NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 8-86)

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

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NATIONAL REGISTER

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property

1. Name of Property						
historic name Hanale	i Elementa:	y School				
other names/site number						
2. Location						
street & number Kuhio	Highway			not for publication		
city, town Hanale				vicinity		
state <u>Hawaii</u> code HI		Kauai	code 007	zip code 96714		
3. Classification						
Ownership of Property Cate	gory of Property	Num	ber of Resou	rces within Property		
x private x b	ouilding(s)	Contr	ributing	Noncontributing		
The state of the s	listrict		1	0 _ buildings		
	site	_	0	0 sites		
	tructure	_	0	0 structures		
—·	bject	_	0	otherwise		
	,5,001	_	1	0Total		
Name of related multiple property listing:		Aluma i	har of contrib	outing resources previously		
Name of related multiple property listing.	/ 7 \			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
IN/	Α	IIStec	in the Natio	nal Register0		
4. State/Federal Agency Certification						
As the designated authority under the Nat						
State or Federal agency and bureau	does not meet the	al and professional req	ria. See co	t forth in 36 CFR Part 60.		
Signature of commenting or other official	Signature of commenting or other official Date					
State or Federal agency and bureau			• ,			
5. National Park Service Certification			- "			
I, hereby, certify that this property is:						
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.	Any Fr	edi, man		3/4/90 		
removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)						
	-	Signature of the Keeper		Date of Action		

tions (enter categories from instructions) nmerce/Trade Business
er categories from instructions)
Mood
boow
metal
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Describe present and historic physical appearance.

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The 1926 Hanalei Elementary School is a single story, five (5) classroom building, of wood construction, with a red gable roof of corrugated metal. This abbreviated-U shaped building was originally built in 1926 as a five (5) classroom school building of approximately 6,000 square feet, at a cost of \$30,872, by Y. Ouye. It is distinguished by an inset lanai and a hipped roof entry.

The construction is entirely of wood. The exterior surface of vertical wooden members with cream colored paint finish to produce a smooth surface. The building's abbreviated "U" shape is created by lavatories projecting on each end. A prominent, hipped gable projection accentuates the central entry. The end projections feature similar hipped roof design. Access is by steps at the center of the building and at each end by way of cement steps. All rooms are entered off the lanai through single doors with five (5) panels.

Lanai: A lanai, sheltered by the overhanging eaves of the roof, runs along the front of the building. Eight (8) large square posts support the lanai roof and a simple metal balustrade runs the length of the lanai.

Interior: The interior rooms perimeter walls are of tongue and groove with framing exposed. Although originally a five (5) classroom building, most interior partition walls have been removed to allow for more flexibility in the classrooms, and offices have been added.

Ventilation: The design of the building, its placement, and the windows all combine to maximize the advantages of the trade winds, characteristic of good traditional Hawaiian design.

8. Statement of Significance	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this propert	ty in relation to other properties: statewide X locally
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D DE F G
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture Education	Period of Significance Significant Dates 1926-1939 1926
	Cultural Affiliation N/A
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder John Waiamau

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

Hawaii's school system is one of the oldest public education systems in the nation, having been established in 1840 under the Hawaiian King, Kamehameha, III. This centrally organized system of public education, established under the monarch, survived the transition when Hawaii became a United States Territory and later a state. The public school system, unlike most in the nation, remained a statewide system, rather than a local one. Funds for education are thus collected by the State and distributed on a per-student basis throughout the system.

The first two decades of the 20th century saw an increased enrollment of more then double, and, consequently, a large number of new schools were built in the 1920's and 1930's. The Hanalei School is a local reflection of this expansion period in the history of public education in Hawaii.

The 1926 Hanalei Elementary School building is architecturally significant as a type of school house design that emerged on Kauai in the 1920's. This design may well be attributed to architect John Waiamau, an employee of the Kauai County Department of Public Works, as the Territorial Department of Public Education passed school design responsibilities to the Counties. John Waiamau was a member of the first graduating class at Kamehameha High School (1891) and prior to moving to Kauai in the early 1920's had his own architectural firm in Honolulu. Little is known about his career in Honolulu. He is credited with the design of the earlier and similar Kilauea School (1922 schoolhouse) and administration building.

Six (6) school buildings on Kauai that employ the style of the period remain in 1989: Kilauea, which is on the National and Hawaii Registers of Historic Places; Kapaa Elementary; Kalaheo Elementary; Kaumakani; Anahola; and Hanalei. Of these, the last two are no longer under the Department of Education control and ownership.

