Survey No. T-542

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Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

CHESAPEAKE BAY SKIPJACK FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

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d/or common				
. Loca	skipjack ation			
eet & number		KNAPPS NARROWS	n/	a not for publication
y, town ^{Ti}	ilghman	n <u>/a</u> vicinity of	congressional district	First
ate Ma	aryland 024	county	Talbot ₀₄₁	
. Clas	sification			
ntegory district bullding(s) structure site X object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered _x not applicable	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names ar	nd mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
me	Captain Wade H. M	urphy, Jr.		
eet & number			telephone no	.: 886-2576
y, town	Tilghman	state	and zip code Mary	7land 21671
. Loca	ation of Leg	al Description	on	
urthouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc.	n/a		liber
eet & number				folio
y, town			state	
	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	eys
Surve	ey of Surviving Tra	ditional Chesapeake	Bay Craft	
te 1983-	-1984		federal _x_ state	county loca
pository for s	urvey records Maryla	nd Historical Trust,	21 State Circle	
y, town	Annapolis		state	MD 21401

7. Description

Survey No. T-542

condition excellent deteriorated x_ good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one n/a original site moved date of move	n/a
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is a 47-foot long, two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly known as a "skipjack." She was built in 1901 in Deal Island, Maryland for the oyster dredging fleet. She has a beam of 15.8 feet, a depth of 3.8 feet, and a gross registered tonnage of 8 tons. She is built by cross-planked construction methods. She carries a typical skipjack rig of jib-headed mainsail laced to the boom and carried on wood hoops at the mast, and a single large job with a club on its foot. The wooden hull is painted white.

The vessel has a longhead bow and a square transom with little rake. There is little "tuck" to the stern, but it meets the chine above the waterline. The rudder is carried inboard.

Decks are flush, with a surrounding low pinrail except at the work area amidships. Deck structures from the stern forward include: a box over the steering gear; a trunk cabin; a small hatch; a box built over the winders; and a main hatch over the centerboard trunk. Other fittings include oystering gear, winders, and davits for the pushboat, which is suspended over the stern.

The single mast is set almost plumb; it came from the old skipjack ROBERT L. WEBSTER and was cut down to fit SIGSBEE. It is set up with double shrouds with turnbuckles. The bowsprit is squared-off on top and is led back to a flat sampson post. The bowsprit is set up with double chain bobstays, and cable-and-chain bowsprit shrouds. Other rigging includes a forestay, jibstay, and topping lift led to the end of the boom, which is jawed to the mast; lazyjacks are used on the sails.

The vessel is decorated with trailboards, with the name SIGSBEE carved on a red field, a green ground with vines and leaves, and a flag-and-shield motif in red, white, and blue, with cannons. The name is also painted in black letters on the hull. The davits for the pushboat are accented in black.

T-542 8. Significance Survey No. Areas of Significance—Check and justify below **Period** archeology-prehistoric ____ community planning landscape architecture ____ religion _ prehistoric science conservation law archeology-historic _ 1400–1499 sculpture iiterature economics _ 1500–1599 agriculture military social/ architecture education _ 1600–1699 _ music humanitarian engineering _ 1700–1799 art x exploration/settlement __ philosophy . theater 1800-1899 commerce <u>×</u> 1900– politics/government _X_ transportation industry communications ____ other (specify) Invention 1901 Unknown **Builder/Architect Specific dates**

and/or
Applicable Exception: _A _B _C _D _E _F _G _x none

Level of Significance: _x national __state __local

 \mathbf{x} _C

В

 $\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{X}}$ A

Applicable Criteria:

check:

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this century, today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890's as a cheaper-to-construct alternative to the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The type was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned Bay crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a-deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result--with its unframed, hard chine, cross-planked, V-bottom-proved inexpensive to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide beams and low freeboard lending stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp-headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

The Maryland oyster season begins November 1 and ends March 15. Skipjacks must dredge under sail on all days except Mondays and Tuesdays, when they are allowed to use their motorized pushboat for dredging. The pushboat, normally carried on davits at the stern, is lowered into the water and literally "pushes" the skipjack along from behind, the nose of the pushboat resting against a "jig" on the stern of the skipjack. The pushboat can also legally be used to get the skipjack to and from the oyster beds each day. Each skipjack's crew is made up of the captain, who is often also the owner, and five crew members.

SIGSBEE is of interest as being one of the older skipjacks still dredging in the Chesapeak fleet, She was built in 1901 in Ox Deal Island, Md. following traditional Bay-area design and construction methods. Her mast was re-sued from the old skipjack ROBERT L. WEBSTER, a common way of recycling vessel parts. She has worked in the oyster-dredging fleet since her building and is presently based at Deal Island. The vessel is one of the 21 surviving working skipjacks to have been built previous to 1912. She was involved in a three-way collision with the SEA GULL and the AMY MISTER in the 1969 Chesapeake Appreciation Days races at Sandy Point, Md, as reported in Sports Illustrated.

See Thematic Group nomination cover form, Continuation Sheets No. 8-13.

10. Geograph	ical Data		·
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Verbal boundary description	and justification		
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List all states and counties	or properties overla	apping state o	r county boundaries
state n/a	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Prep	ared By		
name/title Anne Witty	/ M. E. Haywa	rd	
Radcliffe N organization Maryland H	laritime Museu istorical Soc	m iety	date May, 1984
street & number 201 West	Monument Stre	et	telephone (301) 685-3750
city or town Baltimore			state Maryland 21201

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Anneralis, Maryland 21401

(30. 269-2438