont 350° NW 11/9/ SE View - C.1896 (BACK) credit: Rt. 50 · chimney PAnela Redenied nes: 625 Bornudon St indignation, all Photo # 5 oF 23 NE neg # 10 A



GAYMONT 70° 15 11/91 Shows bARK - C11896 log pieces - R4.50 originally used eredit: Prin Redmand to Fabric bottom half of whole Neg: 625 Bonndonist. House - Nemlock -* Work - in - Prograss morgantour to replicate Phototte in Letuil (neg#11 A) 5F 23



GAYmont 330° NW 11/91 SE View C. 1896 · shingle detail - R4,50 · eauc · Vermant Pormela Redmond Columns nig: 625 Brandon St. morganton, WU Photo # T of 23 reg # 9A


6AY mont 240° 11/91 NE - C1/896 Stone Rt, 50 Foundation cut / rough Fraced Pamela Reduced neg: 625 Brandonst. morgantour, ul Photo # 2 of 23 neg # 8A



150°5E 11/91 Front steps N sile of - C. 1896 House Rt.50 shows tree redit : bark / Slabs-risers Premela Reducard neg: 625 Brandon St · (missing newel Post morganitan use Neg. # 7A Photo # 9 of 23



Cining Ream Photo 10 of 23 19/18/0 - votastau may sa b 2000 2007-1-151 neg: 625 Brywham - 200 C puble boldies Pan, Bedward : tipolo - mouther -- 154' 20 Critits man Oak Bedund 16/11 nomity of



340° NW GAYMONT - N -1 St FLOOR - C11896 interior credit: - Rt.50 Pan Redmand From stair I Anding _ my 625 Brandon St. morgenteun, WU Dutch Poor woodwork Photo 11 of 23



320 GAYmont 11/91 Stair LAnding + Built-in bench -- C. 1896 Oak WAing coating -- R+,50 credit: Panela 1st Floor Returned nog: 625 Brondonst C morgantam Photo 12 of 23



Gaymont 340° W 11/9/ interior stair - C. 1896 Innding + stair - R4,50 interior credit + Magi / Oak wains coating Pro Reduced 625 Brandon It. - taken From and Floor morgantour, WV photo 13 OF 23 (neg # 22 A)



GAYMENT 11/91 Pine waine batting -- Rt. 50 - Jooking NW Credit: Prom Reduced - Jud Floor Parlor "": 625 Brondonst - shows 2 betrooms worgantaun Photo 14 05 23



GAYmont 360 Fracing N 11/9/ BAY window -- C11896 - R4,50 3 double - hung Phile Redmond with @ 36 pane neg: 625 Brandon It windows with Original volled morgantien, WU 21455 Photo 15 of 23 (Neg# 17 A) (



GAYmont 11/91 original pale - 01/896 - Rt. 50 credit: Pan Reduced 2nd Floor Shows 2.) betroome morgantoun, WU photo 16 of 23



GAYmont 11/91 - C1/896 - Rt. 50 Fireplace credit: Ren Redmond Brick neg: 625 Brindon St. 2 nd Floor mozgrantown, wu PATLOT Photo 12 of 23



Graymont 11/91 BrASS HANd ware - C11886 - Rt. S. door hinge credit : Pianela Reduced - (throughout house) neg: 625 Brandon St. DAisy / Button morganteen, all Photo 18 8F 23 (neg #19A)



Gaymont 1/2/ Door Knobs - C. 1896 - Rt, 50 BUASS hardware credit: Punela Redmond DAISY Button acsign Neg: 625 Brandon St. (this matched morgantour, WU All hard wave through out houre). Photo 19 of 23 (nes # 18A)



Gaymont 11/21 Dutch Door - CI1896 - T2+.50 1st Floor credit: Popur Redmand (Front 1002) nos: 625 Brundon Oak meterntain Photo 20 rof 23



GAYMONT 180 5 11/91 windmill - -0.1896 - 12+, 5 = Powered water Supply From Spring (now ored it : Panela Redmond Part of 625 Brandon St Neg. Cathe Lide morgantown, W State Park) Photo 21 of 23 neg. # 6 A)