9	Maio	Bibli	oar	aphical	Ref	erenc	es
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Department of Education records. GARDEN ISLE for 1926

	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
<u> </u>	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property Less than one acre.	
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UTM References A 0 4 4 8 6 4 0 2 4 5 5 7 5 0	B
A 0 + 4 4 4 8 6 + 4 0 2 + 4 5 + 5 7 + 5 0 Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	D
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
This nomination includes the prope	erty owned by
Gaylord and Carol Wilcox in 1989 a	us described by
Tax Map Key 5-5-9:8	
1	
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
This boundary reflects the land th	e building sits on and its
immediate surrounding site.	
	See continuation about
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Carol Wilcox	
organization N/A	date August 10, 1987
street & numberlll Royal Cirlce	telephone734-0340
city or town Honolulu	state <u>Hawaii</u> zip code <u>96816</u>

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HANALEI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Wire mesh transoms located on the north, front facing wall, in a line above the door frames, run the length of the front of the building, providing ventilation when the doors are closed. The north facing, projecting walls feature a tri-partite window with central workable sash flanked by the bracketing below the sill. A more decorative set of brackets support a projecting lintel over the windows. The back south wall, opposite the entry, features four (4) groups of five (5) double-hung sash windows, and two groups of four (4) glass transom windows each. The east and west facing walls and two (2) groups of four (4) glass transom windows each. The east and west facing walls feature one (1) group of five (5) double hung sash windows each, and one (1) similar single window for the lavatory. For the most part, original glass remains.

The building is raised approximately two (2) feet off the ground, on posts set on concrete blocks. The area between the lanai decking and ground is faced with evenly spaced lathes.

The State Department of Education (DOE) has constructed a new building on the grounds of the Hanalei School and intended to demolish the 1926 Hanalei school building. The current owners purchased the building and moved it to a new location in Hanalei, where it is being converted into a commercial complex.

The new location (TMK 5-5-9-8) is approximately one-half mile distance from the original site, on the same (south) side of Kuhio Highway, on similar terrain in that it is level. The new site is approximately 2-1/2 acres of commercially zoned property. The owner has sited the building in the same direction and near the back (south) property line, to preserve the perception of depth existing on the original site as much as is practical, given the limitations of property lines.

The building was cut into sections and hauled on Kuhio Highway to the new site, where it was re-assembled. The move had no effect on the building's appearance. It sits at approximately the same elevation from the ground. The cement stairs at the original site was moved, and replacement in kind was made.

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HANALEI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

The design served Hawaii's climate and students admirably, and produced a building characteristic of its time, its place, and personality. Being raised off the ground and placed on cement or stone blocks was (and remains) the most effective way to prevent ground termite intrusion, or, at the least, to be able to identify it quickly when it occurs. The slight elevation also allowed for aeration, thus reducing areas of cool temperature. To this same purpose, the gable roof and ceiling combination, the ample windows and transoms, the deep lanais, and the orientation toward the trade winds and "U" shape of the overall structure all contributed toward maintaining well ventilated, well lit rooms with even temperatures.

The ample lanais served double duty as recreation areas, where children could play jacks and hopscotch if a passing shower kept them from the playground during recess, and was the friendly corridor that tied the school rooms together.

The Hanalei School is significant as a good example of the typical school building constructed on Kauai during the 1920's and 1930's. It is significant as an example of such construction which retains its integrity and original material, and has not been altered in any significant way.

Criteria Consideration: B: This property is being nominated to the National Register although it has been moved. The building is significant for its exemplification of a period and type of design and construction, and as an embodiment of the Department of Public Education's expansion in Hanalei in the 1920's. Although it has been moved, the qualities related to the building's significance have been retained. The current commercial building (steadfastly adheres to), architectural design and character of the original school. The building remains in Hanalei, only four blocks from its orignal location, on the same highway. Its orientation reflects the original and a lawn, more abbreviated than the orignal, still is in front of the building.

The building was moved as the DOE constructed a new building on the school property and had let a demolition contract. The present owners purchased the building from the demolition contractor and had it moved so it could be preserved. The federal tax incentives are making this project economically feasible.

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ING RECORD					
Date Listed: 3	/14/90				
Kauai County	Hawaii State				
This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation. And Jedanas Date of Action					
	Kauai County al Register of H d nomination doc exclusions, or a				

Amended Items in Nomination:

Although criterion A was not selected, the nomination discusses and adequately justifies the significance of the school in the area of education. The nomination is hereby officilly amended to include criterion A.

Verified by telephone with Don Hibbard of the Hawaii SHPO.