Ayncon 240° SW 1)/91 NEView - C - 1890's · Stone Fence - Rt. 50 Bordering Rt. So + Eglow Road - Aurora, WV note: (not on 74.2 parcel) Photo 22 of 23 9 credit: Am Redmond nez: morsantown, W



GAYmont 337° NW Road Bed GAY mont to Photo 23 of 23 creditin Conother small Princh Redmand - cottinge From nej 625 Brandon Brookice Resort - 54. Enote: cottage not 74.2] Morganitam, ul



Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grid based on West Virginia coordinate system, north zone 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 17, shown in blue

Fine red dashed lines indicate selected fence and field lines visible on aerial photographs. This information is unchecked Unchecked elevations are shown in brown

UTM GRID AND 1976 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET Revisions shown in purple compiled from aerial photographs taken 1976. This information not field checked

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092 A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 FEET

NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

National Register of Historic Places

Note to the record

Additional Documentation: 2013

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

PROPERTY Gaymont NAME:

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: WEST VIRGINIA, Preston

DATE RECEIVED: 3/22/13 DATE OF PENDING LIST: DATE OF 16TH DAY: DATE OF 45TH DAY: 5/08/13 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 92000351

NOMINATOR: STATE

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Additional Documentation Approved

A	
RECOM./CRITERIA	1.0
REVIEWER Casar Blall	DISCIPLINE Thistory
TELEPHONE	DATE 58.13

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.

NPS Form 10-900-a (Rev. 01/2009)

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Gaymont (additional documentation) Name of Property Preston County, West Virginia County and State

(Expires 5/31/2012)

RECEIVED 2280

MAR 2 2 2013

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

equest for determination of eligibility meets the docume laces and meets the procedural and professional require oes not meet the National Register criteria. I recommen nationally statewide locally. (See continual	Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this I nomination entation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic ements set for in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property I meets and that this property be considered significant ation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
West Virginia State Historic Preservation	Office
State or Federal agency and bureau	
n my opinion, the property in meets in does not mee omments.)	et the National Register criteria. (See Continuation sheet for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date

Explanation of amendment:

Gaymont was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1992 under Criterion A: Entertainment/ Recreation and Commerce and under Criterion C: Architecture. Under each area of significance the period of significance was listed as 1896 to 1941. This amendment seeks to adjust the period of significance under each area of significance to the following:

Criterion A: Entertainment/Recreation	ca. 1895-1924 and 1929-1939
Criterion A: Commerce	ca. 1895-1924 and 1929-1939
Criterion C: Architecture	ca. 1895

See the attached continuation sheet for justification.
NPS Form 10-900-a (Rev. 01/2009)

OMB No. 1024-0018

(Expires 5/31/2012)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Gaymont (additional documentation) Name of Property Preston County, West Virginia County and State

8. Statement of Significance

The 1992 National Register nomination listed 1896 as the beginning of the period of significance because, "Gaymont's construction was started in 1894, thus the house was probably completed in 1896." Since the completion date is unknown, the period of significance under Criterion C: Architecture should be ca. 1895.

The period of significance for its importance as part of a resort (Criterion A: Entertainment/Recreation and Commerce) was listed from 1896 to 1941 in the 1992 nomination. However, the beginning of the period of significance should reflect when Gaymont began to operate as part of the resort. Thus, the beginning of the period of significance should be ca. 1895.

The 1992 nomination listed 1941 as the end of the period of significance since that is when many of the resort's resources were sold or ownership was transferred. However, since the property was listed for its importance as part of the Brookside Resort, the period of significance should reflect only the years it served in that capacity and was significant to the history of the region in the areas of commerce and entertainment/recreation. Brookside Resort operated as an important local resort and contributor to the local economy from ca. 1895 to 1924 and again from 1929 to 1939. Thus the period of significance under Criterion A should be ca. 1895 to 1924 and 1929 to 1939.

National Register of Historic Places Memo to File

Correspondence

The Correspondence consists of communications from (and possibly to) the nominating authority, notes from the staff of the National Register of Historic Places, and/or other material the National Register of Historic Places received associated with the property.

Correspondence may also include information from other sources, drafts of the nomination, letters of support or objection, memorandums, and ephemera which document the efforts to recognize the property.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Gaymont NAME :

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: WEST VIRGINIA, Preston

 DATE RECEIVED:
 3/10/92
 DATE OF PENDING LIST:
 3/24/92

 DATE OF 16TH DAY:
 4/09/92
 DATE OF 45TH DAY:
 4/24/92
 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 92000351

NOMINATOR: STATE

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL:	Ν	DATA PROBLEM:	Ν	LANDSCAPE:	Ν	LESS THAN 50 YEARS:	Ν
OTHER:	Ν	PDIL:	N	PERIOD:	Ν	PROGRAM UNAPPROVED:	N
REQUEST:	Ν	SAMPLE:	N	SLR DRAFT:	Ν	NATIONAL:	N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT ______ REJECT ______ DATE Intered In the



ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA_____ REVIEWER DISCIPLINE_____ DATE

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

CLASSIFICATION

____count ____resource type

STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION

FUNCTION

___historic ___current

DESCRIPTION

___architectural classification
___materials
___descriptive text

SIGNIFICANCE

Period Areas of Significance--Check and justify below

Specific dates Builder/Architect Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

____summary paragraph ____completeness ____clarity ___applicable criteria ____justification of areas checked ____relating significance to the resource ____context ____relationship of integrity to significance ____justification of exception ____other

BIBLIOGRAPHY

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

____acreage ____verbal boundary description ____UTMs ____boundary justification

ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION/PRESENTATION

____sketch maps ____USGS maps ____photographs ___presentation

OTHER COMMENTS

Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to

_____ Phone _____

Signed _____

Date _____











BROOKSIDE INN and COTTAGES

Scenes in and around this noted resort on the Allegheny Mountain top, where shady nooks and sunny slopes bring to the wintertired visitor, health, contentment and happy hours. Nature in her most charming dress beckons you to BROOKSIDE.

E. J. KIRKPATRICK BROOKSIDE, WEST VIRGINIA Post Office, Oakland, Maryland

no date

Season, June to September



17

THE NEW LAKE AT BROOKSIDE-ID'SAL FOR BOATING AND BATHING



couth service, and monotony! monotony! monotony!

Have you ever gone hundreds of miles to escape the discomforts of summer in town, only to find these increased three-fold? I

THE RECEPTION ROOM

have-and that is another reason why Brookside appeals to me.

Brookside means this :

The most glorious scenery of the Alleghanies; the grandeur of verdant West Virginia mountains rising 3,200 feet above sea level; air that is always cool and fragrant blown by breezes that sweep across flowering plains, through blooming valleys, and up into verdant hills bearing on them all the sweet scents and sounds that Nature in her kindliest mood provides.

It means, too, this :

Nature improved by the comforts of man's invention !



DOWN ON THE FARM



GROUP OF COTTAGES





tions are levied for the Brookside tables;

Comfortable, and cosily-furnished Inn and Cottages. Not ramshackle, but characteristic of their location, and provided with all the conveniences and comforts that city-bred people appreciate;

A magnificent lake, abounding in distances and picturesqueness, with bathing houses and with a boathouse and boats a new feature since 1903.

Society-when one tires of Nature, as one





THE BOWLING ALLEY

may do; pleasant society, of people who appreciate the good things of life, and who are used to them ; people who come from many cities, bringing interest ing individualities with themthe sort with whom one may



A CORNER OF THE CASINO

mingle, who will respect one's desire for society, for Nature worship, for solitude, just as one wishes;

A Casino for music and dancing; plenty of other amusements for those who wish; a hostess who seems simply to be entertaining a large house party-all is so smoothly and perfectly managed, and with such an air of hospitality;

Perfect service from well-drilled employes -- a set of comfort-makers from whom civility and attention is always received, beginning with the boy who drives the hay-rake on the Brookside meadows, and ending with the housekeeper who sees to it that indoors all shall be as it should be.

And now l've not told half, because words cannot convey an "atmosphere." All I've said may sound like a catalogue of things to be hoped for (and these hopes will not be disappointed), but it cannot convey the charm of One Summer in Brookside.

Perhaps the pictures may, in a sense, do that. They are selected at random from material for hundreds such. They



INTERIOR VIEWS

show both what Nature and Man can do. But in Brookside, I think, Nature should be putfirst. Comfort we all like - but not conventionality. It is as Charles M. Skinner, a charming writer on Nature, savs :



A PRIVATE SITTING ROOM

" Vain man has discovered that Nature can do some things well. For two thousand years we have been influenced in matters of form by the Greeks. The Greeks are a little too perfect for some moods. Their work has not enough in reserve. It is like Mozart's music, all light and no shade. Let us have some rudenesses and weaknesses. Let us be grandly and gloominy Gothic, once in a while. . . . Man-when he is fairly and sympathetically in the hear: of Nature-does not find its spirit reserved and distant-but close and lovable and as near frank as it can be in silence."

Nature is frank in Brookside. It tells its secrets to all who care to listen.

WHERE BROOKSIDE IS

Brookside, West Virginia, is ten miles from Oakland and twelve miles from Deer Park, and is reached by roads



ON THE WAY TO THE BARN





Mail is received and batched daily. Telegi service is furnished thre the telephone which comwith Oakland.

As a health resort in case of throat trou asthma, hay fever, nerv debility or insomnia, Bor side is widely recommen-

For special family and for entire cottage rates for season, engagement of rooms and all other information, address:

MRS. E. J. KIRKPATRICK

(Until June Ist) Newtown, Bucks Co., Pa.

(After June 1st) Brookside, P. O. Oakland, Md





Tennis is a popular recreation at Brookside. Many exciting matches are played during the summer. The courts are ideally situated and kept in excellent condition.



View of Shaffer's Nob from the porch of one of the cottages. For beautiful natural scenery it is doubtful if Brookside is surpassed throughout the country.

HOW TO GET TO BROOKSIDE

Brookside is reached by all trains for Oakland. Md., via B. & O. R. R. from East and West.

The ride to Brookside in the automobiles provided exclusively for guests is a pleasant feature.

Railroad rates for the round trip are as follows: From Washington, \$8.25; from Baltimore, \$9.25; from Philadelphia, \$13.25; from New York, \$17.25; from Pittsburg, \$7.90; from Wheeling, \$5.90. A special rate is made to parties desiring to visit their families over Saturdays and Sundays during the summer. Railroad tickets are good until October 31st.



ONE SUMMER IN BROOKSIDE



HAT Man loves to pay his devotions at the shrine of Nature, even though he make outward show of his faith but once a year, is a truth that must find response in the breast of nearly all those who live in cities.

It is a faith which is growing greater in the number and zeal of its adherents as the business life of Man grows more severe—as the cities grow busier, more crowded, dustier, hotter—as the need for some relief from the physical discomforts and mental strain of urban living increases.

The religion of pure air, pure water, the blue sky, the majestic hills, the green grass and the breeze that rustles through spreading trees, is a religion that conquers through



A VIEW OF BROOKSIDE INN



THE AURCHA ROAD

Peace and Joy. Those who make pilgrimages to its shrine have each their favored Mecca—and I, after long search, have found mine.

I have found the place for the True Believer in Natureworship, after a quest of many summers.

The name of it is Brookside—like the last home of the prophet of that other Mecca, it is suspended between heaven and earth; and it is nearer heaven, I think.

For when one has sought the Ideal in vain for many years—and unexpectedly discovered it—one is apt to make its finding a thing of some moment. Hence these comparisons : hence this book.

Brookside is Ideal because, for one thing, it is different.

Have you ever, oh, reader ! allowed your mind to revel in visions of mountain beauties and summer paradises,

called up by the perusal of glowing advertisements in the paid columns of conscienceless journals? And have you ever found that mountain scenery too often meant—poor beds, badly cooked food, un-



WHAT BROOKSIDE

OFFERS

THE

COTTAGES

THE INN

THE

CASINO

OTHER

ATTRACT-

IONS

It is seldom one finds a resort that affords so advantages as are found here.

At Brookside, the summer visitor has pure air, water, low temperature, cool, invigorating breezes, nificent scenery. Daily supplies of dairy products, try and meat are secured from neighboring farms, an abundant supply of fresh vegetables is obtained the Brookside gardens. Possibly the most v teature of a sciourn at this delightful resort is its eral semblance to a typical country house party.

Each cottage is lighted by gas and contains hve to twenty comfortably furnished, airy room from one to five bath rooms with hot and cold A modern, sanitary system of plumbing has bee stalled. Large verandas afford splendid, unobstviews of the surrounding mountains. Rooms can be ed either singly or in suites, with or without private

The Inn contains a reception hall, card room offices. The dining room is adjacent, but under arate roof. The cuisine and service are of the best. feel at home as soon as you arrive at Brookside.

The Casino contains a fine billiard room, man poolroom, large concert and dancing hall. The supplied by the management has always been a attraction, affording nightly concerts and dancing

There is also a fine, double bowling alley and court, while good fishing can be had in the Che: Youghiogheny Rivers. Garage facilities are offer automobiles.

OUT FOR A MORNING RIDE



THE BEAUTIFUL CHEAT RIVER

that for smoothness and picturesque scenery are unsurpassed by any in the United States. Indeed, one of the most interesting thoroughfares in all the East passes Brookside the old Northwestern Turnpike. This road is not only beautiful, but it is historic, and abounds in quaint spots. Brookside itself is so named from being situated near the Ryon Trout River, a tributary to the Youghiogheny River. It is 3,200 feet above sea level—that is to say, the Inn and cottages are situated at this altitude, for there are mountains adjoining that rise from 300 to 800 feet higher. Farms—operated by the present management, which brought this place to such perfection—which yield ti all for the delectation of those who make Brookside th summer or autumn home;

Droves of the finest cattle, that contribute both π and milk; a poultry yard that does its part in help



MANS CE GENS

nature build up better health for Man; horses of bloo stock—for riding and driving; a dairy where Brooksic butter is made; acres of pasture-land for horses and cat great vegetable gardens from which the earth's contri



BROOKSIDE INN AND COTTAGES

Brookside is on the Old Northwestern Turnpike, ten miles from Oakland, Md., and twelve miles from Deer Park.

It is situated in the finest farming section of the Allegheny Mountains, in West Virginia, on a plateau nearly three thousand feet above sea level. The surrounding mountains offer a majestic "setting" for this gem of the Alleghenies. The location is noted throughout the country for its great natural beauty and health-giving climate.

WHERE

BROOKSIDE

IS

"Brookside" consists of the Inn, cozy cottages and the delightful Casino. Reached by good automobile roads, with never-ending views of mountain, sky and valley that win the visitor even before his arrival at Brookside. There are accommodations at Brookside for about two hundred guests.



TEMPERATURE

At such an altitude it is but natural the temperatu should be correspondingly low. During those spec periods of the summer, when city and country are genera sweltering under the intensity of the sun's heat and t humidity of the atmosphere, it is never uncomfortably was at Brookside. The warmest part of the day—the atternois always rempered by dry, odorous breezes from t woods and fields adjoining, and ere the sun goes down becomes so cool that one must keep in motion, or empliadditional wraps to remain unchilled. The highest temper ture recorded at Brookside, so far as is known, was 8g and that only for a few hours on an atternoon in the summ of 1892. There has never been a night when blankets we



VIEW FROM & COTTAGE PORCH

not needed on the bec

As a health resort case of throat troub astuma, hay feve nervous debility insomnia, Brooksi is incomparable. N spirituous liquors a sold on or within to miles of the premise

HOW TO GET THERE

Brookside is reached by all trains at Oakland, Md., via B. & O., from the east and west. The ride over the hard, smooth road to Brookside in the light, comfortable conveyances provided exclusively for guests, constitutes by far the most delightful feature of the journey. The morning trains arrive in time for breakfast at Oakland and the evening for supper at Brookside.

RAILROAD RATES

Railroad rates for the *v* and *mp* are as follows: From Washington, 38.25; from Baltimore, 59.25; from Philadelphia, 513.25; from New York, 517.25; from Pittsburg, 57.90; from Wheeling, 55.45. A special rate is made to parties desiring to visit their families over Saturdays and Sundays during the summer. The stage rate is 50c, each way, and the charge for the conveyance of trunks, 50c, each. Railroad tickets are good until October 31st.

Transient rates, \$2.00 to \$2.50 a day. Weekly rates, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

For special family and for entire cottage rates for season, engagement of rooms and all other information, address

MRS. F. J. KIRKPATRICK, .

BROOKSIDE, Preston Co., W. Va.

References from all the leading cities furnished upon request.





A few views of the beautiful Cheat River which pleasure to fishermen, picnickers and nature lovers. Boat obtained at nominal rates at the Inn.



Compri

1 of

23

THE WAY LT IS PLANNED.

Brookside consists of an Inn, ten cottages and casino, and accommodates about 150 guests.

The Inn contains offices, and a reception hall and has a dining hall attached, but under a separate roof.

The cottages contain from 5 to 30 rooms, sanitary flush closets; the smaller cottages, usually let to families, have bath rooms with porcelain tubs.

A complete sanitary system of drainage was recently installed throughout the entire place.

The dining hall, while separate from the hotel and cottages, is centrally located and convenient to all. The



ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME

AN ICEAL SUMMER HOME

BLAN KALLO PARE 61 O STONE Y. 2 23 1:18-1 81. - 4F. 4: 1 12.21.14 \$ 17月1日日本 金融制 · · · · · · · · · · **新**新新 03 6.000 STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, County of Preston, TO WIT: I, P. F. KING, Clerk of the County Court of said County, do hereby certify that the foregoing Plat was this day produced to me in my said office, and was duly admitted to record therein. Given under my hand this 30 day of Decembra 1944-12:10 P.M. Clerk NEAR AURORA WEST VIRGINIA PRESTON CO . MAPPED JULY 23 1941 HE LAREW ENG SCALE 1". SO 57 d Leor 19-12-2





MAR 1 0 1992

WEST VIRGINIA DIVISION OF CULTURE AND HISTORY NATIONAL. REGISTER

March 5, 1992

Ms. Carol D. Shull Chief of Registration National Register of Historic Places Interagency Resources Division U.S. Department of the Interior P.O. Box 37127 Washington, DC 20013-7127

Dear Ms. Shull:

I am submitting for your consideration the following National Register Registration Form:

"Gaymont", Aurora vicinity, Preston County, W.V.

This historic property has been approved by the State Review Board, in accordance with Federal regulations, for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

Sincerely, William G. Farrar

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

Enclosure: 1 National Register Nomination Package

THE CULTURAL CENTER • CAPITOL COMPLEX • CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25305 • 304-348-0220 FAX 304-348-2779 • TDD 304-348-0220

	The Culture Center 1900 Kanawha Blvd., E. Charleston, WV 25305-0300				
Division of Culture and History	Phone 304.558.0220 • www.wvculture.org Fax 304.558.2779 • TDD 304.558.3562 EEO/AA Employer				
March 20, 2013	NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES				

Ms. Carol Shull, Keeper National Register of Historic Places National Park Service 2280 National Register of Historic Places 1201 "I" (eye) Street, NW Washington D.C. 20005

Dear Ms. Shull:

We are submitting for your review the following three National Register registration forms:

- Thomas C. Miller Public School, Marion County
- Morris Memorial Hospital for Crippled Children, Cabell County
- Brookside Historic District, Preston County

The enclosed nominations have been approved by the State Archives and History Commission and processed in accordance with 36 CFR Part 60.

Also enclosed, please find additional documentation for the following two National Register-listed properties, both of which are located within the abovementioned proposed Brookside Historic District:

- Gaymont (92000351), additional documentation, Preston County
- Red Horse Tavern (73001923), additional documentation, Preston County

Please do not hesitate to contact us should you have questions. We can be reached at 304.558.0240.

Sincere

Susan M. Pierce Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer