NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. Aug. 2002)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	
historic nameTrenton Ferry Historic District	•
other names/site number	
2. Location	3
Roughly bounded by South Broad and Federal Stre	ets, the Delaware River and the \square
street & number Amtrak Northeast Corridor	not for publication
city or town Trenton City	□ vicinity
state New Jersey code NJ county Mercer	code <u>021</u> zip code <u>08611</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Addresses and meets the procedural and professional requirement meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend nationally statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for a signature of certifying official/Title pate) Signature of certifying official/Title pate In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Ficonments.) Signature of commenting official/Title Date	ndards for registering properties in the National Register of its set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property and that this property be considered significant additional comments.)
State or Federal agency and bureau	
dian at least and a second	
National Park Service Certification	fu, D.
	re of the Keeper Date of Action
entered in the National Register.	July 6/26/2013
determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet.	
determined not eligible for the National Register.	
removed from the National Register.	State of the state
other, (explain:)	

Mercer County,	New Jersey
County and State	-

5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Res (Do not include pre	sources within Property eviously listed resources in the	y e count.)
x private	☐ building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
□ public-local □ pu	⊠ district	581	73	buildings
□ public-State □ public-Federal	☐ site ☐ structure	3	0	
— F	☐ object	0	0	structures
		0	0	
		584	73	Total
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of cor in the National	ntributing resources pro Register	eviously listed
N/A		1		
6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Function (Enter categories from		
DOMESTIC/single dwelling		DOMESTIC/single	dwelling	
DOMESTIC/multiple dwelling		DOMESTIC/multip	le dwelling	
COMMERCE/TRADE/business	S	COMMERCE/TRA	DE/business	
COMMERCE/TRADE/restaura	int	COMMERCE/TRA	DE/specialty store	
AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTEN	CE/processing	COMMERCE/TRA	DE/restaurant	
TRANSPORTATION/road-rela	ted	INDUSTRY/PROC	ESSING/EXTRACTION/i	ndustrial storage
TRANSPORTATION/water-rel	ated	-		
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)	
EARLY REPUBLIC		foundation STONE	BRICK	
LATE VICTORIAN		walls BRICK WOO	OD STONE	
		CONCRETE	STUCCO ASBESTOS	
		roof ASPHALT		
		other		

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

8. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
To reaconal register waterg.)	ARCHITECTURE
🛛 A Property is associated with events that have made	ARCHEOLOGY/HistoricNon-Aboriginal
a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	COMMERCE
our fistory.	COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
□ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	TRANSPORTATION
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance
individual distinction.	1704-1938
☑ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	
A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
☐ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A
☐ C a birthplace or grave.	IVA
□ D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation N/A
☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
☐ F a commemorative property.	
☐ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance	Architect/Builder
within the past 50 years.	John Notman (architect); Jonathan Doan (architect/builder)
	Robert Aitken/William Johnson (builder)
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation shapes)	heets.)
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form	on one or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
 □ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested □ previously listed in the National Register □ previously determined eligible by the National Register 	 Istate Historic Preservation Office □ Other State agency □ Federal agency □ Local government □ University
☐ designated a National Historic Landmark ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	☑ Other Name of repository:
# recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Trenton Public Library, Trentoniana Collection

Trenton Ferry Historic District Name of Property	Mercer County, New Jersey County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property69	
(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/titleDamon Tvaryanas, Douglas Scott, and Richard Hunter	
organization Hunter Research, Inc.	date November 26, 2012
street & number 120 West State Street	telephone (609) 695-0122
city or town Trenton	state NJ zip code 08608
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the pro	operty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the pro-	operty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name	
street & number	telephone
city or town	_ state zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.). A federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to Keeper, National Register of Historic Places, 1849 "C" Street NW, Washington, D.C. 20240.

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The Trenton Ferry Historic District, in the City of Trenton, Mercer County, New Jersey, is an urban mixed-use neighborhood composed primarily of modest working class row homes and duplexes, commercial buildings, school buildings and churches. Although significant ties to the district's 18th-century past survive, the vast majority of its historic resources date to the 19th and early 20th centuries and relate to the period of the City of Trenton's greatest urban and industrial expansion. Consistency in scale, massing, form and materials has led to a multi-faceted yet cohesive collection of buildings that together form rich streetscapes and give the district a unified architectural character. With only a handful of modern intrusions, the Trenton Ferry Historic District readily conveys its historic significance and represents an important aspect of the City of Trenton's urban fabric.

The architectural character of the district reflects the diverse and complex nature of the neighborhood's history. The majority of the building stock falls within the National Register of Historic Places architectural classification categories of "Mid-19th Century" and "Late Victorian." Less numerous are buildings best classified as belonging within the "Colonial," "Early Republic" and "Late 19th and 20th Century Revivals" categories. Although design elements that relate to the Greek Revival, Gothic Revival, Italianate, Second Empire, Queen Anne, Colonial Revival and even the Spanish Mission Revival can all be found within the historic district, Mid-Atlantic vernacular urban building tradition played a larger role in defining the character of the district's streetscapes than architectural trends of the moment. The relatively modest nature of so much of the housing stock further emphasizes the significance of the vernacular. Constructed to house Trenton's working class, most of the residences are relatively restrained in terms of their architectural ornamentation.

There has been loss of superficial exterior details and many of the buildings have been aluminum or vinyl sided, but the essential vernacular features of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, including historic massing and fenestration patterns and intact streetscapes, all remain unchanged. Largely shaped between the years 1704 and 1938, the urban landscape of the Trenton Ferry District is the complex end product of nearly a quarter millennium of human environmental evolution. Contributing resources survive from every period of the district's history and it is this diverse mix that gives the district its rich architectural character. With that said, although the Colonial and Federal Period history of the Trenton Ferry Historic District is interpretable within the urban landscape, the district most clearly reflects a time when Trenton was an important industrial center and offers a window into the lives of the city's working class: the millworkers and laborers upon which the city's economic success was so firmly founded.

Within the 70-acre historic district, there are 582 contributing buildings (one of which is individually listed on the National Register of Historic Places) and three contributing archaeological sites. There are 73 non-contributing resources. The majority of non-contributing resources are buildings constructed after the close of the historic district's period of significance. Many of these are outbuildings, typically small garage buildings fronting alleys. A relatively small number of the non-contributing resources are historic buildings which have been modified to the extent that they no longer possess the ability to convey their historic character and significance. Of the buildings identified as contributing to the significance of the historic district, 415 or approximately 71% were identified as having been constructed in the 19th century. One hundred and sixty five or approximately 28% of the contributing

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buildings were constructed in the 20th century and less than 1% were identified as dating to the 18th century. All three archaeological sites were identified as being historic archaeological sites. One site is associated with 18th-century historic contexts. A second is associated with 18th-and 19th-century contexts and a third relates to the 19th-century industrialization of the area.

The Trenton Ferry Historic District is roughly bounded by South Broad Street, Federal Street, the Pennsylvania Railroad embankment (now Amtrak's Northeast Corridor) and the Delaware River. Various properties along the edges of the district have been excluded due to loss of integrity or demolition. The area so defined reflects the waterfront core of the Trenton Ferry Plantation, a historically significant 18th-century landholding. The district's street pattern is the product of competing 18th- and 19th-century influences. The alignments of Ferry and Broad Streets reflect pre-urban roadways and cut at sharp angles accross the system of city blocks later overlaid atop the landscape of the Ferry Plantation. In type, scale and prominence, the buildings that line these two roads reflect this fact and the enduring importance of these routes as urban thoroughfares. Bridge Street, although of later date, also belongs within this group of roadways. Laid out in the opening years of the 19th century in connection with construction of the first bridge across the Delaware River at Trenton, Bridge Street came into existence before the Trenton Ferry Historic District's city grid was fully developed and initially functioned more as a local/regional transportation conduit than a neighborhood street.

In the eastern part of the district, a relatively rectilinear street grid is established by the generally north/south alignments of Lamberton, Centre and Second Streets and the roughly east/west alignments of Bridge, Furman and Federal Streets. The street pattern in the western part of the district, defined by the generally north/south courses of Warren, Union, Asbury and Daymond Streets, is more irregular. The north/south streets in this part of the district do not parallel those in the eastern section nor do they directly correlate with street alignments in other adjacent areas. The street patterns divide following the alignment of the former Trenton Water Power Canal, which was in-filled during the early 20th century and overlaid by Power Street.

The Trenton Ferry Historic District is situated on the eastern bank of the Delaware River and its physical relationship to the river is important to a fuller understanding of its early history. N.J. Route 29 runs through the extreme western end of the district. The construction of the street/highway known at various times as Commercial Avenue, John Fitch Way and now N.J. Route 29 occurred in stages from north to south over the course of the 20th century and, within the district, required the removal of approximately 20 buildings along Warren and Fair Streets dating from the 19th and early 20th centuries.

During the early 20th century, most of the Trenton Ferry Historic District waterfront was occupied by the Trenton Municipal Wharf, a complex that included a large warehouse/terminal building, turning basin, bulkhead and wharf. The terminal building was removed in the first half of the 20th century but portions of the concrete wharf and bulkhead remain. Although N.J. Route 29 represents a substantial barrier between the waterfront and the rest of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, the relationship between the western terminus of Ferry Street and the riverbank still remains visually clear and is important contextually to the historic integrity of the district. The alignment of Ferry

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Street between the Delaware River and South Broad Street is probably the single most important tangible link to the pre-urban history of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. The alignment of Ferry Street is one of the earliest roads in the City of Trenton and has remained a constant for over three centuries. The earliest known map representing Ferry Street dates to 1714 and shows the roadway following its present course. Although later 18th century maps would seem to indicate a no longer extant "dog leg" in the western section of the road, careful examination of the maps indicates that the "Ferry Wharf" was always at the location of the modern day foot of Ferry Street indicating that the course of the early transportation route was actually the same as the present Ferry Street alignment.

Other resources that contextually relate to the Trenton Ferry Historic District's 18th and 19th century significance as an important transportation corridor are the Ferry Plantation Archaeological Site (28-Me-93), the Ferry Tavern Site and the Eagle Tavern Site (28-Me-303). The Ferry Plantation Site occupies the northeast corner of the intersection of Ferry and South Warren Streets. Preliminary archaeological investigations undertaken on the site in 1979-80 identified the buried remains of the "Beakes House," the primary dwelling house of the Ferry Plantation which was constructed *circa* 1704 and burned *circa* 1777. A total of thirty-three 8-inch diameter auger holes and 6-inch diameter posthole shovel tests, three shovel probes, and eleven test excavations were employed to "define and sample the site." These investigations identified a rectangular feature approximately 19' x 24'6" extending to a depth of approximately 4'4" below present grade that was interpreted as the filled remains of a cellar hole. The site has the potential to provide significant information concerning "early colonial lifeways in Trenton," the "formation and expansion of a main terminus on the early transportation corridor linking New York and Philadelphia" and "the lifeways of a ferryman and tavern-keeper in the mid-eighteenth century."

On the southeast corner of the same intersection is the location of the "Ferry Tavern" or "Ferry House." Appearing on several historic maps and believed to have been constructed prior to 1754 and demolished between 1870 and 1882, the Ferry Tavern was one of the most noteworthy establishments of its type on the colonial overland route between New York and Philadelphia. Known during the 19th century as the "Jenny Lind Saloon," the tavern continued to operate and remained a local landmark well into the middle of the 19th century. Although the archaeological integrity of parts of the site was probably compromised by later construction, portions of the building's footprint and yard features, such as sheet middens, filled wells and privies, undoubtedly survive. No excavations have yet been undertaken to confirm the archaeological integrity of this resource but clearly the site offers the potential to provide important information concerning 18th-century and 19th-century tavern-related activities and to complement and enhance our understanding of the Ferry Plantation Site with which it is historically associated. Together, the two sites represent an opportunity to more fully develop our understanding of the role of the Trenton Ferry and Ferry Street within the Colonial, Federal and later 19th century transportation networks.

The eastern terminus of Ferry Street is dominated by the Eagle Tavern (Photographs 1 and 2). Situated on the northwest corner of the intersection of Ferry Street and South Broad Street and fronting South Broad Street, the earliest part of this two-story brick building dates to the mid-1760s. The Eagle Tavern represents the historic

¹ Kurt R. Kalb et al., "An Urban Ferry Tale," Bulletin of the Archaeological Society of New Jersey, 38 (1982):17.

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district's most imposing example of Federal Period architecture and was individually listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1972. The oldest part of the tavern house was originally built as a private home but was enlarged for use as a tavern in the early nineteenth century. Constructed into a bank, the building rises a full three stories in height on its rear elevation but most of the lowest story, a mica schist basement, is below grade on the building's street facade. Porches extend the entire seven-bay width of the building's front and rear elevations.

Between 1976 and 1980, archaeological excavations were undertaken in the rear yard of the Eagle Tavern as part of a Mercer County Community College field school. Further investigations were carried out in 2005 by Hunter Research involving both re-analysis of artifacts recovered in 1976-80 and additional excavation and monitoring in connection with restoration of the tavern building. This work established that James Rhodes, an 18th-century stoneware potter, operated a kiln on the neighboring property to the northwest onto which the Eagle Tavern property expanded in the 19th century. Excavation found remains of a stoneware kiln believed to have been in operation from 1778 until 1784 (Rhodes's documented period of potting activity on the site) and a considerable quantity of pottery wasters and kiln-related debris was recovered. The kiln survives partially intact in the rear yard of the present-day tavern property and is surrounded by soils containing an abundance of associated ceramics. Archaeological deposits on the Eagle Tavern property also contain 18th- and 19th-century cultural materials reflecting the site's domestic and tavern usage.

From 1774 until 1778 James Rhodes had previously worked at another pottery owned by the local merchant, William Richards, located on the South Trenton riverfront within one mile of the Eagle Tavern Site. Together, the Richards and Rhodes potteries represent two of only five 18th-century stoneware kiln sites that have been archaeologically excavated in North America. The Eagle Tavern Site offers the opportunity to expand our knowledge of early potting activity in the Delaware Valley, to increase our understanding of the relationship between these two 18th-century potteries and also provide a rare broader insight into the technology, products and activities of 18th century potters in North America. Further archaeological investigation on this site would also provide important additional information concerning life at the tavern during the 19th century, improve our knowledge concerning its patrons and staff and also enhance or broaden understanding of Ferry Street's role as an early transportation corridor.

Asbury Place

At the southern terminus of Asbury Street begins Asbury Place, which travels west/east and dead-ends at an alleyway. The street is characterized primarily by the dense collection of modest early 20th-century brick row homes. All of the houses along Asbury Place are two stories in height and two bays wide, with varying degrees of subtle exterior architectural detailing limited to cornices with a row of dentils or segmental arched lintels over the doors and windows. In general, detailing has been retained and exterior brick is still visible, although in many cases it has been painted. Only three of the buildings along the street have suffered from the application of modern exterior cladding (15, 17 and 24 Asbury Place), in the form of brick facing that, while not the ideal surface treatment, is not entirely out of character with this particular block. Most of the buildings found on this street have suffered the replacement of most or all of the original door and window fixtures.

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Despite some minor voids in the streetscape, the built environment along Asbury Place is a relatively intact mix of residential buildings interspersed with vacant lots. Street frontage for many buildings is virtually non-existent, the narrow buildings being constructed to the front edge of the lot, although some have a small yard to the rear of the building. An exception to this is the garage attached to 12 Asbury Place, which is actually irregularly shaped with an open area to the rear of the building.

Asbury Street

Asbury Street intersects with Steamboat Street and terminates at Ferry Street to the north and Asbury Place to the south. It is in many ways representative of the building patterns found throughout most of the district. The bulk of the buildings along this street consist of unassuming 19th- and early 20th-century residences, predominantly in the form of apartment buildings, row homes and double houses intermingled with the occasional single-family detached house (Photograph 11). The buildings in this area consist by and large of brick and frame construction ranging from one to three stories in height, articulated in a variety of stylistic references. The conditions of the buildings vary and modifications are commonplace. Exterior architectural detailing is somewhat limited, but by no means absent; cornices, scrolled brackets, rows of dentil moldings, segmental arched windows, doors with transoms and frieze band windows are present although the ravages of time and the mid-20th century habit of remodeling has obscured the details of many of these buildings.

Most of the homes along Asbury Street display some of the defining characteristics of their original construction, despite, in the case of several resources here, being subject to repeated and unsympathetic and unapologetic remodeling. Of note among these is a double house (66-68 Asbury Street), clearly influenced by the Greek Revival-style. Constructed of stucco over frame, this building retains a large amount of its historic exterior material, including the painted stucco sheathing, the cornice frieze and brackets, and the frieze band windows, as well as the window casement moldings and the transoms over the entryway doors.

Despite the loss of some buildings to demolition, the Asbury Street streetscapes are relatively intact. As with most of this urban setting, buildings along this corridor have been built to the extent of the lots, with no front and only narrow passageways for side yards, the footprints of each building occupying virtually every available inch of space per parcel. There are exceptions to this, such as 64 and 100 Asbury Street, which are generally stand-alone buildings and possess a small yard.

Bridge Street

Bridge Street runs at an approximately 45 degree angle to Ferry Street and cuts across it at a point just to the east of Ferry Street's intersection with Asbury Street. Relatively few buildings actually front on Bridge Street, with many of

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the buildings on adjacent lots fronting the main north/south streets instead. Thus the streetscape is more fragmented with substantial portions being taken up by views into rear lots.

The streetscapes of Bridge Street are comprised of several types of buildings constructed from the mid-19th century through the early decades of the 20th century, each type varying in construction materials, massing and design. While most of the buildings consist of subdued 19th-century row homes and double houses, there are a greater number of commercial buildings on Bridge Street than on most of the other streets within the historic district. The buildings on Bridge Street are of brick, block and frame construction and range from one to three stories in height. Architectural detailing is varied in type and complexity. As is common throughout the district, in many instances detailing has been partially obscured by successive remodeling and the application of 20th-century sheathing materials such as asphalt shingles and asbestos, aluminum, or vinyl siding.

As noted earlier, Bridge Street features several different types and styles of architecture. Notable among the small number of commercial buildings are two in particular, both used as gas stations (427 and 431 Bridge Street). The first, 427 Bridge Street, is a typical early 20th-century station, with a large overhanging eave and a storefront. Perhaps the most significant feature is the decorative brick and tile work, detailing the corner posts. The other station, 431 Bridge Street, features a large porte cochere overhang, which was used to shelter the pumps (Photograph 9). Particularly noteworthy among residences are 701-713 Bridge Street (Photograph 8). Despite the alteration of some of the historic exterior materials (such as stone facing on 713 Bridge Street), this row retains a fair portion of its historic brick exterior material, as well as some outstanding cornice detailing featuring fan motifs and modillions. Although most or the original door and window fixtures have been removed and replaced or boarded over completely, fenestration patterns survive.

Despite some more modern intrusions, such as the automotive repair complex at 430 Bridge Street, the streetscapes along Bridge Street are relatively intact. The majority of the buildings on Bridge Street date to the second half of the 19th century. Nearly all front directly on the street with no front yard areas. Front yards of any dimensions are very rarely encountered within the Trenton Ferry Historic District. In most cases where they do occur, they are indication of buildings that predate the urbanization of the area. The only full row of buildings with front yards in the historic district is located on Bridge Street. These are 621-635 Bridge Street, a group of mid-19th century double houses which, although altered by later modifications, represent distilled, simplified and vernacularized examples of picturesque garden cottage design in the tradition of A.J. Downing.

Centre Street

Centre Street is another of the major north/south running streets within the district. The Centre Street streetscape represents an interesting and varied collection of architectural styles applied to a wide range of building types. As with the other streets in the district the most common building type is the row home, but Centre Street is also lined with businesses, churches and commercial buildings (Photographs 19 and 21). Much of the infrastructure dates to

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the mid- to late- 19th century with only a very small number of buildings having been constructed after the Trenton Ferry Historic District's period of significance.

Because Centre Street is one of the district's largest and most prominent urban thoroughfares, some of the most architecturally sophisticated buildings in the historic district front on to it. Buildings borrowing design elements and detailing from the Italianate, Greek Revival, Gothic Revival and many other generic stylistic trends of the 19th century can all be found along its length, but most stylistic interpretations have been simplified and vernacularized. Throughout the Centre Street corridor, exterior construction materials consist chiefly of brick, although there are also frame and modern concrete block buildings as well. Two- to three-story buildings predominate but there are a variety of building widths and footprints are observable.

Centre Street features several notable buildings. The most prominent of these is the First Baptist Church and Sunday School at 128-140 Centre Street (Photograph 16). The primary building of this complex is a single-story Classical Revival church constructed in 1858 by the local contractor, William Johnson. The church, situated on the northeast corner of the intersection of Centre and Bridge Streets, commands one of the most prominent locations in the historic district. The church was an even more prominent landmark within the historic district prior to the removal of its steeple at some point in the early 20th century. The most striking feature of the building is the semi-circular arcade of columns around the perimeter of the entryway, supporting a heavy entablature, detailed with dentil molding just below the roof line. The main entryway consists of a projecting three-sided bay, accessed by masonry steps. Entrance to the building is gained through modern doors with segmented arch lintels with a panel detail above. Above each of the doorways is a semicircular window. Flanking elevations include similar paired, arched windows with arched lintels and corner pilasters. To the north is located a brick, front-gabled section with a chimney rising along the northern elevation. The primary façade is divided into three vertical bays, framed by corbelled brickwork. Within each of the bays are six-over-six double-hung windows framed by segmental arched lintels. The main entryway is framed by a decorative surround detailed with an entablature and pilasters, and topped by a transom. The primary façade is finished with a cornice molding that frames the tympanum and creates a closed pediment.

Associated with the First Baptist Church is a two-story, three-bay, temple-fronted, Classical Revival Sunday School building. This very large brick building is situated immediately to the north of the main church edifice. Four brick pilasters dominate the street front of the school building providing vertical emphasis and symmetry to the façade. The four pilasters carry three corbelled brick arches which in turn support the fully pedimented front gable. The main entry is located at the center of the façade and consists of a large doorway surmounted by a twin-light transom. The entry is topped by a heavy flat cornice carried by two pairs of ornamental brackets.

The current church edifice is the second to stand on the site, the first having been erected in 1805. The southern and southeastern portion of the church lot is taken up by a large open graveyard that predates the existing church. All of the headstones were buried at some point in the 1960s but an inventory of the headstones made just before that time shows that many individuals of considerable significance within the history of Trenton are interred in the property.

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Another impressive, if somewhat less monumental, religious building on Centre Street within the bounds of the historic district is St. Paul's Episcopal Church (Damascus Christian Church) at 337 Centre Street (Photograph 20). Designed by the prominent Philadelphia architect, John Notman, this small "Early English" Gothic Revival parish church was erected in 1848. The church building consists of a front gable, main stone block and a stone tower to the fore. This Gothic Revival style church was designed by Notman and constructed by the Trenton contractor Robert Aitken. The church, lacking a transept or side aisles, consists of a nave fronted by a bell tower. The nave's rubble masonry walls are accented on the side elevations by simple coursed ashlar buttresses. The street elevation of the bell tower and the quoins at all four of its corners are also constructed of coursed masonry while the tower's side and rear walls are of rubble stone construction. The main entry is located on the front of the tower and consists of paired pointed arched plank doors set within a Gothic stone archway. On the tower's second level, paired lancet windows, recessed within a pointed arch surround, surmount the first floor entry. The tower is stepped, becoming increasingly narrow as it rises toward the seat of a no longer extant steeple.

Probably the most historically significant and certainly the most ornate historic industrial resource within the Trenton Ferry Historic District is the Adam Exton & Co. Cracker Factory complex at 242-248 Centre Street (Photographs 17 and 18). The complex includes several brick structures of varying historic functions. These include factory buildings, warehouse buildings and a residence. The main building is visually divided into two sections. The first section is the larger three-story, six-bay brick block topped by a side gable roof, with a boarded storefront that is sheltered by a pent roof with a cornice and modillions. The eaves are detailed with paired brackets and modillions, and there are paired side chimneys that rise along low gable end parapet walls at each gable end. The second section of the building consists of three distinct building blocks. The first is a shed roof section that is two stories high and two bays wide, and features arched lintel windows on the first floor, and paired arched windows on the second floor. At the eave is a cornice frieze with dentil molding. The second block is a flat roof addition with a loading dock that acts to connect the first block with the third block, which is a two-and-a-half story, three-bay front gable brick block. There is a loading dock on the front façade flanked by an arched lintel window. On the second floor are polychrome arched lintels framing sealed windows. There is a smaller arched window in the tympanum. The front gable features a raked cornice and a unique corbelled dentil molding. The flanking elevation is fenestrated with arched window openings with polychrome arched lintels and a belt course on both the first and second floors. Between 2006 and 2009 the Exton cracker factory complex was rehabilitated and transformed into 18 one and two bedroom loft condominium units. This major adaptive re-use project was performed in accordance with the standards of the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.

Overall, the physical integrity of the homes and businesses along Centre Street is quite good. Numerous residential buildings display excellent stylistic characteristics. Chief among these is 330 Centre Street, an Italianate-styled series of row homes with some additional high-style brick work. Also notable is 106 Centre Street, an Italianate single house. Modern infill, such as 206-210 Centre Street is relatively minimal in its extent and the sheer density of relatively well-preserved historic buildings overshadows any negative effect these intrusions might have.

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Daymond Street

Daymond Street is located between Asbury and Power Streets, and runs perpendicular to Bridge Street where its northern end terminates. Buildings along Daymond Street are fairly typical of those found throughout the smaller streets of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, but unlike those on many of the other streets in the district, nearly all of the buildings on Daymond Street date to the early 20th century. They are of brick and frame construction and range from one to two-and-a-half stories in height (Photograph 10). The physical condition of the buildings varies, with several having been substantially modified during the second half of the 20th century. Exterior architectural detailing is fairly limited, and is usually in the form of cornices, scrolled brackets, and the occasional segmental arched window, or door with a transom. Mid- and late 20th-century remodeling has obscured the architectural detailing of many of these buildings.

40-58 Daymond Street is typical of the houses found along this street. Constructed of stucco over frame, this building retains a large amount of its historic exterior material, including the stucco exterior and the cornice frieze and brackets. Although original door and window fixtures have been replaced, the building's basic form and appearance still survive. Similarly, 28-38 Daymond Street, a later counterpart to 40-58 Daymond Street, has by and large retained its historic exterior materials.

The Daymond Street streetscapes are relatively intact. Buildings along this corridor have been built to the extent of the lots, with no front yard and only narrow passageways for side yards, the footprint of each resource filling virtually every available inch of space per lot. Only 59 Daymond Street possesses a small side yard used currently as a parking area for automobiles. Despite the rather pedestrian nature of the historic architecture, the majority of the buildings on Daymond Street retain their form as constructed during the 20th century period of significance for the historic district.

Federal Street

Federal Street, which runs generally east to west, serves as the southern boundary for much of the historic district, with only the buildings on the north side falling within the district boundaries. The streetscape of Federal Street is composed of a rich architectural mix that includes buildings of varying methods of construction, function and design. As is true with most of the other streets in the historic district, the majority of the resources that line its northern edge were constructed in the mid- to late 19th century although at least one residence dates to the late 18th century and several to the early 20th century.

While most of the buildings fronting Federal Street can be classified as modest 19th-century row homes and double houses, there are also several corner commercial buildings and a small number of 20th-century garages. The resources are of brick, concrete block and frame construction and generally range between one and three stories in height.

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The earliest building known to front on Federal Street within the bounds of the historic district is the Jonathan Doan house (Photograph 22). Constructed *circa* 1798, the Jonathan Doane house (508 Federal Street), was the home of the architect-builder of the original New Jersey State House during the period in which he was employed in the construction nearby of New Jersey's first state prison in 1799. The building consists of an unassuming two-and-a-half story detached house that is three bays wide and sheltered by a side gable roof with imbricated asbestos shingles. The block of the house has been sheathed in vinyl siding, possibly obscuring the original clapboard exterior. There is an interior brick chimney that rises from the ridge of the roof near a gable end. The side hall entryway door has been replaced, and is flanked by replacement windows framed by wood casements.

Despite some empty lots, the streetscapes along Federal Street are relatively intact, if not particularly well-preserved. Few front yards exist, an exception being the property of the aforementioned Jonathan Doan house, which is set back from the street, owing much to the fact that it preceded the development of most of the neighborhood and the modern street grid by several decades.

Ferry Street

As is the case with the entire Trenton Ferry Historic District, the vast majority of the buildings that line Ferry Street are modest 19th-century residences: row homes, duplexes and detached houses (Photograph 5). Fire insurance mapping indicates that most of the corner buildings (and many other houses as well) formerly included first floor commercial spaces. These were corner stores and saloons. Ferry Street's buildings are typically of brick and frame construction; they range between two and three stories in height and date, for the most part, to the second half of the 19th century. Architectural ornamentation is principally limited to bracketed or dentiled cornices. In many cases, architectural detailing is lost and most of the frame buildings have been covered in vinyl or aluminum siding. Among the most noteworthy, yet architecturally least imposing, is a row of seven diminutive frame homes on the north side of Ferry Street between Bridge Street and Lamberton Street (Photograph 6). Known as "Helper's Row," this group of buildings was constructed in the late 1840s by Trenton carpenter and contractor Robert Aitken for the Trenton Iron Company. Seven of the eight original two-bay, two-story units survive. The western end unit has been demolished but the remaining houses form an unbroken row under a single end gabled roof. Originally covered in clapboard, each of the units has been sheathed either with asphalt shingle, vinyl or aluminum siding. Most of the original door and window fixtures have been replaced or are boarded over, but the overall historic fenestration pattern survives along with the other major character-defining features.

In general, the streetscapes along Ferry Street are relatively intact. There are a few open lots where buildings never stood or, in a very few instances, where they have been demolished. For the most part, the buildings stand adjacent to the street without front yards. The principal exception to this is 415 Ferry Street, the "H. Wood" house. Although architecturally similar to many of the other houses on the street, the setback suggests that this residence may predate the mid-19th-century urbanization of the surrounding area. The largest non-residential building on Ferry Street is a historic school building, the Parker Elementary School (Photograph 7). The oldest portion of the Parker School was erected in 1938 but subsequent additions have increased its size. This Art Moderne elementary school occupies an

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expansive lot between Warren and Union Streets. Although very large and executed in a "modern" style, the building was designed to harmonize with its surroundings. The bulk of the building is deliberately screened from view by the historic residences that line the east side of Ferry Street. The portion of the school that directly fronts Ferry Street is stepped in height, with the forward portion being a single story and the rear portion, which houses the school auditorium, being considerably taller. The school's Ferry Street entrance nestles into the surrounding streetscape in a surprisingly unobtrusive and, even complementary, manner.

Although the vast majority of the buildings on Ferry Street were constructed during the Trenton Ferry Historic District's period of significance, there are a few exceptions. For example, modern two-story row homes stand at 203, 205, 207 and 209 Lamberton Street. Designed in scale, massing, materials and form to blend into the surrounding historic architectural landscape, these buildings do not diminish the historic character or integrity of the streetscape. Less sympathetic intrusions are 50 Ferry Street, a single-story, flat-roofed, brick-faced concrete block commercial building that is presently utilized for religious purposes, and 328 Ferry Street, a modern single-story automotive repair facility.

The northern edge of the district is formed by the Pennsylvania Railroad embankment which runs parallel to Ferry Street to the rear of the properties fronting the street. This linear earthen and stone structure lies outside the bounds of the district. Close to the Delaware River, west of Warren Street, the embankment rises to a height of approximately 20 feet above grade. The topography of the historic district is such that the ground slopes upward to the east, gaining in height as one travels away from the river. By the point at which the railroad line reaches the eastern edge of the historic district, the gain in elevation is significant enough that the railroad tracks run through a cut rather than on an embankment. For most of the distance that it bounds the northern edge of the historic district, the railroad embankment forms a wall that blocks off all visual communication between the historic district and the area to north. Bridges allow passage under the railroad tracks at Bridge Street, Warren Street and N.J. Route 29. A no longer extant bridge once carried Centre Street traffic over the tracks but the bridge has long since been removed, leaving only its vestigial approaches and abutments still in place.

Furman Street

Terminating at Lamberton Street to the west and South Broad Street to the east, Furman Street travels through the center of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. The vast majority of the buildings consist of unpretentious 19th-century residences, chiefly in the form of row homes and double houses with the odd detached house scattered throughout the alignment. The buildings in this area are by and large of brick and frame construction ranging in height from one to three stories, and date from the 19th century through the 20th century. The extent of the exterior architectural detailing is limited to cornices with the occasional surviving bracket or row of dentils or frieze band windows. Some original detailing has been obscured by the application of asphalt shingles, or asbestos, aluminum, or vinyl siding. Few buildings on Furman Street have totally escaped the application of these commonplace exterior treatments, although a number of historic brick and stucco facades do survive.

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Most homes along Furman Street display the basic characteristics of their original construction although many of the original architectural details are buried beneath layers of modern sheathing. As is the case with the majority of the buildings found on the street, most of the original door and window fixtures have been replaced, boarded over or removed completely. Characteristic fenestration patterns still survive, along with such character-defining features as paired corner brackets beneath the eaves and transoms over the doors.

Despite some modern intrusions, the streetscapes along Furman Street are relatively intact. The majority of the buildings on Furman Street were constructed during the 19th and early 20th centuries, although there are a few later buildings. One example of this is the collection of modern row homes at 16-20 Furman Street. Designed to reflect the scale, massing and materials of the historic architectural landscape, these newer additions to Furman Street do not necessarily weaken the visual character or integrity of the historic streetscape.

Hills Place

Hills Place is a north/south alleyway that provides access to the rear of properties fronting Lamberton and Centre Streets. The built environment along Hills Place consists of 19th- and early 20th-century residences, carriage houses and garages. Residential buildings are found in the form of row homes. Most of the buildings in this area are of frame construction, although there are a small number of brick houses and brick and concrete block garages resources. Buildings range in height from one to two stories. The original architectural ornamentation and detailing of these back alley properties would have been minimal and in most cases, all such features have been removed or obscured by contemporary siding.

This street, despite being dominated in large part by the collection of dilapidated carriage houses and garages, possesses a relatively intact group of early 20th-century row homes. Although several of the units have suffered the application of modern siding materials, this row of simple urban residences (31-39 Hills Place) retains its basic historic character and some basic architectural detailing, including modillions and brackets beneath the eaves. A pair of larger single-family homes dating from the 1880s (77 and 79 Hills Place) is located at the end of the block and is relatively well maintained. Modern siding materials notwithstanding, each displays its basic original configuration and retains scrolled eave brackets, original fenestration pattern and a transom over the door.

Lamberton Street

Lamberton Street is one of the principal north/south streets within the district. Its streetscape is primarily residential in character, although a small number of commercial and mixed-use buildings can also be found along its edges (Photograph 12). Buildings along Lamberton Street were, for the most part, constructed during the second half of the 19th century. Apartment buildings, row homes and double houses are the most common building types (Photograph

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14). As is the case with most other areas of the district, the buildings in this area are of brick or frame construction. Architectural detailing ranges from cornice moldings, brackets and modillions to arched lintels and frieze band windows.

One significant group of buildings, "Puddler's Row" (549-565 Lamberton Street), stands on the west side of Lamberton Street just to the north of its intersection with Federal Street (Photograph 13). This row of diminutive frame houses was constructed in the late 1840s by local builder Robert Aitken to house mill workers from the nearby Trenton Iron Works and their families. Lacking any measure of ostentation or architectural ornamentation, the row is significant for the viewpoint it offers on the lives of low-paid mid-19th-century factory workers in Trenton. Also notable is "The Deer Hotel" at 552 Lamberton Street, a three-story brick building, detailed with decorative window crowns, transoms over the doors and a prominent cupola (Photograph 15). 416 Lamberton Street is a good representation of a vernacular single-family home. The minor setback and diminutive scale as compared with the surrounding buildings provides clues that it may have been constructed prior to many of the other resources along Lamberton Street. For almost all properties, door and window fixtures have been removed and replaced.

Nicklin Alley

Accessed from the north side of Furman Street is Nicklin Alley, a narrow back street, which is fronted on by a number of nondescript early and mid-20th-century garages. Otherwise, the streetscape along this short alley consists primarily of views into the rear yards of adjacent properties.

Power Street

Located between Asbury and Lamberton Streets, to the east of Daymond Street is Power Street, a north-south corridor that terminates at Bridge Street to the north and Steamboat Street to the south. All of the buildings along Power Street, which include both row homes and garage buildings, date to the 20th century. Most of the houses are of brick construction, although a number of the garages are frame and concrete block resources. Building heights along Power Street range from one to two-and-a-half stories, and the houses are typically three bays in width.

One of the most prominent buildings on Power Street is 81-87 Power Street. This brick garage is one story high and two bays wide; it is topped by a mansard roof sheathed in imbricated slate shingles and capped by brick stepped parapet end walls. The garage bays are fitted with four sliding batten doors that have been painted. There are four shed roof dormers, also sheathed in slate, that project from the slope of the mansard roof. Other notable buildings include a well-maintained row of homes (75-79 Power Street) with projecting front bays and arched lintel windows.

Second Street

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Second Street possesses a complex streetscape composed of varied residential and commercial 19th- and 20th-century components (Photograph 23). As with the majority of the district, the prevalent building types are row homes and double houses with a smaller number of single homes and mixed usage commercial/residential properties. The buildings in this area are constructed chiefly of brick and frame or a combination of the two, and range in height from one to three stories, and up to four bays in width. The level of architectural detailing varies, a function not only of the prevailing architectural style, but also of the socio-economic status of the resident. Details range from cornice moldings, brackets and modillions, and arched lintels, to mansard roofs and frieze band windows. Architectural ornament and detailing is often obscured by successive phases of remodeling and the use of modern sheathing materials.

One of the most noteworthy buildings is 110 Second Street, a brick residence with frieze band windows and eave brackets. 110 Second Street and 224 Second Street are relatively well-preserved examples of the vernacularized Greek Revival style as applied to common residential architecture. Similarly, 225 Second Street is a good representation of the Second Empire style, although its exterior materials have been obscured by the application of modern sheathing materials (Photograph 24). Other notable buildings include the row of homes from 121-125 Second Street, a very well-preserved series of row homes all displaying fine detailing such as cornice moldings with brackets, segmental arched lintels over door and windows and transoms over the tops of doors. As detached single houses, both 133 and 203 Second Street are well-maintained brick buildings with a fair level of retention of historic exterior materials. Original door and window fixtures have been removed and replaced or boarded over throughout most of the Second Street corridor but the buildings retain their basic historic massing and overall character.

Although the overwhelming majority of the buildings on Second Street were constructed during the 19th and early 20th centuries, the area is not without its modern intrusions. One example of this is 136 Second Street, a modern brick office building. There are also a number of empty lots but, despite this, the streetscapes along Second Street remain relatively intact.

Steamboat Street

A small side alley known as Steamboat Street extends between Union and Lamberton Streets, intersecting with both Asbury and Power Streets. Many of the lots abutting Steamboat Street actually front other neighboring streets. The only buildings that front Steamboat Street are a group of 19th-century row homes (109-115 Steamboat Street) and a single-bay, one-story 20th-century garage. Generally, the residences are well maintained and in keeping with the 19th-century period of significance for the district.

South Broad Street

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South Broad Street is an intriguing array of architectural styles, building types and construction materials that defines the northeastern edge of the historic district. The South Broad Street streetscapes are dominated by large-scale commercial/industrial buildings that were constructed during the 18th and 19th centuries, along with a collection of homes and businesses constructed dating from the 19th and 20th centuries. The character of this corridor differs from the majority of the district, not only attributed to the aforementioned large-scale buildings but also to the collection of single-family homes intermingled with row homes, a departure from the long blocks of brick and frame row homes and double houses that dominate so many other streetscapes. Throughout the South Broad Street corridor, construction materials consist chiefly of brick, although there are a few frame, stucco and concrete block structures mixed in. Massing is widely diverse, and can range anywhere from one to four stories in height and several bays in width, with various footprint shapes. Architectural detailing also varies widely, from Italianate (the most prevalent) to vernacular interpretations to Classically-influenced buildings. Much of this is owed to the commercial/industrial nature of the area, as market factors often persuaded building owners to build with design in mind. These can range from ornate, such as 435-439 South Broad Street, to subdued such as 551 South Broad Street. Details range from cornice frieze moldings to brackets and modillions, to arched lintels. Unlike a large portion of the district, however, detailing has not been grossly obscured by heavy-handed exterior remodeling, as careful renovation work has often embraced these details.

South Broad Street features several notable buildings. Chief among these is a row of commercial buildings, 435-439 South Broad Street. The cornerstone of a row of commercial buildings (435 South Broad Street) is this large threestory, four-bay Classical Revival brick commercial edifice. The building features a large wood framed storefront at the ground level, complete with pilasters and a cornice. The second story is divided into four arched bays that are recessed within the surface of the building. Windows on the second floor are represented by one-over-one units framed by masonry lintels and sills, and above each is a brick inset panel, while third floor windows consist of arched units. At the top of each of the recessed bays is a dentil molding. The most prominent feature is the closed pediment that adorns the gable end of the front façade; the pediment features dentil molding and a raked cornice with addition dentil features. There is a fanlight within the center of the pediment. Also notable along this corridor is the flatiron shaped Griffith Electric Building (481 South Broad Street) which borrows design cues from the Italianate style (Photograph 3). The building consists of a wedge-shaped, or "flatiron", block constructed of brick. The first floor is distinguished by the entryway, which is located at the apex of the wedge shaped building footprint, and features an arched surround with a sagitta. Windows on the first floor are also framed with arched lintels, overtop of which is a belt course that runs the perimeter of the building between the first and second floors. The apex of the wedge has been elaborated with a cartouche, from which a brick cornice and modillion detail travels the perimeter of the building. A large sign reading "Griffith Electric Supply Co., Inc." is affixed to the apex between the second and third floors. Adjacent to this is a fire house (505 South Broad Street), whose most prominent feature is an elaborate tower, which tapers towards the pinnacle, and is capped by a pyramidal hipped roof that is adorned with curved knee brace brackets, with a portal on each of the four sides (Photograph 4). The tower provides an excellent view of the surrounding district and the fabric of the city in general. Finally, the brick Eagle Tavern, constructed in 1770, anchors the northern end of the corridor, recently restored to its former glory.

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In general, the condition of the homes and businesses along South Broad Street is quite good, with particular attention paid to some of the larger resources and especially to the Eagle Tavern. Modern intrusions and alterations do appear, mostly in the form of exterior materials. Despite this, the streetscapes along South Broad Street remain intact and relatively well-preserved.

Third Street

At the eastern end of Federal Street is Third Street, whose twisting alignment travels in a roughly east-west direction near its intersection with South Broad Street, and a north-south direction at its intersection with Federal Street. Along Third Street, the small number of buildings within the district consist of simple frame or masonry 19th-century residential and commercial buildings, or a combination of the two, generally in the form of row homes or apartment houses, ranging in height from one to three stories and dating from the mid-late 19th century through the early 20th century. Architectural detailing is limited to raked cornices or eave brackets, although these features are not attributable entirely to modification as much as they are to modest detailing. Nonetheless, much exterior detailing has been obscured by contemporary siding treatments, and few if any buildings have escaped these routine exterior revisions, although historic brick exteriors and stucco facades have managed to survive through the changes. Despite some obvious gaps, the streetscapes along Third Street remain a cohesive, if not particularly well-maintained, collection of residential buildings that remains relatively intact. Street frontage for all of the buildings is non-existent; most are constructed to the limits of the lot.

Turpin Street

Turpin Street runs in a north/south direction between Centre and Second Streets. The streetscape is primarily residential in character although there are also a small number of historic and modern garages that are associated with the properties that front Centre and Second Streets.

Buildings along the constricted alignment of Turpin Street were, for the most part, constructed during the second half of the 19th century. Constructed of brick or frame, these are simple buildings with modest architectural detailing limited to basic cornice moldings and arched lintels. Residential architecture on Turpin Street is typified by a group of row homes at 18-46 Turpin Street executed in the same restrained Italianate style that was utilized in the design of similar buildings on every street throughout the district. The Turpin Street streetscape also includes a number of late 19th- and 20th-century carriage houses and garages. Most notable among these is the row of 19th-century carriage houses at 117-121 Turpin Street. The best preserved example in the row, 121 Turpin Street, is a large shed-roofed brick carriage house. There is a large garage bay on the first floor of the front façade, infilled with a wood batten door. Window fenestration on the second story, consisting of a standard window and a hay door, is framed by an arched brick lintel and fitted with shuttered plank batten doors with large iron bar hinges.

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Union Street

Union Street runs in an approximately north-south direction between Bridge Street and Federal Street. The street is primarily residential in character with the most notable exception being the Union Street Methodist Episcopal [New Salem Baptist] Church at 316 Union Street. The streetscape demonstrates a generally varied range of 19th-century architectural styles and remains relatively intact in terms of historic character despite limited contemporary infill and some notable demolitions. The southern side of the block is largely taken up by the Parker Elementary School (see Ferry Street, above) and the public housing complex known as the Kearny Homes (which lie outside of the bounds of the district).

Most of the historic resources along this urban street were constructed during the second half of the 19th century and consist primarily of row homes and single and double houses. Generally speaking, the buildings on Union Street are of brick or frame construction. Architectural detailing is extremely modest and is, for the most part, limited to cornice moldings and arched lintels. Modernization of resources along the corridor, often in the form of vinyl or aluminum siding, often necessitated the removal of superficial detailing.

Union Street features a relatively typical collection of residential buildings, similar to those found elsewhere in the neighborhood and in keeping with the 19th-century period of significance of the district. The most prominent historic building, however, is the aforementioned Union Street Methodist Episcopal Church (316 Union Street). Constructed in 1851, the Gothic Revival church is a front gable, two-story edifice with front and rear parapet walls with pilasters at the corners. On the front façade there are paired entryway doors with arched surrounds approached by sweeping steps, which are flanked by smaller arched doorways. Above the entryway are an infilled rose window and a tripartite arched window. On the four-bay flanking facades are tall, arched stained glass windows. The historic brick façade has been covered over by modern stone facing.

Although the overwhelming majority of the buildings on Union Street within the historic district were constructed during the second half of the 19th century, the streetscape has suffered somewhat from overzealous remodeling, demolitions that have left empty lots, and modern infill, which impedes the visual continuity of the streetscapes (Photograph 25). However, despite this, the streetscape of Union Street within the historic district remains relatively intact.

Warren Street

At the far western end of the district is Warren Street, which runs in an approximately north-south direction. The built environment of Warren Street is comprised of a narrow range of architectural styles, with most buildings articulated with similar massing, materials and detailing. The majority of the buildings along this corridor were

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constructed	during the	19th	century.	All are	two-and-a	-half sto	ry brick	row	homes	ranging	between	two	and t	thre

constructed during the 19th century. All are two-and-a-half story brick row homes ranging between two and three bays in width. Architectural detailing is generally limited to segmental arched or stone lintels, frieze band windows and transoms over doors. Unfortunately, much of the cornice detailing has been obliterated or obscured by 20th-century sheathing materials.

The residential architecture of Warren Street draws on mixed stylistic precedent. By the mid-19th century construction date of these row homes, the Greek Revival style had generally passed from popular favor and yet several of the homes on Warren Street, and elsewhere within the district, display evidence of its persistent influence within the local vernacular. Greek Revival detailing visible on Warren Street includes frieze band windows and heavy, square lintels, as is the case with 807-813 Warren Street. Perhaps even more influential than the Greek Revival style was the Italianate. 825-827 Warren Street is an example of a pair of row homes that demonstrate restrained Italianate detailing. Retaining their exterior materials despite some minor application of modern sheathing materials to the moldings, this row features segmental arched lintels over the doors and windows, and large frieze band windows beneath the front eave. Both of these rows of buildings are relatively well preserved, although door and window fixtures throughout most of the Warren Street corridor have been removed and replaced. Only one building, 813 Warren Street, has suffered from the overall application of vinyl siding and aluminum sheeting.

There are a number of empty lots on Warren Street, which diminishes somewhat the visual continuity of the streetscape; however, in general, the Warren Street corridor retains its historic character and ability to convey the district's period of significance.

The Trenton Ferry History Historic District is a complex yet cohesive urban neighborhood that represents well over two centuries of Trenton's history. Its streetscapes provide significant visual clues to Trenton colonial past but perhaps best reflect the period during which the City of Trenton was a major American industrial center. Although challenged by building loss and the insensitive modernization of many historic buildings, the district still overwhelmingly manages to convey its historic character and significance.

modern security bars over door and windows.

Outbuildings: None

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Asbury Place
3 Asbury Place Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This residence is styled with an Italianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays wide. The roof is a side gable type. The exterior consists of painted brick. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with wood sills that are aluminum covered, with segmented arch lintels. A segmented arch lintel with an aluminum storm replacement door frames doorway. A flat roof with a wood cornice and modillions tops the building. The entryway door is accessed by a masonry front stoop.
Outbuildings: None
5 Asbury Place Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This residence is styled with an Italianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays wide. The roof is a side gable type. The exterior consists of painted brick. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with wood sills that are aluminum covered, with segmented arch lintels. A segmented arch lintel with an aluminum storm replacement door frames doorway. A flat roof with a wood cornice and modillions tops the building. The entryway door is accessed by a masonry front stoop.
Outbuildings: None
7 Asbury Place Block/Lot: 65-f/288 Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This residential building is constructed with an Italianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays wide with a side gable roof. The building is constructed of painted brick. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with brick sills and segmented arch lintels. Doorway has segmented arch lintel with a replacement door. Front cornice is aluminum covered. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
Outbuildings: None
9 Asbury Place Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This residential building is constructed with an Italianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays wide, with a side gable roof adorned with a cornice and modillions. The building is constructed of painted brick. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with a brick sill and segmented arch lintels. The doorway is framed by a segmented arch lintel with replacement door. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop. There are

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wide, topped by a side gable ro windows with brick sills and se	of and constructed with painted b gmented arch lintels. The main a	Block/Lot: 65-e/199, 297 Ilianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays brick. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement loorway has segmented arch lintels with an aluminum f. The main entryway is accessed via a masonry front
Outbuildings: Block garage to	oped by a shed roof with exposed	rafter tails.
with a side gable roof adorned consist of one-over-one sash re	with a cornice and modillions. To placement units with a brick sill co porway. A single basement windo	Block/Lot: 65-f/291 lianate influence. It is two stories high and two bays wide, The building is constructed of painted brick. Windows and segmented arch lintels. A segmented arch lintel with tow flanks the masonry front stoop. There are modern
Outbuildings: None		
modern wooden door has a dia	mond shaped window and flatten	Block/ Lot: 65-e/298 ow house. Modillions decorate the cornice line. The ed brick lintels. The windows are one-over-one vinyl sask and an iron hand rail access the front door.
Outbuildings: None		
15 Asbury Place Contributing Description: This is a residentic	Date: c. 1920 al two-story, two-bay, flat roof, b	Block/Lot: 65-f/292 rick house. Modillions decorate the cornice line. The

modern wood front door has an arch with flattened arches, brick lintels and is sheltered by modern aluminum storm door. The windows are one-over-one sash with a segmented arch and sheltered by modern storm windows. There is a cinder-

16 Asbury Place Contributing

Date: c. 1920

block front stoop with steps to one side. Vinyl shutters have been placed around the windows.

Block/ Lot: 65-e/299

Outbuildings: None

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modern wooden door has a flattened	-story, two-bay, flat-roof, brick row house. Modillions decorate the cornice line. The brick arch. The windows are one-over-one vinyl sash with a segmented arch. There ong the basement line. A concrete stoop with steps to one side and an iron hand rail
Outbuildings: None	
paneled wood front door has an arch a segmented arch. The windows on the	Block/Lot: 65-f/293 Date: c. 1920 -story, two-bay, flat roof, brick row house. Modillions decorate the cornice line. The with radiating voussiors. The window on the first floor is six-over-six vinyl sash with he second floor are single light casement windows with segmented arches. The twindow. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with an iron hand rail.
Outbuildings: None	
brackets and pendants at the corners. are six over six with a segmented arch	Block/Lot: 65-e/300 Date: c. 1920 Iding two-story, two-bay, flat roof brick row house. Cornice line with decorative A segmented arch tops the paneled wood front door. The windows on the first floor h lintel. The windows on the second floor are is six over six windows with segmented nt window. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with an iron hand rail.
Outbuildings: None	
segmented arch lintel tops the paneled	Block/ Lot: 65-f/286 Date: c. 1920 -story, two-bay, flat roof, brick row house. Modillions decorate the cornice line. A d wood front door. The windows on the first and second floors are one-over-one d arch lintel. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with an iron hand rail.
Outbuildings: None	
segmented arch lintel tops the slab fro	Block/ Lot: 65-f/294 Date: c. 1920 o, two-bay, flat roof residence, with a cornice frieze and decorative Modillions. A cont door. The windows on the first and second floors are one-over-one vinyl sash, el. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with steps.
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		DI 1/1 . (5 (/205
23 Asbury Place	1000	Block/ Lot: 65-f/295
paneled wood front door is topped by	a segmented arch linte	idence, with a cornice frieze and decorative Modillions. The el. The windows on the first and second floors are one-over-front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with steps.
Outbuildings: None		
24 Asbury Place Contributing	Date: c. 1920	Block/ Lot: 65-e/287
Description: One-half of a former ro cornice line is decorated with bracke	ow home, this brick build ts. A segmented arch to _l d arch lintel. The windd	ding is two stories high with two bays, and a flat roof. The ps the slab front door. The windows on the first floor are oneows on the second floor are identical. The front door is
Outbuildings: None		
25 Asbury Place	D 1020	Block/ Lot: 65-f/296
slab front door is topped by a segmen	ited arch lintel. The win	idence, with a cornice frieze and decorative brackets. The adows on the first and second floors are one-over-one vinyle is accessed by a concrete stoop with steps, which are flanked
Outbuildings: None		
Asbury Street		
		Block/Lot: 65-c/126 Ference to the Italianate style, and consists of a two-story, include a roof cornice with modillions, louvered shutters and
two-step concrete stoop. Doors and w		
Outbuildings: None		
28 Asbury Street Contributing	Date: c. 1885	Block/Lot: 65-c/158

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masonry structure with flat roof. Fe	eatures include a roof cor , and three-step concrete	an Italianate influence, and consists of a two-story, two-bay, nice with wide spaced brackets, internal chimney, segmented stoop. A six-over-one double-hung widow with an enclosed s.
Outbuildings: None		
story, two-bay masonry structure wi	ith a flat roof. Features i	Block/Lot: 65-c/171 ced by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two- nclude a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal ree-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows
Outbuildings: None		
story, two-bay masonry structure wi	ith a flat roof. Features it	Block/Lot: 65-c/172 seed by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two- nclude a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal ree-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows
Outbuildings: None		
story, two-bay masonry structure wi	ith a flat roof. Features in	Block/Lot: 65-c/127 seed by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two- nclude a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal ree-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows
Outbuildings: None		*
story, two-bay masonry structure wi	ith a flat roof. Features in	Block/Lot: 65-c/187 sed by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two- nclude a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal ree-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows

Outbuildings: None

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Outbuildings: None		
38 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residential building is stylistically influenced by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two-story, two-bay stuccoed masonry structure with a flat roof. Features include a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal chimney, segmented arches over doors and windows, and three-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows are found throughout.		
Outbuildings: None		
39 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residential building consists of a two-story, two-bay frame structure with a side gable roof. The side hall door is a replacement, and is accessed by concrete steps. All windows consist of one-over-one replacement units. There are two shed roof additions to the rear of the building. A brick chimney rises from the front slope of the roof. The building is sheathed in asphalt siding.		
Outbuildings: None		
40 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residential building is stylistically influenced by the Italianate mode. The building consists of a two-story, two-bay stuccoed masonry structure with a flat roof. Features include a roof cornice with wide-spaced brackets, internal chimney, segmented arches over doors and windows, and three-step concrete stoop. Two-over-two double-hung windows are found throughout.		
Outbuildings: None		
45 Asbury Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This residential building is two stories high and three bays wide, and topped by a side gable with eave brackets. The building is frame construction with an asphalt exterior. Windows are one-over-one with wood lintels and sills. The primary entryway is a replacement unit accessed by means of a masonry stoop. There are brackets beneath the front eave. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.		

masonry front stoop.

Outbuildings: None

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46 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residential building is two stories high and two bays wide, and topped by a side gable. The building is frame construction with a stucco exterior. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with wood sills and lintels. The primary entryway has been replaced as well. There are brackets beneath the front eave. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.		
Outbuildings: None		
47 Asbury Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This residential building is two stories high and three bays wide, and topped by a side gable roof. The building is frame construction with an asphalt exterior. Windows are one-over-one with wood lintels and sills. The primary entryway is a replacement unit accessed by means of a masonry stoop. There are brackets beneath the front eave. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.		
Outbuildings: None		
48 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residential building is two stories high and two bays wide, and topped by a side gable. The building is frame construction with aluminum siding covering original shingles. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with wood sills and lintels. The primary entryway has been replaced as well. There is a row of frieze band windows beneath the front eave. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.		
Outbuildings: None		
49 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residential building, designed with an Italianate influence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof. The main block of the building is constructed of masonry. Brownstone sills and lintels frame each window with six-over-six sash replacement windows on the first floor. The main entryway door is also framed by a brownstone lintel, and is topped by a transom window. The second floor features a 10 light casement replacement windows on second floor with brownstone sills and lintels. The roofline is adorned with a wood cornice, bargeboard and brackets. On the center of the front slope of the roof is located a single bay shed roof dormer covered with aluminum siding and fitted with a 6-over-6 window. There is a common center chimney. A single basement window flanks the		

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50 Asbury Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 65-c/255 Date: c. 1885
Description: Designed with refere bays wide, topped by a side gable Windows are one-over-one replace	ence to the Greek Revival style, this residential building is two stories in height and two roof. The block of the building is frame construction, sheathed in aluminum siding. Sements with wood sills and lintels. The main entryway door has an aluminum covered for. There are frieze band windows and a wood cornice located beneath the front eave.
Outbuildings: None	
51 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-d/229
and two bays wide, sheltered by a brownstone lintel, transom windo and consist of six-over-six sash rebrownstone sills and lintels. Benebay common shed roof dormer co	Date: c. 1880 lding has been constructed with an Italianate influence. The resource is two stories high a side gable roof. The block of the building is constructed of brick. Doorway has we and aluminum storm door. Windows are framed with brownstone sills and lintels with a splacement units on the first floor, and one-over-one windows on the second floor with eath the wide overhanging eave are a cornice frieze, bargeboard and brackets. A single vered with aluminum siding with a one-over-one sash window tops the roof. Rising from the ney. A single basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 65-c/210 Date: c. 1910 ding is two-and a half stories high and two bays wide and is topped by a side gable roof mer. The exterior of the building consists of painted common bond brick. Windows
throughout consist of fixed sash re	eplacement windows with masonry sill and lintels. The main doorway is framed by a plywood. Imbricated shingles sheath the tympanum of front gable projection/dormer. A
Outbuildings: None	
56 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/106
Contributing	Date: c. 1910

Description: This residential building is two-and-a-half stories high, two bays wide topped by a side gable roof with a central gable projection/dormer. A painted common bond brick exterior sheaths the frame construction. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with masonry sills and lintels. The main doorway has masonry lintel framing a replacement storm door, topped by a transom. Imbricated shingles sheath the tympanum of the front gable projection/dormer. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.

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Outbuildings: None 57 Asbury Street
M. Dailey House Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This residential building has been constructed with Italianate elements, is two-and-a-half stories high, two bays wide and is topped by a side gable. The frame construction is sheathed in an asbestos shingle exterior. Windows throughout consist of two-over-two windows with wood sill and lintels. The main doorway has wood lintel with replacement storm door, topped by a transom. Beneath the eave is located a cornice frieze with decorative brackets. Paired basement windows flank the masonry front stoop. Outbuildings: None 59 Asbury Street J. Dailey House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is stylistically inspired by the Italianate mode, and consists of a frame block that is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and topped by a side gable roof. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding on front elevation and asphalt shingles on side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The chimney is composed of brick with decorative bondwork. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This residential building has been constructed with Italianate elements, is two-and-a-half stories high, two bays wide and is topped by a side gable. The frame construction is sheathed in an asbestos shingle exterior. Windows throughout consist of two-over-two windows with wood sill and lintels. The main doorway has wood lintel with replacement storm door, topped by a transom. Beneath the eave is located a cornice frieze with decorative brackets. Paired basement windows flank the masonry front stoop. Outbuildings: None 59 Asbury Street Block/Lot: 65-d/80 J. Dailey House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is stylistically inspired by the Italianate mode, and consists of a frame block that is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and topped by a side gable roof. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding on front elevation and asphalt shingles on side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The chimney is composed of brick with decorative bondwork. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
59 Asbury Street J. Dailey House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is stylistically inspired by the Italianate mode, and consists of a frame block that is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and topped by a side gable roof. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding on front elevation and asphalt shingles on side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The chimney is composed of brick with decorative bondwork. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
J. Dailey House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is stylistically inspired by the Italianate mode, and consists of a frame block that is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and topped by a side gable roof. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding on front elevation and asphalt shingles on side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The chimney is composed of brick with decorative bondwork. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is stylistically inspired by the Italianate mode, and consists of a frame block that is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and topped by a side gable roof. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding on front elevation and asphalt shingles on side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The chimney is composed of brick with decorative bondwork. A sealed basement window flanks the masonry front stoop.
Outhwildings Nova
Outbuildings: None
60 Asbury Street Block/Lot: 65-c/232
M. Campbell House Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This heavily altered frame residential building has been constructed with Italianate elements. The resource is two-and-a-half stories high, three bays wide and is topped by a side gable, standing seam roof with a projecting shed roof addition to rear. The building is sheathed in aluminum siding on front and side elevations. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one sash replacement units with wood sills and lintels. The side hall doorway has a wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. The sealed basement window flanks a brick front stoop.
Outbuildings: None
61 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is a residential two-story, two-bay, side gable brick house. There is a cornice molding beneath the front eave. Modern front door has masonry lintels and sills. The windows are one-over-one sash with a masonry lintels and

Outbuildings: None

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sills. There is a concrete front stoop with steps, flanked by a basement window. There is a brick chimney rising along the party wall of the neighboring row home.
Outbuildings: None
63 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is a residential two-story, two-bay, side gable brick house. There is a cornice molding beneath the from eave. Modern side hall entryway door is topped by a transom, and has masonry lintels and sills. The windows are one-over-one sash with a masonry lintels and sills. There is a concrete front stoop with steps and an iron railing, flanked by a basement window. There is a brick chimney rising along the party wall of the neighboring row home.
Outbuildings: None
64 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1925 Description: Brick residential, two-and-a-half stories in height, three bays wide, with a side gable roof and a wide front eave. Projecting front three-sided bay. Large four-bay picture window flanking main entryway. Paired and single one-over-one sash replacement windows throughout. Side hall entryway has a transom and is flanked by sidelights. Two-pane basement windows flank the brick front stoop.
Outbuildings: None
65 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is a residential two-story, two-bay, side gable brick house. There is a cornice molding beneath the from eave. The modern side hall entryway door is topped by a transom, and has masonry lintels and sills. The windows are one-over-one sash with a masonry lintels and sills. There is a concrete front stoop with steps and an iron railing, flanked by a basement window. The foundation course is a contrasting color brick.
Outbuildings: None
66 Asbury Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This is a Greek Revival- style, two-story, two-bay, side gable house with a stuccoed brick exterior. There is a cornice molding beneath the front eave with decorative brackets. A transom tops the modern side hall entryway door. The windows are one-over-one sash. There are frieze-band windows beneath the cornice line. There is a concrete front

stoop an iron railing, flanked by a basement window. The foundation appears to be parged masonry.

window with an arched lintel.

Outbuildings: None

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67 Asbury Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 65-d/314 Date: c. 1900	
Description: This is a residential eave. The modern side hall entry one-over-one sash with a mason	two-story, two-bay, side gable brick house. There is a cornice molding beneath the front way door is topped by a transom, and has masonry lintels and sills. The windows are v lintels and sills. There is a concrete front stoop with steps and an iron railing, flanked dation course is a contrasting color brick.	
Outbuildings: None		
a cornice molding beneath the fr The windows are one-over-one s	Block/Lot: 65-c/47 Date: c. 1880 val- style, two-story, two-bay, side gable house with a stuccoed brick exterior. There is int eave with decorative brackets. A transom tops the modern side hall entryway door. sh. There are frieze-band windows beneath the cornice line. There is a concrete front a basement window. The foundation appears to be parged masonry.	
	story concrete block garage, constructed during the first half of the 20th century, is d with plywood double-doors. It fronts Power Street and abuts a similar structure.	
a wide front eave. There is a sect overhang, is topped by a wide fat replacement windows throughou lintel flanks the brick front stoop	Block/Lot: 65-c/39 Date: c. 1920 Il building is two-and-a-half stories in height, two bays wide, with a side gable roof and and floor projecting three-sided bay. The first floor picture window, sheltered by an light window and has been sealed with plywood. Paired and single one-over-one sash The side hall entryway is sealed with plywood. A basement window with an arched	
Outbuildings: None		
a wide front eave. There is a seco	Block/Lot: 65-c/303 Date: c. 1920 I building is two-and-a-half stories in height, two bays wide, with a side gable roof and and floor projecting three-sided bay. The first floor picture window, sheltered by an Paired and single one-over-one sash replacement windows are present throughout.	

The side hall entryway, topped by a transom, is sealed with plywood. The brick front stoop is flanked by a basement

foundation is composed of stone masonry.

Outbuildings: None

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74 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/304	
Contributing	Date: c. 1920	
a wide front eave. There is a sec jalousie windows, sheltered by	tial building is two-and-a-half stories in height, two bays wide, with a side gable roof and cond floor projecting three-sided bay. Flanking the main entryway is a large bank of an overhang. Paired and single one-over-one sash replacement windows are present way is topped by a transom. The brick front stoop is flanked by a basement window with	
Outbuildings: None		
80 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/316	
Contributing	Date: c. 1900	
door is topped by a transom and	o-story, two-bay, side gable residence, with a narrow cornice frieze. The entryway front d a segmented arch lintel. The windows on the first and second floors are one-over-one mented arch lintel. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with steps.	
Outbuildings: None		
82 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/317	
Contributing	Date: c. 1900	
entryway front door is topped b one-over-one vinyl sash, also to	o-story, two-bay, side gable residence, with a narrow cornice frieze and modillions. The y a transom and a segmented arch lintel. The windows on the first and second floors are pped by a segmented arch lintel. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with window. The foundation is composed of stone masonry.	
Outbuildings: None		
84 Asbury Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/43	
J. Kelly House		
Contributing	Date: c. 1870	
	o-story, two-bay, side gable residence, with a narrow cornice frieze and stylized	
	and a portion of the flanking elevations are composed of buff brick the rear is standard	
	of is a hipped roof dormer with slate siding. The entryway front door is a replacement	
with a brick lintel. The windows	on the first and second floors are replacement one-over-one vinyl sash, arranged as a	

triplet on the first floor. The front door is accessed by a concrete stoop with steps, flanked by the basement window. The

Outbuildings: None

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Bridge Street		
422 Bridge Street Non-Contributing Description: This one-story parged a are two bays and there is ornamenta		Block/Lot: 63-b/41 er service station, is topped by a flat roof. There
Outbuildings: None		
	overhead garage doors. The exte	Block/Lot: 63-b/134 ed by a flat roof with a shed roof overhang/parapet. rior of the building is covered in polychrome tiles. yway door.
Outbuildings: None		
wide overhanging front eave. The b	uilding is six bays wide, and fitted	Block/Lot: 63-b /181 pped by a shed roof, with a wide cornice frieze a with one-over-one windows with arched lintels. ch topped by an arched transom; and a storefront
Outbuildings: None		
434 Bridge Street Contributing Description: This is a small one-stor	Date: c. 1915 y brick addition adjoining the lour	Block/Lot: 63-b /129 age at 432 Bridge Street.
Outbuildings: None		
wide eaves. A wide porte cochere is	supports. The entryway, which is wood. There is a belt course that e	Block/Lot: 65-b/177 ner gas station, is topped by a hipped roof with topped by a transom, is flanked by large picture ncircles the exterior of the building. To the rear

windows.

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and a wide overhanging front eave.	Block/L Date: c. mid-19th century ry brick residential building is topped by a s The building is two bays wide, and fitted wit door is topped by an arched transom. The d	th two-over-two windows with arched
Outbuildings: None		
508 Bridge Street Contributing Description: This is a modern brick o	Date: late 20th century	act: 54-c/3
Outbuildings: None		
frieze, brackets and a wide overhang with arched lintels. The side hall ma	Block/L Date: mid-19th century ry brick residential building is topped by a s ing front eave. The building is two bays wid in entryway door is topped by an arched tra There is a small gated passage between it d	de, and fitted with two-over-two windows nsom. The door is accessed by concrete
Outbuildings: None		
slope of the roof. The building is thr	Date: mid-19th century g is topped by a side gable roof, with a parg ee bays wide and two stories high. Windows a shed roof addition to the rear. The main e	s consist of one-over-one double hung
Outbuildings: None		
	Block/L Date: mid-19th century ry brick residential building is topped by a s s two bays wide, and fitted with one-over-on	

hall main entryway door is topped by an arched transom. The door is accessed by concrete steps, flanked by basement

Outbuildings: None

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Outbuildings: None	
512 Bridge Street Napton House Contributing Description: This two-and-a-half story residential building is to consist of one-over-one double hung units and wood lintels. A façade. There is a shed roof addition to the rear. The main entrailing, adjacent to basement windows.	ropped by a side gable roof, three bays wide. Windows row of three frieze-band windows stretch across the front
Outbuildings: None	
513 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This two-and-a-half story, two-bay wide residentithe building is sheathed in aluminum siding. Windows through windows and wood lintels. There is a shed roof addition to the is accessed via a concrete stoop with an iron railing. The stop	hout the residence consist of one-over-one double hung e rear. The main entryway door is topped by a transom and
Outbuildings: None 514 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th centur Description: This residential building is topped by a side gable slope of the roof. The building is three bays wide on the first fl half stories high. Windows consist of one-over-one double hun accessed via a concrete stoop with an iron railing, adjacent to	e roof, with a parged brick chimney rising from the front loor, two bays wide on the second floor and is two-and-a- ng windows and wood lintels. The main entryway door is
Outbuildings: None	
515 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This frame residential building is topped by a side two bays wide on the second floor. Windows consist of one-ove The exterior of the building has been parged with stucco. The via a concrete stoop that is flanked by the basement windows.	er-one double hung windows with wood sills and lintels.

gabled section is sheathed in vinyl siding.

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516 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This Queen Anne, two-and-a-half story brick residential building is topped by a side gable roof with a front gable pavilion that was formerly decorated with a pierced bargeboard as with the neighboring row home. The building three bays wide. Windows consist of one-over-one double hung units with brownstone sills and lintels. The main entryway door is topped by a transom with a brownstone lintel and is accessed via a masonry stoop with an iron railing adjacent to the basement windows.
Outbuildings: None
518 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This Queen Anne, two-and-a-half story brick residential building is topped by a side gable roof with a front gable pavilion that is decorated with a pierced bargeboard. There is a wide cornice frieze with decorative modillions the brace the overhanging eave. The building is three bays wide, and windows consist of one-over-one double hung units with brownstone sills and lintels. The main entryway door is topped by a transom with a brownstone lintel and is accessed via a masonry stoop with an iron railing, adjacent to the basement windows.
Outbuildings: None
520 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This one story brick commercial building is topped by a flat roof with a front parapet with a stylized crenellation and a concrete cap. The building is three bays wide and is fitted with multiple-pane overhead garage door that feature segmented arched lintels. There are parapet gutters that feed into decorative scuppers and downspouts. The side elevations are constructed of concrete block.
Outbuildings: None
611-613 Bridge Street Block/Lot: 55-c-109, 130 Tilton House Non-contributing Date: 19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a hipped slate roof with a brick chimney rising from the peak. The primary block of the building is four bays wide with several types of single and double hung windows, including two over-two wood sash and one-over-one metal sash in pairs and single. The side hall main entryway is topped by an arch portico roof. There is a secondary entryway on the side elevation sheltered by a shed roof. To the rear of the building is a brick addition that is two stories high and two bays wide. To the exposed elevation has been appended a one-story brick shed roof addition. The brick section is topped by a shed roof. Windows throughout the brick section consist of one-over-one replacement units fitted into arched openings, with segmented arched lintels and brick sills. The side

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Outbuildings: None
621 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch supported by turned wood posts. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway. Windows are one-over-one vinyl doublehung sash; the main entryway is a replacement door, and is accessed via the wood-floored porch.
Outbuildings: None
623 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch supported by square wood posts with a balustrade. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway. Windows are one-overone vinyl double-hung sash, flanked by vinyl shutters. The block of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: None
627 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch supported by wrought iron posts. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway. Windows are one-over-one vinyl doublehung sash; the main entryway is a replacement door, and is accessed via the concrete and brick porch.
Outbuildings: None
629 Bridge Street Block/Lot: 55-a/238 Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch supported by wrought iron posts with a balustrade. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway. Windows are one-overone vinyl double-hung sash, flanked by vinyl shutters. The block of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The main entryway is accessed via a brick and concrete porch.
Outbuildings: None
633 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch with a metal awning supported by wrought iron posts with a balustrade. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway.

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Windows are one-over-one vinyl double-hung sash, sheltered by metal awnings. The block of the building is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The main entryway is accessed via a concrete porch.
Outbuildings: None
635 Bridge Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story frame building is topped by a front gable roof with a front shed roof porch supported by wrought iron posts with a balustrade. The building is two bays wide, with a side hall entryway. Windows are one-overone vinyl double-hung sash. The block of the building is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The main entryway is accessed via a concrete porch.
Outbuildings: None
701 Bridge Street Trenton Knitting Mill Building Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This three-story brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. There is an overhang on the front façade, supported by brackets, over the main entryway door. The center hall entryway and windows on the first floor have been infilled with wood siding with more modern units installed in their place. There is a semi-circular stoop to the fore of the entryway. Each window on the second and third floor is topped by a segmented arch lintel with a masonry sill.
Outbuildings: None
703 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This three-story painted brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door is a replacement, and the transom has been infilled. Windows on each floor have been replaced with more modern one-over-one units, and are framed by a masonry lintel and sill. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway. Windows on the basement leve are framed by belt courses and flank the entryway stoop.
Outbuildings: None
705 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This three-story brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door is a replacement, and the transom has been infilled. Windows on each floor have been replaced with more modern one-over-one units, and are framed by a

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masonry lintel and sill. One set of shutters remains on the first floor. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway Infilled windows on the basement level are framed by belt courses and flank the entryway stoop.
Outbuildings: None
707 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This three-story painted brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door is a replacement, and the transom has been infilled. Windows on each floor have been replaced with more modern one-over-one units, and are framed by a masonry lintel and sill. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway, blocking one of the hasement windows, which are infilled and framed by belt courses and flank the entryway stoop.
Outbuildings: None
709 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This painted three-story brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door has been sealed with plywood. Windows on each floor have been replaced with more modern one-over-one units, and are framed by a masonry lintel and sill; a few are sealed with plywood. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway. Infilled windows on the basement level are framed by belt courses and flank the entryway stoop. Outbuildings: None
711 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This painted three-story brick row house is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door has been sealed with plywood. Windows on each floor have been sealed with plywood, but are framed by a masonry lintel and sill. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway. Infilled windows on the basement level are framed by belt courses on the foundation and flank the entryway stoop.
Outbuildings: None
713 Bridge Street Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This three-story brick row house has been sheathed in stone facing and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall that is decorated with a cornice frieze with a repeating fan motif, modillions and finials. The side hall entryway door has been sealed with plywood. Windows on the first floor have been sealed with plywood, and have been

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removed on the second and third basement level flanks the entrywa	floors. There is a concrete stoop to the fore of the entryway. An infilled window on the sy stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
Centre Street	
topped by a shed Roof. The first for second floor is four bays wide with	Block/Lot: 51-b/160 Date: c. 1900 illding is constructed in the Italianate style, and consists of a two-story brick block loor two bays wide with the original one over one double hung sash windows. The th three-bay embossed-paneled oriel window. The gable is detailed with bargeboard, are covered with sheet aluminum. There is an interior chimney. The garage door is fitted it.
Outbuildings: None	
by a shed roof. The front eave is floor is three bays wide with a boo	Block/Lot: 51-c/141 Date: c. 1890 story brick construction is designed with reference to the Italianate style and is topped detailed with an ornate tin bracketed cornice with finials and modillions intact. The first arded transom over the door and modified windows. The second floor is five bays wide, the hung sash windows with segmented arch lentils and masonry sills.
Outbuildings: None	
brick construction, topped by a sh and modillions with corbelled brick windows, framed by ornate brick.	Block/Lot:51-b/160 Date: c. 1900 Iding is constructed with reference to the Italianate style, and consists of a three-story ned roof with an interior end chimney. The eaves are detailed with a bargeboard, soffit ckwork below. The third floor is three bays wide, with the original one-over-one segmented arches and brownstone sills. The second floor is four bays wide with the amed by brick segmented arches and brownstone sills. There is a brick belt course

between first and second floors. The main entryway door and windows are detailed with brownstone stepped radiating voussoirs. The original one-over-one windows are anchored with brownstone sills. The entryway door is topped by a transom, and is accessed by means of a brownstone stoop. The stoop is flanked by three basement windows, and a three-

Outbuildings: None

window bay that spans from basement to second floor.

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102 Centre Street John Yetter House		Block/Lot: 54-a/69
Contributing Description: This mixed us by a side gabled roof with cornice covered by alumina are. Windows feature brow	a bracketed cornice. The first floor ho um sheeting. Doorways are anchored	nd is constructed on brick. It is three-stories and topped olds a storefront window and two doors under bracketed by brownstone thresholds. The second and third floors keystone detail. The bracketed masonry sills are covere ing.
Outbuildings: None.		
gabled roof that is detailed water table, threshold, and The second and third floors	with a bracketed cornice. There are stoop. The first floor is two bays, wi s are three bays wide with windows th	Block/Lot: 54-a/24 e, and consists of a three-story, brick block with a side two-bay basement windows with brownstone facing, th a single entryway door topped by a transom window. hat feature crown segmental lintels with keystone detail. The Bracketed cornice is covered by aluminum sheeting
Outbuildings: None.		
side-gabled block with a b cornice that has been cover sheltered by a cornice. Rep	racketed cornice. A first floor storefred by aluminum sheeting. The second	Block/Lot: 54-c/ll lianate style. The building consists of a brick three-story, ont window and two doors are sheltered by a bracketed d and third floors are each three bays wide and are ls and lintels that are covered by aluminum sheeting.
Outbuildings: None		
106 Centre Street Contributing	Date: c. 1900	Block/Lot: 54-a/80

Description: Articulated with reference to the Italianate style, this residential building consists of a brick three-story side gabled block with an asymmetrical dormer. The building is two bays wide with one-over-one replacement windows. The windows are framed with brownstone sills and flat lintels with a keystone detail. There is a single replacement door with a flat brownstone lintel with keystone detail. There is a brownstone water table, threshold, and stoop. Windows on the second floor consist of replacement double hung, one-over-one units, with brownstone sills and flat lintels with keystone detail. Windows on the third floor consist of a Center gable dormer single bay, fitted with a replacement window that is

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a double hung one-over-one unit, with dormer extension covered with alumin	a brownstone sill and round arch lintel with keystone detail. The cornice and num sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
side-gabled block with a bracketed co cornice that has been covered by alum	Block/Lot: 54-c/11 Date: c. 1875 Ing is articulated in the Italianate style. The building consists of a brick three-story, ornice. A first floor storefront window and two doors are sheltered by a bracketed tinum sheeting. The second and third floors are each three bays wide and are windows are framed by sills and lintels that are covered by aluminum sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
building constructed of brick. Topped large end brackets with pediment. Fur, on the second floor level and extend to with brownstone sills and flat lintels w doors with a transom and flat brownst	Block/Lot: 54-a/79 Date: c. 1910 ed in the Italianate style, and consists of a three-bay, three-story residential by a side gable roof, the front eave is detailed with a metal cornice and frieze with ther details on the primary façade include unique triple bay windows that initiate the cornice. Windows on the first floor consist of one-over-one, double hung units with a keystone detail. The main entryway consists of double front beveled glass tone lintel and threshold. Windows on the second and third floors consist of one- trically located bay with garland detail.
Outbuildings: None	
block is topped by a side gabled roof we contains two basement windows and a covered with aluminum sheeting.	Block/Lot: 54-c/11 Date: c. 1875 is articulated with reference to the Italianate style. The brick three-story, two-bay with a bracketed cornice covered in aluminum. The brownstone water table stoop. Windows throughout consist of replacement units with sills and lintels
Outbuildings: None	
110 Centre Street J.E. Hawk House Contributing Description: This residential building	Block/Lot: 54-a/59 Date: c. 1875 displays Italianate influences. The brick three-story side gabled block is three bays

wide, and is detailed with a bracketed cornice. The main entryway door is topped by an infilled arched transom with a

Outbuildings: None

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	rownstone stoop, which fronts the water table and is flanked by basement window. er-one, replacement units with arched lintels containing a keystone detail.
Outbuildings: None	
wide, and is detailed with a bracketed of brownstone stoop, which front the brown	Block/Lot: 54-c/12 Date: c. 1875 displays Italianate influences. The brick three-story side gabled block is two bays cornice. The main entryway door is topped by a transom and is accessed via a constone water table and is flanked by basement windows. Windows throughout mits. Exterior detailing is covered by aluminum sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
block is topped by a side gabled roof we accessed via a brownstone stoop that is	Block/Lot: 54-c/71 Date: c. 1875 Fructed of brick and detailed in the Italianate style. The three-story, three-bay ith a bracketed cornice. The main entryway, which is topped by a transom, is flanked by windows. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one, double hung and lintels. This building shares a common alleyway with adjoining building.
Outbuildings: None	
side gable roof with a bracketed cornice	Block/Lot: 54-a/57 Date: c. 1875 te style, 114 Centre Street is a brick three-story, two0bay residence, topped by a e. The main entryway door consists of an original raised panel double front doors stoop that is flanked by two basement windows with an iron grating. Windows
	uble hung units with brownstone sills and arched lintels.
Outbuildings: None	
story, three-bay, side gabled block with	Block/Lot: 54-c/65 Date: c. 1875 dential building with Italianate influences. The resource consists of a brick, three- a bracketed cornice. The main entryway is accessed via a stoop that is flanked by at consist of one-over-one, double hung replacement units with flat lintels.

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116 Centre Street Dr. Thomas Mackenzie House	Block/Lot: 54-a/56
Contributing Description: This mixed use building roof. The building possesses two into accessed by means of a four step bro	Date: c.1875 g is three stories high, three bays wide and is topped by a low-pitched side gable erior end chimneys. The paired entry door is topped by an with arched transom and expressions. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units with atels. The cornice is decorated with paired brackets and dentils. There is a one story
Outhuildings: None	
117 Centre Street I. Perry House	Block/Lot:54-c/52
brick row home topped by a side gab	Date: c. 1875 g is constructed with Italianate influences. The building is a three-story, three-bay, ole roof with a cornice and an interior end chimney. The main entryway door is a stone stoop. Front entry with three stone steps and transom. Windows are framed und-arched lintels.
Outbuildings: None	
119 Centre Street S. Smith House	Block/Lot: 54-c/13
slight eave overhang and an interior	Date: c. 1850 bry, three-bay Permastone building is topped by a side gable roof with returns, a end chimney. The entry with three stone steps is topped by a transom and sidelights lock. Windows throughout are framed with flat stone lintels. Beneath the eave, the and paired brackets at corners.
Outbuildings: frame shed	
The main entryway consists of a repla	Block/Lot: 54-c/42 Date: c. 1860 ory, three-bay building is topped by a low-pitch side gable roof with an end chimney. accement door topped by a transom, and accessed via a stoop. First floor windows indow, with replacement one-over-one vinyl sash windows on second floor.
Outbuildings: None	

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123 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 54-c/14
G. Mitchell House	
end chimney. The stone stoop fronts t	Date: c. 1860 ry, three-bay building is topped by a side-gable, standing seam metal roof with an he replacement door that is topped by a transom. Windows throughout consist of ows. Vinyl siding covers frame structure. There is a one story shed roof rear
Outbuildings: None	
125 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 54-c/15
W. Holmes House	
Contributing	Date: c. 1870
building is topped by a center cross-go topped by a transom. Windows are fro	nd-one-half stories high and three bays wide, and is constructed of brick. The able roof and end chimney. The entryway door is fronted by a stone stoop and is amed by wood sills and flat-arched wood lintels. Beneath the eave is a bracketed ned slate shingles. The front-facing cross gable roof contains one window, with gular section in the tympanum.
Outbuildings: None	
127 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 54-c/15
Contributing	Date: c. 1900
bays wide on the first floor, and fitted	y frame row home is topped by a low-pitch side gable roof. The building is four- with two doors with transoms. Second story has a center bow window. Plain wood ick infill is found on the first story below the windows.
Outbuildings: A two bay one story brid fitted with an overhead garage door.	ck garage fronts Centre Street and is adjacent to the row home. Each of the bays is
128-140 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 54-a/18
First Baptist Church	
Contributing	Date: 1858
consists of a projecting three-sided	s of a masonry, one-story classical revival church. The main entryway bay, accessed by masonry steps. Entrance to the building is gained through lintels with a panel detail above. Above each of the doorways is a

semicircular window. Flanking elevations include similar paired, arched windows with arched lintels and corner pilasters. The most striking feature of the building is the semi-circular arcade of columns around the

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perimeter of the entryway, supporting a heavy entablature, detailed with dentil molding just below the roof line The building is topped by a flat roof. To the north is located a brick, front-gabled section with a chimney rising
along the northern elevation. The primary façade is divided into three vertical bays, framed by corbelled brick
work. Within each of the bays are six-over-six double-hung windows framed by segmental arched lintels. The
main entryway is framed by a decorative surround detailed with a lintel and pilasters, and topped by a transom
The primary façade is finished with a cornice molding that frames the tympanum and creates a closed
pediment. On the flanking elevation adjacent to the chimney is a three sided projecting bay on the second floor
To the rear of the building has been appended a side gable addition with arched windows. The steeple of the
church has been removed. Associated with the Baptist Church is a two story, three bay, temple-fronted,
classical revival Sunday school huilding. This very large brick building is situated immediately to the north of
the main church edifice. Four brick pilasters dominate the street front of the school building providing vertical
emphasis and symmetry to the façade. The four pilasters carry three corbelled brick arches which in turn
support the fully pedimented front gable. A worn date stone which appears to read "1868" is situated in the
gable. The main entry is located at the center of the façade and consists of a large doorway surmounted by a
twin light transom. The entry is topped by a heavy flat cornice carried by two pairs of ornamental brackets.

The rear of the Sunday school building has been attached to the main church building by means of subsequent

Outbuildings: None

additions.

133 Centre Street W.W. Mershon House

Contributing

Date: c. 1870

Description: This residential building is a three-story, three-bay, unattached brick home with a low pitch side gable roof and end chimney. The three step stone stoop leads to an altered entryway, with a metal replacement door and vinyl siding infill covering the transom. Windows consist of one-over-one vinyl replacement windows with stone lintels and sills. The slight eave overhang possesses both large and small brackets at the cornice. The flanking elevation contains two one-over-one windows from which a metal fire escape descends. A two-story frame addition extends from rear.

Outbuildings: None

137 Centre Street

Block/Lot: 54-c/78

Block/Lot: 54-c/17

Contributing

Date: c. 1900

Description: This residential, semi-attached building with Italianate influences is three stories high, with two-bays on the second and third floors, and three bays on the first floor. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one sash windows with arched brick lintels on each story. The doorway on the first floor is accessed by a brick porch with an iron railing. The doorway has a transom that has been boarded up. An iron fire escape is attached to the front and linked with this the neighboring building. Cornice line has modillions with carved brackets in the center and on the end.

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Outbuildings: None	
second and third floors, and the arched brick lintels on each sto doorway has a transom that ha	Block/Lot: 54-c/86 Date: c. 1900 mi-attached building with Italianate influences is three stories high, with two-bays on the bays on the first floor. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one sash windows with the first floor is accessed by a brick porch with an iron railing. The been boarded up. An iron fire escape is attached to the front and linked with this the ne has modillions with carved brackets in the center and on the end.
Outbuildings: None	
roof between the stories running storm windows. The lower half	Block/Lot: 54-c/74 Date: c. 1980 Iding is a two-story, semi-attached, side gable structure with two slightly protruding per the length of the front of the building. Three bays on the second story have replacement of the first floor is brick with the upper half and second floor has aluminum siding. The o adjoining replacement storm windows and a door accessed by a two-step side facing
Outbuildings: None	
protruding pent roof running the on both the front and side eleven upper half and second floor all	Block/Lot: 54-c/74 Date: c. 1980 b-story, side gable, semi-attached structure has two stories divided by a slightly length of the front and side of the building between stories. Two bays on the second storons have replacement storm windows. The lower half of the first floor is brick with the inum siding. The first floor has three bays, with large single windows on both the front of the front and side is accessed by a three-step stone porch with the second story
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-e/54 Date: c. late 20th century ucture with single story has three bays, a center door and two long, boarded windows is covered with random width stone and a canvas awning overhangs the entire front

Lemuel Franklin House

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Outbuildings: None	
202 Centre Street Block/Lot: 55-c/11	11
Dr. Wolverton House Contributing Date: c. 1870 Description: This mixed-use, three-story, three-bay, flat roof, brick structure is constructed The first and second stories are divided by slightly protruding wood trim with modillions rule and side of the building. The first floor has wood clapboard siding over brick with ribbon recorner door that is accessed by a two-step stone stoop. The cornice line possesses both bracking fire escape on the flanking elevation.	nning the length of the front eplacement windows from the
Outbuildings: There are two outbuildings associated with 202 Centre Street which front on two-story brick building that is topped by a shed roof with a front hipped roof porch The building is four bays wide, with an offset entryway. All doors and windows are or shutters that appear to be contemporaneous with the construction of the building, brownstone sills and lintels. The main entryway door is topped by a brownstone lint porch roof. The second building is a two-story concrete block garage, with a painte garage is three bays wide, with each bay framing an overhead garage door. There is the bays, forming a shallow overhang.	h supported by wood posts. sealed either with plywood; windows are framed by tel and is sheltered by the ed Permastone façade. The
203 Centre Street Block/Lot: 55-e/55	5
W. Haines House Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This is a side gable residential building. The exterior of the building is sheath windows have been replaced with one-over-one units flanked by shutters. The main entrywork sheltered by a metal awning. There is a cornice with brackets and a wide eave on the front	ay is a replacement and is
Outbuildings: None	
204 Centre Street Contributing Date: c. 1870 Description: This is a brick row home topped by a flat roof with a cornice and eave bracket stories high and two bays wide. Each of the windows consists of a one-over-one replacement modern and flanks a picture window and entryway that have been sealed with metal shutters.	ts. The building is three- nt units. The main entryway is
Outbuildings: None	
205 Centre Street Block/Lot: 55-e/56	5

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Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This is a small side gable residential building, two to the rear. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl side units or have been shuttered. The main entryway is a replacement chimney stack that rises from the roof ridge. The building is no	o stories high and two-bays wide with a shed roof addition ing. All windows have been replaced with one-over-one ent and is sheltered by a shed roof. There is a brick
Outbuildings: None	
206-212 Centre Street Non-contributing Date: late 20th century Description: This is a modern brick office building. A mini state occupy portions of this building.	
Outbuildings: None	
215 Centre Street W. Foster House Contributing Description: This is a side gable row home, three bays wide an sheathed in asbestos siding. All windows consist of six-over-six is a narrow cornice and a rolled asphalt roof with a chimney sta	nd two stories high. The exterior of the building is wood units. The main entryway is a modern unit. There
Outbuildings: None	
217 Centre Street L.C. Wooley House Contributing Description: This is a side gable row home, three bays wide an sheathed in vinyl siding. All windows consist of one-over-one was a narrow cornice and a standing seam metal roof with a chimne	d two stories high. The exterior of the building is wood units. The main entryway is a modern unit. There is
Outbuildings: None	
219 Centre Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is an Italianate-inspired residential building, single end chimney. The first floor of the building is fitted with transom with side lights, flanked by paired one-over-one double	centrally located paired doors topped by an arched

are four-bays of arched lintel, one-over-one windows, fronted by a steel fire escape. The third floor windows units are

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similar and also fronted by a fire brackets and finials.	escape. The eave is detailed with a metal cornice with modillions, corbelled brick
Outbuildings: None	
single end chimney. The first floo transom with side lights, flanked l are four-bays of arched lintel, one	Block/Lot: 55-e/62 Date: c. 1900 inspired residential building, a three-story brick double-house with a flat roof and a per of the building is fitted with centrally located paired doors topped by an arched by paired one-over-one double hung windows with arched lintels. On the second floor e-over-one windows, fronted by a steel fire escape. The third floor windows units are escape. The eave is detailed with a metal cornice with modillions, corbelled brick
Outbuildings: None	
a single end chimney. The first flo	Block/Lot: 55-e/63 Date: c. 1900 residential/commercial building, a two-story, three-bay brick block with a flat roof and por of the building is fitted with a storefront and an access door to the upper story. On and four-over-four tall windows with wood lintels and sills.
Outbuildings: None	
single end chimney. The first floo	Block/Lot: 55-c/50 Date: mid-19th century residential building, a detached two-story frame block with a side gable roof and a r of the building is fitted with a side hall door topped by an infilled transom sheltered by have been replaced by modern units. There is a shed roof addition to the rear of the h a cornice and corner brackets.
Outbuildings: None	
225 Centre Street W. Williams House Contributing Description: This is a vernacular	Block/Lot: 55-e/64 Date: mid-19th century residence, a two-story brick residence with a side gable roof and a single end chimney.
	ted with a side hall door topped by a transom, and flanked by six-over-six double hung

replacement windows. On the second floor are three bays of six-over-six windows with masonry lintels and sills. To the

rear of the building has been appended a multi-phase, multiple level accretion.

windows beneath the front eave.

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Outbuildings: None		
229 Centre Street Contributing Description: This is a vernacular residuation of the street as single end chimney. The first floor of the one-over-one double hung windows. It porch are iron grated basement windows.	Block/Lot: 55-e/66 Date: c. 1910 dential building, a detached three-story painted brick block with a mansard roof and of the building is fitted with a door topped by a transom with side lights, flanked by There is a full-length porch with heavy square posts and modillions. Flanking the ws. On the second floor is a three-bay oriel window with decorative wood panels. It modillions. Topping the roof is a dormer fitted with a one-over-one double hung	
Outbuildings: None		
topped by a side gable standing seam	Block/Lot: 55-e/138 Date: mid-19th century ed in the Greek Revival style and consists of a three-story aluminum sided block metal roof. The main entryway door is topped by an aluminum awning and is ws throughout consist of replacement units with shutters. Beneath the eaves are	
Outbuildings: None		
block topped by a central gabled cross	Block/Lot: 55-c/46, 47 Date: mid-19th century is articulated in the Gothic Revival style, and consists of a three-story masonry r-gable roof with a single end chimney. The main entryway door is topped by a t consist of one-over-one double hung windows and a center window with pointed	
Outbuildings: None		
235 Centre Street Contributing Description: This is a residential build	Block/Lot:55-e/117 Date: mid-19th century ling designed with reference to the Greek Revival style, and consists of a three-	

story, aluminum sided block topped by a side gable roof. The main entryway door is sheltered by an aluminum awning and accessed by means of a stoop porch. Windows consist of replacement windows with shutters and a row of frieze band

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Outbuildings: None		
by a side gable roof with a built in para of a stoop that fronts a door topped by	Block/Lot: 55-e/118 Date: c. 1870 s articulated in the Italianate style, and consists of a three-story brick block topped apet gutter, a bracketed cornice and modillions. The building is accessed by mean a transom door. Windows on the first floor consist of one-over-one double hung the two double hung windows with exterior storms and flat lintels on the second and	
Outbuildings: None		
full length shed porch with a metal roof	Block/Lot: 55-e/68 Date: c. 1870 ar building consists of a two-story brick semi-attached block with a side roof. The f, turned posts and scrolled brackets shelters the main entryway and the flanking lindows on the second floor are similar two-over-two double hung windows with	
Outbuildings: None		
	Block/Lot: 55-e/124 Date: c. 1870 Il building consists of a two-story aluminum sided block with a side gable roof. A main entryway and one-over-one double hung windows with shutters. Windows or e double hung replacement windows.	
Outbuildings: None		
242-248 Centre Street Adam Exton & Co. Cracker Bakery Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-c/44, 43, 126 Date: c. 1850	
Description: This brick edifice is constr	ructed in two distinct sections. The first section is the larger three-story, six-bay	

brick block topped by a side gable roof, with a boarded storefront that is sheltered by a pent roof with a cornice and modillions. There is a secondary entryway flanking the storefront accessed by masonry steps. Windows are boarded shut but are frame by masonry lintels and sills. The eaves are detailed with paired brackets and modillions, and there are

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consists of three distinct built arched lintel windows on the shut. At the eave is a cornic acts to connect the first block. There is a loading dock on the arched lintels framing sealed raked cornice and a unique of	lding blocks: a shed roof secti e first floor, and paired arched e frieze with dentil molding. T k with the third block, which is he front façade flanked by an o d windows. There is a smaller	et walls at each gable end. The second section of the building ion that is two stories high and two bays wide, and featuring I windows on the second floor. All of the windows are boarded the second block is a flat roof addition with a loading dock that is a two-and-a-half story, three-bay front gable brick block. The arched lintel window. On the second floor are polychrome arched window in the tympanum. The front gable features a flanking elevation is fenestrated with arched window openings the first and second floors.
Outbuildings: None		
	y a stoop and is topped by a tr	Block/Lot: 55-e/212 me is topped by a side gable roof with a single chimney. The cansom. All windows have been sealed. There is a row of
Outbuildings: None		
attached block topped by a s	ide gable roof with a with mod opped by a transom. Windows	Block/Lot: 55-e/207 Greek Revival style and features a three-story brick semi- dillions and a single end chimney. The main entryway is s throughout consist of one-over-one double hung replacement
Outbuildings: None		
with a cornice with modillion	ns and a single end chimney. A	Block/Lot: 55-e/278 ories high and consists of a brick block topped by a hipped roof I storefront occupies the first floor with plate glass windows -over-one double hung windows.
Outbuildings: None		
301 Centre Street Contributing	Date: c. 1885	Block/Lot: 55-f/71

Outbuildings: None

306 Centre Street

Contributing

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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side gable with an inte on the second floor and aluminum exterior stor window sills are simple windows have been rep door has been replaced	rnal chimney d third floors m windows. e pieces of br olaced with a d with a mult ps and expos	o. The exter are origin The sides of rownstone of a single, lar i-paneled a sed foundat	rior walls are al wood, one- and keystone cas well. The fi ge opening fil loor set in a di	common bo over-one, do of the segme irst floor opo led with a th oor frame w resent, as ar	orick rowhouse with a rear, brick addition. It is ond brick with tight mortar joints. The windows louble hung windows in arched openings with ented arches are carved pieces of brownstone; the benings have been altered. The two original three-bay aluminum picture window. The front with numerous side-lights and transom-lights. The tre the original iron grilles over the basement well.	
Outbuildings: None						
gable roof with ornate	stepped brici brownstone	ts of an Ital kwork at co stoop. Wii	ornice. The m ndows on the	ain entrywa first floor ar	Block/Lot: 55-d/209 story brick and brownstone block topped by a side ay consists of a replacement door topped by a ree boarded. Windows on the second and third	
Outbuildings: None						
gable roof with ornate	stepped brick via a browns	esidence co kwork at th tone stoop,	e cornice. Th and flanked l	e main entry by boarded v	Block/Lot: 55-d/42 ick and brownstone row home topped by a side yway consists of a replacement door topped by a windows. Windows on the second and third floor	S
Outbuildings: None						
	cornice and j	hed residen finials. The	e main entryw	s two stories ay door is a	Block/Lot: 55-f/219 es high and topped by a side gable roof with built- accessed via a stoop that is sheltered by an e hung units.	•

Date: mid-19th century

X See continuation sheet

Block/Lot: 55-d/142

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Section number7 Pa	age <u>53</u>		
Description: This Italianate influenced sheathed in standing seam metal with b main entryway door is topped by a tran double hung windows with flat lintels.	nuilt-in gutters, a cornice n	nodillions and dentils and a single en	d chimney. The
Outbuildings: None			
307 Centre Street Contributing Description: This vernacular residence with modillions, and a single central ch Windows throughout consist of one-ove hipped roof dormer.	nimney. The main entrywa	y is accessed via a replacement door	with a transom.
Outbuildings: None			
308 Centre Street Contributing Description: This residential building is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in end chimney. The main entryway door is one-over-one double hung windows wit	standing seam metal with is topped by a transom and	built-in gutters, a bracketed cornice	dentils and a single
Outbuildings: None			
309 Centre Street Contributing Description: This vernacular residence with modillions, and a shared central c Windows throughout consist of one-ove the roof.	himney. The main entrywo	ay door is topped by a transom and a	ccessed via a stoop.
Outbuildings: None			
310 Centre Street Miss Weeks House Contributing Description: Inspired by the Greek Rev sided block topped by a side gable roof			

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porch with modern columns and balusti three frieze band windows beneath the j	rade. Windows consist of one-over-one double hung windows. There is a row of front eave.
Outbuildings: None	
primary block of the building consists of	Block/Lot: 55-f/281 Date: mid-19th century is topped by a side gable roof with modillions and a shared central chimney. The f a three-story aluminum sided block. The main entryway is accessed via a stoop, consist of one-over-one double hung units throughout, with a hipped roof dormer f.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-d/40 Date: mid-19th century consists of a two-story aluminum sided row home topped by a side gable roof. oop and is topped by a transom. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one by shutters.
Outbuildings: None	
cornice and dentils. The primary block pierced with basement windows flanking and detailed with radiating voussoirs an	Block/Lot: 55-f/73 Date: c. 1885 influenced by the Italianate style and is topped by a shed roof with a bracketed of the building consists of a three-story brick row home. There is a water table g a stoop. The main entryway is topped by a transom with a segmented arch linted keystones. Windows flanking the door, and throughout the rest of the primary hung windows framed with segmented arches with radiating voussoirs and
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-d/148 Date: mid-19th century consists of a two-story aluminum sided block topped by a side gable roof. The y stoop. Windows throughout consist of picture windows flanking the main g units on the second and third floor.

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Outbuildings: None	
topped by a shed roof with a brackete which allows access to the main entry	Block/Lot: 55-f/193 Date: c. 1885 ed residential building consists of a three-story brick row home, two-bays wide and a cornice and dentils. At the basement level is a water table fronted by a stoop, away door that is detailed with a segmented arch lintel, radiating voussoirs and ist of one-over-one double hung windows framed with a segmented arch, radiating
Outbuildings: None	
roof with a bracketed cornice and den atop a stoop, is detailed with hooded	Block/Lot: 55-f/192 Date: c. 1885 That estyle, this three-story brick row home is two-bays wide and is topped by a shed ntils. The basement level is detailed with a water table. The main entryway door, segmented arch lintel, radiating voussoirs and keystones. Windows throughout units with segmented arch lintels, with radiating voussoirs and keystones.
Outbuildings: None	
by a side gable roof with modillions a roofed porch with columns and dentil	Block/Lot: 55-d/37 Date: c. 1920 ernacular residential building that consists of a three-story brick row home, topped and a single end chimney. The main entryway door is sheltered by a full- length shed s. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double hung replacement windows ver-one double hung units. Topping the roof is a hipped roof dormer with dentils.
topped by a shed roof. There is a large	garage/carriage house, constructed circa 1930, fronts Turpin Street. The building is ge garage bay on the first floor of the front façade, inflled with an aluminum on the second story is framed by an arched brick lintel. All windows have been
319-321 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-f/74

Description: This vernacular mixed use building is three stories high, four bays wide and consists of an aluminum sided block with a side gable roof sheathed in slate. The main entryway door is a replacement and is flanked by two storefront

Date: c. 1880

windows. Windows on the second and third floors consist of one-over-one double hung replacement units.

Outbuildings: None

Contributing

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320 Centre Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-d/200 Date: c. 1920
Description: 320 Centre Street is a gable roof with modillions and a she porch with columns and dentils. Wi	vernacular residence, consisting of a three-story masonry row home topped by a side ared central chimney. The main entryway is sheltered by a full length shed roofed andows throughout consist of one-over-one double hung units including a three-bay d roof dormer with dentils. There is a shared iron gated alley.
shed roof. There is a large garage b	riage house, constructed circa 1915, fronts Turpin Street. The building is topped by a eay on the first floor of the front façade fitted with a pair of batten doors. Window amed by arched brick lintels with masonry sills. All windows have been removed, or
322 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-d/140
Contributing	Date: c. 1920
gable roof with modillions and a she porch with columns and dentils. Wi	vernacular residence, consisting of a three-story masonry row home topped by a side ared central chimney. The main entryway is sheltered by a full length shed roofed adows throughout consist of one-over-one double hung units including a three-bay droof dormer with dentils. There is a shared iron gated alley.
Turpin Street. There is a large garage fenestration on the second story, con	riage house is topped by a shed roof. Constructed circa 1915, the building faces ge bay on the first floor of the front façade, infilled with a wood batten door. Window sisting of a standard window and a hay door, is framed by an arched brick lintel and ors with large iron bar hinges. All windows have been removed, or sealed with
Outbuildings: None	
323 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-f/119
Mrs. Kehoe House	7.000
Contributing	Date: c. 1880
	g is influenced by the Italianate style, and consists of a three-story, three-bay brick th built-in gutters and a bracketed cornice The first floor of the building appears to
have once been a storefront with a p	ent tin roof sheltering all bays. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double els, radiating voussiors and carved keystones.
Outbuildings: None	
324 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-d/184
Contributing	Date: c. 1900

328 Centre Street

G. Strobel House Contributing

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block with ornate stepped	brickwork below the fr isom, framed by segme	teed by the Italianate mode, and consists of a four-bay, three-story brick cont eave to below the second floor windows. The paired main entryway ented arch lintels and are sheltered by a porch over the stoop. Windows egmented arch windows.
Outbuildings: None		
block with ornate stepped	brickwork below the fr som, framed by segme	s influenced by the Italianate mode, and consists of a three-story brick cont eave to helow the second floor windows. The paired main entryway ented arch lintels and are sheltered by a porch over the stoop. Windows
Outbuildings: None		
	eted cornice. There are	a three-story brick detached residence topped by a side gable roof with e two sheltered doors on the first floor flanked by boarded windows.
Outbuildings: None		
four bay brick block with a	n bracketed cornice wit by basement windows.	Block/Lot: 55-f/76, 186 1895 ial building is topped by a side gable roof and consists of a three-story, th finials and stepped brickwork. The main entryway doors are accessed Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units with

Outbuildings: These consist of a pair of one story, dilapidated concrete block garages and a series of small frame sheds. Constructed in the second half of the 20th century, these buildings are situated on Hills Place. Exterior materials consist

of stucco, aluminum sheeting and plank. Each of the bays is fitted with an overhead garage door.

Date: mid-19th century

Block/Lot: 55-d/112

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an end chimney, built-in gutters	and a bracketed cornice.	ory, asphalt shingle-sided block topped by side gable roof with The main entryway is topped by a hooded transom. Windows r consist of one-over-one double hung units flanked by
Outbuildings: None		
with ornate stepped brickwork of four bays wide and is constructed arched lintels with keystones, and double segmented units with arc	ver the second floor windo ad of brick. The main entry ad are accessed via masonr hed lintels and keystones	Block/Lot: 55-d/239-240 gable roof with a shared central chimney and built-in gutters ws. The Italianate-influenced building is three stories high an eway doors are framed by semi-circular double segmented by stoop porches. Flanking windows consist of elliptical, Windows on the second and third floors consist of six-over-six of is a single bay front gable dormer with detailed barge
Outbuildings: None		
and built-in gutters with ornate of four bays wide and is constructed arched lintels with keystones, and double segmented units with arched	stepped brickwork over the d of brick. The main entry d are accessed via masonr hed lintels and keystones	Block/Lot: 55-d/239-240 g is topped by a side gable roof with a shared central chimney second floor windows. The building is three stories high and tway doors are framed by semi-circular double segmented by stoop porches. Flanking windows consist of elliptical, Windows on the second and third floors consist of six-over-six of is a single bay front gable dormer with detailed barge
Outbuildings: None		
331 Centre Street	Date: c. 1885	Block/Lot: 55-5/279

Description: This Italianate-influenced residential building is topped by a side gable roof with a shared central chimney and built-in gutters with ornate. The building is three stories high and three bays wide and is constructed of brick. The main entryway doors are framed by semi-circular, segmented arch lintels with keystones, and are accessed via a masonry stoop porch. Flanking windows consist of elliptical, segmented arch units with arched lintels and keystones. Windows on the second and third floors consist of one-over-one double hung units with segmented arch lintels. There is a cornice frieze with brackets beneath the front eave.

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Section number7 Pa	age59
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-d/173 Date: c. 1860 consists of a two-story brick row home topped by a side gable roof sheathed in ay door is topped by a decorative wood transom and hooded lintel. Windows ble hung units with flat lintels.
Outbuildings: none	
contractor William Aitkin. The stone ed Shallow coursed ashlar stone buttresses masonry of the principal wall fabric. T also constructed of coursed ashlar mass main entry is located on the front of the	Block/Lot: 55-f/77 Date: 1848 church was designed by the architect John Notman and constructed by the Trenton lifice consists of a simple nave under a gabled roof fronted by a bell tower. It is provide rhythm to the building's side elevations and provide accent to the rubble of the front elevation of the bell tower and the quoins at all four of its corners are constructed in the tower's side and rear walls are of rubble stone construction. The stower and consists of paired pointed arched plank doors set within a Gothic stone in the increasingly narrow as it rises toward the seat of a no longer extant steeple.
Outbuildings: None	
table located above the basement level.	Block/Lot: 55-f/79 Date: c. 1880 c consists of a three-story brick block with a shared alley and a first floor water The main entryway door is topped by a transom and flat lintel, and is accessed the building consist of two-over-two double hung units with exterior storms, flat
Outbuildings: This is a two-bay, one sto Hills Place. Each bay is fitted with a de	ory, dilapidated concrete block garage. This mid-20th century building fronts ouble leaf door constructed of plywood.
Outbuildings: None	
340 Centre Street J. Smith House Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-d/144 Date: c. 1880

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double hung with exterior storms on the second and third floors.

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Description: This residential building is influenced by the Italianate style and consists of a two-story brick block topped by a side gable roof with built-in gutters, a cornice with brackets and dentils. The main entryway door is accessed via a stoop which fronts the basement level water table. The door is topped by a transom and hooded lintel. Windows consist of one-over-one double hung units with flat lintels.
Outbuildings: None
341 Centre Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This is a vernacular residential building consisting of a three-story brick row home with a shared alley. The main entryway door is topped by a transom and flat lintel, accessed via a masonry stoop. Windows flanking the entryway consist of one-over-one double hung units with flat lintels. Windows on the second and third floors consist of two-over-two double hung units with exterior storms, flat lintels and sills.
Outbuildings: None
342 Centre Street W. Towers House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This is a vernacular residential building consisting of a two-story aluminum sided block topped by a side gable roof with built-in gutters. The main entryway door is accessed via a masonry stoop and sheltered by an aluminum awning. Windows consist of one-over-one double hung units.
Outbuildings: None
343 Centre Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This vernacular residential building consist of a three-story, brick row home with a common alley. The main entryway door is topped by a transom and flat lintel, and is accessed by a stoop porch. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double hung units with flat lintels and sills.
Outbuildings: None
345 Centre Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: 345 Centre Street is a residential building, vernacular in nature, consisting of a three-story, three-bay brick faced row home topped by a side gable roof. The main entryway door is topped by a bricked transom and accessed via a stone stoop. Windows throughout consist of double hung units with exterior storms on the first floor, and two-over-two

Contributing

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X See continuation sheet

Section number7 P	age61
Outbuildings: This is a two-bay, one so bay is fitted with a double leaf door co	tory concrete block garage. This mid-20th century building faces Hills Place. Each onstructed of plywood.
original downspouts. The two entrywo	Block/Lot: 55-d/32 Date: c. 1920 acular, two-story brick building topped by a flat roof with built in gutters and ay doors of this building are flanked on the first floor by replacement windows. within the front oriel window, which is detailed with wood panels above and below
and terracotta tile cap. The storefront	Block/Lot: 55-f/122 Date: c. 1910 r commercial building, one-story high topped by a flat roof with a false parapet to consists of a pair of plate glass windows flanking a center door. Sheltering the a tiles and decorative tile work under windows and in stoop area.
Outbuildings: None 349 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-f/80
Contributing Description: This vernacular resident	Date: mid-19th century ial building consists of a two-story, three-bay aluminum sided block with a shared ing-seam metal roof. The main entryway is accessed via stoop. Windows
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-d/32 Date: c. 1880 accular building that consists of a two-story brick block topped by a hipped standing The first floor consists of a storefront. The second floor consists of four-bays of the flat lintels.
Outbuildings: Constructed circa 1910, infilled with plywood, now in possessio	this one story brick garage is topped by a flat roof. There is a central bay that is on of a single plywood door.
351 Centre Street	Block/Lot: 55-f/158

Date: mid-19th century

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Description: This vernacular residence consists of a two-story brick block topped by a hipped roof with a shed roof addition to rear and a single brick chimney. The first floor consists of a boarded-up three-bay storefront, second floor with one-over-one double hung windows throughout. Side elevations are sided with vinyl siding.

Outbuildings: None

Daymond Street

Contributing

16 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/165

Date: c. 1900

Description: 16 Daymond Street is a two-story wood frame residential row house, with three bays on the first floor, and two bays on the second. It is a side gabled, vernacular house, attached to 18 Daymond Street. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The two basement windows are awning windows. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim. There is an aluminum storm door over a wood replacement door with nine lights over a paneled bottom. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail, and has five risers.

Outbuildings: None

18 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/147

Non-contributing

Date: c. 1900

Description: 18 Daymond Street is a two-story wood frame residential row house, with four bays on the first floor (including a garage door), and three bays on the second. It is a side gabled, vernacular house, attached on both sides. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The two basement windows are awning windows. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim. There is an aluminum storm door over a wood replacement door with and arched opening over the paneled lower portion. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail, and has four risers. The garage door is wood paneled, and may be located in what was once an adjacent, separate house.

Outbuildings: None

20 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/150

Contributing

Date: c. 1900

Description: 20 Daymond Street is a two-story wood frame residential row house, with three bays on the first floor, and two bays on the second. It is attached on both sides, is a side gabled, vernacular house with an internal end chimney on the left side. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The two basement windows are awning windows. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim. The door is a wood, six panel replacement door. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail, and has five risers.

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Outbuildings: None	
Description: 23 Daymond Street is a one-walls are covered with vinyl siding. There	Block/Lot: 65-c/145 Date: c. 20th century -story, free-standing, wood frame residence/garage with a flat roof. The exterior e are four bays: a casement window, a one-over-one, double hung window, and door. The windows are vinyl. The exposed foundation is concrete.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 25 Daymond Street is a two- two bays on the second. It is a side gable vinyl siding. The windows are replaceme	Block/Lot: 65-c/181 Date: c. 1900 -story wood frame residential row house, with three bays on the first floor, and ed, vernacular house, attached on one side. The exterior walls are covered with ent aluminum, six-over-six, double hung. The simple wood cornice has been minum storm door. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail and has five
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 27 Daymond Street is a two- two bays on the second. It is a side gable vinyl siding. The windows are replaceme doubly hung windows with a post between	Block/Lot: 65-c/164 Date: c. 1900 -story wood frame residential row house, with two bays on the first floor, and ed, vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are covered with aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The first floor window is a pair of n. The two basement windows are awning windows. The simple wood cornice there is a flush wood replacement door with a diamond shaped, small window. andrail, and has five risers.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 28 Daymond Street is a two- left side. The brick front wall is continuou	Block/Lot: 65-c/237. Date: c. 1920 -story, two-bay brick residential row house with an internal end chimney on the us with that of 30 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a details of Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common

bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all aluminum replacement one-over-one, double hung windows. The siding of the bay has been replaced with vinyl. The first floor window is a large, one-over-one, double hung aluminum replacement window, with a brick segmented arch lintel and a brick sill. The front door also has a segmented arch lintel, over the

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transom and aluminum replacement four panel door with decorative arched openings at the top. The basement awning window has a stone lintel. The wood cornice above the second floor follows the projection of the bay window and is decorated with painted wood dentils.
Outbuildings: None
29 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 29 Daymond Street is a two-story wood frame residential row house, attached on both sides, with two bays on the first floor, and two bays on the second. It is a side gabled, vernacular house. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement aluminum, six-over-six, double hung. The first floor window is a pair of doubly hung windows with a post between. The two basement windows are awning windows. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim. There is an aluminum replacement storm door. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail and has five risers.
Outbuildings: None
30 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: 30 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick residential row house with an internal end chimney on the right side. The brick front wall is continuous with that of 28 and 32 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a side gabled, vernacular house with mixed Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all aluminum replacement nine-over-nine, double hung windows. The siding of the bay is painted wood shakes. The first floor window is a large, nine-over-nine, double hung aluminum replacement window with a brick segmented arch lintel and a brick sill. The front door also has a segmented arch lintel, over the transom and aluminum replacement six panel door with decorative arched fanlight at the top. The basement awning window has a stone lintel. The original stone foundation base is apparent. The front stoop is concrete with steel handrails. The wood cornice above the second floor follows the projection of the bay window and is decorated with painted wood dentils.
Outbuildings: None
31 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 31 Daymond Street is a two-story wood frame residential row house, with two bays on the first floor, and two bays on the second. It is a side gabled, vernacular house attached on the right side with an alley on the left. The exterior walls are covered with asphalt siding with a masonry pattern. The windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The basement has a single awning window. The exposed foundation has been parged. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim, and the brackets removed. There is metal paneled

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			ere is a covered alley between 31 and 29 Daymond Street, leading to the a steel handrail and has five risers.

Outbuildings: None

32 Daymond Street

Contributing Date: c. 1920

Description: 32 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick residential row house with an internal end chimney on the right side. The brick front wall is continuous with that of 30 and 34 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a side gabled, vernacular house with mixed Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all aluminum replacement nine-over-nine, double hung windows. The siding of the bay is painted wood shakes. The first floor window is a large, nine-over-nine, double hung aluminum replacement window with a brick segmented arch lintel and a brick sill. The front door also has a segmented arch lintel, over the transom and aluminum replacement six panel door. The basement awning window has a stone lintel. The front stoop is concrete with steel handrails and is shared with 34 Daymond Street. The wood cornice above the second floor follows the projection of the bay window and is decorated with painted wood dentils.

Outbuildings: None

33 Daymond Street

Date: c. 1900 Contributing Description: 33 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay wood frame residential row house. It is a side gabled,

vernacular Greek-Revival house attached on the left side with an alley on the right. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement vinyl, one-over-one, double hung. The decorative wood trim around the windows, including the projecting lintel, have been covered. The basement has a single awning window. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim. There is metal replacement storm door. The front stoop is concrete and has four risers.

Outbuildings: None

34 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/238

Block/Lot: 65-c/152

Block/Lot: 65-c/154

Contributing Date: c. 1920

Description: 34 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick residential row house with internal end chimneys shared with the houses on both sides. The brick front wall is continuous with that of 32 and 36 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a side gabled, vernacular house with mixed Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all aluminum replacement nine-over-nine, double hung windows. The siding of the bay is painted wood shakes. The first floor window opening contains a pair of one-overone, double hung aluminum replacement windows with a brick segmented arch lintel and a brick sill. The front door also

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has a segmented arch lintel, over the transom and aluminum replacement six panel door. The basement awning window has a stone lintel. The original stone foundation base is apparent. The front stoop is concrete with steel handrails and is shared with 32 Daymond Street. The wood cornice above the second floor follows the projection of the bay window and is decorated with painted wood dentils.

Outbuildings: None

36 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/155

Contributing

Date: c. 1920

Description: 36 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick residential row house with an internal end chimney on the right side. The brick front wall is continuous with that of 34 and 36 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a side gabled, vernacular house with mixed Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all boarded over. The siding of the bay is painted wood shakes. The first floor window is boarded over, with a brick segmented arch lintel and a brick sill. The front door also has a segmented arch lintel, over the transom and flush wood door. The basement boarded over window has a stone lintel. The original stone foundation base is apparent. The front stoop is concrete. The wood cornice above the second floor follows the projection of the bay window and is decorated with painted wood dentils.

Outbuildings: None

37 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/270

Contributing

Date: c. 1900

Description: 37 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay wood frame residential row house. It is a side gabled, vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are covered with asphalt siding with a masonry pattern. The first floor windows are boarded over. The second floor windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung. The basement window has been boarded over. The exposed foundation has been parged. The simple wood cornice has been covered with aluminum trim, and the brackets removed. There is metal paneled replacement door with an arched window. There is a covered alley between 31 and 29 Daymond Street, leading to the back yard. The front stoop is concrete with a steel handrail and has five risers.

Outbuildings: None

38 Daymond Street

Block/Lot: 65-c/256

Contributing

Date: c. 1920

Description: 38 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick residential row house with an internal end chimney on the right side. The brick front wall is continuous with that of 36 Daymond Street, as are its configuration and details. It is a side gabled, vernacular house with mixed Colonial Revival and Queen Anne details. The brick coursing uses a common bond with tight mortar joints. The attic has a dormer with a hipped roof and large overhangs. The second floor has a bay window with three openings, all replacement one-over-one, double-hung, aluminum replacement windows. The

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aluminum window but with a broover the transom and flush wood aluminum and has a stone lintel.	ick segmented arch lintel and d door that has three small, a . The original stone foundati	dow is also a replacement, one-over-one, d a brick sill. The front door also has a se diagonally placed windows. The basemen ion base is apparent. The front stoop is c bay window and is decorated with painted	egmented arch linte nt window is also oncrete. The wood
Outbuildings: None			
39 Daymond Street Contributing	Date: c. 1900	Block/Lot: 65-c/225	
house attached on both sides. The repointed. The windows are all arches. The first floor window he cornice has been covered with a	the exterior walls are common l one-over-one, double hung, has steel bars over the openin luminum trim, and the brack	k row house. It is a side gabled, simple It n bond brick with tight mortar joints that aluminum replacement windows with seg ng. The exposed foundation is also brick. tets removed. There is metal paneled repl s concrete with a steel handrail and has fo	have been gmented brick . The simple wood acement door with
Outbuildings: None			
attached on both sides. The exte single first floor windows are all wood trim. The exposed foundate	erior walls are frame or maso l one-over-one, double hung, tion is also stucco. The sim	Block/Lot: 65-c/157 co row house. It is a side gabled, simple onry covered with smooth stucco. The twallend aluminum replacements surrounded by a sple wood cornice has several original wo simple overhang over the front door and the serveral original works and the serveral original works and the serveral original works are serveral original works and the serveral overhang over the serveral original works are serveral or	vo second floor and original, simple ood brackets. There
Outbuildings: None			
		Block/Lot: 65-c/226 k row house. It is a side gabled, simple It n bond brick with tight mortar joints. Th	

one-over-one, double hung, aluminum replacement windows with segmented brick arches. The first floor window has steel bars over the opening. The exposed foundation is also brick. The simple wood cornice is still present along with the original brackets. There is metal paneled replacement door with a boarded, segmented-arch transom window. The

Outbuildings: None

front stoop is concrete and has four risers.

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42 Daymond Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/157
Description: 42 Daymond Street is a two-sto attached on both sides. The exterior walls a one first floor windows are all one-over-one trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco.	te: c. 1900 bry, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and a double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. There is with diamond-shaped window. There is a simple overhang over the front our risers.
Outbuildings: None	
44 Daymond Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/157
Description: 44 Daymond Street is a two-sto attached on both sides. The exterior walls a one first floor windows are all one-over-one trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco,	te: c. 1900 bry, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house re frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and a double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood the basement window is boarded over. The simple wood cornice has lush replacement front door with a simple overhang and a concrete front
Outbuildings: None	
46 Daymond Street	Block/Lot: 65-c/157
Description: 46 Daymond Street is a two-sto attached on both sides. The exterior walls a one first floor windows are all one-over-one, trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco. Hush replacement front door with a diamona	te: c. 1900 bry, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house re frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and , double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. There is a d-shaped window and a simple overhang shared with 48 Daymond Street. The s a wood, two-light basement window that appears to be original.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 47 Daymond Street is a two-sto simple wood cornice with several original br	Block/Lot: 65-c/144 te: c. 1900 try, two-bay frame row house covered with vinyl siding. It has a flat roof, a rackets and is attached to 49 Daymond Street. The windows are aluminum adows with exterior storms. The exposed foundation is covered with stucco

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The front door is flush wood with a diamond-shaped window; the front stoop is concrete, is shared with 49 Daymond Street and has two risers.
Outbuildings: None
48 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 48 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one first floor windows are all one-over-one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. There is a flush replacement front door with a diamond-shaped window, a storm door and a simple overhang shared with 46 Daymond Street. The concrete front stoop has four risers. There is an aluminum replacement basement window.
Outbuildings: None
49 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 49 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay frame row house covered with vinyl siding. It has a flat roof, a simple wood cornice with several original brackets and is attached to 47 Daymond Street. The windows are aluminum replacement, one-over-one, double-hung windows with exterior storms. The exposed foundation is covered with stucco. The front door is a six-panel metal door; the front stoop is concrete with steel handrails, is shared with 49 Daymond Street and has two risers.
Outbuildings: None
50 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 50 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one first floor windows are all one-over-one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. There is a 6 panel replacement front door and a simple overhang shared with 50 Daymond Street. The concrete front stoop has four risers. The basement window is boarded.
Outbuildings: None
52 Daymond Street Contributing Block/Lot: 65-c/35 Date: c. 1900

56 Daymond Street Contributing

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attached on both sides. The exterior walk one first floor windows are all one-over- trim. The exposed foundation is also stud	estory, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house is are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood eco. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. The front foor and has a simple overhang shared with 50 Daymond Street. The concrete twindow is boarded.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 54 Daymond Street is a two attached on both sides. The exterior walk one first floor windows are all one-over-trim. The exposed foundation is also study replacement front door is covered by an a	Block/Lot: 65-c/35 Date: c. 1900 estory, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house is are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood occo. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. The aluminum storm door and has a simple overhang shared with 56 Daymond risers. The basement window is boarded.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 55 Daymond Street is a two-house attached on one side. The exterior hung replacement aluminum windows ha The exposed foundation is masonry. The	Block/Lot: 64-c/207 Date: c. 1900 estory, two-bay brick row house. It is a flat-roofed, simple Italianate vernacular walls are common bond brick with tight mortar. The one-over-one, double-ve the original wood frames. The masonry openings are segmented brick arches. e simple wood cornice is still present as are the original wood brackets. The por with a diamond-shaped window and transom. 55 Daymond Street shares a
Outbuildings: None	

Description: 56 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one first floor windows are all one-over-one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. The replacement front door is flush wood with a diamond-shaped window and has a simple overhang shared with 54

Date: c. 1900

Daymond Street. The concrete front stoop has four risers. The basement window is boarded.

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Block/Lot: 65-c/35

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Outbuildings: None
57 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 57 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay brick row house. It is a flat-roofed, simple Italianate vernacula house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are common bond brick with tight mortar. The original two-over-two, double-hung wood windows are covered by exterior storm windows. The masonry openings are segmented brick arches The exposed foundation is masonry. The simple wood cornice is still present as are the original wood brackets. The front door is a replacement covered by an aluminum storm door. 57 Daymond Street shares a covered alley with 55 Daymond Street.
Outbuildings: None
58 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 58 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor and one first floor windows are all one-over-one, double hung, aluminum replacements surrounded by original, simple wood trim. The exposed foundation is also stucco. The simple wood cornice has several original wood brackets. The replacement front door is flush wood and has a simple overhang. The concrete front stoop has four risers. The basemen window is boarded.
Outbuildings: None
59 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 59 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side-gabled, simple vernacular house attached on one side. The windows are one-over-one, double-hung replacement aluminum. The first floor has two windows paired. The simple wood cornice is covered with aluminum and has no brackets or dentils. The front door is a replacement covered by an aluminum storm door.
Outbuildings: None
60 Daymond Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: 60 Daymond Street is a two-story, two-bay stucco row house. It is a side gabled, simple vernacular house attached on both sides. The exterior walls are frame or masonry covered with smooth stucco. The two second floor windows are replacement aluminum casement windows with applied muntins. The first floor window is one-over-one, double hung aluminum replacements with applied muntins surrounded by original simple wood trim. The exposed

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		en covered with aluminum. The replacement front door is a rs. The basement window is boarded.
Outbuildings: None		
vernacular house attached on both saluminum, one-over-one, double-hu	sides. The two second flooring windows with exterion red with aluminum. The	Block/Lot: 65-c/220 ne row house with vinyl siding. It is a side gabled, simple foor windows and one first floor window are all replacement r storm windows. The exposed foundation is stucco. The replacement front door is covered by a storm door. The is aluminum.
Outbuildings: None		
vernacular house attached on one si two second floor windows are repla	ide. The open side has b cement aluminum, six-ov	Block/Lot: 65-c/212 ne row house with vinyl siding. It is a side gabled, simple een stuccoed and has several small, boarded windows. The ver-six, double-hung windows with exterior storm windows. osed foundation is stucco. The simple wood cornice
Outbuildings: None		
Federal Street		
roof parapet wall. The centrally loc concrete stoop, which spans the from	cated entryway door is sh nt elevation of the buildin	Block/Lot: 65-f/258 tury T-111 wood siding and is topped by a flat roof with a shed beltered by the parapet overhang, and is accessed by the ag. Windows consist of one-over-one units flanked by bears to be attached a brick addition with a similarly
Outbuildings: None		*
226 Federal Street Contributing	Date: c. 1920	Block/Lot: 65-f/258

Outbuildings: None

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The building is topped by a fla one-over-one windows are she wrought iron posts. A brick sol	ne row house is three bays wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding and brick. roof with a parapet wall and a cornice molding. The side hall entryway door and paired ered by a shed roof that spans the front elevation of the building. The roof is supported by d balustrade spans the front of the porch. There is a three-sided bay on the second floor windows. There is a single basement window beneath the balustrade that has been sealed
Outbuildings: None	
brick. The building is topped be sheltered by a shed roof that sp A brick solid balustrade spans windows, which consist of one-	Block/Lot: 65-f/221 Date: c. 1920 ne row house is three bays wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding and painted of a flat roof with a parapet wall and a cornice molding. The side hall entryway door is the front elevation of the building. The porch roof is supported by wrought iron posts, the front of the porch. There is a three-sided bay on the second floor that contains three ever-one units. There is a single basement window beneath the balustrade that has been
sealed by plywood.	
Outbuildings: None	
brick. The building is topped be sheltered by a shed roof that sp A brick solid balustrade spans	Block/Lot: 65-f/222 Date: c. 1920 ne row house is three bays wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding and painted a flat roof with a parapet wall and a cornice molding. The side hall entryway door is not the front elevation of the building. The porch roof is supported by wrought iron posts, ne front of the porch. There is a three-sided bay on the second floor that contains three wer-one units. There is a single basement window beneath the balustrade that has been
Outbuildings: None	
The building is topped by a flat by a shed roof that spans the fr solid balustrade spans the fron	Block/Lot: 65-f/223 Date: c. 1920 The row house is three bays wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding and brick. The side hall entryway door is sheltered in a parapet wall and a cornice molding. The side hall entryway door is sheltered in the levation of the building. The porch roof is supported by wrought iron posts. A brick of the porch. There is a three-sided bay on the second floor that contains three windows, nits. There is a single basement window beneath the balustrade.

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brick. The building is topped by sheltered by a shed roof that spans A brick solid balustrade spans	by a flat roof with a parapet wants the front elevation of the the front of the porch. There	Block/Lot: 65-f/224 wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding and painted wall and a cornice molding. The side hall entryway door is to building. The porch roof is supported by wrought iron posts. To is a three-sided bay on the second floor that contains three tingle basement window beneath the balustrade that has been
Outbuildings: None		
siding and painted brick. The entryway door is sheltered by a roof is supported by wrought it on the second floor that contai	building is topped by a flat r a shed roof with a metal awn ron posts. A brick solid balus ns three windows, which con	Block/Lot: 35-f/216 wide, and is sheathed in a mixture of vinyl siding, aluminum oof with a parapet wall and a cornice molding. The side hall ing that spans the front elevation of the building. The porch trade spans the front of the porch. There is a three-sided bay sist of one-over-one units, each with a metal awning. There is a brick chimney that rises along the rear façade.
Outbuildings: None		
406 Federal Street Non-contributing Description: This one story stu is a central entryway that is fla		Block/Lot: 55-d/32 at roof, which is surrounded by a stepped parapet wall. There and an extant window.
Outbuildings: None		
		Block/Lot: 55-d/211 ouse is two bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable is a hipped roof dormer sheathed in wood shakes in the center

of the front slope of the roof. The side hall entryway door has been replaced, but is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The windows are treated in a similar fashion, with replacement windows framed by arched lintels. The main entryway door is accessed via a concrete stoop, which is flanked by a pair of basement level windows. There is a foundation level

Outbuildings: None

belt course that spans the front façade.

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roof with a cornice frieze that has been sheathed in vinyl siding in the center of framed by a segmented arch lintel. The	removed and covered with siding the front slope of the roof. The windows are treated in a similar is accessed via a concrete stoop	Block/Lot: 55-d/215 pays wide. The building is topped by a side gable g materials. There is a hipped roof dormer side hall entryway door has been replaced, but is a fashion, with replacement windows framed by the boy which is flanked by a pair of basement level cade.	
Outbuildings: None			
418 Federal Street Contributing Date: c. 1870 Description: This two-story frame row house is three bays wide, and sheathed in aluminum siding. The building is topped by a flat roof. The side hall entryway door has been replaced. The windows are one-over-one replacement units framed by wood casements. The main entryway door is accessed via a brick stoop, which is flanked by a basement level window.			
Outbuildings: None			
topped by a flat roof. The side hall entry	yway door has been replaced. I I by aluminum shutters. The mai	Block/Lot: 55-b/151 ed entirely in aluminum siding. The building is The windows are one-over-one replacement units in entryway door is accessed via a brick stoop,	
Outbuildings: None			
	oor has been sealed with plywoo	Block/Lot: 55-b/152 eathed in asphalt siding. The building is topped id. The windows are also sealed with plywood. by a sealed basement level window.	
Outbuildings: None			
424 Federal Street Contributing	Date: c. 1870	Block/Lot: 55-b/153	

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Page76	
Description: This two-story frame row house is three bays wide, and sheathed entirely in brick pattern asphalt siding. The building is topped by a flat roof, with paired brackets in the front eave. The side hall entryway door has been replaced. The windows are one-over-one replacement units framed by wood casements. The main entryway door is accessed via a brick stoop, which is flanked by a basement level window.	
Outbuildings: None	
502 Federal Street Contributing Date: c. 1860 Description: This two-and-a-half story painted brick row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof was a partially removed cornice frieze that has been covered with siding materials. There is brick chimney that rises from the front slope of the roof. The side hall entryway door and transom have been replaced, but are framed by a segmented arch lintel. The windows are treated in a similar fashion, with replacement windows framed by arched lintels. The materityway door is accessed via a concrete stoop, which is flanked by a pair of basement level windows. There is a foundation level brownstone belt course that spans the front façade.	he
Outbuildings: None	
504 Federal Street Contributing Date: c. 1860 Description: This two-and-a-half story painted brick row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof was a partially removed cornice frieze that has been covered with siding materials. The side hall entryway door has been replaced and the transom infilled, although still framed by a segmented arch lintel. The windows are treated in a simil fashion, with replacement windows framed by arched lintels. The main entryway door is accessed via a concrete stoop which is flanked by a pair of basement level windows. There is a foundation level brownstone belt course that spans the front façade.	'ar),
Outbuildings: None	
508 Federal Street Jonathan Doan House Contributing Date: c. 1798 Description: This two-and-a-half story detached house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with imbricated asbestos shingles. The block of the house has been sheathed in vinyl siding. There is and interior brick	
chimney that rises from the ridge of the roof near a gable end. The side hall entryway door has been replaced. The windows are treated in a similar fashion, with replacement windows framed by wood casements. The main entryway do	oor

is accessed via a painted masonry stoop, which is flanked by a pair of basement level windows.

Outbuildings: None

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into a foundation level brownstone belt course that spans the front façade.

Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Pag	e
Description: This two-and-a-half story frostanding seam metal roof. The exterior of rises from the ridge at the side of the roof	Block/Lot: 56-d/85 Date: mid-19th century ame detached house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with a f the building has been sheathed in aluminum siding. There is block chimney that The side hall entryway door is sheltered by a metal awning. The windows are oor is accessed via a concrete stoop, which is flanked by a pair of sealed
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story painted brick removed cornice frieze. There is block chi has been replaced and the transom infilled one double hung units, also framed by arc	Block/Lot: 56-d/27 Date: c. 1900 row house is two bays wide, and is topped by a flat roof with a partially imney that rises along the exterior of the building. The side hall entryway door d, but and are framed by a segmented arch lintel. The windows are one-overched lintels. The main entryway door is accessed via a concrete stoop, which is re is a foundation level brownstone belt course that spans the front façade.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story brick row how frieze. The side hall entryway door has be by a segmented arch lintel. The windows	Block/Lot: 56-d/128 Date: c. 1900 use is two bays wide, and is topped by a flat roof with a partially intact cornice een replaced although the transom remains intact; the entire entryway is framed are one-over-one double hung units, also framed by segmented arched lintels. concrete stoop, which is flanked by a basement level window. There is a hat spans the front façade.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story whitewashed intact cornice frieze. The side hall entrywe entryway is framed by a segmented arch le	Block/Lot: 56-d/26 Date: c. 1900 brick row house is two bays wide, and is topped by a flat roof with a partially vay door has been replaced although the transom remains intact. The entire intel, and is accessed by a concrete stoop. The windows are one-over-one sted arched lintels. There is a basement level window that flanks the stoop, inset

Outbuildings: None

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number Page	2
Description: This two-story whitewashed be intact cornice frieze with aluminum clad be remains intact. The entire entryway is fram windows are one-over-one double hung un	Block/Lot: 56-d/136 Pate: c. 1900 Parick row house is two bays wide, and is topped by a flat roof with a somewhat rackets. The side hall entryway door has been replaced although the transom ned by a segmented arch lintel, and is accessed by a concrete stoop. The aits, also framed by segmented arched lintels. There is a basement level window on level painted brownstone belt course that spans the front façade.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-and-a-half story fragof the building is sheathed in vinyl siding.	Block/Lot: 56-d/25 Pate: c. 1885 The row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The block The side hall entryway door, which is a replacement unit, is accessed via a Shout the residence have been replaced with modern units. There is a parged rior of the building.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-and-a-half story fractions from the center of the front slope sheathed in brick pattern asphalt siding. I	Block/Lot: 56-d/82 Pate: c. 1885 The row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with a shed be, and a cornice frieze with decorative brackets. The block of the building is The side hall entryway door, which is a replacement unit, is accessed via a brick the residence have been replaced with modern units. There is a parged by wall of the building.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story frame row hou building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The si	Block/Lot: 56-d/80 ate: mid-19th century use is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The block of the ide hall entryway door, which is a replacement unit, is accessed via a brick and residence have been replaced with modern units.
Outbuildings: None	
526 Federal Street Contributing D	Block/Lot: 56-d/79 ate: c. 1885

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7	Page79
of the building is sheathed in vinyl sic concrete stoop. Windows throughout	ry frame row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The block ding. The side hall entryway door, which is a replacement unit, is accessed via a the residence have been replaced with modern units. There is a brick chimney tha A narrow walk passes between the attached homes.
Outbuildings: None	
of the building is sheathed in vinyl sic concrete stoop. Windows throughout	Block/Lot: 56-d/122 Date: c. 1885 y frame row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The block ling. The side hall entryway door, which is a replacement unit, is accessed via a the residence have been replaced with modern units. There is a brick chimney that A narrow passage allows access to the rear yard between the attached homes.
Outbuildings: None	
of the building is sheathed in vinyl sic replacement unit, is accessed via a co	Block/Lot: 56-d/24 Date: c. 1885 Ty frame row house is three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The block ling and brick pattern asphalt siding. The side hall entryway door, which is a pacrete stoop and is sheltered by an arched gable portico roof. There is a triplet of the which is decorated with brackets. Windows throughout the residence have been
Outbuildings: None	
with a centrally located hipped roof a	Block/Lot: 56-c/81 Date: c. 1880 y brick public house is four bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof former. The storefront windows and corner entryway have either been replaced or etain their approximate original locations. The windows are replacement units that
	in entryway door is accessed via a corner entry stoop, which is flanked by a pair of

sealed storefront windows. There is an addition, constructed circa 1900, attached to the rear of the building. The section, which fronts on Third Street, is covered in smooth stucco, and features two opposing three-sided projecting bays. The centrally located entryway is flanked by the bays, and is topped by an infilled transom. Windows throughout the building consist of various types of fixed sash and double-hung units. The addition is topped by a side gable roof and appears to

Outbuildings: None

be an appendage of the neighboring building.

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

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OCCUOIT	Hallibel		1 agc	00	

Ferry Street

Trenton Water Power (28Me109)

Block/Lot:63-A/132; 63-B/128,134; 65-B/53,55,138,153,177,179,182,183, 184,185,186,188,189,190,192,194,201 202,203,204,205,209,235,239,271,306, 307,308,309,310,311; 65-E/48,191,196 197,198,199,214,216,251,266,285,286, 287,288,290,291,292,293,294,295,297, 298,299,299,300,301; 65-F/16,71,72 173,175,176,219,221,222,223,224,258 326

Contributing

Date: 1832-c. 1910

The Trenton Water Power Site represents the below ground remains of a seven mile long hydropower system which was constructed in 1832-1834 and extended from Scudder's Falls to South Trenton. Within the historic district, the main trunk of the canal extended between Ferry Street and Federal Street on an alignment which ran just to the west of and roughly parallel to Lamberton Street. The anticipated buried remains in this area consist of the main trunk of the canal, the remains of related bridges at Ferry Street and Bridge Street, the remains of a reservoir on the main canal just north of Federal Street and the remains of a smaller raceway which came off the reservoir and ran in southerly direction crossing Federal Street and extending out of the bounds of the historic district.

Ferry Plantation (28Me93)
Contributing

Block/Lot:64-c/199, 200, 201, 203

Date: 1704-1777

The Ferry Plantation Site is an historic archaeological site containing culture-bearing strata significant regionally within the context of the early colonial settlement of the Delaware Valley and, locally, within the context of the early development of the City of Trenton. The site represents the archaeological remains of the farmstead, outbuildings and related archaeological deposits that represented the nucleus of the Ferry Plantation, a colonial riverfront property established in 1704. Later the residence of the operator of the Trenton Ferry, the house was burned during the Hessian occupation of Trenton in 1777. The site was partially excavated in 1977 and was identified at that time as having the potential to provide information relating to: "1) patterns of colonial life in the region; 2) formation and development of a main stopping point on the early transportation corridor linking New York and Philadelphia: and 3) the lives of ferrymen/tavernkeepers in the mid-18th century."

3 Ferry Street Contributing

Date: c. 1960

Block/Lot: 66-b/84

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Page81
Description: This two-story frame row house is covered in stucco and is topped by a shed roof. The side hall entryway door is accessed by the concrete stoop. Flanking the stoop are three casement windows. Additional windows throughout the building consist of double-hung sash replacement units. There is a block chimney stack that rises along the exposed side elevation of the building.
Outbuildings: None
5 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This two- story frame row house is covered in stone facing and is topped by a shed roof. The side hall entryway door is accessed by the concrete stoop with an iron balustrade. Flanking the stoop is a single double-hung replacement window, protected by iron bars. Additional windows throughout the building consist of double-hung sash replacement units. There is an interior chimney stack that rises along the exposed side elevation of the building.
Outbuildings: None
7 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This two-and-a-half story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof with a front gable pavilion and partial returns. The side hall entryway door is accessed by the concrete stoop. Flanking the stoop are paired double-hung replacement windows. Additional windows throughout the building consist of double-hung sash replacement units. There is an interior brick chimney stack that rises from the center of the building. The house is sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: None
9 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This two-and-a-half story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof with a front gable pavilion and partial returns. The side hall entryway door is accessed by the concrete stoop. Flanking the stoop are paired double-hung replacement windows. Additional windows throughout the building consist of double-hung sash replacement units. There is an interior brick chimney stack that rises from the center of the building. The house is sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: None
11 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This brick two-and-a-half story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof with a hipped roof dormer. The side hall entryway door is accessed by an enclosed porch, topped by a flat roof that is supported by brick piers. Flanking the stoop is a triplet of double-hung replacement windows, with an arched brick lintel and brick sill. Additional

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

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windows throughout the building consist of double-hung sash replacement units. There is a shed roof addition on the exposed elevation.
Outbuildings: None
50 Ferry Street Non-contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story block building, once a commercial/industrial building now functioning as a church, has a brick façade and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. There are four bays across the front façade; three are punctuated by four-pane fixed sash windows. The fourth is a garage bay fitted with an overhead door. The bay is flanked by two of the fixed windows. There is a secondary entrance on the side elevation.
Outbuildings: None
101 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1882 Description: This two-story brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Basement windows consist of fixed sash units. Basement windows flank the concrete stoop that gives access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A brick chimney rises from the interior of the building on the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None
103 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This two-story painted brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Basement windows consist of fixed sash units. Basement windows flank the concrete stoop that gives access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A brick chimney rises from the interior of the building on the fron slope of the roof. The building facade is punctuated by a masonry belt course at the basement level.
Outbuildings: None
105 Ferry Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This two-story painted brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Basement windows consist of fixed sash units. Basement windows flank the patterned brick stoop that gives access to the side hall

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Page	age <u>83</u>		
entryway door, which is topped by a tre the roof. The building facade is punct		ises from the interior of the building on the front sourse at the basement level.	slope of
Outbuildings: None			
bracket. Windows throughout the build Basement windows consist of fixed sast the side hall entryway door, which is to	ding consist of one-over-or h units. Basement window. opped by a transom. A brid acade is punctuated by a m	Block/Lot: 66-a/90 a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and a lone ne double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel o s flank the patterned brick stoop, which gives acc ck chimney rises from the interior of the building hasonry belt course at the basement level. There has	and sill. cess to on the
Outbuildings: None			
throughout the building consist of one- windows consist of fixed sash units. Be entryway door, which is topped by a tree	over-one double-hung sast asement windows flank the ansom. A brick chimney ri uated by a masonry belt co	Block/Lot: 66-a/89 a side gable roof with a cornice frieze. Windows h units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Basement concrete stoop, which gives access to the side hases from the interior of the building on the front source at the basement level. There is a narrow co	all slope of
Outbuildings: None			
Windows throughout the building consist Basement windows consist of fixed sask	ist of one-over-one double- h units. Basement windows a transom. A brick chimn	Block/Lot:66-a/88 able roof with a cornice frieze and decorative monthing sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. In the concrete stoop that gives access to the ey rises from the interior of the building on the fraction the neighboring building.	side
Outbuildings: None			
113 Ferry Street Contributing	Date: c. 1880	Block/Lot: 66-a/87	

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number 7 Pa	age <u>84</u>			
Description: This two-story painted bri throughout the building consist of one-first floor have been sealed with plywood concrete stoop, which gives access to the brick chimney rises from the interior by a masonry belt course at the baseme building.	over-one double-hung sa. od. Basement windows co he side hall entryway doo of the building on the fro	sh units, with a mason onsist of fixed sash uni r, which is sealed with ont slope of the roof. I	y lintel and sill. Windows on ts. Basement windows flank t plywood and topped by a tra he building facade is punctud	the nsom. ated
Outbuildings: None				
115 Ferry Street		Block/Lot: 66	i-a/86	

Date: c. 1880 Contributing

Description: This two-story painted brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze that has been covered with aluminum siding. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Sealed basement windows flank the concrete stoop which gives access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A brick chimney rises from the interior of the building on the front slope of the roof. The building facade is spanned by a masonry belt course at the basement level.

Outbuildings: None

117 Ferry Street Parker Public School

Contributing

Date: 1938

Description: The Parker School, an Art Modern-style institutional building, is constructed with a steel frame masked by a brick façade. The building features a large center pavilion with a strong vertical expression, flanked by symmetrical twostory wings, the exposed end with a wide-radius corner. Large block glass windows are located within each of these corners, the exposed end following the radius of the corner. Within each of the wings are banks of steel framed windows, with hopper windows located at the bottom of each column of panes. The recessed main entryway encircled by a limestone surround, is located within the center pavilion. Decorative banding within the brickwork spans the façade and wraps around to the side elevations. A portal window flanks the main entryway. The remainder of the building consists of a large, two-story brick block.

Outbuildings: None

122 Ferry Street

Block/Lot: 64-a/194

Block/Lot: 66-a/34

Sarah Hannah House and Store

Contributing

Date: mid-19th century

Description: This two-story painted brick row home is now detached, and is topped by a side gable roof with a stylized cornice frieze. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one double-hung sash units, with a masonry lintel and sill. Basement windows, sealed with decorative block, flank the brick stoop. The stoop allows access to the side hall

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Page	e <u>85</u>
	som that has been infilled. A block chimney rises from the exterior of the l by a masonry belt course at the basement level.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-and-a-half story fra beneath the eaves is spanned by frieze-bar single one-over-one double-hung sash uni stoop that gives access to the side hall enti	Block/Lot: 66-a/36 Date: c. 1880 The space of the space
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-and-a-half story fra molding. The exterior of the building has exposed elevation. Windows throughout to Narrow basement windows flank the concr	Block/Lot: 64-a/117 Date: mid-19th century Time row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and dentil been sheathed in plywood siding on the front façade, and brick facing on the the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. The stoop that gives access to the side hall entryway door. A brick chimney The is sheathed in corrugated metal sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This dilapidated two-story from sheathing. The exterior of the building has the exposed elevation. Windows throughout the concrete stoop. The stoop allows acce	Block/Lot: 664-a/37 Date: mid-19th century ame row home is topped by a side gable roof with standing seam metal as been covered in asphalt and brickface on the front façade, and brick facing on out the building have been removed or sealed. Narrow basement windows flank ass to the center hall entryway door, which is sealed with plywood and sheltered out facade. A brick chimney rises from the roof ridge.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 64-a/117 Date: mid-19th century e is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and dentil molding. The

exterior of the building has been sheathed in stained plywood siding on the front. Windows throughout the building

146 Ferry Street

M. Duress House

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

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consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop that allows access to the side hall entryway door. A brick chimney rises from the front slope of the roof, which is sheathed in corrugated metal sheeting.
Outbuildings: None
131 Ferry Street Non-contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This heavily altered two-story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof with asphalt sheathing. The exterior of the building has been covered in vinyl siding, although there are remnants of wood and asphalt siding remaining on the exposed elevation. Windows throughout the building have been removed and replaced with modern one-over-one units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop, which allows access to the side hall entryway door. A stove pipe rises along the exposed elevation.
Outbuildings: None
132 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-and-a-half story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and dentil molding. The exterior of the building has been sheathed in plywood siding on the front façade, and brick facing on the exposed elevation. Windows throughout the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop, which gives access to the side hall entryway door. A brick chimney rises from the front slope of the roof, which is sheathed in corrugated metal sheeting.
Outbuildings: A single story, three-bay garage flanks the exposed elevation. The building is constructed of frame with plank siding. There is an entryway door flanking the garage bays. Each bay is fitted with overhead doors.
144 Ferry Street McCrudden House Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This two-story, three-bay frame detached home is topped by a side gable roof. There is a flat roof addition to the rear. The exterior of the building has been covered in aluminum. Windows throughout the building have been removed and replaced with one-over-one units or completely sealed with plywood. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door is flanked by basement windows, which have been sealed. A parged brick chimney rises from the roof ridge. Outbuildings: None

Block/Lot: 64-a/113

203 Ferry Street

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Page87
Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-and-a-half story frame row home is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in standing seam metal. The exterior of the building has been sheathed in vinyl siding. There is a low, one story addition appended to the rear of the building. Windows throughout the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop that allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A brick chimney rises from the roof ridge.
Outbuildings: None
148 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-and-a-half story, three-bay frame row home is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in standing seam metal. The exterior of the building has been sheathed in vinyl siding. There appears to be a low, one story addition appended to the rear of the building. Windows throughout the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop that allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom that has been sealed with plywood. A brick chimney rises from the roof ridge.
Outbuildings: None
150 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two- story, three-bay brick row home is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in asphalt shingles. There is a two-story frame addition topped by a shed roof appended to the rear of the building. Windows throughout the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. Narrow basement windows flank the concrete stoop that allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A brick chimney rises from the roof ridge and splits the gable.
Outbuildings: None
Block/Lot: 64-a/111 Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two- story, three-bay brick row home/commercial building, formerly a saloon, is topped by a hipped roof sheathed in asphalt shingles. The corner of the building is canted, with a stoop and corner entryway that has been infilled. Windows throughout this portion of the building consist of single one-over-one double-hung sash replacement units. A Bilco door flanks the entryway and allows access to the basement the concrete stoop that allows access to the entryway door, which is topped by a transom.
Outbuildings: None

Block/Lot: 65-d/344

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number7 Pa	ge <u>88</u>
Non-contributing Description: This a two- story, two-bay several buildings throughout this neigh	Date: c. 2000 modern frame row home, designed to mirror the architectural characteristics of borhood.
Outbuildings: None	
205 Ferry Street Non-contributing Description: This building is a modern of several buildings throughout this nei	Block/Lot: 65-d/345 Date: c. 2000 two-story, two-bay row home, designed to echo the architectural characteristics ghborhood.
Outbuildings: None	
207 Ferry Street Non-contributing Description: This a two- story, two-bay several buildings throughout this neigh	Block/Lot: 65-d/346 Date: c. 2000 modern frame row home, designed to mirror the architectural characteristics of borhood.
Outbuildings: None	
209 Ferry Street Non-contributing This building is a modern two- story, tw buildings throughout this neighborhood	Block/Lot: 65-d/347 Date: c. 2000 o-bay row home, designed to echo the architectural characteristics of several
Outbuildings: None	
overhanging eave and cornice molding. Below this is a brick belt-course. A con	Block/Lot:63-a/35 Date: c. 1910 wo-story brick residence is topped by a flat roof with a low parapet wall, an At the second story level of the front façade is a three-sided projecting bay. crete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is flanked by a throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None	
308 Ferry Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 63-a/35 Date: c. 1870

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Section number 7 Page 89
Description: This three-story brick apartment building is topped by a flat roof with a front parapet that has been adorned with a cornice molding with corner brackets and finials. The first floor has been covered with vinyl siding, and is split between two entryway doors, each topped by a transom and flanked by replacement windows. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills. A concrete stoop sheltered by a shed roof overhang allows access to the entryway doors.
Outbuildings: None
310 Ferry Street Anne Spencer House and Store Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay brick apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Windows throughout the building have been sealed. The brick and concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is sealed with plywood. A parged foundation is pierced by an infilled basement window that flanks the stoop
Outbuildings: None
312 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A parged foundation is pierced by an infilled basement window that flanks the stoop. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade.
Outbuildings: None
314 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay painted brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hale entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A parged foundation with a basement window flanks the stoop.
Outbuildings: None
316 Ferry Street Block/Lot: 63-a/38 Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay painted brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade. Windows throughout the building

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consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hal entryway door, which is topped by a transom. A parged foundation with a barred basement window flanks the stoop.
Outbuildings: None
318 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay painted brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills. A parged foundation with a barred basement window flanks the stoop. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade.
Outbuildings: None
320 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay painted brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade. A parged foundation with a barred basement window flanks the stoop. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with masonry lintels and sills.
Outbuildings: None
322 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay painted brick row home/apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. Numerous star-shaped tie rod plates are found on the front façade. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. Windows throughout the building consist of two-over-two units that may be original to the construction of the building. Each of the windows, along with the entryway door, is framed by masonry lintels and sills. A parged foundation with a barred basement window flanks the stoop.
Outbuildings: None
324 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay house is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. The exterior of the building has been sheathed in vinyl siding. The concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. Windows on the first floor consist of six-over-one double-hung units; additional windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units. A parged foundation with a barred basement window flanks the stoop.

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exterior of the building has be door, which is topped by a tr	been sheathed in vinyl siding. Th	Block/Lot: 63-a/77 ury apped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. The e concrete stoop allows access to the side hall entryway or consist of one-over-one replacement units. A parged	
Outbuildings: None			
		Block/Lot: 63-b/41 gle door and window, each of which have been infilled with iron railing. A brick chimney stack is visible rising from	
Outbuildings: None			
328 Ferry Street Non-contributing Description: This block, one- mansard roof parapet. The eloverhead garage door.	Date: mid-20th cento story, multiple-bay commercial exterior of the building has been s	Block/Lot: 63-a/ 76, 78 ary building/auto repair shop is topped by a flat roof with heathed in square tiles. Each of the bays is fitted with an	
Outbuildings: None			
is symmetrical, this unit is ac first floor consist of paired o	ccessed by a side hall entryway th ne-over-one double-hung units w	Block/Lot: 63-b/136 ment, front-facing gable roof. Although the building façade nat is accessed by brick and concrete steps. Windows on the vith brick lintels and sills. Windows on the second floor ar e is a basement window that flanks the stoop.	he
Outbuildings: None			
331 Ferry Street Contributing	Date: c. 1900	Block/Lot: 63-b/135	

Description: This brick row home is topped by a closed pediment, front-facing gable roof. This particular unit is

accessed by a side hall entryway that is accessed by brick and concrete steps. There is a basement window that flanks the

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stoop. Windows on the first floor consist of paired one-over-one double-hung units with brick lintels and sills. Windows on the second floor are single units, double-hung, but with arched brick lintels.
Outbuildings: None
409 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This large brick apartment building two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions. There is a large two-story addition to the rear of the building also of brick. The main side hall entryway once possessed a large door with a transom and surround, but it has since been infilled with plywood and a modern storm door. Windows throughout the huilding consist of one-over-one units with brick lintels and stone sills. There is a secondary entryway on the exposed elevation.
Outbuildings: None
410 Ferry Street J. Brown House Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This two-story, three-bays detached home is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave, frieze band windows and decorative modillions. There is a small one-story addition to the rear of the building. The main side hall entryway, accessed by a concrete stoop, once possessed a transom, which has since been infilled with plywood. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one units with brick lintels and stone sills. Basement windows flank the stoop. The exterior of the building is coated in stucco.
Outbuildings: None
Block/Lot: 54-c/8 Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This large brick apartment building two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions and finials. The main side hall entryway once possessed a large door with a transom and surround, but it has since been infilled with plywood and a modern storm door. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one units with brick lintels and stone sills. There is a brick chimney that rises along the exposed elevation.
Outbuildings: None
Al 2 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay brick apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions. The main side hall entryway is filled by a large panel door with a transom and surround.

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brick chimney rises along the party wall through the roof ridge.

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Windows throughout the building have been removed and infilled with plywood, although the openings retain their stone lintels an sills. A parged brick chimney rises along the party wall through the front slope of the asphalt roof.
Outbuildings: None
Al4 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, two-bay brick apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions. The main side hall entryway is filled by a large panel door with a transom and surround. Windows throughout the building have been removed and infilled with plywood, although the openings retain their stone lintels an sills.
Outbuildings: There is a small one-story garage between this and the neighboring building.
415 Ferry Street H. Wood House Contributing Date: first half- 19th century Description: This detached residence is topped by a side gable roof with a front gable dormer located on the front slope of the roof. The building is three-bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, with a side hall entryway that is sheltered be a modern portico roof. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units with casement moldings that have been sheathed in aluminum.
Outbuildings: None
Al8 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay brick apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze, dentil moldings and decorative modillions. The main side hall entryway is topped by an infilled transom. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by casements moldings and masonry lintels an sills. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the concrete stoop, which allows access to the building.
Outbuildings: None
A19 Ferry Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with a standing seam metal roof, and a cornice molding. The main side hall entryway is filled by a large panel door with a transom. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units, although the openings retain their stone lintels an sills. A parged

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Outbuildings: None	
Description: This three-story, three-bay bridentil moldings and decorative modillions. throughout the building consist of one-oversills. Basement windows within the parged	Block/Lot: 51-c/91 Ite: mid-19th century ck apartment building is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice frieze, The main side hall entryway is topped by an infilled transom. Windows -one replacement units framed by casements moldings and masonry lintels an foundation flank the concrete stoop, which allows access to the building.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story, two-bay brick is a cornice molding. The main side hall entry	Block/Lot: 54-c/10 Ite: mid-19th century It
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-and-a-half story, thre parged brick chimney stacks that rise through partially obscured by an enclosed porch. We have the partially obscured by an enclosed porch.	Block/Lot: 54-c/66 te: mid-19th century te-bay frame detached home is topped by a side gable roof. There are two teh both the front and rear slope of the roof. The front façade of the building is indows throughout the building consist of two-over-one, six-over-six and tunits with casement moldings. There is a multi-level addition appended to the
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story, two-bay frame	Block/Lot: 51-c/69 te: mid-19th century row home, constructed by William Aitken, is topped by a side gable roof with ave with brackets and dentil molding. The exterior of the building, to which a

portion of a demolished neighboring building is still attached, is sheathed in stone facing on the front façade and in aluminum siding on the flanking elevations. There is a brick chimney stack that rises through roof ridge. Windows

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throughout the building consist of paired at There is a single story addition appended to	nd single one-over-one replacement window units with casement moldings. o the rear of the building.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story, two-bay frame	Block/Lot: 51-c/66 ate: mid-19th century row home constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable roof with ling is sheathed in brick facing and vinyl siding on the front façade. Windows an sealed with plywood.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story, two-bay frame sheathed in asphalt shingles. The exterior of	Block/Lot: 51-c/65 Ite: mid-19th century row home constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable roof of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. Windows throughout the building window units with casement moldings. The main entryway door, accessed via d is sheltered by a shed roof.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This two-story, two-bay frame sheathed in asphalt shingles. The exterior or rises through roof ridge along a party wall,	Block/Lot: 51-c/64 te: mid-19th century row home constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable roof of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. There is a brick chimney stack that and projects through the roof ridge. Windows throughout the building consis units with casement moldings. The main entryway door, accessed via a nd is sheltered by a shed roof.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This frame row home construc	Block/Lot: 51-c/63 Ite: mid-19th century Ited by William Aitken is two-stories high and two-bays wide, and is topped by Ites The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. Windows

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throughout the building consist of single one-over-one replacement window units. Similarly, the main entryway door, accessed via a concrete stoop, is also a replacement. The building is otherwise devoid of any additional exterior architectural details.
Outbuildings: None
434 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row) Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This dilapidated, two-story, two-bay frame row home constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable that is covered with a tarp. The exterior of the huilding is sheathed in vinyl siding. Windows throughout the building have been sealed with plywood. The main entryway door is also sealed with plywood.
Outbuildings: None
436 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row) Contributing Date: mid-19th century Constructed by William Aitken, this dilapidated commercial building, formerly a row home, is a two-story, two-bay frame building topped by a side gable roof sheathed in asphalt shingles. The exterior of the building is sheathed in siding and stucco. Windows throughout the building have been sealed with plywood. The main entryway door is also sealed with plywood. There is a modern awning sheltering the main entryway.
Outbuildings: None
438 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row) Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay frame apartment building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave, dentil moldings and decorative modillions. The main side hall entryway is sheltered by a metal awning. Windows throughout the building consist of six-over-one replacement units framed by casement moldings, and all flanked by vinyl shutters. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the concrete stoop, which allows access to the building.
Outbuildings: None
440 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row) Block/Lot: 51-c/59

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roof with a wide front. The main si throughout the building consist of a basement windows within the parge	Date: mid-19th century s-bay brick apartment building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a side gable de hall entryway is topped by a transom, with a segmented arch lintel. Windows one-over-one replacement units framed by segmented arch lintels and masonry sills. A red foundation flanks the concrete stoop, which allows access to the building. There is ross the front façade at the basement level.
Outbuildings: None	
506 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row)	Block/Lot: 51-b/142
Contributing Description: This two-story, three-l parapet wall and a corbelled brick transom, and is accessed via a mass units framed by masonry lintels and	Date: mid-19th century bay painted brick building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a flat roof with a cornice detail. The main side hall entryway is topped by a masonry lintel and a constructed by William Aitken is topped by a masonry lintel and a construction. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement by projecting masonry sills. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the stothe building. There is a masonry belt course that runs across the front façade at
Outbuildings: None	
parapet wall and a corbelled brick lintel, and is accessed via a masonr which allows access to the building level. Windows throughout the buil	Block/Lot: 51-b/142 Date: mid-19th century pay painted brick building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a flat roof with a cornice detail. The main side hall entryway is topped by a transom and a masonry y stoop. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the concrete stoop, . There is a masonry belt course that runs across the front façade at the basement ding consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by masonry lintels and
projecting masonry sills. Outbuildings: None	
510 Ferry Street (Part of Helper's Row) Contributing	Block/Lot: 51-b/142 Date: mid-19th century any painted by by by by a flat roof with a
parapet wall and a corbelled brick	pay painted brick building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a flat roof with a cornice detail. The main side hall entryway is topped by a masonry lintel and a corny stoop. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement

units framed by masonry lintels and projecting masonry sills. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the

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concrete stoop, which allows accesthe basement level.	ss to the building. There is a masonry belt course that runs across the front façade at
Outbuildings: None	
512 Ferry Street	Block/Lot: 51-b/142
parapet wall and a corbelled brick lintel, and is accessed via a mason which allows access to the building	Date: mid-19th century -bay painted brick building constructed by William Aitken is topped by a flat roof with a cornice detail. The main side hall entryway is topped by a transom and a masonry ary stoop. Basement windows within the parged foundation flank the concrete stoop, g. There is a masonry belt course that runs across the front façade at the basement ilding consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by masonry lintels and
Outbuildings: None	
Furman Street	
with overhanging eaves and a b asbestos shingles. The main en	Block/Lot: 55-h/95 Date: c. 1880 ar residence, four bays wide and two-stories high, topped by a side gable roof vargeboard in the gable ends. The exterior of the building is sheathed in tryway door is a replacement and is flanked by replacement windows. Window, of one-over-one double hung replacement units. There is a brick chimney stack on of the roof ridge.
Outbuildings: None	
with a cornice with dentil molding.	Block/Lot: 55-f/271 Date: c. 1900 vo-bay brick row home. The building is topped by a shallow pitched side gable roof, The side hall main entryway door is flanked by a boarded window. Windows on the replacement units. The foundation of the building appears to be rough-coursed
Outbuildings: None	
16 Furman Street Non-contributing	Block/Lot: 55-e/70 Date: second half of the 19th century

20 Furman Street

Non-contributing

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Description: This is a frame vernacular building topped by a side gable roof, with a pent roof across the front façade over the first floor. The first floor is sheathed in brick facing, which surrounds the main entryway. The second floor is sheathed in vinyl siding and contains six-over-six single-hung windows. There is a large brick chimney that rises through the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None
17 Furman Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is a two-story, two-bay painted brick row home. The building is topped by a shallow pitched side gable roof, with a cornice with dentil molding. The side hall main entryway door is flanked by a replacement one-over-one window. Windows on the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units. The foundation of the building appear to be rough-coursed ashlar brownstone.
Outbuildings: None
18 Furman Street Non-contributing Date: second half of the 19th century Description: This is a frame vernacular building topped by a side gable roof, with a pent roof across the front façade ove the first floor. The first floor is sheathed in brick facing, which surrounds the main entryway. There are paired six-over-six windows flanking the entryway. The second floor is sheathed in vinyl siding and contains six-over-six single-hung windows. There is a large brick chimney that rises through the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None
19 Furman Street Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This is a two-story, two-bay painted brick row home. The building is topped by a shallow pitched side gable roof, with a cornice with dentil molding. The side hall main entryway door is flanked by a replacement one-over-one window. Windows on the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units. The foundation of the building appearance to be rough-coursed ashlar brownstone.
Outbuildings: None

Date: second half of the 19th century

six windows flanking the door. The second floor is sheathed in vinyl siding and contains six-over-six single-hung

windows. There is a large brick chimney that rises through the front slope of the roof.

Description: This is a frame vernacular building topped by a side gable roof, with a pent roof across the front façade over the first floor. The first floor is sheathed in brick facing, which surrounds the main entryway. There is a pair of six-over-

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Block/Lot: 55-e/70

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Outbuildings: None	
113 Furman Street Contributing Description: This is a frame residence, three bays wide and two There is an exterior chimney rising along the exposed elevation is a replacement and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one repla second floor. There is a row of frieze band windows below the that have been covered in aluminum. The exterior of the build	o-and-a-half stories high, topped by a side gable roof. a adjacent to the front slope of the roof. The entryway door cement windows. Similar windows are found on the overhanging front eave, which is detailed with brackets
Outbuildings: None	
115 Furman Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This is a frame vernacular building topped by a si sheathed in vinyl siding, obscuring all exterior detailing. Then windows, which are found throughout the building. There is a sis a large brick chimney that rises through the rear slope of the	nain entryway is flanked by one-over-one replacement row of frieze band windows beneath the front eave. There
Outbuildings: None	
117 Furman Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This is a frame vernacular building topped by a freentryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is a reprone-over-one replacement units. There is a block chimney that	ont gable roof with a partial return. The side hall main lacement unit. Windows throughout the building consist of
Outbuildings: None	
118 Furman Street Contributing Date: mid-19th centur Description: This is a frame residence, three bays wide and two	

There is an exterior chimney rising through the front slope of the roof. The entryway door is a replacement and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows. Similar windows are found on the second floor. There is a row of frieze

band windows below the overhanging front eave. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding.

Outbuildings: None

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entryway door is a replacement is	s topped by a transom and is flee second floor. There is a row	Block/Lot: 55-a/120 y -and-a-half stories high, topped by a side gable anked by a pair of one-over-one replacement wi of frieze band windows below the overhanging f	indows.
Outbuildings: None			
entryway door is a replacement is	s topped by a transom and is flee second floor. There is a row	Block/Lot: 55-a/265 y -and-a-half stories high, topped by a side gable anked by a pair of original two-over-two windov of frieze band windows below the overhanging f	ws.
Outbuildings: None			
shed roof extension located at the	rear of the building, and a sir of ridge. The side hall entranc	Block/Lot: 56-c/77 med frame residence, topped by a side gable roof egle story shed roof addition. There is a parged e is accessed by a concrete stoop, which is shelte buble-hung replacement units.	brick
Outbuildings: None			
gable roof with a one story shed r of the roof ridge. The side-hall m	roof addition on the exposed el ain entryway accessed by mea e building is coated in a smoot	ame residence. The building is topped by a front evation. Two brick chimney stacks rise through ns of a concrete stoop, which is sheltered by a m h stucco. Windows throughout consist of two-ov	the center ietal
218 Furman Street Contributing	Date: c. 1880	Block/Lot: 56-a/103	

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Description: 218 Furman Street is a two-story, three-bay row home, topped by a side gable roof with a shed roof extension located at the rear of the building. The side hall entryway door is topped by a transom and is accessed by a concrete stoop. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double-hung replacement units. The exterior of the building is coated in smooth stucco.
Outbuildings: None
220 Furman Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: 220 Furman Street is a two-story, three-bay row home, topped by a side gable roof with a shed roof extension located at the rear of the building. The side hall entryway door is topped by a transom and is accessed by a concrete stoop that is sheltered by a metal awning. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double-hung replacement units. The exterior of the building is coated in smooth stucco. There is a paged brick chimney that rises through the roof ridge along the party wall with 218 Furman Street.
Outbuildings: None
222 Furman Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: 222 Furman Street is a two-story, three-bay row home, topped by a side gable roof with a shed roof extension located at the rear of the building. The side hall entryway door is topped by a transom and is accessed by a concrete stoop that is sheltered by a full-length metal awning. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one double-hung replacement units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. There is a paged brick chimney that rises through the roof ridge at the exposed gable end of the building.
Outbuildings: None
224 Furman Street Non-contributing Date: late 20th century Description: This is a large, modern, one story brick commercial building with a parapet roof. There are numerous garage bays and entryway doors that allow entry to the interior of the building.
Outbuildings: None
228 Furman Street Non-contributing Date: late 20th century Description: This is a one story brick garage, fitted with three overhead garage doors. The doorways are topped by lintels with a keystone detail. There is capping along the top of the parapet wall that obscures the flat roof.
Outbuildings: None

rear of the lot.

37 Hills Place

Contributing

Outbuildings: None

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Hills Place	
12-14 Hills Place Non-contributing Date: c. 1920 Description: This is a dilapidated frame garage with a side gable addition. Garage door doors. The exterior sheathing has been stripped.	
Outbuildings: None	
29 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1910 Description: This brick garage is topped by a shallow pitch side gable roof. Windows on been infilled but are still in possession of arched lintels and brick sills. There is an entry that is not accessible. All other fenestration has been infilled with plywood or concrete by	n the flanking elevations have way door on the second floor
Outbuildings: None	
33 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This frame row home is sheltered by a side gable roof and is sheathed in vir accessed by means of a concrete stoop with a wood balustrade. Flanking the stoop is a by throughout the building consist of one-over-one, steel sash replacement units. There is a resource and 35 Hill Place that allows access to the rear of the lot.	nyl siding. The building is basement window. Windows
Outbuildings: None	
35 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1900 Description: This frame row home is sheltered by a side gable roof with a wide eave pun modillions. The exterior of the residence is sheathed in vinyl siding. The building is accessioop with a wood balustrade. The main entryway door is a replacement unit with an inf stoop is a basement window. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one, flanked by vinyl shutters. There is a narrow passage between this resource and 33 Hill F	ctuated with decorative essed by means of a concrete filled transom. Flanking the steel sash replacement units,

Date: c. 1885

X See continuation sheet

Block/Lot: 55-g/261

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Description: This frame row home is covered by a side gable roof with a wide eave with decorative modillions. The exterior of the residence is sheathed in asphalt siding. The building is accessed by means of a concrete stoop with a wood balustrade. Flanking the stoop is a basement window. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one, steel sash replacement units.
Outbuildings: None
39 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This frame row home is sheltered by a side gable roof with a wide eave adorned with decorative brackets. The exterior of the residence is sheathed in vinyl siding. The building is accessed by means of a concrete stoop. The main entryway door is a replacement unit, flanked an infilled basement window. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None
63 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This frame row home has been heavily altered and is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave from which all detail has been removed. The exterior of the residence is stucco on the first floor and vinyl siding on the second floor. The building is accessed by means of a concrete stoop. The main entryway door has been sealed with plywood. Similarly, windows throughout the building have been infilled with plywood.
Outbuildings: None
65 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This frame row home has been heavily altered and is topped by a side gable roof with a wide front eave from which all detail has been removed. The exterior of the residence is stucco on the first floor and vinyl siding on the second floor. The building is accessed by means of a concrete stoop. The main entryway door has been sealed with plywood. Similarly, windows throughout the building have been infilled with plywood. A brick chimney rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None
77 Hills Place Contributing Date: c. 1890 Description: This frame detached home is sheltered by a side gable roof with a wide front eave adorned with a cornice frieze and modillion band. The building is two stories in height and three bays in width, and is accessed by means of a

side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom. Windows throughout the building are one-over-one replacement

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	lintels. Windows on the first floor are flanked by shutters. The house is sheathed with imbricated asphalt shingles on the flanking elevations. A parged chimney nter of the building.
79 Hills Place	Block/Lot: 55-h/275
Contributing	Date: c. 1880
The building is two stories in height and which is topped by a transom that has be	is sheltered by a hipped roof with wide eaves adorned with decorative modillions of three bays in width, and is accessed by means of a side hall entryway door, een infilled. Windows throughout the building are one-over-one replacement ding and aluminum casing, which obscures most of the exterior woodwork. A osed elevation.
Outbuildings: None	
103 Hills Place	Block/Lot: 55-h/94
Contributing	Date: c. 1880
stories in height and three bays in width building are one-over-one replacement	is sheltered by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. The building is two a, and is accessed by means of a side hall entryway. Windows throughout the units. The house is sheathed in wood clapboard on the front and a portion of the odwork remains intact around the windows.
Outbuildings: None	
151 Hills Place	Block/Lot: 55-h/269
stories in height and three bays in width	Date: c. 1880 is sheltered by a side gable roof with a wide front eave. The building is two and is accessed by means of a side hall entryway fronted by a brick and concrete are one-over-one replacement units. The house is sheathed in aluminum siding etailing.

Lamberton Street

Outbuildings: None

304 Lamberton Street

Block/Lot:54-c/61

Contributing

Date: c. 1860

Description: 304 Lamberton Street is a two-story, two-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a side gabled, vernacular house, attached on the right side. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement aluminum, one-over-one, double hung, except for in the basement, which are awning windows. The first floor and basement have two windows paired together and are covered with steel, security

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bars. The simple cornice is covered with replacement door. The front stoop is co	a aluminum trim. There is an aluminum storm door over a wood ncrete and has three risers.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 305 Lamberton Street is a two- vernacular building, attached on the left sid replacements, currently boarded over, as is	Block/Lot: 54-c/7 ste: c. 1860 -story, two-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a flat-roofed, le. The exterior walls are covered with replacement siding. The windows are the front door. There are no basement windows. The simple wood cornice is ackets. There is an aluminum storm door over a wood replacement door. and has a later steel handrail.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 304 Lamberton Street is a two-vernacular house, attached on the right side replacement aluminum, one-over-one, doub floor and basement have two windows paire covered with aluminum trim. There is an all concrete and has three risers.	Block/Lot:54-c/7 te: c. 1860 story, two-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a side gabled, the exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows are the hung, except for in the basement, which are awning windows. The first the together and are covered with steel, security bars. The simple cornice is the fundamental wood replacement door. The front stoop is
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 307 Lamberton Street is a two- front, decorative parapet and is attached on and door are covered with boarding. The fit	Block/Lot: 63-b/45 te: mid-19th century story, two-bay wood frame residential structure. It has a flat roof with a both sides. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows rst floor has two windows paired together. The cornice/parapet is relatively ore ornate brackets frame the cornice at each end. There is a single concrete
Outbuildings: None	
309 Lamberton Street H. Kaczorowski House	Block/Lot: 63-b/45

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vernacular house, attached on the right door have been boarded. The front doo	Date: mid-19th century three-story, three-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a side gabled, side. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. The windows and front r is covered by an aluminum awning. The original wood cornice is still present. be a continuation of those at 307 Lamberton Street. The front stoop is concrete
Outbuildings: None	
house with Italianate details. The extended keystones and corners of the front door except for the basement awning window front door has been replaced and has a between the second and third floors. To original brackets have been removed.	Block/Lot: 63-b/44 Date: c. 1900 three-story, three-bay brick residential structure. It is a side gabled, vernacular or walls are brick with tight mortar joints and carved brownstone details at the and windows. The windows are one-over-one, double hung replacement windows. The iron grills protecting the basement windows appear to be original. The storm door and a Colonial Revival overhang. A fire escape has been added e cornice has been covered with aluminum and it appears that most of the the original pressed metal finials at each end of the cornice are still evident. The been painted, and there is a replacement steel handrail at the right side of the
Outbuildings: None	
gabled, vernacular house. The exterior over-one, double hung. The windows a the replacement wood door. The simple addition to the rear.	Block/Lot: 54-c/5 Date: mid-19th century wo-story, three-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a free-standing, side walls are covered with stucco. The roof is asphalt. The windows are wood, one- e covered with aluminum storm windows; there is an aluminum storm door over wood cornice is still present. The front stoop is masonry. There is a shed roof
Outbuildings: None	
314 Lamberton Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 54-c/4 Date: mid-19th century

Description: 314 Lamberton Street is a two-story, three-bay wood frame residential structure. It is a free-standing, side gabled, vernacular house. The exterior walls are covered with replacement siding. The roof is standing seam metal. The windows are wood, six over one, double hung, except for the basement awning windows. The windows are covered with aluminum storm windows; there is an aluminum storm door over the replacement wood door. The simple wood cornice is

still present. The front stoop is painted masonry with curved brick flanking walls.

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Outbuildings: None	
315 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 315 Lamberton Street is a three-story, three-bay wood frame resident vernacular- Federal style house, free standing, with third floor "knee windows." vinyl siding. The windows are one-over-one replacement, double hung windows. The front door is a six-panel wood door. The simple cornice has been covered with shingle roof with a brick, internal chimney on the left side. The front stoop is conditional control of the side of the front stoop is conditional chimney on the left side.	The exterior walls are covered with The third floor has awning windows. th aluminum. There is an asphalt
Outbuildings: None	
316 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: 316 Lamberton Street is a two-and-a-half story, two-bay wood frame standing, side gabled, vernacular house. The exterior walls are covered with replasphalt. The windows are one-over-one, double hung units. The windows are covered main entryway door is a replacement unit. There are frieze band windows being stoop is concrete. Outbuildings: None	acement siding. The roof is rolled vered with aluminum storm windows.
400 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Date: c. 1970s Description: 400 Lamberton Street is a one story commercial structure with a bric shingle roof.	t: 55-g/108 k exterior and a mansard, asphalt
Outbuildings: None	
401A Lamberton Street Contributing Date: c. 1870 Description: This three-story brick commercial/residential row building is configu topped by a flat roof with a wood cornice, decorative eave brackets and finials at is flanked by a corner entryway door with a formerly decorative surround. Brown double hung sash windows. On the street façade is a brownstone foundation cour the doorway.	op the parapet. A large picture window stone lintels and sills on one-over-one
Outbuildings: None	

405 Lamberton Street

Contributing

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Description: This three-story brick comme decorative eave brackets and finials atop transom and a masonry sill. Brownstone	Block/Lot: 65-b/50 Date: c. 1870 Parcial/residential row building is topped by a flat roof with a wood cornice, the parapet. A large picture window flanks the entryway door that is topped by a lintels and sills are also present atop the one-over-one double hung sash stone foundation course. A concrete stoop provides access to the doorway. A
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 403 Lamberton Street is a 2 front gable with 405 Lamberton. The front at the first floor. An overhang and pedime floor has replacement, one-over-one, dou casement. The first floor has a large, thre	Block/Lot: 65-b/273 Date: mid-19th century 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on both sides. It shares its twall is covered with vinyl siding at the upper levels and replacement "shakes" ent over the front door separate the first floor from the upper levels. The second ble hung windows. The attic window appears to have been enlarged and is a e-bay "picture" window. The front stoop has been replaced with a brick steps of chimney shared with 405 Lamberton Street.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 404 Lamberton Street is a 2 dits front gable with 406 Lamberton. The exdoors. The base appears to be a different of The basement has original, decorative medicating. The windows are replacement, one door with a transom. The original bracket	Block/Lot: 55-g/255 Date: mid-19th century 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on the right side. It shares atterior walls are brick, with simple brownstone lintels over the windows and colored brick and is separated from the first floor by a brownstone water table. It shares attached by the security grilles. The attic gable is of frame construction and is covered with secover-one, double hung configuration. The front door is a six panel, wood its and cornice are present at the roof. The roof itself is asphalt shingle. 404 mey with 406 Lamberton. The front stoop is replacement wood.
Outbuildings: None	

Date: mid-19th century

and has decorative steel handrails. The basement awning windows have decorative steel security grilles.

Description: 405 Lamberton Street is a 2 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on the right side. It shares its front gable with 403 Lamberton. The front wall is covered with vinyl. All floors have replacement, one-over-one, double hung windows. The front door is a replacement, steel six-panel door. The front stoop is masonry, has five risers

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Block/Lot: 65-b/51

Outbuildings: None

411 Lamberton Street

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Outbuildings: None	
406 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: c. 1910 Description: 406 Lamberton Street is a 2 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on both sides. It front gable with 404 Lamberton. The exterior walls are brick, with simple brownstone lintels over the window. The base appears to be a different colored brick and is separated from the first floor by a brownstone water to basement has original, decorative metal security grilles. The attic gable is of frame construction and is covered siding. The windows are has replacement, one-over-one, double hung configuration. The front door is a sixtle door with a transom. The original brackets and cornice are present at the roof. The roof material is asphalt. Lamberton shares a central, internal chimney with 404 Lamberton. The front stoop is replacement wood.	s and doors able. The ed with panel, wood
Outbuildings: None	
408 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 408 Lamberton Street is a 2 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on both sides. It front gable with 410 Lamberton. The exterior walls are brick, with simple brownstone lintels over the window All of the exterior masonry has been painted. The basement has awning windows with three lights. The attic g frame construction and is covered with siding. The windows are replacement, one-over-one, double hung control to the front door is a replacement door with an storm door and a transom above. The original wood cornice is The roof material is asphalt shingle. 408 Lamberton shares a central, internal chimney with 410 Lamberton. stoop is the original brownstone, now painted.	s and doors. gable is of nfiguration. present.
Outbuildings: None	
410 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 410 Lamberton Street is a 2 1/2-story, two-bay house, side gabled and attached on both sides. It front gable with 408 Lamberton. The exterior walls are brick, with simple brownstone lintels over the window The base appears to be a different colored brick and is separated from the first floor by a brownstone water to basement has awning windows. The attic gable is of frame construction and is covered with siding. The window replacement, one-over-one, double hung configuration. The front door is a replacement door with an arched and transom above. The cornice has been covered with aluminum. The roof material is asphalt shingle. 410 shares a central, internal chimney with 408 Lamberton. The front stoop is the original brownstone.	s and doors. able. The ows are window

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Block/Lot: 65-b/240

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twin on the left. It shares its fr siding. The base appears to be	ont, gambrel-roofed gable wit parged masonry. The windov nt protected by an aluminum st	frame semi-detached house, side gabled and attached its th 413 Lamberton. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl ws are replacement, one-over-one, double hung windows. torm door. The original cornice is covered and the brackets nt stoop painted wood.
Outbuildings: None		
and appears to be the twin of 4 details. The exterior walls are over two, double hung wood, extransom and is protected by a s	114 Lamberton Street. It appears to the masonry covered with stuccon except for the two-light basement storm door. The cornice has but the brownstone based and from the brownstand and t	Block/Lot: 55-g/107 y masonry residential structure. It is attached on both sides ars to have a flat roof, and originally may have had Italianate a scored and tinted to look like ashlar. The windows are two cent awning windows. The front door is mainly glass, has a been covered with aluminum and it appears that the original and stoop are still present, and there is a replacement steel
Outbuildings: None		
twin on the left. It shares its fresiding. The base appears to be	ont, gambrel-roofed gable wit rubble stone. The windows ar original cornice is present as	Block/Lot: 65-b/241 frame semi-detached house, side gabled and attached its h 411 Lamberton. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl nd front door are boarded and there is an aluminum awning are the original brackets. The roof material is asphalt
414 Lamberton Street	D . 1000	Block/Lot:55-g/172
Contributing	Date: c. 1880	

Description: 414 Lamberton Street is a three-story, three-bay masonry residential structure. It is attached on both sides, and is the twin of 412 Lamberton Street. It appears to have a flat roof, and originally may have had Italianate details. The exterior walls are masonry covered with stucco scored to look like brick. The windows are two over two, double hung wood, except for the two-light basement awning windows. The first and second floor windows have been covered by aluminum storm windows. The front door is flush wood with a small window and has a transom. The cornice has been covered with aluminum and it appears that the original brackets have been removed. The brownstone based and front stoop are still present but have been painted. There is a replacement steel handrail at the right side of the front steps.

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Outbuildings: None		
front porch that stretches the wid bay window covers most of the fr are all covered with aluminum sid replacement windows. The front d	Block/Lot: 65-b/53 Date: c. 1920 It is a three-story, masonry residential structure with a large central bay window over a the of the house. It appears to have a flat roof. The exterior walls are brick; the front nt façade. The walls of the bay window as well as the cornice and the front of the porching. The windows on the bay and the porch are one-over-one, double hung our of the porch has six small lights and is protected by an aluminum storm door. It aluminum windows. The entire front porch is covered by an aluminum awning. The a metal handrail.	
Outbuildings: None		
bays). It is a side gabled, vernact The windows are replacement, on	Block/Lot: 55-g/106 Date: first half- 19th century t is a two-story, three-bay wood frame residential structure (the first floor has four lar house, attached on the left side. The exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding. e-over-one, double hung, except for in the basement, which are awning windows. The frum trim. There is a metal paneled replacement door. The front stoop is concrete and ck from the street.	
Outbuildings: None		
419 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Description: 419 Lamberton Stre step concrete stoop.	Block/Lot: 65-b/333 Date: c. 2002 et is a modern two-story, two-bay brick residence. The front door is accessed by a two-	
Outbuildings: None		
420 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Description: 420 Lamberton Stre sided second story and flanking e	Block/Lot: 55-g/105 Date: c. 1990 et is a semi-detached two-story, side-gabled house, with a brick first floor and vinyl evations.	
Outbuildings: None		
421 Lamberton Street	Block/Lot: 65-b/334	

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Non-Contributing Date: c. 2002 Description: 421 Lamberton Street is a modern two-story, two-bay brick residence. The front door is accessed by a step concrete stoop.	ı two
Outbuildings: None	
422 Lamberton Street Non-contributing Date: 1990 Description: 422 Lamberton Street is a semi-detached two-story, side-gabled house, with a brick first floor and viny sided second story and flanking elevations.	vl
Outbuildings: None	
423 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Date: c. 2002 Description: 423 Lamberton Street is a modern two-story, two-bay brick residence. The front door is accessed by a step concrete stoop.	ı two
Outbuildings: None	
424 Lamberton Street Non-contributing Date: 1990 Description: 424 Lamberton Street is a semi-detached two-story, side-gabled house, with a brick first floor and viny sided second story and flanking elevations.	vl
Outbuildings: None	
425 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Date: c. 2002 Description: 425 Lamberton Street is a modern two-story, two-bay brick residence. The front door is accessed by a step concrete stoop.	ı two
Outbuildings: None	
426 Lamberton Street Non-contributing Date: 1990 Description: 426 Lamberton Street is a semi-detached two-story, side-gabled house, with a brick first floor and vinyl sided second story and flanking elevations.	l
Outbuildings: None	

458 Lamberton Street

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441 Lamberton Street Non-contributing Description: One story, two-bay, end g windows. Modern replacement door ac	Block/Lot: 65-g/74 Date: circa 1910 gable roof church. Masonry construction with stucco. Paired, one-over-one sash accessed by three-step concrete stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
roof. one-over-one sash replacement w	Block/Lot: 55-g/102 Date:mid-19th century ree-bay, semi-attached masonry building with side gable, standing-seam metal vindows. Modern door accessed by three step stone stoop. Metal awnings shade to access basement. Brackets at cornice line. Two small 2/2 wood windows at
	oed by side gable roof. The building, constructed circa 1900, faces Hills Place. been removed. All other fenestration has been infilled with plywood. The building
standing-seam metal roof. One-over-on	Block/Lot: 55-g/100 Date: mid-19th century ng consisting of a two-story, three-bay, masonry block topped by a side gable, ne double-hung wood windows are found throughout the residence. The main nessed by a stone stoop. There is a slight eave overhang with an undecorated
Outbuildings: None	
side gable roof. Entry is gained through	Block/Lot: 55-g/99 Date:mid-19th century consists of a two-and-a-half story, three-bay frame block topped by a medium pitch h a replacement door accessed by a stone stoop. Windows throughout consist of are single light, frieze band windows beneath the slight eave overhang.
Outbuildings: None	

Block/Lot: 55-g/98

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house, with a side gable roof that	Date: c. 1930 et is a two-story, two-bay brick residential structure. It is one half of , vernacular double is topped by a shared hipped dormer. The roof is asphalt. The windows are paired with arched lintels. There is a full length shed roof porch sheltering the main entryway still present.
Outbuildings: None	
double house, with a side gable ro	Block/Lot: 55-g/97 Date: c. 1930 et is a two-story, two-bay brick residential structure. It is one half of a vernacular poof that is topped by a shared hipped dormer. The roof is asphalt. The windows have ched lintels. There is a full length shed roof porch sheltering the main entryway door. resent.
Outbuildings: None	
roof with a cornice and dentil mol	Block/Lot: 55-g/96 Date: mid-19th century et is a two-story, four-bay brick commercial/residential building that is topped by a flat ldings The windows have been sealed with plywood but the arched lintels are still ts of a boarded-up storefront, sheltered by a tin entablature with columns.
Outbuildings: None	
covered in stucco. It is topped by asphalt. The windows are one-over	Block/Lot: 55-h/94 Date: c. 1870 et is a Gothic Revival, two-and-a-half story, three-bay brick residential structure a side gable roof with a front gable pavilion, with a cornice and modillions. The roof is er-one, double hung replacement units with wood lintels and sills. There is front gable ts sheltering the main entryway door, which is accessed by masonry steps. To the rear n and a flat roof addition.
Outbuildings: None	
508 Lamberton Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-h/93 Date: mid-19th century

515 Lamberton Street

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Description: 508 Lamberton Street is a two-story, two-bay frame row home sheathed in aluminum siding. The building is topped by a side gable roof that is sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the rear of the building is appended a shed roof addition. The windows are one-over-one, double hung replacement units. There is a metal awning sheltering the main entryway door.
Outbuildings: This is a two-bay, one story, dilapidated concrete block garage. This mid-20th century building fronts Hills Place. Each bay is fitted with a double leaf door constructed of plywood.
510 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 510 Lamberton Street is a two-story, three-bay frame row home sheathed in vinyl siding. The building is topped by a side gable roof that is sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the rear of the building is appended a shed roof addition. The windows are one-over-one, double hung replacement units. There is a gabled roof sheltering the center hall main entryway door.
Outbuildings: This is a three-bay, one story, dilapidated concrete block garage. Constructed in the 20th century, this building is situated on Hills Place. Each of the bays is fitted with a double leaf door constructed of plywood.
512 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 512 Lamberton Street is a two-story, two-bay brick row home. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a brick parapet, and is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The windows on the second floor are one-over-one, double hung replacement units, which windows throughout the remainder of the building are six-over-one units, all framed by brick lintels. The main entryway door is accessed via a brick stoop.
Outbuildings: None
514 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 514 Lamberton Street is a two-story, two-bay frame row home sheathed in vinyl siding. The building is topped by a side gable roof that is sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the rear of the building is appended a shed roof addition. The windows are one-over-one, double hung replacement units, with a row of frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The main entryway door is accessed via a brick stoop with an iron railing.
Outbuildings: None

Date: c. 1875

Description: 515 Lamberton Street is a two-and-a-half story, three-bay frame row home sheathed in vinyl siding. The building is topped by a side gable roof that is sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the rear of the building is appended a shed

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Block/Lot: 65-f/63

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	er-one, double hung replacement units, with a row of frieze band windows beneath is accessed via a brick stoop with an iron railing. There is a chimney that rises
Outbuildings: None	
building is topped by a side gable roof windows are one-over-one, double hung	Block/Lot: 55-h/91 Date: mid-19th century two-and —a-half story, three-bay frame row home sheathed in vinyl siding. The with wide eaves and eave brackets that is sheathed in standing seam metal. The g replacement units sheltered by metal awnings, with a row of frieze band windows way door is accessed via a brick stoop with an iron railing, also sheltered by a
Outbuildings: None	
building is topped by a side gable roof to roof addition. The windows are one-over	Block/Lot: 65-f/99 Date: c. 1875 two-and-a-half story, three-bay frame row home sheathed in vinyl siding. The that is sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the rear of the building is appended a sheater-one, double hung replacement units, with a row of frieze band windows beneath have been sealed with plywood. The main entryway door is accessed via a brick thimney that rises from the roof ridge.
Outbuildings: None	
The building is topped by a side gable reare one-over-one, double hung replacen	Block/Lot: 55-h/90 Date: mid-19th century two-and —a-half story, three-bay frame row home sheathed in asbestos siding. oof with wide eaves and eave brackets that is sheathed in asphalt. The windows nent units with casement moldings, with a row of frieze band windows beneath the opped by a transom and is accessed via a brick stoop with an iron railing.
Outbuildings: None	
520 Lamberton Street J. Shurtz House Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-h/89 Date:mid-19th century

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Description: The vernacular residential building is topped by a side gabled roof, and is two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide. The main entryway door is flanked by a pair of one-over-one, double hung units. Windows on the second floor consist of replacement one-over-one units. There are replacement two light frieze band windows beneath the bracketed cornice. All details have been covered with aluminum sheeting. The exterior has been sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: This is a mid-20th century, two-bay, one story, dilapidated concrete block garage which fronts on Hills Place. Exterior materials are generally stucco. Each of the bays is fitted with an overhead garage door.
521 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This is a vernacular residential building topped by a side gabled roof. The resource is two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide. The main entryway door is a replacement unit, flanked by one-over-one replacement windows. Beneath the front eave is a cornice covered with aluminum sheeting. The building is sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: None
522 Lamberton Street R. Martin House Contributing Date:mid-19th century Description: 522 Lamberton Street is a vernacular residential building topped by a side gable roof. The residence is two-and-a-half-stories high and three bays wide. The main entryway is a replacement, and is flanked by replacement one-over-one windows. Windows on the second and third floors consist of one-over-one replacement units. Beneath the front eave are found four-light frieze band windows. The cornice covered with aluminum sheeting. The exterior is sheathed in aluminum siding.
Outbuildings: This is a mid-20th century, two-bay, one story, dilapidated concrete block garage which fronts on Hills Place. Exterior materials are generally stucco. Each of the bays is fitted with an overhead garage door.
59-61 Hills Place **Block/Lot: 55-h/88-89 Non-contributing **Date: mid-20th century Description: This is a pair of two-bay, one story, dilapidated concrete block garages. Exterior materials are generally stucco. Each of the bays is fitted with an overhead garage door.
Outbuildings: None
523 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Date: mid-20th century Description: This is a single story building sheathed in aluminum siding. All windows and door have been supplanted by replacement units.

covered with aluminum sheeting.

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Outbuildings: None	
524 Lamberton Street	Block/Lot: 55-h/221
bay frame block sheathed in aluminum one-over-one, double hung replacemen	Date:mid-19th century dence topped by a side gable roof. The building is a two-and-a-half story, three-estiding. The replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked by at windows. Windows on the second floor are similar. There is a row of two-light above this is a cornice covered with aluminum sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
story, three-bay frame block sheathed	Block/Lot: 65-f/65 Date: c. 1880 dential building topped by a side gable roof, and consisting of a two-and-a-half in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway is flanked by replacement one- und on the second floor. There is a row of frieze band windows beneath the cornice sheeting.
Outbuildings: None	
three-bay frame block sheathed in alur	Block/Lot: 55-h/86 Date: mid-19th century a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof, and consisting of a three-story ninum siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by replacement one-over- roughout the building. Third floor windows consist of six-over-six double hung
units. The cornice beneath the eave is	
Outbuildings: None	
528 Lamberton Street P. Conoly House	Block/Lot: 55-h/213
half story, three-bay frame building sh	Date: mid-19th century fa vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-eathed in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door is a replacement unit h are found throughout the building. There is a cornice beneath the front eave

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Outbuildings: None
530 Lamberton Street T. Kelly House Block/Lot: 55-h/115
Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 530 Lamberton Street is a vernacular residential building topped by a side gable roof. The residence is three stories high and two bays wide. The main entryway is a replacement, and is flanked by replacement one-over-one windows. Windows on the second and third floors consist of one-over-one replacement units. Beneath the cornice covered with aluminum sheeting. The exterior is sheathed in aluminum siding.
Outbuildings: None
Block/Lot: 65-f/66 Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This resource consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-hal story, three-bay frame building sheathed in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door flanked by replacement windows, which are found throughout the building. There is a cornice with brackets located beneath the front eave.
Outbuildings: None
532 Lamberton Street Non-Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This mixed use, vernacular residence is two stories high and is topped by a brick with a parapet wall. There is a storefront two bays wide on the primary facade with replacement siding and a single entryway door. The second floor is four bays wide with both single and double light windows.
Outbuildings: None
533 Lamberton Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This resource consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay frame building sheathed in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by one-over-one replacement windows, which are found throughout the building. There is a cornice with brackets located beneath the front eave.
Outbuildings: None
535 Lamberton Street Contributing Block/Lot: 65-f/68 Date:mid-19th century

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and-a-half story, two-bay frame	e building sheathed in alum	ar residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- inum siding. The replacement entryway door flanked by lding. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None		
and-a-half story, two-bay frame	e building sheathed in alum	Block/Lot: 65-f/228 entury ar residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- inum siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by lding. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None		
and-a-half story, two-bay brick by replacement windows, which	building. The side hall rep a are found throughout the l er sheathed in slate is centr	Block/Lot: 55-h/165 ar residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- lacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the front eave with ally located on the front slope of the roof and is topped by a
Outbuildings: None		
and-a-half story, two-bay frame	e building sheathed in alum placement windows, which c	Block/Lot: 65-f/139 Intury Intury Intury Intury Intury Intury Inture residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- Inum siding. The replacement entryway door is sheltered by a Interpretation of the suilding. There is a large shed roof
Outbuildings: None		
540 Lamberton Street	Date: c. 1910	Block/Lot: 55-h/249

Description: 540 Lamberton Street consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay painted brick building. The side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is

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flanked by replacement windows, all of which have been sealed with plywood. There is a cornice frieze beneath the fro		
eave with dentil molding. A shared dormer sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and is topped by a front gable roof with returns and a raked cornice.	eave with dentil molding. A shared dormer sheathed in slate is centrally	

Outbuildings: None

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542 Lamberton Street

Date: c. 1910

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Contributing

Description: 542 Lamberton Street consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay painted brick building. The side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked by replacement windows, which are found throughout the building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the front eave with dentil molding. A shared dormer sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and is topped by a front gable roof with returns and a raked cornice.

Outbuildings: None

544 Lamberton Street

Date: c. 1910

Contributing

Description: 544 Lamberton Street consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay brick building. The side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked by replacement windows, which are found throughout the building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the front eave with dentil molding. A shared dormer sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and is topped by a front gable roof with returns and a raked cornice. A brick chimney rises through the front slope of the roof.

Outbuildings: None

546 Lamberton Street

Block/Lot: 55-h/252

Block/Lot: 55-h/250

Block/Lot: 55-h/251

Contributing

Date: c. 1910

Description: 546 Lamberton Street consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay painted brick building. The side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked by replacement one-over-one windows flanked by shutters, which are found throughout the building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the front eave with dentil molding. A shared dormer sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and is topped by a front gable roof with returns and a raked cornice.

Outbuildings: None

548 Lamberton Street

Block/Lot: 55-h/253

Contributing

Date: c. 1910

Description: 548 Lamberton Street consists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two-and-a-half story, two-bay brick building. The side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked

Contributing

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front eave with dentil molding. A shared dor	h are found throughout the building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the mer sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and a raked cornice. The foundation appears to consist of stone rubble mason
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 549 Lamberton Street consists	Block/Lot: 65-f/85 e:mid-19th century of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two athed in vinyl siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by ghout the building.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 550 Lamberton Street consists and-a-half story, two-bay brick building. The by one-over-one replacement windows, which front eave with dentil molding. A single dorn	Block/Lot: 55-h/254 e: c. 1910 of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two e side hall replacement entryway door is topped by a transom and is flanked a are found throughout the building. There is a cornice frieze beneath the ner sheathed in slate is centrally located on the front slope of the roof and is a raked cornice. The foundation appears to consist of painted masonry.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 551 Lamberton Street consists and-a-half story, two-bay frame building shed	Block/Lot: 65-f/79 Emid-19th century of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- athed in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door and flanking the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units.
552 Lamberton Street Charles Salb's Deer Hotel	Block/Lot: 55-h/246

Description: 552 Lamberton Street consists of a federally inspired former hotel building converted for mixed-use. The block of the building is four-bays wide and three-stories high. The front façade contains two entryway doors at opposite ends, each topped by a transom with lintels and flanked by glass block windows. Windows on the second and third floors

Date: c. 1875

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	its with painted lintels and sills. There is a pyramidal hipped roof with wide eaves ted by a square cupola with a hipped roof and four one-over-one windows. A terra
	Hills Place and Federal Street, this mid-20th century eight-bay, one story and is fitted with a double leaf plywood doors.
story, two-bay frame building sheathed	Block/Lot: 65-f/76 Date: mid-19th century sists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by replacement ouble hung windows, which are of a type found throughout the building. There is a sated beneath the front eave.
Outbuildings: None	
story, two-bay frame building sheathed	Block/Lot: 65-f/75 Date:mid-19th century sists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door flanked by one-over-one throughout the building. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None	
story, two-bay frame building sheathed	Block/Lot: 65-f/92 Date: mid-19th century sists of a vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- in aluminum siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by one-over-one throughout the building. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None	
559 Lamberton Street (Part of Puddler's Row) Contributing	Block/Lot: 65-f/91 Date: mid-19th century

sheeting.

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story, two-bay frame building sheathed in alumin	vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two um siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by six-over-one ut the building. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 561 Lamberton Street consists of a story, two-bay frame building sheathed in aluming	Block/Lot: 65-f/267 d-19th century vernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two um siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by six-over-one ut the building. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 563 Lamberton Street consists of a v	Block/Lot: 65-f/73 d-19th century ernacular residence topped by a side gable roof and consists of a two- um siding. The replacement entryway door is flanked by six-over-one
	at the building. There is a cornice covered in aluminum siding located
Outbuildings: None	
•	Block/Lot:65-f/268
Description: Inis vernacular restaence is topped	by a side gable roof and consists of a two-story, two-bay brick building

Outbuildings: This mid-20th century one story concrete block garage with T-111 siding, which infills the area formerly occupied by an overhead or double doors.. The garage fronts Federal Street and is one bay wide and is fitted with a modern door. The building is topped by a flat roof, which is surrounded by a parapet wall that is capped with concrete. There is a chimney located near the rear of the building.

Within the first floor of the front façade is a two bay storefront with corner entrance and shed roof overhang, sheathed in T-111 siding with replacement fixed sash windows. The entryway consists of a single-leaf replacement door. Second floor windows consist of replacement six-over-one, double hung windows. The cornice is covered with aluminum

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Nicklin Alley		
	Block/Lot: 56-a/87, 104, 137 Date: first half- 20th century ry concrete block garage is topped by a shed roof with a stepped parapet end wall, oors. The exterior of the garage is coated in a smooth stucco surface. It is appended	
Outbuildings: None		
	Block/Lot:56-a/48, 86 Date: first half- 20th century air ship is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof, and is constructed of concrete aterial. The building is three bays wide, two bays of which are fitted with overhead h a single-leaf entryway door.	
Outbuildings: None		
Power Street		

52 Power Street

Block/Lot: 65-b/201

Contributing

Description: This two-story brick garage is two bays wide and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof. The front eave is punctuated with a cornice frieze and a lone remaining decorative eave bracket. Windows on the first floor consist of six-over-six replacement units; windows on the second floor consist of four-over-four replacements. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel, is accessed by a concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch lintel.

Date: c. 1915

Outbuildings: None

54 Power Street

Block/Lot: 65-b/182

Date: c. 1915 Contributing

Description: This building consists of a two-story brick carriage house, topped by a shed roof. Within the front façade are found two window openings with arched lintels: one is a hay door fitted with a plank batten door, the other a window opening infilled with plywood. The lower bay is fitted with a sliding batten door.

Outbuildings: None

lintel.

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55 Power Street		Block/Lot: 65-c/37
The front eave is punctuated with plywood; windows on a brick lintels and brick sills.	d with a cornice frieze and decorativ the second floor consist of one-over-	ies high, and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roo e brackets. Windows on the first floor have been infilled one replacements. All windows are framed by arched o a basement window with an arched lintel, is accessed b as been infilled with plywood.
Outbuildings: None		
adorned with a cornice friez windows are framed by arch	ze and decorative brackets. Window, hed brick lintels and brick sills. The	Block/Lot: 65-b/235 d is topped by a side-gable roof. The front eave is s throughout consist of one-over-one replacements. All main entryway door, flanked by a basement window wit by a segmented arch lintel. It is currently sheltered by a
Outbuildings: None		
57 Power Street		Block/Lot: 65-c/236
The front eave is punctuated lintels and brick sills, althou consist of one-over-one repl	l with a cornice frieze and decorative igh windows on the first floor have b	ies high, and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roo e brackets. All windows are framed by arched brick een infilled with plywood. Windows on the second floor flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel, is h lintel.
Outbuildings: None		
58 Power Street Contributing Description: 58 Power Stree	Date: c. 1915 et is a brick row home that is two ba	Block/Lot: 65-b/239 vs wide and two stories high, and topped by a side-gable

roof. The front eave is adorned with a cornice frieze and decorative brackets. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacements on the second floor, and two-over-two units on the first floor that may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel, is accessed by a concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch

Outbuildings: None

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Outbuildings: None
59 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home is two bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof. The front eave is punctuated with a cornice frieze and decorative brackets. The main entryway door, is accessed by a concrete stoop, flanked by a basement window with an brick lintel and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. It has been infilled with plywood. Windows on the first and second floors have been infilled with plywood. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sills.
Outbuildings: None
60 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: 60 Power Street is a brick row home that is two bays wide and two stories high, and topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof. The front eave is punctuated with a cornice frieze and decorative brackets. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sill. Windows on the first floor consist of six-over-six replacement units; windows on the second floor consist of nine-light fixed frame units. The main entryway door is infilled with plywood and is accessed by a concrete stoop and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel.
Outbuildings: None
69 Power Street Non-contributing Date: first half- 20th century Description: This two-bay, one story concrete block garage is topped by a shed roof, and is fitted with plywood double-doors. The main garage bay is fitted with an overhead door; flanking the garage bay is an entryway door. The building is partially coated in stucco.
Outbuildings: None
71 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home is two bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof. The front eave is punctuated with a cornice frieze that has been obscured by aluminum casing. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sills, and consist of six-over-six replacement units. The main entryway door is accessed by a concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel.

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73 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home is two bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a shallow pitch side-gable roof. The front eave is punctuated with a cornice frieze that has been obscured by aluminum casing. All windows are framed by arched brick lintels and brick sills. Windows on the first floor have been sealed with plywood; windows on the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway door has also been sealed with plywood, and is accessed by a concrete stoop. The doorway is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with an arched lintel.
Outbuildings: None
75 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home is three bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a side-gable roof with a hipped roof dormer. The wide front eave is supported by scrolled eave brackets. On the second story is a three-sided projecting bay, coated in stucco. The windows within the bay consist of one-over-one replacement units. The window that flanks the main entryway on the first floor is framed by an arched lintel and brick sill, and consists of a two-over-two unit that may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. The main entryway door is accessed by a concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with a brick lintel.
Outbuildings: None
77 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home is three bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a side-gable roof with a hipped roof dormer. The wide front eave is supported by scrolled eave brackets. The window that flanks the main entryway on the first floor is framed by an arched lintel and brick sill, and consists of a one-over-one replacement unit. The main entryway door is accessed by a concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with a brick lintel. On the second story is a three-sided projecting bay, coated in stucco. The windows within the bay consist of one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None
79 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: 79 Power Street is a brick row home is three bays wide and two stories high, topped by a side-gabled roof with a hipped roof dormer. The wide front eave is supported by corner modillions. Brick on the façade is a different color and quality that the flanking elevation. On the second story is a three-sided projecting bay, coated in stucco. The windows within the bay consist of two-over-two units. The window that flanks the main entryway on the first floor is

111 Second Street

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framed by an arched lintel and brick sill, and consists of a two-over-two unit. The main entryway door is accessed by concrete stoop, and is framed by a segmented arch lintel. The stoop is flanked by a basement window with a brick lint	
Outbuildings: None	
81-87 Power Street Contributing Date: c. 1930	
Description: This brick garage is one story high and two bays wide. The building is topped by a mansard roof sheath in imbricated slate shingles and capped by brick stepped parapet end walls. The garage bays are fitted with four slid batten doors that have been painted. There are four shed roof dormers, also sheathed in slate, that project from the fi slope of the mansard roof.	ling
Outbuildings: None	
89 Power Street Block/Lot: 65-c/230	
Date: c. 1920 Description: This brick row home is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall along the front façade. From the front of the parapet projects a tin cornice molding with end brackets that has been covered by aluminum casing. There is a the sided bay on the second story that is sheathed in vinyl and fitted with three one-over-one replacement windows. On the first floor, the main entryway door is flanked by paired one-over-one replacement windows, framed by a segmented arched lintel and brick sill. Windows on the flanking elevation are similar. The entryway door is accessed by a concistop and is also framed by an arched lintel.	hree he
Outbuildings: None	
Second Street	
110 Second Street Block/Lot:56-a/64 I.B. Tyson House	
Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay brick residence is topped by a side gable roof. There is a wide from eave with decorative brackets and frieze-band windows. Along the exposed elevation rises a parged mason chimney. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units, framed by brick lintels and sills. There is a concrete stoop that allows access to the main entryway door, whis framed by brick lintel and is topped by an infilled transom.	ry
Outbuildings: None	

Block/Lot: 55-a/4

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roof extension appended to the is framed by wide brick piers, i	Date: mid-19th century ed, two-story, two-bay brick residence is topped by a side gable roof. There is a large shed front of the building; the area beneath the roof is infilled with a vinyl-sided frame wall and ndicating that this may have once been an open porch. To the rear of the building has lition. Windows and doors throughout appear to be replacement units.
Outbuildings: None	
frieze. The main entryway door	Block/Lot: 56-a/64 Date: mid-19th century ck commercial building is topped by a shed roof. There is a wide front eave with a cornice r and the flanking windows are replacement units. The original storefront has been infilled t facade is of a white glazed variety, while the brick on the flanking elevation is common
Outbuildings: None	
shed roof extension appended to wall and is framed by wide pair	Block/Lot: 55-a/4 Date: mid-19th century story, two-bay frame and brick residence is topped by a side gable roof. There is a large of the front of the building; the area beneath the roof is infilled with a vinyl-sided frame and unpainted brick piers, indicating that this may have once been an open porch. To appended a shed roof addition. Windows and doors throughout appear to be
Outbuildings: None	
large shed roof extension apper frame wall and is framed by wid	Block/Lot: 55-a/5 Date: mid-19th century ed, two-story, two-bay brick and frame residence is topped by a side gable roof, with a naded to the front of the building. The area beneath the roof is infilled with a vinyl-sided de, painted brick piers, indicating that this may have once been an open area. To the rearded a shed roof addition. Windows and doors throughout appear to be replacement units.
116 Second Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 56-a/55 Date: mid-19th century

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	he building is sheathed in asphal	d roof and appears to have been an addition to the It siding. Windows and doors, of which there are to be replacement units.
Outbuildings: None		
117 Second Street G. Birt House	,	Block/Lot: 55-a/6
Contributing Description: This three-story, three-bay by a side gable roof, the raising of the th	hird story to a full height floor h vered staircase that leads to a se	een heavily altered. Although it was likely capped as obscured the original roof configuration. On cond or third story apartment. The exterior of the nout appear to be replacement units.
parapet. The building fronts Turpin Str.	eet and is divided into two separ ead door. The other space was p	ck building topped by a flat roof with a shallow rate units. The garage unit is faced in brick possibly an office and is fitted with a brick framed ad.
The exterior of the building has been sh	eathed in aluminum siding. Win door appears to be the original p	Block/Lot: 56-a/52 de gable roof with an overhanging front eave. dows throughout consist of one-over-one caneled unit, sheltered by a gabled portico roof.
Outbuildings: None		
gable roof, sheltering a long building bl primary facade, supported by paired de	lock that occupies most of the lot corative modillions. Windows th	Block/Lot: 56-a/51 nyl siding and is topped by a shallow-pitched side t. There is a wide overhanging eave on the hroughout consist of one-over-one replacement uped by a transom, is also a replacement and is
Outbuildings: None		
121 Second Street Contributing	Date: c. 1885	Block/Lot: 55-a/183

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Description: This row home is constructed of brick, and is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a shed roof extension projecting from the rear. There is the shadow of a non-extant building on the exposed flanking elevation. On the front facade is a wide overhanging eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by arched lintels and masonry sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by an infilled transom and framed by an arched lintel. Basement windows flank the stoop. There is a brick chimney that rises from the roof along the party wall.

Outbuildings: None

122 Second Street

Date: mid-19th century

Contributing

Description: This three-story, two-bay residence is topped by a side gable roof. There is a wide front eave with sealed frieze-band windows. a masonry chimney rises from the front slope of the roof along the party wall. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units, with decorative arched window hoods on the first floor and modern metal awnings throughout. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding. There is a concrete stoop that allows access to the main entryway door, which is topped by a decorative arched window hood, and a modern metal awning.

Outbuildings: None

123 Second Street

Date: c. 1885 Contributing

Description: This well-maintained row home is constructed of brick, and is three-stories high and three-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of two-over-two units, framed by arched lintels and masonry sills, which may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a transom and framed by an arched lintel. Basement windows flank the stoop. There is a brick chimney that rises from the roof along the party wall. A plank doorway between this and the neighboring building allows access to the rear of the lot.

Outbuildings: None

124 Second Street

Block/Lot: 56-a/118

Block/Lot: 56-a/120

Block/Lot: 55-a/8

Date: mid-19th century Contributing

Description: This three-story, two-bay brick residence is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in standing seam metal. There is a wide front eave with frieze-band windows. A masonry chimney rises from the front slope of the roof along the party wall. Windows throughout the building consist of paired and single one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units, with decorative arched window hoods on the first. There is a concrete stoop that allows access to the main entryway door, which is topped by a decorative and arched transom and an arched window hood, both of which appear to be original to the construction of the building.

130 Second Street

main entryway door.

Contributing

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Outbuildings: None		
125 Second Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This three-story, three-bay row home is constructed of brick and is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout consist a two-over-two units, framed by arched lintels and masonry sills, which may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. The main entryway door, which appears to be original, is accessed by means of a concrete stoop and is topped by a transom that is framed by an arched lintel. Basement windows flank the stoop. There is a brick chimney the rises from the roof along the party wall.		
Outbuildings: None		
126 Second Street Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay frame residence is topped by a side gable roof. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding. There is a wide front eave with frieze-band windows. From the front slope of the roof rise, a parged masonry chimney along the party wall. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units, framed by casement molding with a decorative window hood. There is a brick stoop that allows access to the main entryway door, which is sheltered by a metal awning.		
Outbuildings: None		
128 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This three-story, three-bay frame residence is topped by a side gable roof and sheathed in asphalt siding. There is a wide front eave with frieze-band windows. Windows throughout the remainder of the building consist of six-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units, framed by casement molding with a decorative window hood. There is a stoop that allows access to the main entryway door. Outbuildings: None		

Date: mid-19th century

Description: Articulated in a restrained Second Empire style, this three-story, two-bay residence is topped by a Mansard roof with vinyl siding, which may be a later addition. The exterior of the building has been sheathed in vinyl siding. A masonry chimney rises from the center of the roof along the party wall. Windows throughout the building consist of paired and single one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units. There is a concrete stoop that allows access to the

X See continuation sheet

Block/Lot: 56-a/119

Contributing

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Outbuildings: None	
Mansard roof with imbricated sl sheathed in aluminum siding. A throughout the building consist of	Block/Lot: 56-a/50 Date: mid-19th century tion on the Second Empire Style, this three-story, two-bay residence is topped by a ate shingles, which may be a later addition. The exterior of the building has been masonry chimney rises from the center of the roof along the party wall. Windows of paired and single one-over-one, double-hung sash replacement units. Across the front way door is a full-length shed roof porch supported by wood posts.
Outbuildings: None	
The front eave of the roof is over located at the rear of the building	Block/Lot: 55-a/11 Date: mid-19th century re-bay brick residence is topped by a side gable roof sheathed in standing seam metal. rhanging with a narrow cornice frieze. There is a flat roof addition, one story high, reg. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway registry that the standard portice roof supported by iron posts. To the fore of the period.
Outbuildings: None	
rises through the roof ridge, flan the rear of the building has been in vinyl siding. Windows throug	Block/Lot: 56-a/83 Date: mid-19th century e-bay detached frame residence is topped by a side gable roof with a brick chimney that ked by two small attic windows. The front facade features an overhanging front eave. To appended a flat roof, two-story addition. The exterior of the building has been sheathed hout consist of one-over-one replacement units. The entryway door is accessed via a d by a shed roof. The entryway door appears to be a replacement unit.
135 Second Street J. Hogan House	Block/Lot: 55-a/12

Date: mid-19th century

Description: This two-story, three-bay frame residence is constructed of what appears to be stuccoed masonry. It is topped by a side gable roof with an overhanging front eave adorned with a wide cornice frieze with dentil molding. There is a flat roof, two-story addition appended to the rear of the residence. Windows throughout consist of six-over-one

140 Second Street

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replacement units, framed by casement molding with decorative window hoods. The main entryway door is topped by a transom and is framed by a wide casement molding and topped by a masonry lintel. There is a large ground- to-roof crack in the masonry on the front facade.
Outbuildings: None
136 Second Street Non-contributing Date: late 20th century Description: This appears to be the rear portion of a larger brick commercial or industrial building.
Outbuildings: None
137 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-story, two-bay frame residence is topped by a front gable roof. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. Windows consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway door is sheltered by an aluminum awning, and also appears to be a modern replacement.
Outbuildings: None
138 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This brick row home is three-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging eave with decorative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is sheltered by a metal awning. There is a brick chimney that rises from the roof along the exterior wall. A sealed walkway between this and the neighboring building allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None
139 Second Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This brick row home is three-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with wide overhanging front and rear eaves with a cornice frieze across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of two-over-two units that may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building, framed by segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is sheltered by a metal awning.
Outbuildings: None

Block/Lot: 56-a/131

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with a wide overhanging eave with dec	Date: mid-19th century hree-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof corative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout have been sealed intels and sills are still visible. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a wood.
Outbuildings: None	
with wide overhanging front and rear accessed by means of a concrete stoop	Block/Lot: 55-a/163 Date: c. 1880 hree-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof eaves with a cornice frieze across the front facade. The main entryway door, o, is topped by a transom. Windows throughout consist of two-over-two units, and brick sills. The windows may be contemporaneous with the construction of the
Outbuildings: None	
with a wide overhanging eave with a c door, accessed by means of a concrete	Block/Lot: 56-a/143 Date: mid-19th century pree-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade. The main entrywal c stoop, is topped by a sealed transom. Windows throughout consist of one-over-on framed by masonry lintels and sills. A sealed walkway between this and the the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None	
with wide overhanging front and rear six-over-six replacement units, framed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped emerges through the front slope of the	Block/Lot: 55-a/16 Date: c. 1880 nree-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof eaves with a cornice frieze across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of by segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by a transom. There is a brick chimney that rises along the party wall and roof.
Outbuildings: None	
144 Second Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 56-a/96 Date: mid-19th century

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Description: This bri	ick row home i	s three stor	ias high and two have wid	The building is topped by a side gable roof

Description: This brick row home is three-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a sealed transom. A sealed walkway between this and the neighboring building allows access to the rear of the lot.

Outbuildings: None

145 Second Street

Date: c. 1880

Contributing

Description: This brick row home is three-stories high and two-bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with wide overhanging front and rear eaves with a cornice frieze across the front facade. There is a brick chimney that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the roof. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a transom. The stoop is flanked by a pair of basement windows.

Outbuildings: None

146 Second Street

Block/Lot: 56-a/129

Contributing

Date: mid-19th century

Description: 146 Second Street is a brick row home is three-stories high and two bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a brick stoop, is topped by a sealed transom, and sheltered by a hipped roof portico. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lintels and sills. A narrow alleyway between this and the neighboring building allows access to the rear of the lot.

Outbuildings: None

147 Second Street

Block/Lot:55-a/162

Block/Lot: 55-a/17

Contributing

Date: c. 1880

Description: This brick row home has been converted into apartments, and is three-stories high and two bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with wide overhanging front and rear eaves with a cornice frieze across the front facade. There is a brick chimney that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the roof. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. Flanking the main entryway is a large jalousie window, replacing the original unit(s). The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a sealed transom.

Outbuildings: This is a one story block garage, constructed during the second half of the 19th century, which fronts Furman Street. The building is topped by a flat rood and fitted with a single overhead garage door. There are fixed sash windows on the flanking elevations.

Contributing

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Section number7 Pa	age <u>139</u>
with a wide overhanging front eave and emerges through the front slope of the r segmental arch brick lintels and bricks	Block/Lot: 56-a/114 Date: c. 1885 ee-stories high and two bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof I a cornice frieze. There is a brick chimney that rises along the party wall and coof. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by ills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by tented arch lintel. A sealed basement window flanks the stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
topped by a side gable roof with a wide by means of a concrete stoop, is topped basement window flanks the stoop. Wind	Block/Lot: 56-a/111 Date: c. 1885 Inted brick residence is three-stories high and two bays wide. The building is overhanging front eave and a cornice frieze. The main entryway door, accessed by a functioning transom and framed by a segmented arch lintel. A sealed dows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by segmental is a parged chimney that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front
Outbuildings: None	
with a wide overhanging front eave, bro party wall and emerges through the fron stoop, is topped by a sealed transom an	Block/Lot: 56-a/112 Date: c. 1885 ee-stories high and two bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof ackets and a cornice molding. There is a parged chimney that rises along the not slope of the roof. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete d framed by a segmented arch lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop. r-one replacement units, framed by segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. st of parged, painted masonry.
154 Second Street	Block/Lot: 56-a/113

Date: c. 1885

Description: 154 Second Street is a three-story, two-bay brick residence, topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging front eave, decorative modillions and a cornice molding. There is a parged chimney that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the roof. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete

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by scrolled brackets. An infil	ransom, framed by a segmented arch lintel, and sheltered by a hipped roof portico supporte lled basement window flanks the stoop. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one segmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. The foundation course appears to consist of
Outbuildings: None	
by a side gable roof with a w located at the corner of the b secondary entryway services	Block/Lot: 55-b/18 Date: c. 1880 nercial/residential building is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is toppe ide overhanging front eave, brackets and a cornice molding. The main entryway door is uilding, sheltered by the overhanging second story, which is supported by a column. A the second and third story apartments, and is partially sheltered by a first floor shed roof dentil molding. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by s.
Outbuildings: None	
by a side gable roof with a we entryway door, accessed by n Basement windows are locate	Block/Lot: 56-b/42 Date: c. 1885 ential/commercial building is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is toppe ide overhanging front eave, decorative modillions and a cornice molding. The main neans of a concrete stoop, is framed by a glass storefront, and sheltered by an overhang and below each side of the storefront windows, which occupy the majority of the façade on the out consist of two-over-two units, framed by masonry lintels and brick sills. The foundation parged, painted masonry.
Outbuildings: None	
that rises through the roof rich has been sheathed in vinyl sid	Block/Lot: 55-b/137 Date: mid-19th century a two-story, three-bay frame residence, topped by a side gable roof with a brick chimney lge. The front eave features a mild overhang and a narrow cornice molding. The exterior ling and aluminum casing. Windows throughout the building have been replaced with one- ryway door, also a replacement, is flanked by a picture window.
Outbuildings: None	
204 Second Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 56-b/133 Date: c. 1885

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a side gable roof with a wide overhanging front ear throughout consist of one-over-one replacement un	ce is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by we, paired decorative brackets and a cornice molding. Windows wits, framed by masonry lintels and brick sills. The main entryway uped by a transom and framed by a masonry lintel. A basement window consist of parged masonry.
Outbuildings: None	
205 Second Street	Block/Lot: 55-b/190
pitched side gable roof with a wide overhanging fro over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lin	ee-bay brick apartment building. The building is topped by a shallow ont eave with a cornice molding. Windows throughout consist of onetels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a by a masonry lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop. The
206-208 Second Street	Block/Lot: 56-b/41, 132
standing seam metal roofing. There is a moderatel of the building has been sheathed in aluminum sidi	775 consists of a frame block topped by a side gable roof sheathed in by wide eave with modified frieze band windows beneath. The exterior ng. Windows consist of steel framed one-over-one replacement units ors are accessed via a stoop and are also sheltered by an awning. Th
Outbuildings: None	
207 Second Street Nicholas Geller House Contributing Date: c. 18	
Description: This brick detached home is two stories	es high and three bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with a

wide front eave. The primary façade has been painted. There is a brick chimney that rises along the exterior of the exposed gable end. Windows throughout the building consist of six-over-six modern replacement windows, framed by masonry lintels and sills. Basement level windows are single pane fixed frame units, and flank the stoop, which provides

access to the side hall entryway door, which is topped by a transom and framed by a masonry lintel.

Outbuildings: None

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209-211 Second Street J. Anrew saloon	Block/Lot: 55-b/194, 195	
Contributing Description: This apartment building cons roofing, with a moderately narrow front ea of the gable ends. The exterior of the build one-over-one replacement units flanked by	Date: mid-19th century sists of a frame block topped by a side gable roof sheathed in sheet asphalt ave. There are brick interior chimneys that rise through the roof ridge at each ding has been sheathed in aluminum siding. Windows consist of steel framed o non-functioning shutters. The centrally located main entryway door is by an awning. The foundation material consists of parged masonry.	
Outbuildings: None		
Description: This building is a two-story, t siding. The front eave features a mild ove in vinyl siding and aluminum casing. Wind	Block/Lot: 55-b/23 Date: c. 1875 three-bay frame residence, topped by a side gable roof sheathed in asphalt erhang and is devoid of decorative elaboration. The exterior has been sheathed dows throughout the building have been replaced with one-over-one units. The s accessed by means of a concrete stoop that is flanked by fixed sash basement	
Outbuildings: None		
Description: This detached residential build sheathed in asphalt siding. The front eave with aluminum casing. Windows through	Block/Lot: 56-b/39 Date: mid-19th century Iding consists of a two-story, two-bay block, topped by a side gable roof we features a mild overhang. The exterior has been sheathed in asbestos siding but the building have been replaced with one-over-one units. The main we seed by means of a concrete stoop that is flanked by fixed sash basement metal awning.	
Outbuildings: None		

215 Second Street

Contributing Date: mid-19th century

Description: 215 Second Street is a two-story, three-bay brick apartment building. The building is topped by a side gable roof with an overhanging front eave with a cornice molding and brackets. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a masonry stoop, is topped by a transom and framed by a masonry lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop.

Block/Lot: 55-b/167

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Outbuildings: None	
216 Second Street	Block/Lot: 56-b/40
that rises through the roof ridge. siding with aluminum casing. W	Date: mid-19th century wo-story, three-bay frame residence, topped by a side gable roof with a brick chimney The front eave features a mild overhang. The exterior has been sheathed in asbestos indows throughout the building have been replaced with one-over-one units. The main ent, is accessed by means of a brick stoop, which is sheltered by a front gable portico roof.
Outbuildings: None	
an overhanging front eave with a masonry stoop, is topped by a trareplacement units, framed by ma	Block/Lot: 55-b/24 Date: mid-19th century is a two-story, two-bay brick row home. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a cornice molding and paired brackets. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a cansom and framed by a masonry lintel. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one isonry lintels and sills. A basement window flanks the stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
218 Second Street	Block/Lot: 56-b/38
with a wide overhanging front ed party wall and emerges through stoop, is topped by a transom an the first floor consist of one-over segmental arch brick lintels and	Date: c. 1885 e is two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof ave, brackets and a cornice molding. There is a parged chimney that rises along the the front slope of the roof. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete d framed by a segmented arch lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop. Windows on roone replacement units, and two-over-two units on the second floor, all framed by brick sills. The foundation course appears to consist of stone block. There is a eneighboring building allowing access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None	
219 Second Street Contributing Description: This building consi.	Block/Lot: 55-b/25 Date: mid-19th century sts of a two-story, two-bay brick row home. The building is topped by a side gable roof

with an overhanging front eave with a cornice molding and paired brackets. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a masonry stoop,

is topped by a transom and framed by a masonry lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop.

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Outbuildings: None		
with a wide overhanging front eave to one replacement units framed by seg	Block/Lot: 56-b/93 Date: c. 1885 two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof that has been covered in vinyl siding. Windows on the first floor consist of one-overmental arch brick lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by mean ealed transom and framed by a segmented arch lintel. A basement window flanks the rs to consist of stone block.	
Outbuildings: None		
with a wide overhanging front eave with a mine entryway is topped by a trawing windows consist of one-over-one and sills.	Block/Lot: 55-b/198 Date: mid-19th century dence is three-stories high and three bays wide, and is sheltered by a side gable roof with a cornice molding. There is a parged chimney that rises from the roof ridge. ansom and framed by a segmented arch lintel. A basement window flanks the stoop. d six-over-six replacement units throughout, all framed by masonry lintels and brick	
Outbuildings: None		
with a wide overhanging front eave the roof. The main entryway door, a segmented arch lintel. A basement w	Block/Lot: 56-b/94 Date: c. 1885 two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof that has been covered in vinyl siding. A brick chimney rises from the front slope of accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a sealed transom and framed by window flanks the stoop. The foundation course appears to consist of painted consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by segmental arch brick lintels and	
Outbuildings: None		
	Block/Lot: 55-b/217 Date: mid-19th century home is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side eave with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the front facade.	

Outbuildings: None

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Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units, framed by segmental arch lintels and brick sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop, is topped by a transom, which is framed by a segmental arch lintel.
Outbuildings: None
224 Second Street B. Ermeling House Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This detached single-family home is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed in slate shingles. There are infilled frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The exterior of the building has been covered with aluminum siding and aluminum casing. There is a shed roof addition, one story high, appended to the rear of the building. A brick chimney rises through the roof ridge. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop, is also a replacement.
Outbuildings: None
225 Second Street M. Doerts House Contributing Date: c. 1878 Description: This detached Second Empire style single-family home is three bays wide and three-stories high, and is sheltered by a mansard roof with dormers, sheathed in slate shingles. The exterior of the building has been covered with aluminum siding and aluminum casing. There is a shed roof addition, one story high, appended to the rear of the building. A brick chimney rises through the upper portion of the roof structure. Windows throughout consist of original two-over-two units and one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop and sheltered by a metal awning, also appears to be a replacement.
Outbuildings: None
226 Second Street D. McKensie House Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This row home is constructed of brick, and is three-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a flat roof with a wide overhanging eave with an elaborate, scalloped cornice frieze, with dentil molding and decorative modillions across the front facade. Windows throughout consist of original two-over-two units, framed by segmented arched lintels, sagitta and masonry sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a transom and framed by a stone hood. Barred basement windows flank the stoop. There is an interior brick chimney that through the cornice molding on the side elevation.

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227 Second Street	Block/Lot: 55-b/204
with a wide overhanging front awning and accessed by means	Date: c. 1880 ce is two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof eave that has been covered in vinyl siding. The main entryway door is sheltered by a met of a concrete stoop. A basement window flanks the stoop. The foundation course appea Vindows on the first floor consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by masonry
Outbuildings: None	
228 Second Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 56-b/71 Date: c. 1880
by a side gable roof with a wid of the roof. A basement window on the first floor consist of one	is a brick residence that is two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped a overhanging front eave and a cornice frieze. A brick chimney rises from the front slope of Italians the stoop. The foundation course appears to consist of painted masonry. Window over-one replacement units framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door e stoop, is topped by a sealed transom and framed by a masonry lintel.
Outbuildings: None	
229 Second Street	Block/Lot: 55-b/136
building is topped by a side gas Windows on the first floor cons	Date: c. 1880 sists of a brick detached row home that is two-stories high and three bays wide. The ble roof with a wide overhanging front eave that have been covered by vinyl soffit. ist of one-over-one replacement units framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main ans of a concrete stoop, is topped by a sealed transom and framed by a masonry lintel. to consist of painted brick.
Outbuildings: None	
231 Second Street J. Knapp House	Block/Lot: 55-b/135
Contributing	Date: c. 1880
D J C J C J C	: L .: L : J

Description: 231 Second Street is a brick residence that is two-stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a wide overhanging front eave and a cornice frieze that has been enclosed by vinyl soffit. There is a two-story brick addition to the rear of the building. Windows on the first floor consist of one-over-one replacement units framed by masonry lintels and sills. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a concrete stoop, is topped by a transom and framed by a masonry lintel. The stoop is flanked by two fixed sash basement windows.

Outbuildings: None

Contributing

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237 Second Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-b/188 Date: mid-19th century
Description: This frame row home is two topped by a side gable roof with a wide rises from the roof ridge along the party	o-stories high and three bays wide. The building, sheathed in aluminum siding, is overhanging front eave that has been enclosed by vinyl soffit. A brick chimney wall. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one replacement red with aluminum stock. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a
Outbuildings: None	
topped by a side gable roof with a wide throughout the building consist of one-o stock. The main entryway door, accesse	Block/Lot: 55-b/189 Date: c. 1880 o-stories high and three bays wide. The building, sheathed in aluminum siding, is overhanging front eave that has been enclosed by vinyl soffit. Windows over-one replacement units framed by casement molding covered with aluminum and by means of a concrete stoop, is sheltered by a shed roof portico and is framed rises from the roof ridge along the party wall.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This detached single-family side gable roof sheathed asphalt. There been covered with aluminum siding and rear and side elevation of the building.	Block/Lot: 56-e/31 Date: mid-19th century y home is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is sheltered by a are frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The exterior of the building has aluminum casing. There is a shed roof addition, one story high, appended to the A concrete block chimney rises along the exposed elevation. Windows throughout ts. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop and sheltered by a
241 Second Street	Block/Lot: 55-b/187

Date: mid-19th century

The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop and sheltered by a metal awning, is also a replacement.

Description: This single-family row home is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed asphalt. There are frieze band windows beneath the front eave, which has been enclosed with vinyl soffit. The exterior of the building has been covered with aluminum siding and aluminum casing. A concrete block chimney rises from the roof ridge along the party wall. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units.

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Outbuildings: None
243 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 243 Second Street is a row home that is three bays wide and three-stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed asphalt. There are large, nearly full-sized frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The exterior of the building has been covered with aluminum siding and aluminum casing. Windows throughout consist of one-overone replacement units. The centrally located main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop, is punctuated with a surround surmounted by a split pediment.
Outbuildings: None
244 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This altered apartment building is three bays wide and three stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed asphalt. There is an enclosed staircase and two-bay porch that allows access to the second and third floor spaces. The exterior of the building has been covered with vinyl siding and aluminum casing. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway doors, accessed by means of a stoop and sheltered by a shed roof porch, are also replacements. Outbuildings: None
245 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This frame row home is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed in asphalt. The exterior of the building has been covered with aluminum siding and aluminum casing. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units flanked by vinyl shutters. There are oversized frieze ban windows beneath the front eave. The main entryway door, accessed by means of a stoop and sheltered by a metal awning is also a replacement.
Outbuildings: None
246 Second Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 246 Second Street is a frame row home that is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed in standing seam metal. There are sealed frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The exterior of the building has been covered with vinyl siding and aluminum casing. A concrete block chimney

rises along the party wall. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement units. The main entryway door is

accessed by means of a stoop, which is flanked by iron railings.

Old Eagle Tavern

Contributing

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Outbuildings: None	
Description: 247 Second Street is a row gable roof sheathed in asphalt. There ar been covered with aluminum siding and	Block/Lot: 55-b/168 Date: mid-19th century home that is three bays wide and three-stories high, and is sheltered by a side re frieze band windows beneath the front eave. The exterior of the building has aluminum casing. Windows throughout consist of one-over-one replacement d by means of a brick stoop, is sheltered by a metal awning.
248 Second Street Contributing Description: 246 Second Street is a brick sheltered by a side gable roof sheathed in front eave. A brick block chimney rises of	Block/Lot: 56-e/59 Date: mid-19th century k row home that is three bays wide and two-and-a-half stories high, and is a standing seam metal. There are three-pane frieze band windows beneath the along the party wall. Windows throughout consist of six-over-one replacement are d by means of a stoop, which has been sealed with plywood. It is flanked by a sealed with plywood.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 249 Second Street is a heavis sheltered by a side gable roof with wid modern brick facing. Windows througho	Block/Lot: 55-b/155 Date: mid-19th century vily altered row home that is three bays wide and three-stories high. The building de overhanging eaves. The exterior of the building has been entirely covered with out consist of modern one-over-one replacement units. The centrally located main concrete stoop, is flanked by paired double-hung windows.
Outbuildings: None	
South Broad Street	
425 South Broad Street	Block/Lot: 51-b/1

Description: Known as the Eagle Tavern, this brick edifice is seven bays wide and two stories high, and is topped by a side gable roof. Supported by a stone rubble foundation, the first floor of the building is sheltered on the front and rear facades by shed roof porches, supported by square posts that are spanned by a balustrade. Beneath the roof are two entryways, flanked by wood-sash windows. Windows on the second floor also consist of wood-sash windows. Sa,ll single-hung windows flank the chimneys at the gable ends. There are two chimney stacks: one that rises through the roof

Date: c. 1770

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ridge at the northern gable end and a forms a pediment.	nother at the center of the roof ridge. Brickwork in the tympanum of the gable ends
Outbuildings: None	
Eagle Tavern Archaeological Site Contributing	Block/Lot: 51-b/1 Date: mid-18th to late 19th century
Excavations undertaken by the Merce	r County Community College from 1976 to 1980 uncovered significant

Excavations undertaken by the Mercer County Community College from 1976 to 1980 uncovered significant archaeological deposits related to the operation of the Eagle Tavern as well as the remains of two 18th century stoneware kilns. The excavations were limited in scope but recovered thousands of waster materials. The waster materials represent a minimum of 12 different vessel types including pans, jugs, pipkins, tankards, bowls, and chamber pots. In addition to the waster sherds kiln furniture including saggers (protective containers used to fire delicate vessels in the kiln) were among the remains. Some vessels were decorated with incised flowers and brushed decorations such as waves and spirals or "watch-springs". This type of decoration was also used at the William Richards' Manufactory located less than a mile away along the waterfront (c.1773-1784). Since excavations at this site were limited to just a few shallow units, the site has the potential to yield important information concerning the operation of the Eagle Tavern during the early 19th-century when it functioned as a place of business and an unoffical community center as well as valuable information concerning the production of domestic stoneware during the second half of the 18th-century.

435 South Broad Street

Henry Hawk grocery

Contributing

Date: c. 1875

Description: The cornerstone of a row of commercial buildings is this large three-story, four-bay Classical Revival brick commercial edifice. The building features a large wood framed storefront at the ground level, complete with pilasters and a cornice. The second story is divided into four arched bays that are recessed within the surface of the building. Windows on the second floor are represented by one-over-one units framed by masonry lintels and sills. Above each is a brick inset panel. Third floor windows consist of arched units. At the top of each of the recessed bays is a dentil molding. The most prominent feature is the closed pediment that adorns the gable end of the front façade. The pediment is features dentil molding and a raked cornice with addition dentil features. There is a fanlight within the center of the pediment.

Outbuildings: None

437 South Broad Street

Block/Lot: 54-a/70

Block/Lot: 54-a/70

Contributing

Date: c. 1880

Description: This commercial building is constructed of brick and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. The first floor features an elaborate storefront with a large overhead signboard. Windows on the second floor consist of paired and single one-over-one units framed by brick and stone arched lintels, each with a sagitta. Windows on the second floor are identical. There is a large paneled cornice frieze with dentil molding and decorative modillions.

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billboard sign spanning the upper portion of the front façade.

Outbuildings: None

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Outbuildings: None			
A39 South Broad Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This commercial, nearly identical to its neighbor, is the end unit in this block. The building is constructed of brick and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. The first floor features an elaborate storefront with a large overhead signboard. There is a vertical neon sign located at the second and third floor levels at the eastern corner of the building facing South Broad Street. Windows on the second floor consist of paired and single one-over-one units frame by brick and stone arched lintels, each with a sagitta. Windows on the second floor are identical. There is a large paneled cornice frieze with dentil molding and decorative modillions.	he		
Outbuildings: None			
Non-contributing Date: c. mid-20th century Description: This one story brick commercial building is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. The exterior of the first floor is finished in square blue tiles at the street level and stucco at the parapet level. The street facade is framed a pair of large plate glass windows, sheltered by awnings, and a pair of sealed doorways. The primary entryway is no located on the western elevation. Above the awnings on the first floor is a large lighted sign. There is a lower one story addition to the rear of the building.	by w		
Outbuildings: None			
455-457 South Broad Street P. McCrory House Non-contributing Date: c. mid-19th century Description: This commercial building has been heavily altered. The building consists of a frame side gable block. The first floor has been altered and now included a stone-faced storefront and a roll-down door to cover the window. There a primary access door that flanks the window. The second floor is six bays wide. Windows throughout the second floor consist of replacement one-over-one units. There is a brick chimney stack located on the exterior of the western elevation.	e is r		
Outbuildings: None			
459 South Broad Street Non-contributing Date: c. 1950 Description: Part of the Griffith Electric Co. complex, this two-story parged brick commercial building is topped by a groof with a parapet wall. Windows throughout the building consist of large one-over-one double-hung units. All doorways and windows on the first floor, located beneath a full-length awning have been infilled. There is a large light			

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465 South Broad Street

Block/Lot: 54-a/83, 84

Non-contributing

Date: c. 1950

Description: This loading dock area is also a part of the Griffith Electric Co. complex. This building consists of a two-story brick block that is recessed and slightly lower in elevation than the neighboring buildings, with a series of loading docks spanning the front façade. The building is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. Windows throughout the building consist of one-over-one units.

Outbuildings: None

467 South Broad Street

Block/Lot: 54-a/32

Margerum Brothers

Contributing

Date: 1875

Description: Also part of the Griffith Electric Co. complex, this two-story brick commercial building is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. There is a brick chimney that rises through the roof at the front of the building. To the east has been appended a one story addition. Windows throughout the building consist of large one-over-one double-hung units. The main entryway is located beneath a belt course and is flanked by several large windows. There is a large lighted billboard sign spanning the upper portion of the front façade.

Outbuildings: None

481 South Broad Street

Block/Lot: 54-b/38

The Dobbins Building/William Exton's Cracker Salesroom

Contributing

Date: c. 1870

Description: The William Exton's Cracker salesroom building borrows from the Italianate style. The building consists of a wedge-shaped, or "flatiron", block constructed of brick. The first floor is distinguished by the entryway, which is located at the apex of the wedge shaped building footprint. The entryway is accessed by means of a masonry stoop, and features an arched surround with a sagitta. The main doorway has been replaced with a modern unit. Windows on the first floor are also framed with arched lintels. There is a belt course that runs the perimeter of the building between the first and second floors. Window fenestration on the second and third floors are similar, although they have been infilled with plywood. The building is topped by a flat roof with a brick parapet. At the apex of the wedge the parapet is elaborated. There is a brick cornice and modillion detail that travels the perimeter of the building. A large sign reading "Griffith Electric Supply Co., Inc." is affixed to the apex between the second and third floors.

Outbuildings: None

505 South Broad Street

Block/Lot: 54-b/50

Contributing

Date: c. 1915

Description: This firehouse consists of a large, irregularly shaped block constructed of brick. The first floor of the building is entered via two separate entryways: one on South Broad Street and one on Bridge Street. The entryway on

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South Broad Street consists of a pair of garage doors, framed by a pair of stepped limestone lintels. The entrance features a similar arrangement, but with a single entryway door flanked by a pair of windows, by a decorative stone lintel. Windows on the flanking elevations of the first floor are frame by arched lintels, although the window units have been replaced. Windows on the second floor on the entryway faca capped by decorative lintels, and flanking elevations have received the arched lintel treatment. The part the entryway facades have been elaborated with a cornice frieze and moldings. The most prominent feat building is an elaborate tower, which tapers towards the pinnacle, and is capped by a pyramidal hipped adorned with curved knee brace brackets, with a portal on each of the four sides. There are paired wind uppermost portion of the tower.	each punctuated ntels with brick des are also apet walls atop ture of the 'roof. The roof is
Outbuildings: None	
519 South Broad Street J. Ruggader House Contributing Date: c. mid-19th century Description: This building is an irregularly shaped masonry block that has been covered with rough streentryway consists of double doors, sheltered by a hipped roof awning; flanking this are several one-over units flanked by shutters. Second story windows consist of similar units, also flanked by shutters. There overhang attached to the parapet wall along the primary façade. To the rear of the building is appended addition.	r-one window is a shed roof
Outbuildings: None	
521-523 South Broad Street Non-contributing Date: Second half – 20th century Description: This resource consists of a modern one-two story office block, constructed of brick. The but uncharacteristically set back on the lot, with a large forecourt.	uildings are
Outbuildings: None	
525 South Broad Street Contributing Date: c. 1860 Description: This three-story, three-bay commercial/residential building is topped by a shallow pitched with a brick chimney stack that rises along the western elevation. The first floor is occupied by a wood j	

with a side hall entryway flanked by a plate glass window. Windows on the second and third floors consist of two-over-two units that may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. There is a wide overhanging front eave

with a cornice frieze and decorative modillions across the upper portion of the front façade.

Outbuildings: None

Outbuildings: None

551 South Broad Street

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527 South Broad Street	Block/Lot: 56-a/115
Description: This three-story, three-bay entryway door with an infilled transom, fundings, including decorative lintels. W	Date: 1860 row home is topped by a shallow pitched side gable roof. There is a side hall lanked by a pair of two-over-two window units framed by wood casement Vindows on the second floor and third floor are similar, and may be of the building. There is a wide overhanging front eave with a cornice frieze and ortion of the front façade.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This three-story, three-bay entryway door with a transom, flanked by including oversized decorative lintels. W	Block/Lot: 56-a/5 Date: c. 1860s row home is topped by a shallow pitched side gable roof. There is a side hall v a pair of two-over-two window units framed by wood casement moldings, indows on the second floor and third floor are similar, and may be of the building. There is a wide overhanging front eave with a cornice frieze and ortion of the front façade.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 56-a/142 Date: 2nd half- 20th century orket building consisting of several different building periods and accretions,
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This three-story, nine-bay c common façade. Spanning the first floor floor. At the second floor level is a large	Block/Lot: 56-a/144 Date: c. 1900 commercial building appears to be three buildings combined and unified by a is a large storefront several bays wide, sheltered by the overhanging second paneled section with intermittent medallions. Windows on the second and third ver-one and two-over-two windows. Windows at the center of the building are
paired and framed with decorative windo by masonry lintels and sills. There is an o	w hoods with arched lintels. Windows flanking these are larger and are framed overhanging eave with decorative modillions. To the east is appended a twost floor and a large arched window on the second, topped by a flat roof with a

Block/Lot: 56-a/78

557-559 South Broad Street

Contributing

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E. Holt House Contributing Date: c. 1840 Description: This two-story, two-bay row home is topped by a side gable roof. There is a flanked by a pair of one-over-one window units framed by wood casement moldings. Windows: Beneath the eave are a pair of six-pane, fixed sash frieze band windows. There is rises through the front slope of the roof.	dows on the second floor are
Outbuildings: None	
553 South Broad Street W. Woodward House Block/Lot: 56-a/	′10
Contributing Date: Third quarter- 19th century Description: This residence is two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide, topped by returns. The building has been altered through the extension of the front façade on both the infill of a portion of the open porch. Because of this alteration, the centrally located everhanging second floor, which is accessed via brick steps. The overhang is supported by decorative lintel, once a continuous wrap-around feature but since altered by the front extended the porch are still visible. The second floor is punctuated by a belt course. Windows on the over-one, six-over-one and four-over-one units, with a large centrally located window fland Above this is located a decorative cornice with dentil moldings and brackets. There is a suffront slope of the roof. A brick chimney stack rises from the rear slope of the roof. Archee the tympanum of each of the gabled ends. Outbuildings: None	he first and second stories, and entryway is recessed beneath the by columns and framed by a tension. Portions of the side of the second floor consist of one-nked by two more narrow units. egmental arch dormer on the
555 South Broad Street Mrs. Blanth House Contributing Date: Mid-19th century Description: This brick two-story, two-bay row home is topped by a side gable roof sheat. There is a side hall entryway door framed by a transom and a masonry lintel, and flanked window units framed by wood casement moldings. Windows on the second floor are simil cornice with dentil moldings and decorative modillions. There is a parged brick chimney front slope of the roof.	hed in standing seam metal. by a pair of two-over-two ar. Beneath the eave is a
Outbuildings: None	

Date: c. 1920

X See continuation sheet

Block/Lot: 56-a/97, 98

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centrally located entryway doc by wood casement moldings, n be contemporaneous with the divisions on the façade at the l	ors, each with an infilled transom nasonry sills and lintels. Window construction of the building. The	e a shallow pitched side gable roof. There are two , flanked by a pair of one-over-one window units framed is on the second floor and third floor are similar, and ma re are brick corbel pendants adorning each of the vertica overhanging front eave with a cornice frieze and de.
Outbuildings: None		
		Block/Lot: 56-a/98 h century cial building, one-story high and one bay wide. The h stucco with a corner entryway sheltered by the parape
Outbuildings: None		
Steamboat Street		
front elevation of the second st is paneled above the one-over-	tory is a three-sided bay, sheltere	Block/Lot: 65-e/191 If by a flat roof with a parapet wall. Projecting from the down overhang supported by scrolled brackets. The best sesidence is accessed by means of a concrete stoop. Then the land.
Outbuildings: None		
front elevation of the second st		Block/Lot: 65-b/184 If by a flat roof with a parapet wall. Projecting from the d by an overhang. The bay is paneled above the one-ove of a concrete stoop.
111 Steamboat Street Contributing	Date: c. 1920	Block/Lot: 65-e/148

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	oose elevation. Projecting from ported by scrolled brackets. Th	
Outbuildings: None		
front elevation of the second story is a the above the one-over-one replacement win interior chimney that rises along the exp	nree-sided, paneled bay, shelter adows. The residence is accesse	Block/Lot: 65-b/179 at roof with a parapet wall. Projecting from the ed by the roof overhang. The bay is paneled ed by means of a concrete stoop. There is a brick atop a Permastone foundation.
Outbuildings: None		
wall. Projecting from the front elevation	n of the second story is a three-s bove the one-over-one replacem	Block/Lot: 65-e/216 de, and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet sided bay, sheltered by an overhang supported by ent windows. The residence is accessed by mean the expose elevation.
Description: This two-story, three-bay b front elevation of the second story is a th	aree-sided, paneled bay, shelter adows. The residence is accesse	Block/Lot: 65-b/271 at roof with a parapet wall. Projecting from the ed by the roof overhang. The bay is paneled ed by means of a concrete stoop. There is a brick ts atop a Permastone foundation.
Outbuildings: None		
Outbuildings: None		
115 Steamboat Street Contributing	Date: c. 1920	Block/Lot: 65-e/214

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is a brick interior chimney a three-sided bay, sheltered	that rises along the exposed by an overhang supporte	-bay brick row home topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. There e elevation. Projecting from the front elevation of the second story is ed by scrolled brackets. The bay is paneled above the one-over-one means of a concrete stoop, flanked by a single window unit.
Outbuildings: None		
front elevation of the secon above the one-over-one rep	nd story is a three-sided, pe placement windows. The r	Block/Lot: 65-b/193 The is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. Projecting from the cancled bay, sheltered by the roof overhang. The bay is paneled residence is accessed by means of a concrete stoop. There is a brick to the building rests atop a Permastone foundation.
Outbuildings: None	aiong the expose elevation	The building resis diop at ermasione foundation.
Third Street		
sheathing consists of asphoside hall entryway. Thee e	alt siding. Windows on the ntryway door is a replacen ng eave with three remainin	able row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. Exterior first floor are paired one-over-one replacement units flanking the nent unit. Windows on the second floor have decorative lintels. In scrolled brackets. There is a brick chimney stack that rises from
Outbuildings: None		
Windows on the first floor of door is a replacement unit.	consist of paired one-over- Windows on the second fl	Block/Lot: 56-d/124 5 ame side gable row home. It is sheathed in aluminum sidingone replacement units flanking the side hall entryway. The entryway oor are one-over-one replacement units. There is a wide m the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None		
4 Third Street Contributing	Date: c. 190	Block/Lot: 56-c/56-c/127

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sheathing consists of vinyl siding topped	urce consists of a frame row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. Exterior d by a side gable roof with asphalt shingles. Windows on the first floor consist of g the side hall entryways. The entryway door is a replacement unit. Windows on a brick chimney stack at the gable end.
Outbuildings: None	
aluminum siding and has a wide overha	Block/Lot: 56-d/123 Date: c. 1885 I frame side gable row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. It is sheathed to be a side gable row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. It is sheathed to be a side gable row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. It is sheathed to be a side gable on the second floor are one one of the second floor are one one of the second floor are one of the s
Outbuildings: None	
consists of brick, with a slate side gable	Block/Lot: 56-c/56-c/127 Date: c. 1900 consists of a brick row home, two-stories high and two bays wide. Exterior roof. Windows on the first floor have been sealed with plywood. The entryway the second floor are sealed although still manage to display their decorative at the gable end.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 56-c/126 Date: c. 1885 eavily altered. The frame residence is two stories high and two bays wide and is nestration has been relocated and infilled with modern units. The main entryway f the building is sheathed in vinyl siding.
Outbuildings: None	
Turpin Street	
9 Turpin Street Non-contributing Description: This single-story, eight-bay	Block/Lot: 55-c/220 Date: mid-20th century y garage is topped by a shed roof with exposed rafter tails, and is constructed of

concrete block. The bays are infilled with plank doors. A single bay is infilled with an overhead garage door.

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Outbuildings: None	
slightly overhanging eaves. The replacement windows, and may h of two-over-two units. The exteri	Block/Lot: 55-a/174 Date: c. 1885 To stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch side gable roof with side hall entryway is accessed via brick steps, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one ave once been topped by a transom, now infilled. Windows on the second floor consist or of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation consists of parged between this and the neighboring building that allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None	
slightly overhanging eaves. The stwo windows that may be contemp. Windows on the second floor con-	Block/Lot: 55-a/175 Date: c. 1885 o stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch side gable roof with side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a pair of two-over-poraneous with the construction of the building. The doorway is topped by a transom, sist of two-over-two units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding, ed masonry. There is a passageway between this and the neighboring building that t.
22 Turpin Street Contributing Description: This residence is two overhanging eaves and scrolled eentryway is accessed via brick steenstruction of the building. The floor consist of two-over-two unit passageway between this and the	Block/Lot: 55-a/169 Date: c. 1885 o stories high and three bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly ave brackets. The exterior of the building is sheathed in asbestos siding. The side hall ps, and is flanked by a pair of two-over-two windows that may be original to the door is topped by a transom, and framed by a decorative lintel. Windows on the second s framed by decorative lintels. The foundation consists of parged masonry. There is a neighboring building that allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None	
25 Turpin Street Non-contributing	Block/Lot: 55-c/253, 273 Date: c. 1880

Description: This brick residence is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. There is a partially enclosed brick stairway and porch area appended to the rear of the building, providing access top the second story. A portion of the exterior of the building has been resurfaced with brick facing.

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The center hall entryway is accessed at street level, and is sheltered by a shed roof supported by knee brace brackets. Windows on the first floor consist of various types of double-hung and picture windows. Windows on the second floor consist of similar units. There is a brick chimney that rises from the two story enclosed porch.
Outbuildings: None
28 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The exterior of the building is sheathed in plywood siding. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a one-over-one window. Windows on the second floor consist of similar one-over-one units. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry. There is a passageway between this and the neighboring building that allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None 30 Turpin Street Block/Lot: 55-a/245 Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves and scrolled eave brackets. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a two-over-tw window that may be contemporaneous with the construction of the building. Windows on the second floor consist of similar two-over-two units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry. There is a passageway between this and the neighboring building that allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None
32 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residence consists of a frame building with brick facing. It is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves and scrolled eave brackets. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked a six-over-one replacement window. The main entryway door is topped by a transom. Windows on the second floor consist of similar units. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry.
Outbuildings: None
33 Turpin Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This residence is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway, sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via a concrete step, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows. Windows on the second floor consist of similar replacement

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units. A parged brick chimney stack rises along the part way of the building, exiting through the front slope of the roof. The exterior of the building is sheathed in asphalt siding.
Outbuildings: None
34 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This frame row home is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway, sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via concrete steps with an iron railing, and is flanked by a one-over-one replacement window. Windows on the second floor consist of identical replacement units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in what appears to be plywood or some sort of sheet material. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry.
Outbuildings: None
36 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a metal sash replacement. Windows on the second floor consist of similar replacement units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry.
Outbuildings: None
35 Turpin Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: The resource consists of a frame row house, two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway, sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via a concrete step, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows. Windows on the second floor consist of similar replacement units. A parged brick chimney stack rises along the part way of the building, exiting through the front slope of the roof. The exterior of the building is sheathed in asphalt siding.
Outbuildings: None
37 Turpin Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This frame row house is two stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway, sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via a concrete step, and

is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows which have been sealed with plywood. Windows on the second

floor have been replaced with smaller units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in asphalt siding.

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eaves. The side hall entryway two window that may be conte	Block/Lot: 55-a/180 Date: c. 1885 two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a two-over-apporaneous with the construction of the building. Windows on the second floor consist of e exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation consists of stuccoed
Outbuildings: None	
what now appears to be a stee side hall entryway is accessed	Block/Lot: 55-c/267 Date: mid-19th century ner front gabled row home, this residence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by sloping shed roof. The building is two-and-a-half stories high, and two bays wide. The via concrete steps, and is flanked by a replacement window. Windows on the second floor units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation consists of
Outbuildings: None	
eaves and scrolled eave brack and is flanked by a one-over-ounits. The exterior of the buil	Block/Lot: 55-a/181 Date: c. 1885 two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging ts. The side hall entryway, which is topped by a transom, is accessed via concrete steps, see wood sash window. Windows on the second floor consist of similar double-hung sash ing is sheathed in wood clapboard. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry. There is the neighboring building that allows access to the rear of the lot.
Outbuildings: None	
42 Turpin Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-a/263 Date: c. 1885

Description: 42 Turpin Street consists of a frame row house that is two stories high and two bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete stoop, and is flanked by a replacement window. Windows on the second floor consist of similar replacement units. The exterior of the building

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is sheathed in vinyl siding. The party wall and emerges through		sonry. There is a chimney stack that rises along the
Outbuildings: None		
eaves, a cornice frieze and scrol addition. The exterior of the but flanking elevation. The side hal flanked by paired four-over-four	led eave brackets. To the rear of the ilding is sheathed in vinyl siding on l entryway is topped by an infilled to window with wide lintels, sills and consists of parged stone. There is	Block/Lot: 55-a/199 topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging be building has been appended a one story shed roof the primary façade, and asphalt shingles on the transom, and is accessed via concrete steps, and is a planter boxes. Windows on the second floor consist a passageway between this and the neighboring
Outbuildings: None		
cornice frieze and scrolled eave and asphalt shingles on the flant via concrete steps, flanked by pa	brackets. The exterior of the build king elevation. The side hall entryv tired four-over-four window with w ndation consists of parged stone. T	Block/Lot: 55-a/282 topped by a side gable roof with overhanging eaves, a sing is sheathed in vinyl siding on the primary façade, way is topped by an infilled transom, and is accessed ide lintels and sills. Windows on the second floor there is a passageway between this and the
Outbuildings: None		
	n entryway that flanks the first floor	Block/Lot: 55-a/14 that is two bays wide. There is a living space above bays. The building is topped by a shed roof and is
Outbuildings: None		
		Block/Lot: 55-b/20 is two stories high and two bays wide, and is topped by ryway is sheltered by a hipped roof portico with

Outbuildings: None

110 Turpin Street

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similar replacement units. The exterior of the	inked by a replacement window. Windows on the second floor consist of e building is sheathed in painted aluminum siding. The foundation consists window. There is a concrete block chimney stack that rises along the party he roof.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 106 Turpin Street consists of a ja side gable roof with slightly overhanging edbrackets, accessed via concrete stoop, and flasimilar replacement units. All windows are shaluminum siding. The foundation consists of	Block/Lot: 55-b/132 e: c. 1885 frame row house that is two stories high and two bays wide, and is topped by a ves. The side hall entryway is sheltered by a hipped roof portico with anked by a replacement window. Windows on the second floor consist of a nettered by metal awnings The exterior of the building is sheathed in a stuccoed masonry pierced by a basement window. There is a concrete block and emerges through the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: This frame row home is two stor- hall entryway is accessed via concrete stoop, consist of similar replacement units. The exte	Block/Lot: 55-b/243 e: c. 1880 ries high and two bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof. The side and is flanked by a replacement window. Windows on the second floor erior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding. The foundation consists ck that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 109 Turpin Street consists of a side gable roof with slightly overhanging early a replacement window. A narrow passage rear of the lot. Windows on the second floor of	Block/Lot: 55-d/223 Exect to the control of the party wall and the control of the party wall and the party wide, and is topped by the control of the side hall entryway is accessed via concrete stoop, and is flanked between this building and the neighboring building allows for access to the consist of similar replacement units. The exterior of the building is sheathed accoed masonry. There is a chimney stack that rises along the party wall and

X See continuation sheet

Block/Lot: 55-b/21

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Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: A frame row home, 110 Turpin Street is two stories high and two bays wide, and is topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete stoop, and is flanked by paired six over-six replacement windows. Windows on the second floor consist of six-over-six replacement units. The exterior of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding. There is a chimney stack that rises along the party wall and emerges through the front slope of the roof.
Outbuildings: None
111 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This residence is two stories high and two bays wide, topped by a side gable roof. The side hall entryway accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a one-over-one window. Windows on the second floor also consist of one-over-one metal sash replacement windows. The exterior of the building is sheathed in aluminum siding and casing. The foundation consists of stuccoed masonry. There is a narrow open passageway that provides access to the rear of the building.
Outbuildings: None
112 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: This residence is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway, sheltered by a metal awning, is accessed via brick steps, and is flanked by a pair of original two-over-two windows, also sheltered by metal awnings. Windows on the second floor consist of two-over-two units on the primary façade, and small fixed sash units on the flanking elevations. The exterior of the building sheathed in asbestos siding. The foundation consists of parged masonry. From the front slope of the roof rises a brick chimney stack.
Outbuildings: None
113 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1880 Description: This brick residence is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch side gable roof with slightly overhanging eaves. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-

one replacement windows with brick lintels and sills. The door was once topped by a transom, now infilled. Windows on the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units. A brick chimney rises along the exposed elevation, which is

Outbuildings: None

covered in stucco.

and stuccoed.

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by a side gable roof with slightly overhopainted, parged masonry that is pierced concrete steps, and is flanked by a pair	Block/Lot: 55-b/129 Date: c. 1880 ck residence that is two stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped anging eaves that have been sheathed in aluminum soffit. The foundation is a d by two fixed sash basement windows. The side hall entryway is accessed via of one-over-one replacement windows that are framed with masonry lintels and n infilled transom. Windows on the second floor consist of similar replacement is.
Outbuildings: None	
side hall entryway is accessed by means that are framed by masonry lintels and	Block/Lot: 55-d/39 Date: c. 1880 nce is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch roof. The s of concrete steps, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows sills. The main entryway door is topped by an infilled transom. Windows on the ts with masonry lintels and sills. A brick chimney rises from the party wall
Outbuildings: None	
side hall entryway is accessed by means that are framed by masonry lintels and second floor consist of replacement unit through the roof. Flanking the building pair of plank double-doors. The front for Outbuildings: Built circa 1920, this one	Block/Lot: 55-b/149, 23 Date: c. 1880 nce is two stories high and three bays wide, topped by a shallow pitch roof. The sof concrete steps, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows sills. The main entryway door is topped by an infilled transom. Windows on the ts with masonry lintels and sills. A brick chimney rises from the party wall is a block garage, one story high and two bays wide. The bays are fitted with a façade is faced in brick, with exposed concrete block on the flanking elevation. The story garage is adjacent to 116 Turpin Street. The building has an overhanging A concrete end wall rises above the roofline. The garage has two bays with
122 Turpin Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 55-b/256 Date: c. 1915

Description: This block garage is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall, and is one story high and eight-bays wide. The bays are infilled with batten double-doors. There is the shadow of a former doorway that has been infilled with block

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Outbuildings: None			
constructed of hewn stone blo over-one replacement window the second floor windows is a	ock. The main entryway door is a ws with decorative wood lintels a	Block/Lot: 55-d/36 e bays wide. The foundation material appears to be ccessed via masonry steps, and is flanked by a pair of a sills. Windows on the second floor are similar. A apported by brackets. The building is topped by a ship with aluminum casing.	of one- Ibove
Outbuildings: None			
casing. The foundation mater masonry steps, and is flanked	rial appears to be constructed of by a pair of one-over-one replac are similar. Above the second flo	Block/Lot: 55-d/248 e bays wide, sheathed in asbestos siding with alumin hewn stone block. The main entryway door is access ement windows with decorative wood lintels and sill for windows is a wide overhanging eave that is supp	sed via !s.
Outbuildings: None			
aluminum casing. The founded basement windows. The main replacement windows with wi	ation material appears to be cons n entryway door is accessed via n de casement moldings. Windows	Block/Lot: 55-d/241 e bays wide, sheathed in painted asbestos siding with tructed of parged masonry, and pierced by fixed sast asonry steps, and is flanked by a pair of one-over-or on the second floor are similar to those on the first. apported by brackets. The building is topped by a shape	h ne Above
Outbuildings: None			
129 Turpin Street Contributing	Date: c. 1885	Block/Lot: 55-d/242	

Description: This frame residence is two stories high and three bays wide, sheathed in asbestos siding with aluminum casing. The foundation material appears to be constructed of parged masonry. The main entryway door is accessed via shared concrete steps. The door is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows. Windows on the second floor are one-over-one replacement units. The building is topped by a shallow pitch roof.

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Outbuildings: None	
by a side gable roof widormer that is located a pierced by two fixed sapair of one-over-one refloor consist of similar	Block/Lot: 55-b/26 Date: c. 1885 in Street is a frame residence that is two stories high and three bays wide. The building is topped th slightly overhanging eaves that have been sheathed in aluminum soffit. There is a hipped roof in the center of the front slope of the roof. The foundation is a painted, parged masonry that is sh basement windows. The side hall entryway is accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by a placement windows that are framed with decorative wood lintels and sills. Windows on the second replacement units, also with masonry lintels and sills. There is a narrow passage between this and gethat allows access to the rear of the property.
Outbuildings: None	
casing. The foundation shared concrete steps.	Block/Lot: 55-d/218 Date: c. 1885 The residence is two stories high and three bays wide, sheathed in asbestos siding with aluminum a material appears to be constructed of parged masonry. The main entryway door is accessed via the door is flanked by a pair of one-over-one replacement windows. Windows on the second floor that may contemporaneous with the construction of the building. The building is topped by a
Outbuildings: None	
side gable roof. Locate parged masonry. The replacement windows.	Block/Lot: 55-b/228 Date: c. 1885 e row home is two stories high and three bays wide, sheathed in aluminum siding and topped by a ed atop the roof is a front gable type dormer. The foundation material appears to be constructed of nain entryway door is accessed via shared concrete steps. The door is flanked by one-over-one Windows on the second floor are also one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None	
134 Turpin Street Contributing Description: This two-	Block/Lot: 55-b/27 Date: c. 1885 story, three-bay frame row home is sheathed in aluminum siding. The building is topped by a side

gable roof. Located atop the roof are two dormers. The dormer atop 134 Turpin Street is a hipped roof type. The foundation material appears to be constructed of parged masonry. The main entryway door is accessed via shared

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concrete steps. The door is flanked by one-over-one replacement windows. Windows on the second floor are also one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None
133 Turpin Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 131 Turpin Street is a frame row home that is two stories high and two bays wide, sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation material appears to be constructed of parged masonry. The main entryway door is accessed via shared concrete steps, and is topped by a functioning transom. The door is flanked by a two-over-two window that may be an original unit. Windows on the second floor are one-over-one replacement units. The building is topped by a shallow pitch roof.
Outbuildings: None
135 Turpin Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: 135 Turpin Street is a frame row home that is two stories high and two bays wide, sheathed in vinyl siding. The foundation material appears to be constructed of parged masonry. The main entryway door is accessed via shared concrete steps, and is topped by a sealed transom. The door is flanked by a two-over-two window that may be an origina unit. Windows on the second floor are one-over-one replacement units. The building is topped by a shallow pitch roof.
Outbuildings: None
136 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This painted brick row home rest atop a masonry foundation. Masonry steps give access to the main entryway door, which is framed by a brick arched lintel with an infilled transom. The entryway is flanked by a pair of arched lintel replacement windows with brick sills. Windows on the second floor are also replacements framed by arche lintels. There is a wide eave that overhangs the front façade. Atop the roof is a shared hipped roof dormer.
Outbuildings: None
138 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This brick row home rest atop a masonry foundation. Masonry steps give access to the main entryway doo which is framed by a brick arched lintel with an infilled transom. The entryway is flanked by a pair of arched lintel

replacement windows with brick sills. Windows on the second floor are also replacements framed by arched lintels.

There is a wide eave that overhangs the front façade. Atop the roof is a shared hipped roof dormer.

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Outbuildings: None			
The foundation material appears to steps, and is topped by a transom s	be constructed of parged by ealed with plywood. The do ne-over-one replacement un	Block/Lot: 55-d/33 It vinyl siding, and is two stories high and two bays wide rick. The main entryway door is accessed via concrete for is flanked by a one-over-one replacement window. Its. Beneath the overhanging front eave is an aluminum	
Outbuildings: None			
parged masonry, pierced by a base by a one-over-one replacement win floor unit, and are also flanked by	ment window. The main ent adow that is flanked by vinyl vinyl shutters. Above the sec	Block/Lot: 55-b/203 ide. The foundation material appears to be constructed by the second is accessed via masonry steps, and is flanked shutters. Windows on the second floor identical to the second floor windows is a wide overhanging eave. The ding is sheathed in vinyl siding with aluminum casing.	ed
Outbuildings: None			
bays wide. The foundation material concrete steps. The door is flanked	ll appears to be constructed l by a one-over-one replacen is a brick chimney stack tha	Block/Lot: 55-d/154 vinyl siding. The building is two stories high and two of parged brick. The main entryway door is accessed v nent window. Windows on the second floor are also on t rises along the party wall and exits through the front	
142 Turpin Street Contributing	Date: c. 1880	Block/Lot: 55-b/202	

Description: This row home is two stories high and two bays wide. The foundation material appears to be constructed of parged masonry, pierced by a basement window. The main entryway door, which is topped by a functioning transom, is accessed via masonry steps, and is flanked by a two-over-two window that may be an original feature of the building. Windows on the second floor are identical to the first floor unit, also appearing to be original to the construction of the house. Above the second floor windows is a wide overhanging eave. The building is topped by a side gable roof. The

exterior of the building is sheathed in brick facing and aluminum casing.

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Outbuildings: None	
foundation material appears to be consaccessed via concrete steps. The door	Block/Lot: 55-d/134 Date: c. 1880 vered in vinyl siding. The building is two stories high and two bays wide. The structed of parged brick. The main entryway door sealed with plywood, and is is flanked by a sealed window. Windows on the second floor are one-over-one imney stack that rises through the front slope of the roof. The building is topped by
Outbuildings: None	
constructed of parged masonry, pierced which is topped by a metal awning, is a that are framed by wide lintels and sills similarly framed by wide sills and linte	Block/Lot: 55-b/196 Date: c. 1880 we stories high and three bays wide. The foundation material appears to be d by a basement window and capped by a belt course. The main entryway door, accessed via concrete steps, and is flanked by replacement one-over-one windows s. Windows on the second floor are identical to the first floor units, and are als. Above the second floor windows is a wide overhanging eave encased in a side gable roof. The brick exterior has been painted.
Outbuildings: None	
constructed of concrete. The main entr flanked by a replacement window. Win	Block/Lot: 55-d/131 Date: c. 1880 wo stories high and two bays wide. The foundation material appears to be yway door, which is sheltered by an awning, is accessed via masonry steps, and is adows on the second floor are identical to the first floor unit. The building is for of the building is sheathed in vinyl siding and aluminum casing.
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 55-b/197 Date: c. 1880 ick row home is two stories high and three bays wide. The foundation material reed by a basement window and capped by a belt course. The main entryway door,

which is topped by a functioning transom, is accessed via brick steps, and is flanked by a two-over-two windows that is framed by a wood lintel and sill, and appears to be original to the construction of the building. Windows on the second floor are identical to the first floor units, and are similarly framed by wood sills and lintels. Above the second floor

Union Street

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windows is a wide overhanging eave encased with a cornice frieze with paired decorative modillions. The building is topped by a side gable roof with a window in the tympanum. The brick exterior has been painted.
Outbuildings: None
152 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: 152 Turpin Street is a dilapidated frame row home covered in stucco that is two stories in height and two bays in width. The main entryway door, which is sealed with plywood, is accessed via a concrete step. All window openings have been sealed with plywood.
Outbuildings: None
154 Turpin Street Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: 154Turpin Street is a frame row home that is two stories in height and two bays in width. The main entryway door is flanked by a paired double-hung sash replacement window, and is accessed via a concrete stoop. Windows on the second floor consist of one-over-one replacement units.
Outbuildings: None
Contributing Date: c. 1885 Description: 156 Turpin Street is a frame row home, sheathed in vinyl siding, is two stories in height and two bays in width. There is two-story shed roof addition appended to the rear of the building, The main entryway, which is sheltered by a gabled roof with knee brace brackets, has been relocated to the side gable elevation. Windows throughout the building have been paired and single one-over-one replacement units. There is a brick chimney that rises through the roof ridge along the party wall.
Outbuildings: None
158 Turpin Street Non-contributing Date: mid-20th century Description: This block garage is faced with brick and is topped by a flat roof with a parapet wall. The building is one-story high and one-bay wide. The bay is infilled with plywood.
Outbuildings: None

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Description: 306 Union Street is two and a end shared chimney. The front façade and over-one, double hung with exterior storms	Block/ Lot: 65-d/218 Pate: c. 1880 The half story, three bay, side gabled, residential row house. It has an internal is sides have been covered with vinyl siding. The windows are aluminum oness and vinyl replacements. The basement has two, two-light awning windows. It is a stamped metal replacement door. The front stoop is concrete.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 308 Union Street is a two stor chimney. The front and sides have been co	Block/Lot: 65-d/105 Pate: c. 1880 Pate: c. 1
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 311 Union Street is a two-stor	Block/ Lot: 66-a/41 ate: mid-19th century ry, two bay, side gabled residential row house. The front façade is covered in one-over-one, double hung with exterior storms and vinyl replacements. The
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 313 Union Street is a two-stor sheathed in vinyl siding. The windows are	Block/ Lot: 66-a/42 ate: mid-19th century ry, three-bay, side gabled residential building. The exterior of the building is aluminum one-over-one, double hung replacement units with exterior storms. unit. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingle. There is a single brick chimney f.
Outbuildings: None	
315 Union Street Contributing Do	Block/ Lot: 66-a/72 ate: mid-19th century

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sheathed in vinyl siding. The windows are	ory, three-bay, side gabled residential building. The exterior of the building is a caluminum one-over-one, double hung replacement units with exterior storms, tunit, topped by the original transom. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingle.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: The New Salem Baptist Chur pilasters at the corners. On the front faça sweeping steps, which are flanked by small	Block/Lot: 65-d/7 Date: 1851 rch is a front gable, two-story edifice with a front and rear parapet walls with ade there are paired entryway doors with arched surrounds approached by aller arched doorways. Above the entryway is an infilled rose window and a sty flanking facades are tall, arched stained glass windows. The foundation hilar pre-cast masonry.
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 320 Union street is a two and house. It has an external end chimney. The storefront with a recessed double entryway.	Block/Lot: 65-d/114 Date: c. 1880 d a half story, three bay residential/commercial building. It is a side gable the building is constructed of brick, and features a dilapidated wood-panel by. Windows on the second floor consist of two-over-two original units and a large eaves is a cornice frieze detailed with brackets and dentils. The roof is
Outbuildings: None	
Description: 322 Union Street is a two-storear. The building has been covered with	Block/ Lot: 65-d/84 Date: c. 1885 Dry, two- bay, side gabled residential row house with a shed roof extension to the vinyl siding. The windows are wood two-over-two, double hung units. There is floor. The roof is standing seam metal. The front door is a replacement door.
Outbuildings: None	
324 Union Street Contributing L	Block/ Lot: 65-d/263 Date c. 1885

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Desc	ription: 324 Union Street is a two-story, two- bay, side gabled residential row house with a shed roof extension to the
rear.	The building has been covered with vinyl siding. The windows are replacement one-over-one replacement double
hung	units. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The front door is a replacement door. The front stoop is concrete.
There	e is a large shed roof extension to the rear of the building

Outbuildings: None

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336 Union Street

Contributing

Block/Lot: 65-d/11

Date: mid-19th century (possibly moved)

Description: 336 Union Street is a two and a half story, three bay residential row house, with a two-story rear addition. It is a side gable house. It has an internal end shared chimney. The font facade has been covered with vinyl siding. The side and rear are stuccoed. The aluminum one-over-one, double hung windows with exterior storms are modern replacements, as are the vinyl shutters. The third floor has a small "knee" window and only two bays. The basement has two, two-light awnings, replacement windows. The roof is standing seam metal. This simple cornice has been covered with aluminum and has no decorative brackets. The front door is a stamped metal replacement door, and the transom is covered. The front stoop is painted concrete.

Outbuildings: None

340 Union Street

Michael Henry House

Contributing

Date: c. 1880

Description: 340 Union Street is a two story, three bay residential row house. It is a frame side gabled, late Greek revival house. The front has been covered with vinyl siding, as has the side. The vinyl one-over-one, double hung windows with exterior storms are modern replacements, as are the vinyl shutters. The basement has two, two-light awning, replacement windows. The roof is asphalt shingle. The simple cornice has been covered with aluminum. Three decorative brackets have also been covered. The flush wood front door is a replacement. The front stoop is concrete.

Outbuildings: None

342 Union Street

Block/Lot: 65-d/123

Block/Lot: 65-d/109

Non- Contributing

Date: second half- 19th century

Description: 342 Union Street is a two story residential row house. The first floor had two bays; the second has one. It is a front gabled modular construction house with frame exterior walls. It shares its front gable with 344 Union Street. The front façade has a brick veneer base with vinyl siding at the second floor and gable. The windows are vinyl with snap-in muntins and vinyl shutters. The second floor has a pair of six-over-six double hung windows; the first floor has a pair of double hung windows next to the stamped metal door. The front stoop is a pressure treated wood. The roof is asphalt shingle.

Outbuildings: None

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a front gabled modular construction h front façade has a brick veneer base v muntins and vinyl shutters. The secon	Block/Lot: 65-d/264 Date: late 20th century o story residential row house. The first floor has two bays; the second has one. It is house with frame exterior walls. It shares front gable with 342 Union Street. The with vinyl siding at the second floor gable. The windows are vinyl with snap-in ad floor has a pair of double hung windows; the first floor has a pair of six-over-six uped metal door. The front stoop is pressure treated wood. The roof is asphalt
Outbuildings: None	
a front gabled modular construction h front façade has a brick veneer base w muntins and vinyl shutters. The secon	Block/Lot: 65-d/115 Date: late 20th century o story residential row house. The first floor has two bays; the second has one. It is nouse with frame exterior walls. It shares front gable with 342 Union Street. The with vinyl siding at the second floor gable. The windows are vinyl with snap-in nd floor has a pair of double hung windows; the first floor has a pair of six-over-six uped metal door. The front stoop is pressure treated wood. The roof is asphalt
Outbuildings: None	
	Block/Lot: 65-d/302 Date: c. 1885 residential row structure with a side-gabled roof and an internal end chimney. The entryway features a transom atop the door flanked by one-over-one replacement with lintels one-over-one windows.
Outbuildings: None	
brackets and an internal end chimney.	Block/Lot: 65-d/130 Date: c. 1885 and stucco residential row home with a side-gabled roof, a cornice frieze with end The first floor is two-bays wide. The main entryway features a transom atop the ment window. Second floor has two bays with lintels one-over-one windows.
Outbuildings: None	
362 Union Street	Block/Lot: 65-d/90

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gable roof with a cornice molding and c	Date: c. 1885 building covered in stone facing and stucco, and topped by a shallow-pitched side corner brackets. The side hall entryway surround has been obscured by vinyl window flanking the main entryway. Arched lintel window openings, found d with replacement one-over-one units.
Outbuildings: None	
floor modified from original with solid a	Block/Lot: 65-d/13 Date: c. 1885 iixed-use single structure with a side-gabled roof on a corner lot. Two-bay first door and 3 sectioned replacement window. Second floor has three bays with ornice line along portion of the first floor line and wooden porch with side steps. 5 bays.
Outbuildings: None	
end side and internal end chimney. Two	Block/Lot: 65-f/120 Date: c. 1885 brick residential row structure with side-gabled roof at end of row with stucco o-bay first floor with transom light over door and two-over-two original wood h lintels one-over-one windows. Brownstone porch and side internal alleyway
Outbuildings: None	
Two-bay first floor with transom light or	Block/Lot: 65-f/120 Date: c. 1885 brick residential row structure with side-gabled roof and internal end chimney. ver door and one-over-one replacements with storm window. Second floor has accements with storm windows. Brownstone porch and side internal alleyway
Outbuildings: None.	
374 Union Street Contributing	Block/Lot: 65-f/120 Date: c. 1915

811 Warren Street

Contributing

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Description: This is a two-story orange brick residential row structure with side-gabled roof and internal end chimney. Two-bay first floor with transom light over door and two-over-two original wood window. Second floor has two bays with lintels one-over-one original wood windows. Brownstone porch and side internal alleyway entrance.
Outbuildings: None.
376 Union Street Contributing Date: c. 1915 Description: This is a two-story orange brick residential row structure with side-gabled roof and internal end chimney. Two-bay first floor with transom light over door and one-over-one wood window. Second floor has two bays with lintels one-over-one original wood windows. Brownstone porch and side internal alleyway entrance.
Outbuildings: None.
Warren Street
807 Warren Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: This two-and-a-half-story, two-bay painted brick row home is topped by a side gable roof with frieze band windows and a cornice beneath the front eave. The roof is sheathed in standing seam metal, with an internal chimney. The first floor features a main entryway door with a pediment end brackets, flanked by a one-over-one window. The second floor is fitted with similar one-over-one windows with prominent lintels and sills.
Outhuildings: None
809 Warren Street Contributing Date: mid-19th century Description: Two-and-a-half-story painted brick row home with knee windows. Side-gabled standing seam roof with simple wood cornice and internal end chimney. two-bay first floor with door and one-over-one window with storm window. Stoop with wrought iron railing. Second floor has two bays with one-over-one windows with storm windows have prominent lintels and sills. Internal side alley with door.
Outbuildings: None

Date: mid-19th century

Description: This two-and-a-half-story, two bay brick row home is topped by a side gable, asphalt roof with a simple wood cornice and internal chimney with terra cotta pots. Beneath the front eave are located frieze band windows. The main entryway door is sheltered by a aluminum awning and is flanked by one-over-one windows narrow shutters.

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Block/Lot: 66-b/93

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Windows on the second floor consis prominent lintels and sills.	of one-over-one windows with storm windows and narrow shutters. Windows have
Outbuildings: None	
gable, standing seam metal roof. To sheathed in aluminum siding on from	Block/Lot: 66-b/22 Date: mid-19th century idential building is constructed with Italianate elements, and is topped by a side e building is two-and-a-half stories high and three bays wide. The exterior is t and side elevations. Windows consist of one-over-one sash replacement windows hall doorway has wood lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. ted by a masonry stoop.
Outbuildings: None	
bays topped by a side gable roof. T	Block/Lot: 66-b/103 Date: c. 1880 constructed with Italianate elements. The building consists of three stories and three e building is fenestrated with one-over-one sash replacement windows with arched has an arched brick lintel with replacement entryway door and storm door. The ls.
Outbuildings: None.	
wide and topped by a side gable roo	Block/Lot: 66-b/129 Date: c. 1880 as been constructed with Italianate elements. It is three stories in height, three bays The building is fenestrated with one-over-one sash replacement windows with orway has an arched brick lintel with a replacement entryway door and storm door. lintels.
Outhuildings: None.	

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The	Trenton	Form	Historia	District	ic a u	rell preserve	d and cohes	iva urban	naighbarh	ood in the	City of	Tranta

The Trenton Ferry Historic District is a well-preserved and cohesive urban neighborhood in the City of Trenton, Mercer County, New Jersey that is locally significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion C for its varied and distinguished collection of 19th- and early 20th-century row homes, commercial and industrial buildings and educational institutions and religious edifices. The architectural stock of the historic district is diverse and covers the full spectrum from simple, vernacular, mill workers' housing to high-style ecclesiastical buildings. Located in the southern part of the city close to the Delaware River waterfront, the district reflects a typical lower to middle class neighborhood from Trenton's heyday as a major East Coast industrial center.

The Trenton Ferry Historic District is also significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion A for the role it played in the 18th and 19th centuries as a primary waypoint on the primary historic overland transportation route linking New York City and Philadelphia. In part because of its importance to the historic Delaware Valley transportation network, the Trenton Ferry Historic District served as a catalyst for early urban growth in the colonial and early federal periods. The subsequent emergence of Trenton as an industrial center during the 19th century led to the increased urbanization of the Trenton Ferry Historic District which developed into a residential and commercial neighborhood serving the needs of the people who worked in the nearby factories and mills. For these reasons, the district is also significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion A in the area of community planning and development for its broader contribution to the expansion of the initial nucleated settlement into a market town and state capital in the 18th century and into a full-blown industrial metropolis in the mid- to late 19th century.

Finally, since archaeological investigations have demonstrated that the district contains significant historic archaeological sites such as the Ferry Plantation Site, the Eagle Tavern Site and the Trenton Water Power, and since there are likely to be other well-preserved archaeological sites within the district boundaries which can be expected to yield significant information concerning the district's contributions within the historic contexts outlined above, the Trenton Ferry Historic District is also significant under National Register Criterion D.

The Trenton Ferry Historic District's period of significance is defined as beginning in 1704 and closing in 1938. The first date corresponds to that of the construction of the earliest house known to have stood within the district and the likely date of the commencement of ferry activities. The archaeological remains of this house, termed the "Ferry Plantation Site," have been identified by archaeological investigation and determined both to be historically significant and to possess integrity. The end of the period of significance for the district is defined as 1938, the date of the construction of the Parker Public School, the last significant piece of historic infrastructure to be erected within the district. By the late 1930s, Trenton's significance as a major industrial center was on the wane and with it the era of the Trenton Ferry Historic District's greatest vibrancy also drew to a close.

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Background History

Trenton is a city that owes it prominence, and arguably its very existence, to geography. The city is situated on the Delaware River at what is both the head of tide and, historically, the head of navigation. The spot was the preferred vicinity for crossing the river, being the most southerly point at which the waterway could be forded and a favorable location for ferries. Taking advantage of these attributes, Native American paths converged on the site long before the first Europeans entered the Delaware valley. Later colonial routes made use of the same trails as a network of roads developed across the waist of New Jersey. This network initially linked Dutch and Swedish settlements in the Lower Delaware Valley with the town of New Amsterdam but later became the primary overland route between the cities of Philadelphia and New York. The 18th-century focus of settlement, which formed in the Trenton Ferry Historic District around the ferry landing and along the lane leading down to the ferry, served as a catalyst for the historic development of the City of Trenton.

The recorded history of the Trenton Ferry Historic District began in 1679 with the arrival of Mahlon Stacy "of Handsworth in the County of York, Tanner." Mahlon Stacy was one of a group of Quaker settlers from Yorkshire who traveled aboard the *Shield* to West Jersey in 1678. Stacy overwintered in the newly established settlement at Burlington but, with the coming of spring, headed north and selected a large and prominent property straddling both sides of the Assunpink Creek on the eastern bank of the Delaware River adjacent to the falls. Not long afterwards, Stacy was joined at the falls of the Delaware by four of his Yorkshire Quaker compatriots, William Emley, Thomas Lambert, John Lambert (Thomas's brother) and Joshua Wright. In 1683, the five men were formally surveyed a tract of 2,000 acres. Although initially the 2,000-acre property was legally owned jointly, the five men seem to have recognized the boundaries of individual tracts. None of the five initial stakeholders in the 2,000-acre purchase is believed to have established his residence within the historic district but, in 1704, a 100-acre tract of land comprising the northern half of the Trenton Ferry Historic District was passed by means of the will of William Emley to Emley's daughter, Mary Heywood. In 1707, when John and Mary Heywood, in turn, sold the same tract to William Beakes of Bucks County, the property description included "the messuage or tenement and plantation lately erected."

The house occupied by William Beakes is the first colonial dwelling known to have been built within the Trenton Ferry Historic District. With its construction the period of significance for the Trenton Ferry Historic District opens, for it is at this time that ferry activities at this location are believed to have commenced. After William Beakes died in 1710/11, his house and plantation passed by will to his son, Edmund. An inventory taken at the time of William Beakes's death included a servant boy, two boats, farm tools and corn in the ground. The enumeration of two boats in the inventory is the earliest documentary evidence that would suggest the operation of a ferry at this location.⁴

¹ West Jersey Deed B:311, New Jersey State Archives (Trenton, New Jersey).

² Revel's Book of Surveys 76, New Jersey State Archives (Trenton, New Jersey).

³ West Jersey Deed DD:370.

⁴ Kurt R. Kalb et al., "An Urban Ferry Tale," Bulletin of the Archaeological Society of New Jersey, 38 (1982):3-4.

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After his father's death, Edmund initially leased the entire plantation to his stepmother, Ruth Beakes, the daughter of Mahlon Stacy, but, in 1713, he sold her the property outright. By the end of the next year, Ruth had also purchased from Thomas Lambert II 100 acres adjoining the first 100-acre tract to the south, thereby uniting the two parcels under single ownership. These combined properties would afterwards be known as the "Ferry Plantation" and included the lands east of the Delaware River between the modern alignment of U.S. Route 1 on the north and Federal Street to the south. Although the Ferry Plantation extended some distance to the east of modern South Broad Street (known historically as the Trenton-Whitehorse Road), the bounds of the Trenton Ferry Historic District generally correspond with that portion of the Ferry Tract situated to the west of this important early roadway.

In 1714, Mahlon Stacy, Jr. sold the 800-acre core of his father's Trenton property tract to William Trent, a prominent and very wealthy Philadelphia merchant. It was Trent who took the first steps toward turning the small cluster of homes in the neighborhood of Stacy's gristmill into a thriving, well-organized town and it was, at least in part, traffic along the lane to the ferry and the overland route to New York which provided the impetus for its development. A survey map (Figure 1) prepared in connection with the sale shows "R. Beakes House" on the north side of the "Ferry Road." Two secondary buildings are shown on the southern side of Ferry Road opposite the Beakes House. Importantly, this early map shows that the alignment of modern Ferry Street more or less corresponds to the 18th-century course of Ferry Road.

In 1718, Ruth Stacy Beakes and her new husband, Samuel Atkinson, sold the Ferry Plantation to William Trent.⁸ In 1725, after William Trent's death, James Trent, William's son and primary heir, petitioned for a license from the Governor to operate a ferry at Trenton Falls. Consent was received and a patent was bestowed giving James exclusive use of the eastern shore of the Delaware, extending for two miles above and two miles below the falls.⁹ James Trent operated the ferry until 1729, when he conveyed his father's entire estate, including the Ferry Plantation and the ferry patent, to William Morris "of the Island of Barbados." Four years later, Morris conveyed the same properties to George Thomas, Gentleman, of the Island of Antigua and future Lieutenant Governor of the Colony of Pennsylvania. The deed for the ferry patent included "wharfs, boats, hooks, chains, oars and other things." A survey of the property (Figure 2) dating from Thomas's period of occupancy shows a storehouse and the ferry wharf located near what would later become the foot of Ferry Street.

⁵ West Jersey Deed DD:177.

⁶ West Jersey Deed DD:375.

⁷ Jesse R. Turk, New Jersey in the Nineteenth Century: Significance of Location in the Historical Geography of a City, (PhD diss., Columbia University, 1964); Ian Burrow and Richard Hunter, "Pretty Village to Urban Place: 18th Century Trenton and Its Archaeology," *New Jersey History* 114 (Fall/Winter 1996):32-52.

⁸ West Jersey Deeds D:378 and D:379.

⁹ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929: Two Hundred and Fifty Years of a Notable Town with Links in Four Centuries, (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1929):263.

¹⁰ West Jersey Deeds D:382 and 386.

¹¹ West Jersey Deed DD:336.

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During the mid- and late 18th century, the day-to-day operation of the ferry was rarely undertaken by the owner of the ferry patent. For most of the period in which it was in existence, the right to operate the Trenton Ferry was leased. This was clearly the case by the time of George Thomas's tenure of the Trent properties. For example, Thomas Hooton, a former Trenton merchant, was keeper of the ferry in 1750. In 1753, George Thomas conveyed both the original Trent property and the Beakes plantation to Robert Lettis Hooper II. Hooper leased the ferry to Andrew Ramsey, "Inn keeper of New York." Prior to his acquisition of the ferry lease, Ramsey had held the rights to both the Long Island Ferry and the principal ferry between Manhattan and Brooklyn. His involvement with the Trenton Ferry indicates that it was on a par in terms of importance with these other ventures and is suggestive of its role in the local economy and transportation network.

Ramsey was the first to incorporate the ferry into a larger enterprise that included a regularly operating stage line running between the ferry and New Brunswick as well as a boat service between Philadelphia and Trenton. After 1756, John Butler of Philadelphia, working in tandem with others, instituted a coordinated stage/ferry/boat service that carried passengers between Philadelphia and New York via Trenton and Perth Amboy. By utilizing Butler's service, travelers could make the arduous hundred-mile trip between the two cities in less than two days. 15

Exactly when the first tavern or "ferry house" was erected at Trenton Ferry remains unknown but, in 1754, George Burns advertised that he had opened a house of entertainment at the ferry "where Gentlemen, Travelers and others, who will please to favor him with their company, may depend upon meeting with as good Entertainment, both for themselves and Horses as at any Publick House between Philadelphia and New-York." Soon after, it was operated by a George Marshall. After the erection of the tavern, the term "Trenton Ferry" came to mean more than simply the ferry service itself, and began to be used to identify the place. The innkeeper and others often gave their addresses in the Philadelphia newspapers as being at or from "Trenton Ferry."

In 1770, Robert Lettis Hooper advertized for sale "The noted patent ferry called TRENTON FERRY, in the county of Burlington, and province of New Jersey, with the boats, flats, &c, thereto belonging, together with 442 acres of land adjoining." The buyer was Daniel Coxe, fifth in a long line of Daniel Coxes extending back to the earliest

¹² William Nelson, Extracts of American Newspapers, Relating to New Jersey, Vol. II 1740-1750 (Paterson: The Press Printing and Publishing Co., 1895):78-79 and 679.

¹³ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 296.

¹⁴ William Nelson, Extracts of American Newspapers, Relating to New Jersey, Vol. III 1751-1755 (Paterson: The Press Printing and Publishing Co., 1897):265-266.

¹⁵ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 254.

¹⁶ Nelson, Extracts of American Newspapers, Relating to New Jersey, Vol. III 1751-1755, 352, 353-354.

¹⁷ Charles S. Boyer, Old Inns and Taverns in West Jersey (Camden: Camden County Historical Society, 1962):67.

¹⁸ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 264.

¹⁹ William Nelson, Extracts of American Newspapers, Relating to New Jersey, Vol. VIII 1770-1771 (Paterson: The Press Printing and Publishing Co., 1905):159.

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days of the colony of West New Jersey	Cove a licensed attorney and West Jersey Provincial Counselor resident	ed

days of the colony of West New Jersey. Coxe, a licensed attorney and West Jersey Provincial Counselor, resided in Trenton, and within three years of his purchase of the ferry tract, leased it to Rensselaer Williams, a Trenton tavern keeper who relocated from the Royal Oak Inn to premises at Trenton Ferry. By May 1776, Thomas Janney had taken over the lease for the ferry and its associated 200-acre farm property.²⁰

Daniel Coxe V, a steadfast Tory, owned the Ferry Plantation through the first tumultuous years of the American Revolution. Coxe's property not only commanded the ferry crossing, but also overlooked the highest point at which the Delaware was navigable. Just as any army crossing the river would have to pass over Coxe's property, or go some distance out of its way to avoid detection, anyone coming up the river would also have to disembark inconveniently downstream or pass beneath the gaze or guns of those occupying it. Unsurprisingly, it did not take long for the American Revolution to arrive at the doorstep of Daniel Coxe's ferry house.

After a series of defeats in New York and northern New Jersey in the late summer of 1776, the American forces retreated steadily southward over the course of the fall. News of the imminent arrival of the Continental Army and their British pursuers reached Trenton early in December of 1776. Continental forces began scouring the river to collect and confiscate all of the available boats. These vessels would be used to transport Washington's army across the river to safer positions in Pennsylvania. They would then be destroyed or placed under guard to prevent them from falling into British hands (which would thereby permit British General Cornwallis's army to cross the river in pursuit). By December 6, large numbers of refugees were crossing the Delaware River into Pennsylvania amidst scenes of confusion, making use of boats stationed at Beatty's Ferry (situated just north of Trenton, near the site occupied today by the Calhoun Street bridge) and Coxe's Trenton Ferry.²¹ On December 8, the British forces entered the town just as the final contingents of the Continental Army were escaping down Ferry Street and across the Delaware in boats. British troops moving down Ferry Street in pursuit came under cannon fire from Continental batteries entrenched on the Pennsylvania bank.²²

²⁰ Frederick W. Ricord and William Nelson, *Documents Relating to the Colonial History of the State of New Jersey 1767-1776:*Administration of Governor William Franklin: 1767 - 1776 (Newark: Daily Advertiser Printing House, 1886):225-226; William Nelson *Extracts of American Newspapers, Relating to New Jersey, Vol. IX 1772-1773* (Paterson: The Press Printing and Publishing Co., 1916):84; Kurt R. Kalb et al., "An Urban Ferry Tale,":3.

William M. Dwyer, The Day is Ours! (New York: The Viking Press, 1983):90.
 William S. Stryker, The Battles of Trenton and Princeton (Cambridge: The Riverside Press, 1898):28.

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On the opposite side of the river, rebel forces took up defensive positions at all possible crossing points between Dunk's Ferry to the south and Coryell's Ferry to the north. Earthworks were thrown up at each potential crossing point. Components of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey militias were tasked with defending the shore between Yardley's Ferry and Bordentown. On the west bank of the Delaware, directly opposite Trenton, substantial artillery batteries were emplaced so as to include the William Trent House and the Trenton Ferry crossing within their field of fire. ²³

The Hessian picket at the old ferry tavern, premises formerly kept by Rensselaer Williams (at this time kept by Thomas Janney), was composed of one commissioned officer, five non-commissioned officers and 22 men. The guards posted near the river bank were forbidden to show themselves in the daytime, as whenever they did so in any numbers, the Americans fired at them from a battery on the Pennsylvania side of the river. The strategic importance of the Trenton Ferry to the two armies provides additional confirmation of the significance of the ferry within the colonial transportation network.

On December 18, 1776 the American forces launched an early morning raid across the river. Forty men crossed the river under darkness and the protective cover of the Continental artillery batteries to plunder and burn a house below the Trenton Ferry. Daniel Coxe's ferry house had been under constant threat of bombardment since the British and Hessians occupied the town. It stood well within the range of the cannons on the opposite shore and, although the guards were keeping a low profile, was garrisoned at all times by the Hessian detachment posted to protect the ferry crossing. It was only a matter of time before serious harm befell the ferry house (while many of Coxe's other properties in town were similarly at risk having been taken over by the Hessian occupying force). On December 18, Daniel Coxe's luck ran out.

An account of one of the American soldiers who crossed the river on that day reads thus:

"About the Beginning of December 1776 he was ordered across the River Delaware to the Trenton side, and to attack a Hessian Picquet posted there that he distinctly observed Hessians on their return to the Post set Fire to the ferry House, the property of Daniel Coxe, which was totally consumed." ²⁵

On August 1, 1778 an inquisition was held which found that Daniel Coxe did "on or about the 9th day of April in the year of Our Lord 1778 join the Army of the King of Great Brittan + did openly + publically aid and Abett the said

²³ Ibid. 30

²⁴ David C. Munn, Battles and Skirmishes of the American Revolution in New Jersey, (Trenton: Bureau of Geology and Topography, Department of Environmental Protection, 1976); Kalb *et al.* "An Urban Ferry Tale," 3; Susan Maxman Architects, The William Trent House, Trenton, New Jersey, Historical Documentation and Strategic Planning Study (Trenton: William Trent House, 1997):A.3-45.

²⁵ Susan Maxman Architects, The William Trent House, A.3-59.

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army by acting as a magistrate of the Police of the Citty of Philadelphia." Coxe's properties in New Jersey were soon confiscated and, in 1779, the Commissioners of Forfeited Estates of Burlington County advertised for sale the Trenton ferry property "containing upwards of 300 acres of land, a good house and barn etc, with two orchards...." This parcel was purchased by Hugh and Sarah Runyon and, within the space of three days, conveyed to George Campbell, a prominent Philadelphia attorney, who maintained the Ferry Plantation as a rental entity.²⁶

In 1797, Peter Howell and Amos Howell advertised that the "Trenton Old Ferry has been kept by them for some time past and is still maintained by them."27 Around this time, Ferry Street began to be dotted with inns and taverns catering to the needs of travelers seeking a comfortable bed, a warm meal, drinks or simply a place to pass the time while waiting for a connecting boat or stage. One of the most historically significant became the "Eagle Tavern" which stands on the northwest corner of the intersection of South Broad Street and Ferry Street. Originally constructed in the mid-1760s by the Waln family as a private residence, the brick building was apparently in use as a tavern by the second decade of the 19th century and was enlarged in the 1820s or 1830s. The tavern functioned as an unofficial political center for Nottingham Township and later as the polling place for Trenton's Third Ward. Archaeological investigations undertaken in the rear yard of the tavern in the late 1980s and in 2005 identified archaeological deposits with the potential to provide significant information concerning the 19th century tavern life. Additionally, significant archaeological remains associated with James Rhodes's stoneware pottery, in operation from 1778 until 1784, were identified in the course of these investigations. Technically sophisticated, relatively few stoneware potteries existed in the American colonies during the 18th century and even fewer have been subjected to archaeological investigation. Analysis of waster sherds and kiln furniture fragments, in combination with archival study, indicate that Rhodes operated not only this pottery but also an immediate precursor owned by William Richards on the nearby Lamberton waterfront just south of the Trenton Ferry Historic District.²⁸

Most of the north/south running streets in the Trenton Ferry Historic District were laid out as extensions of the streets of Lamberton, a settlement to the south of the Trenton Ferry Historic District which had been established by the Lambert and Cadwalader Families in the 1760s and 1770s. The area to the north of the Trenton Ferry Historic District bounded roughly by Ferry Street, South Broad Street and the Assunpink Creek was known as Bloomsbury. Bloomsbury's streets were laid out at approximately the same time as those in the Trenton Ferry District but they did not line up exactly with those of the Trenton Ferry District resulting in the competing street grids intersecting in odd angles along a "fault" line roughly defined by Ferry Street.

In 1798, construction began on the first New Jersey State Prison. Located on a lot adjacent to, but outside of the bounds of the historic district, the prison would prove to be a significant factor in the development of the landscape

²⁶ West Jersey Deed A-K:557; Kalb et al. "An Urban Ferry Tale," 3-4.

²⁷ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 268-269.

²⁸ Rebecca White *et al.*, A Historical Account and Archaeological Analysis of the Eagle Tavern, City of Trenton, Mercer County, New Jersey (2005); Hunter Research, Inc., Archaeological Data Recovery Excavations and Monitoring, New Jersey Route 29, City of Trenton, Mercer County, Archaeological Data Recovery, Volume III, Historical Archaeology of the Lamberton/South Trenton Riverfront (forthcoming).

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and economy of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. Construction of the prison was overseen by Jonathan Doan, the architect/master builder from Bucks County, Pennsylvania who is most famous for directing the construction of the New Jersey State House in the early 1790s.²⁹ In 1798, most likely in order to facilitate his work at the prison, Doan purchased with his own funds from Peter Hunt a lot of ground on the east side of Federal Street within the Trenton Ferry Historic District. On this lot he erected a private residence which still stands at 508 Ferry Street.

The construction between 1804 and 1806 of the first bridge across the river at Trenton led to the rapid decline of the Trenton Ferry. The Trenton bridge was the most southerly bridge on the Delaware River and captured most of the traffic that the ferry had previously enjoyed. In 1805, the ferry house was advertised for sale along with other adjacent dwellings and lots.³⁰ Although the Trenton Ferry stopped operating well before the end of the first decade of the 19th century, the ferry landing continued to be an important transshipment point for boats participating in trade between Trenton and Philadelphia. With the end of ferry operations, the area at the foot of Ferry Street became known popularly as Bloomsbury Landing.

Because of its close proximity to the center of Trenton, Bloomsbury Landing soon emerged as a desirable stopping point for Delaware River craft servicing Trenton. John Fitch brought steamboat service to Bloomsbury Landing in 1790, making it the northern terminus of the world's first successful steamboat line. By 1809, John A. Stevens' steamboat *Phoenix* had instituted regular service between Trenton and Philadelphia landing at a wharf near the riverfront terminus of Ferry Street. A typical trip from Trenton to Philadelphia took the ship three hours to complete; returning upstream was much slower, requiring up to five hours. Although there are no above-ground links to the steamboats of Fitch and Stevens within the bounds of the Trenton Ferry Historic District other than an early 20th-century stone monument at the former location of the foot of Ferry Street and the conjectured survival of buried archaeological remains associated with the wharves at which the steamboats once called, the introduction of steamboat service to Trenton was a significant milestone in maritime history as it represents the earliest commercial use of steamboats and a revolution in the fields of technology and invention.³¹

Just prior to the start of the War of 1812, another important individual installed himself on the riverfront of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. This was Benjamin Fish, who controlled a line of vessels operating between Trenton and Philadelphia. During the war, in 1813, Fish became a partner in the Philadelphia-based merchant firm of Hill, Fish and Abby. The establishment of this business proved timely, as the British soon took control of Sandy Hook and sealed off entry into the Port of New York. Fish took advantage of the situation by running cannon, ordnance and supplies up the Delaware from Philadelphia to a landing just south of the foot of Ferry Street and then, by means

31 Ibid., 229, 236.

²⁹ Zara Cohan, History of the State House (Trenton: New Jersey State Library, 1979); John O. Raum, *History of the City of Trenton* (Trenton: W.T. Nicholson & Co. 1871):258-263.

³⁰ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 269.

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of 40 Conestoga wagons, transported his cargo to New Brunswick. From there, the goods could be shipped by means of the Raritan to New York City and northern New York State without interference from the British.³²

Fish parlayed his war profits along with money made in the lumber and coal business (with much of this activity taking place at the foot of Ferry Street) into a substantial ownership stake in the Union Steamship Line, the steamboat enterprise of James A. Stevens. Founded by Stevens and two of his brothers, the company offered steamboat service from Philadelphia to Trenton along with overland stage transportation from Trenton to New Brunswick and, later, New York City.³³

Although not its direct heir, the Union Line was certainly the successor to the Philadelphia to New York stage service of the 1750s and managed to control a considerable share of the now much larger volume of traffic over the same route. This is not to say that the Union Line did not have its competitors on the Delaware as the boats of a number of other steamship lines also called at wharves near the foot of Ferry Street.³⁴

By the mid-1830s, the railroad had replaced the steamboat as the most modern and fastest mode of transportation. Anticipating these developments, the Stevens family strongly backed the newly formed Camden & Amboy Railroad. The railroad company and the Union Line shared many of the same investors (including Benjamin Fish) and coordinated their efforts to retain control over passenger and freight traffic between New York City and Philadelphia. Ultimately, the coming of the railroad led to a diminishment of the role of the Trenton Ferry Historic District as most traffic and freight diverted to the new mode of transportation and thus no longer passed over the wharves at Bloomsbury Landing or along Ferry Street.

Many important changes occurred within the Trenton Ferry Historic District during the 1830s and 1840s (Figure 3). True industrialization began to make its appearance in South Trenton and Lamberton following the construction in the 1830s of the power canal of the Trenton Delaware Falls Company (later known as the Trenton Water Power), the Delaware and Raritan Canal and the Trenton to Bordentown tracks of the Camden and Amboy Railroad. The power canal was constructed as an energy source for Trenton's growing industrial development. With the construction of this new hydropower system, the sections of the city immediately to the north, south and east of the Trenton Ferry Historic District became an attractive location for the founding of mills and other related industrial complexes. The archaeological remains of the Trenton Water Power [28Me109] are significant for their potential to inform about the engineering and design of this historically important example of a man-made hydropower system which contributed substantially to the industrial development of 19th-century Trenton. Archaeological investigations have documented

³² "A Railroad Veteran," *The Times* March 8, 1879; E.M. Woodward and John F. Hageman *History of Burlington and Mercer Counties* (Philadelphia: Everts and Peck 1883):700; Francis B. Lee, *History of Trenton, New Jersey* (Trenton: F.T. Smiley & Co 1895):298-299; "Trenton in Bygone Days," *Sunday Times-Advertiser*, July 8, 1928.

³³ John Stevens Collection 1808-1881 (Washington, D.C.: National Museum of American History): Box 1, Folder 5.

³⁴ Trenton Historical Society, *A History of Trenton*, 1679-1929:235-236; Bordentown Area Bicentennial Committee and Bordentown Historical Society, *Bordentown* 1682-1976 (Bordentown: Bordentown Historical Society 1977):60.

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cross sections of the Trenton Water Power in several locations outside the bounds of the Trenton Ferry Historic District but no investigations have taken place within its limits. Additional investigations could reveal details concerning the manner in which the Trenton Water Power interfaced with the urban fabric of the Trenton Ferry District and the construction and function of the reservoir which was situated to the north of Federal Street. The construction of the power canal facilitated the development of a substantial industrial complex to the south of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. The Delaware and Raritan Canal and the Camden and Amboy Railroad allowed these factories direct access to fuel and raw materials, as well as the ability to efficiently ship finished goods to markets up and down the east coast and beyond.

Within the historical context of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, the most important of these new factories were the rolling mills of the South Trenton Iron Company (later the Trenton Iron Company, the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company and the American Bridge Company) which were established immediately to the south of Federal Street in the mid-1840s. Hundreds of workers were needed to operate the plants and it was the ensuing influx of foundrymen, puddlers, carpenters, blacksmiths and laborers and their families that provided the impetus for the development of the residential blocks of the Trenton Ferry Historic District.

Numerous Irish workers moved into the Middle Delaware Valley to find employment building canals and railroads as Trenton began to industrialize in the 1830s and 1840s. There was also a steady flow of German immigrants into the Middle Atlantic region throughout the early 19th century, but this grew into a veritable wave in the 1850s and 1860s, especially following John A. Roebling's relocation of his wire rope manufacturing business into the city from western Pennsylvania in 1848. In Trenton, where Roebling remains a household name to this day, German management and skilled labor contributed mightily to the success of the city's wire rope factories, foundries, machine shops and breweries. In a similar vein, British immigration also continued into the Delaware Valley through much of the 19th century, with English-trained potters underpinning the rise of Trenton as the "Staffordshire of America," and other skilled British workers making their mark in the iron and steel industry and the engineering profession. Workers from all of these groups settled in the Trenton Ferry Historic District and spurred the continued construction of new homes and businesses (Figure 4). As a result of the development boom of the second half of the 19th century, horse trolley service was introduced to the Trenton Ferry Historic District with tracks extending down portions of Federal, Union and Lamberton Streets.

From 1688 until 1838, the Trenton Ferry Historic District was officially located within Nottingham Township in Burlington County. In the latter year, Nottingham Township was transferred to the newly formed Mercer County. Because of the explosive urban growth of Trenton, the area containing the Trenton Ferry District became the Borough of South Trenton in 1840 and was formally annexed to the City in 1851.³⁵

³⁵ John P. Snyder, *The Story of New Jersey's Civil Boundaries*, 1606-1968 (Trenton: Bureau of Geology and Topography, 1969):164.

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The need for workers' housing and the requisite accompanying public schools, churches, firehouses, taverns and stores drove construction on the vacant lots that extended between the various factories in what was still a partially undeveloped neighborhood. Entire blocks of row homes arose along the street frontages. "California Row" (136-148 Second Street), for example, was so named because its owner, James Birt, a local saloon keeper and political machine member, was believed to have acquired the money for its construction in the California Gold Rush. "Puddler's Row" [also known as "Chambers Row"] (545-565 Lamberton Street)," and "Helper's Row" (422-436 Ferry Street) were both constructed by the local contractor Robert Aitken to house workers from the Trenton Iron Company rolling mills. These surviving rows of mill workers' housing are particularly significant in that they were designed specifically to house workers and their families connected to a particular Trenton factory. Of simple frame construction and very modest size, they provide important insight into the lives of Trenton's 19th-century mill workers. The fact that they were historically identified by the job title of their intended occupants suggests that they represent tangible evidence of occupational hierarchy within the 19th-century American iron industry. "The state of the particular trenton industry."

Robert Aitken is believed to have been responsible for the construction of many of the houses in the historic district and is specifically known to have been the building contractor for John Notman's St. Paul's Episcopal Church (1848), one of the most architecturally sophisticated buildings within the district. He also built many of the larger industrial buildings in the city in the mid-19th century, including several for the Trenton Iron Company. Another local builder who was very active during the period was William Johnson who lived on Centre Street within the district and operated a carpenter shop adjacent to his home. Johnson is recorded as having erected many important buildings throughout the City of Trenton and played an important role in reshaping the landscape of South Trenton during the building boom of the mid-19th century. His largest surviving commission within the Trenton Ferry Historic District is the First Baptist Church, erected in 1859-60.³⁸

While much of the new construction was residential, Centre Street and, to a lesser degree, Lamberton Street did develop commercial aspects. But Ferry Street and, still more so, South Broad Street remained the primary focus of commercial activity. Although the Trenton Water Power passed directly through the Trenton Ferry Historic District, no water-powered mills or factories were located within its bounds. In fact, only a few commercial or industrial concerns of more than modest scale were actually situated within the district limits. The most important of these was the Adam Exton & Company bakery. In 1847 Lancashire immigrant Adam Exton began manufacturing the "Exton Premium Trenton Cracker," also known as "Exton Oyster and Butter Cracker and Wine Scroll Biscuit," Trenton's first oyster cracker. Exton capitalized on the popularity of oyster stews and conceived of the cracker to complement them.³⁹ The recently rehabilitated company's main factory and headquarters complex, adapted for residential use, still stands today at 242–246 Centre Street.

³⁶ "Irish-Catholics Who Contributed to the Life and Activities of the Third Ward Years Ago," *Trenton Sunday Times-Advertiser*, July 29, 1917.

³⁷ "Trenton in Bygone Days," Trenton Sunday Times-Advertiser, July 8, 1917.

³⁸ Ibid.

³⁹ Specialty Brands of America, O.T.C. History, http://www.sbamerica.com/OTC/otc.htm.

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In 1861 Exton patented a machine to mass-produce the cracker and began supplying them to the Union Army. 40 Adam Exton brought his brother John Exton and his son-in-law, William H. Brokaw into the business at about this time. The popularity of the Exton cracker resulted in the company winning a Medal of Honor and Diploma of Merit at the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition of 1876. 41 Adam Exton headed the company for forty-five years though control eventually passed to his heirs. 42 A. Exton & Company remained an independent company until 1962, when a competitor, the Original Trenton Cracker Company, purchased A. Exton & Company and merged the two companies' operations. 43 The cracker factory complex remains one of the principal historic architectural landmarks of the Trenton Ferry District today.

Adam Exton & Company also maintained salesrooms in the Dobbins Building at 483 South Broad Street. With its triangular footprint and prominent location, the Dobbins Building represents one of the major architectural landmarks of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. The three-story brick commercial building was erected by John P. Dobbins, an importer and liquor dealer, in the third quarter of the 19th century. In addition to the Exton Company, the Trenton newspaper, the *State Gazette*, is also known to have occupied portions of the building which were utilized for production and storage.⁴⁴

In response to Trenton's explosive southward-spreading residential growth in the 19th century, the construction of churches and schools and other civic infrastructure soon became a priority. The largest religious edifice in the Trenton Ferry Historic District is the already mentioned First Baptist Church of Trenton. The first church building was erected in 1805 at the northeast corner of the intersection of Bridge Street and Centre Street. The present building was erected in 1859-1860. Many of South Trenton's most prominent residents and historical figures are buried in the churchyard. In the 1960s, the tombstones were buried, but an accurate map and a list of tombstone inscriptions survives.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church was established on the west side of Centre Street between Furman and Federal Streets in 1848. The plan to construct an Episcopal chapel in South Trenton was first proposed in 1846 by George Washington Doane, the Episcopal Church's Bishop of New Jersey. However, it was not until 1848, that the Reverends Samuel Starr and Enoch Reed requested the prominent Philadelphia architect, John Notman, to provide estimates of "the probable expense necessary to enclose a suitable Church Edifice." Notman was undoubtedly chosen for the commission because of his relationship with Doane. The architect had already designed two buildings for Bishop

⁴⁰ Ibid.

⁴¹ David V. Abramson and Terry Karschner, An Inventory of Historic Engineering and Industrial Sites (Trenton: New Jersey Historic Preservation Office, 1978).

⁴² "A Bunch of Englishmen Who Helped to Put Mill Hill on the Map," Trenton Sunday Times-Advertiser, July 22, 1917.

⁴³ Specialty Brands of America, O.T.C. History.

⁴⁴ Lee, History of Trenton.

⁴⁵ Trenton Historical Society, A History of Trenton, 1679-1929, 418.

⁴⁶ Bishop Doane was the son of the same Jonathan Doan discussed above as the architect/builder of the New Jersey State House and the New Jersey State Prison.

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Doane, his home "Riverside" and the Chapel of the Holy Innocents at St. Mary's Hall, both in Burlington, New Jersey. Doane, a participant in the English and American Ecclesiastical movements, was attracted to Notman, as both a fellow member of the Episcopal Church and as an architectural practitioner well versed in the design of Anglican Gothic church buildings. He was also no stranger to Trenton, having recently completed substantial renovations to the New Jersey State House (1845) and been selected, or about to be selected, as the architect of Henry McCall's Italianate villa, "Ellarslie," and of the New Jersey State Hospital for the Insane. Although the church was still unfinished, services had commenced there by March of 1849. The building was not finally completed until 1851 when a steeple was added to the bell tower.⁴⁷

Although not known to be the design of a prominent architect, the Union Street Methodist Episcopal Church is another early religious building that stands within the bounds of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. This edifice, whose cornerstone was laid in 1851, stands on the east side of Union Street between Ferry and Steamboat Streets. The building is now occupied by the New Salem Baptist Church. In addition to churches, schools were also needed. In 1869, a public school building was erected within the bounds of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. This was the Union Street Public School, later renamed the Parker Elementary School (after a local teacher). The original building was replaced on the same site in 1938 with the present building. By 1881, St. John's Catholic School had been established on the west side of Lamberton Street between Furman Street and Bridge Street. This school catered mostly to immigrant families moving into Lamberton to make a living in the iron and steel works and the newly founded potteries.

During the final years of the 19th century and the early decades of the 20th century, Trenton's population changed from one dominated by residents of German, British and Irish extraction to one composed chiefly of newly immigrant southern and eastern Europeans. In 1890, roughly 11% of Trenton's immigrant population traced its origins to southern and eastern Europe. By 1910, this source area accounted for 56% of the city's immigrants; by 1920, the proportion was more than 70%. Newcomers entered via the ports of New York and Philadelphia; from 1892, most immigrants were processed through Ellis Island. The majority of Trenton's immigrants during this period sought work in the city's metalworking plants, potteries and rubber factories. The Italians were the largest late 19th/early 20th-century immigrant group. They are most famous for settling in the city's Chambersburg district, located in South Trenton to the east of the canal, but many also came to the Trenton Ferry District. In 1920, other Trenton immigrant groups exceeding 1,000 individuals were the Polish, Hungarian, Russian, Slovakian and Austrian communities, while smaller numbers of Romanians, Croatians, Slovenians, Serbs, Dalmatians, Greeks and Armenians were also present. The ethnic face of the Trenton Ferry Historic District changed as a result.

⁴⁷ Constance M. Greiff, John Notman, Architect 1810-1865 (Philadelphia: The Athenaeum of Philadelphia, 1979): 150-151.

⁴⁹ Trenton Restoration Works, The Mott School. National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (Trenton: New Jersey Historic Preservation Office, 1985).

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The early 20th century (Figure 5) also witnessed a dramatic alteration to the landscape. In 1903, the Pennsylvania Railroad constructed a massive stone bridge over the Delaware River. Prior to this date the railroad tracks had run down Bridge Street. The bridge construction project also involved elevating and straightening the railroad alignment through Bloomsbury. The new, elevated railroad tracks were constructed atop an embankment that tore through existing blocks, creating an immense physical barrier between Bloomsbury and the Trenton Ferry Historic District. The Pennsylvania Railroad bridge, a National Register-listed resource, still serves today as a key piece of engineering infrastructure on Amtrak's Northeast Corridor rail line. About this same time, the southern leg of the Trenton Water Power, including the reservoir above Federal Street and the entire portion of the trough within the Trenton Ferry Historic District, was filled in. This opened up a considerable amount of real estate to development that heretofore had been unavailable. Two new streets were laid out. Daymond Street actually came into existence slightly before the canal was filled, but Power Street was constructed directly atop its former alignment. It took only a couple of years before both streets were lined with blocks of new brick-built factory worker housing.

In 1915, construction began on the Trenton Municipal Wharf and Basin just south of the foot of Ferry Street. By the turn of the century, typical Delaware River steamboats had grown too large to navigate the shallow waters at the foot of Ferry Street and for a period of time all of Trenton's waterborne traffic was relocated to a new temporary wharf constructed at the foot of Lalor Street. This was somewhat inconvenient since Lalor Street was approximately a mile further away from downtown Trenton. Undertaken in connection with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Delaware River channel dredging project, the new municipal wharf and basin were constructed to once again provide for the delivery of passengers and freight by water to the foot of Ferry Street. The complex included bulkheading, wharves, a large basin and several buildings, as well as a rail link to the Camden and Amboy line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Creation of the basin involved the excavation of a large rectangular dock measuring 200 feet by 250 feet, extending perpendicular to the shoreline, immediately south of the main terminal and warehouse. The principal buildings at the facility comprised a terminal shed and warehouse, which were erected on piles and stood directly atop the wharf structure on the riverbank. 500

The revival of river traffic at the foot of Ferry Street lasted only into the early 1930s. At this point, the newly opened Trenton Marine Terminal, located at the northern end of Duck Island below Riverview Cemetery, began to receive most of the freight moving through Trenton by river. Passenger steamboat service and recreational use of the municipal wharf and basin continued for a few more years, but with minimal economic return.

Around the same time that the early 20th-century immigration reached its peak, the profits at many of Trenton's largest manufacturing concerns began to slip. In 1900, the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company plant at the foot of Cass Street came under the control of the American Bridge Company. The plant continued in operation, fabricating and assembling bridge parts, but it was no longer the hive of industry that it had once been. By the late 1920s, the rolling mill had been demolished and the manufacturing activity was much reduced. For many local businesses the stock market crash of 1929 was a deathblow from which they never fully recovered. During the early 1930s the

⁵⁰ Hunter Research, Inc., New Jersey Route 29 Section 10C, 11B, Volume III.

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Delaware and Raritan Canal gradually slipped out of existence. Since the 1870s, the canal had seen its profitability spiral ever downward. After 1900, the waterway never again made a profit, although it did see a brief increase in business during the First World War. In 1933, all commercial traffic on the canal ceased and, in the following year, its ownership was formally transferred from United New Jersey Railroad and Canal Company to the State of New Jersey. In 1936, the section of the canal within the limits of the City of Trenton was deeded to the City, which then commenced a Works Progress Administration project that entailed the filling in of the main trunk lying south of the junction of the Feeder Canal at Old Rose Street.

From the 1930s onward, Trenton became home to increasing numbers of African-Americans relocating from the southern states for better employment opportunities. African-American immigration into South Trenton was initially small, as the community maintained a relatively tightly knit and insular character. However, with increasing numbers of African-Americans making their home in the city overall, South Trenton soon also witnessed a diversification in the ethnic make-up of its population that included an African-American component. The 1950s and 1960s were generally a period of gradual decline as many long-term residents of South Trenton left the area for homes in the suburbs. During this same period most of Bloomsbury to the north of the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge was demolished to make way for new government office complexes and parking lots, leaving the Trenton Ferry Historic District and Lamberton to its south as the only surviving neighborhoods along South Trenton's riverfront.

By 1971, John Fitch Way, the forerunner of N.J. Route 29, had been extended south of the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge, cutting off Ferry Street from the waterfront. The ethnic make-up of the South Trenton residential community saw further change in the last quarter of the 20th century due to a growing influx of individuals of Hispanic background. Immigrants from Puerto Rico, Mexico and other Central American countries in recent years have come to form a sizeable part of the population in this section of the city.

South Trenton today is somewhat remarkable in its diverse ethnic composition, as descendants of mid-19th-century mill workers live side-by-side with African-Americans, whose grandparents arrived in the 1930s and 1940s, and with Hispanics who came in the final quarter of the 20th century. The Trenton Ferry Historic District survives as a window into Trenton's past. It provides both a tangible link to the early historical forces which helped foster the

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city's initial urbanization and also, as one of the city's best preserved 19th-century working class neighborhoods, gives a unique insight into Trenton's industrial past and into the daily lives of the people who toiled in its factories.

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

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See continuation sheet

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UTM References (cont'd)			
5. 18 520643 4450750 6. 18 520765 4450781 7. 18 520781 4450735 8. 18 520344 4450617 9. 18 520367 4450682		10. 18 520237 4450689 11. 18 520206 4450757 12. 18 520080 4450715 13. 18 520091 4450636 14. 18 519961 4450571	

Verbal Boundary Description:

Beginning at a point on the bulkhead line on the Delaware River on the southerly line of the Amtrak Northeast Corridor right of way, proceed along the bulkhead line south 622 feet to the southwestern corner of Block 66-E, Lot 106.

Proceed northeast along the southern boundary of Block 66-E, Lot 106 crossing over N.J. Route 29 approximately 590 feet to the eastern side of South Warren Street. Turn north and proceed approximately 310 feet along the eastern side of South Warren Street to a point in the northwestern corner of Block 66-A, Lot 65. Turn east and proceed a distance of approximately 390 feet along the northern boundary of Block 66-A, Lot 65 to a point on the eastern side of Union Street. Turn south and proceed approximately 320 feet to the northwestern corner of Block 65-F Lot 16. Turn east and proceed approximately 440 feet along the northern boundary of Block 65-F Lot 16 to the southwestern corner of Block 65-F Lot 139. Turn south and proceed 35 feet to the southwestern corner of Block 65-F Lot 88. Turn southwest and proceed approximately 350 feet along the boundary of Block 65-F Lot 16 to a point on the northern side of Federal Street. Turn east and proceed along the northern side of Federal Street in a straight line approximately 1,468 feet to the to the southeastern corner of Block 56-E, Lot 81.

Turn north and proceed approximately 120 feet along the rear of Block 56-E, Lots 81, 126, 23 and 127. Turn west and proceed approximately 320 feet, crossing Third Street and along the southern side of Farley Alley to the eastern side of Holly Alley. Turn north, crossing the United New Jersey Railroad Company alignment, and proceed approximately 265 feet to the northeastern corner of Block 56-B, Lot 39. Turn northeast and proceed approximately 35 feet to southeastern corner of Block 56-B, Lot 43. Turn north and proceed approximately 77 feet along the boundary of Block 56-B, Lot 43 to the southern side of Furman Street.

Cross Furman Street, approximately 50 feet, to the northern side of Furman Street. Turn east and proceed approximately 252 feet following the northern side of Furman Street to a point on the western side of South Broad Street. Turn northwest and proceed approximately 1,310 feet along South Broad Street to a point on the southerly line of the Amtrak Northeast Corridor right of way.

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

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Boundary Justification:

The boundaries of the Trenton Ferry Historic District generally reflect those of the western half of the "Ferry Plantation," a historically significant 18th century landholding. These property boundaries are appropriate for use in establishing the limits of the Trenton Ferry Historic District as they played an important role in defining the urban development of the area throughout the 18th and 19th centuries. Incongruities between the street plan and layout of the Trenton Ferry Historic District and those of the neighborhoods that historically existed to the north and south were rooted in these early 18th century property lines. The boundaries of the Trenton Ferry Historic District have been defined so as to encompass both the historically significant transportation corridor defined by Ferry Street as well as the broader 19th and 20th century urban landscape which later developed atop this portion of the Ferry Plantation.

Those parts of the Ferry Plantation which lay east of modern-day South Broad Street were excluded from the district because South Broad Street (The Trenton-Crosswicks Road) formed a significant historic boundary which divided the property roughly in half. This division was strengthened with the construction of the Delaware and Raritan Canal in the early 1830's. Some properties on the west side of South Broad Street were also excluded because of loss to historic fabric.

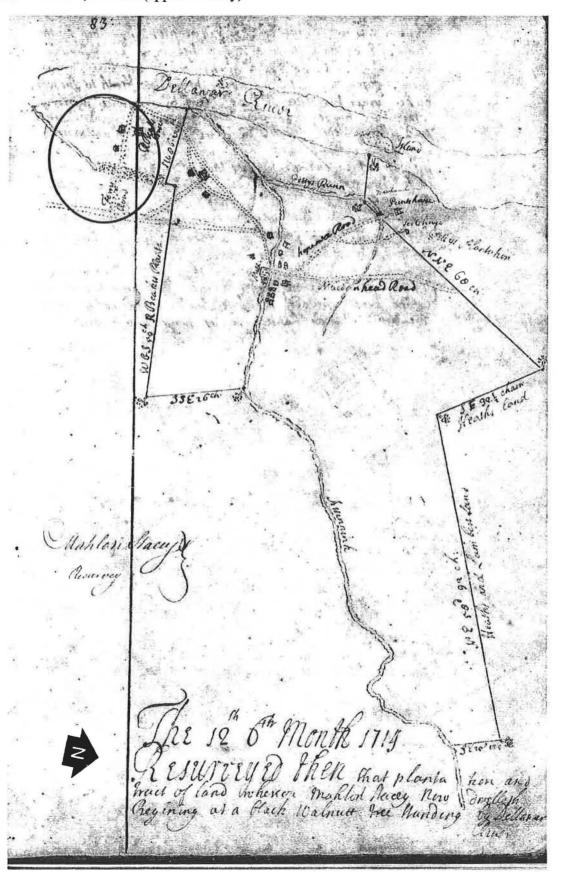
The northwestern boundary of the Trenton Ferry Historic District follows the southern embankment of the Amtrak Northeast Corridor. The right-of-way forms a clear line and barrier that separates the district from adjacent areas to the north. Portions of the boundaries of the original Ferry Plantation did extend north of the railroad embankment but all historic buildings in those areas were removed to facilitate the construction of parking lots and state government office buildings in the 1970s. The southwestern boundary of the Trenton Ferry Historic District follows the bulkhead line along the Delaware River southwest of N.J. Route 29. Although the modern alignment of New Jersey Route 29 represents an intrusion within the fabric of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, it is necessary to extend the boundary line west of the highway in order to encompass the site of the 18th century ferry landing which was integral to the historic development of the district as a whole. Despite the modern highway, sightlines from the location of the ferry landing up the urban corridor of Ferry Street still survive and preserve the relationship between the historic transportation corridor and the river. The riverfront portion of the district has also been included because it is likely to encompass significant archaeological sites such as former locations of steamboat wharves and storehouses.

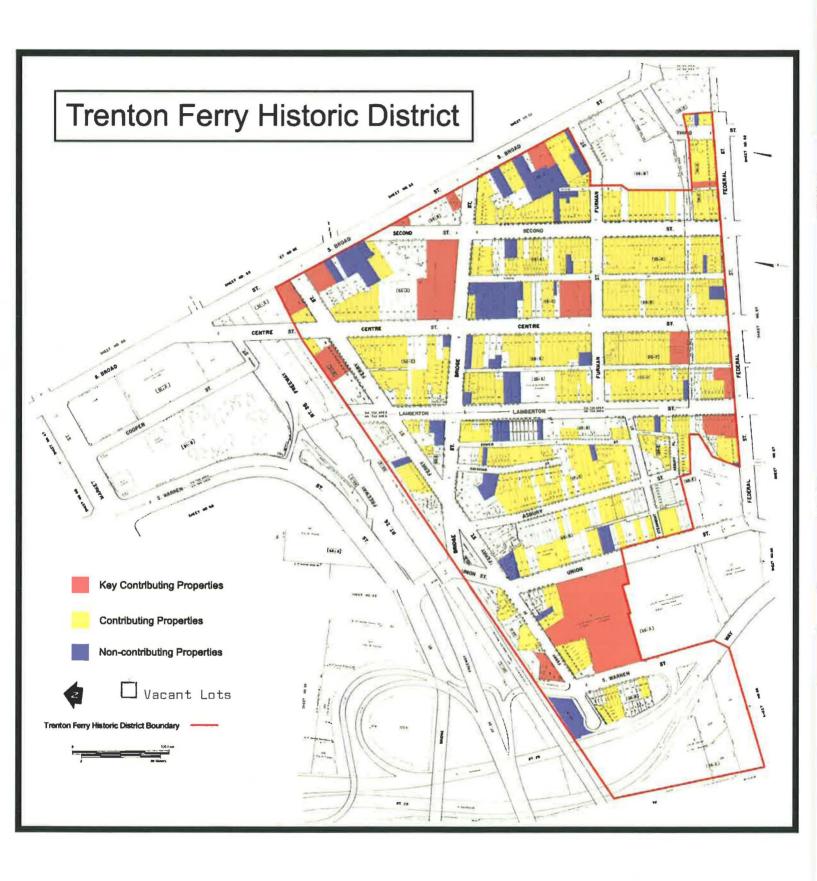
The northern curbline of Federal Street forms much of the southeastern boundary of the Trenton Ferry Historic District. Federal Street was laid out along a line which approximately represents the southern boundary of the Ferry Plantation. The district boundaries have been drawn so as to exclude several large non-contributing properties situated between Warren, Union and Federal Streets including the Kearny Houses and the Cooper Community Pool on Union Street.

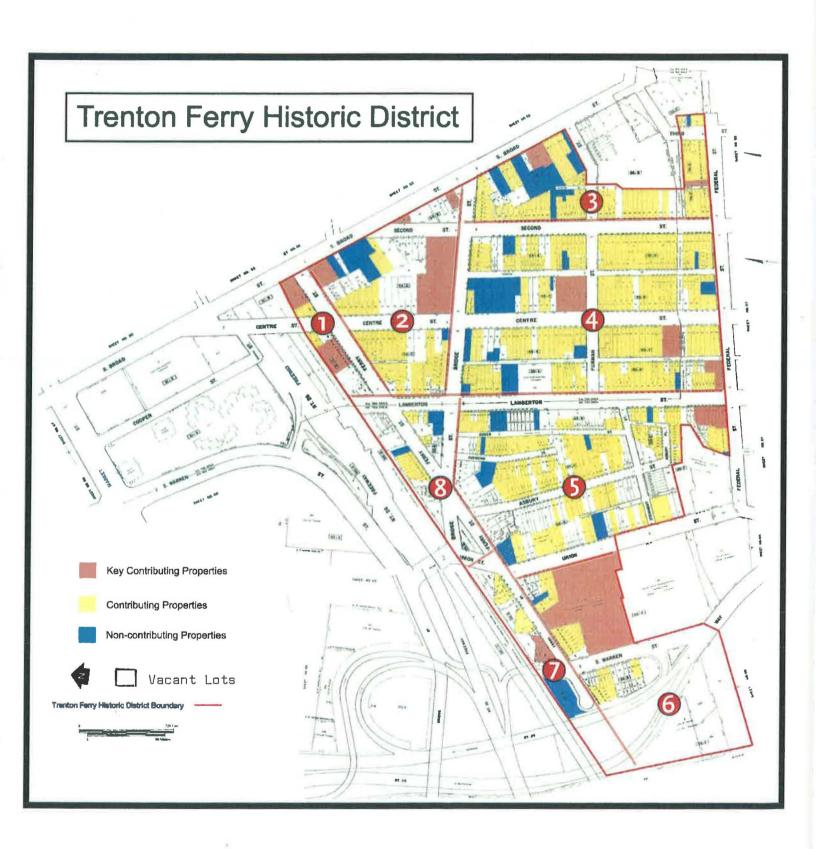
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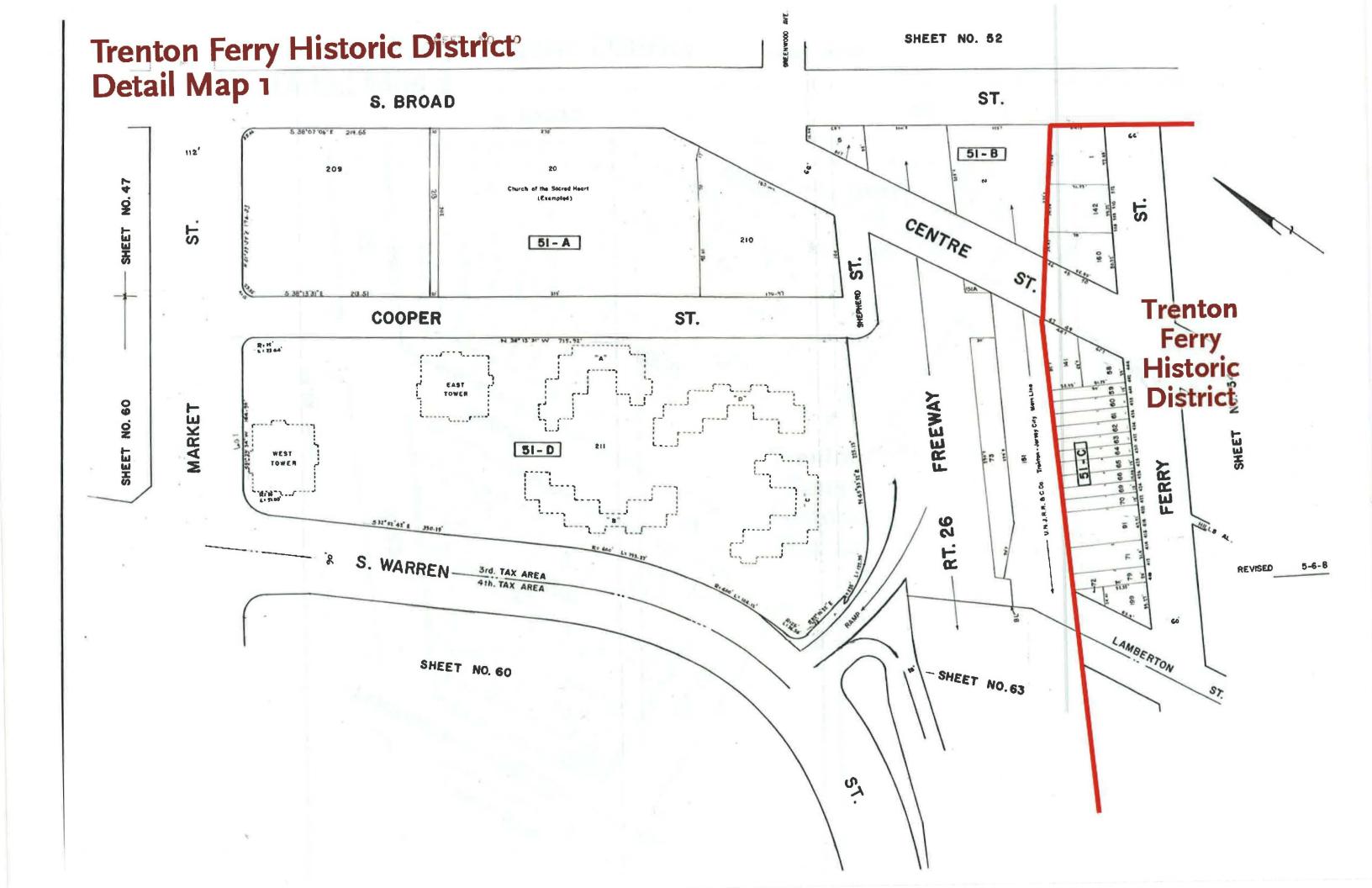
Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

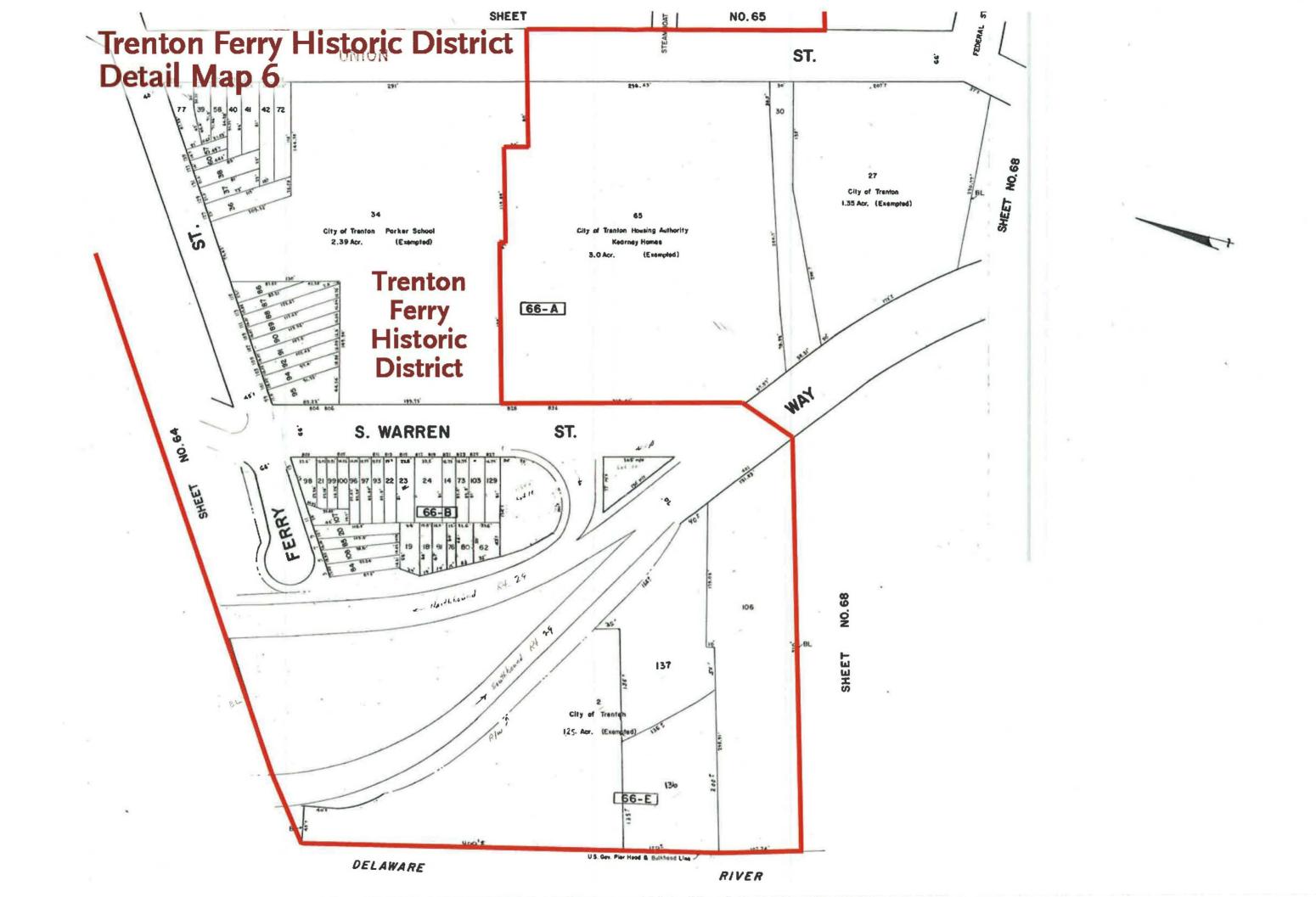
Figure 1. Mahlon Stacey's Resurvey. 1714. (Source: Basse's Book of Surveys). Location of historic district circled. Scale 1 inch: 1,400 feet (approximately).

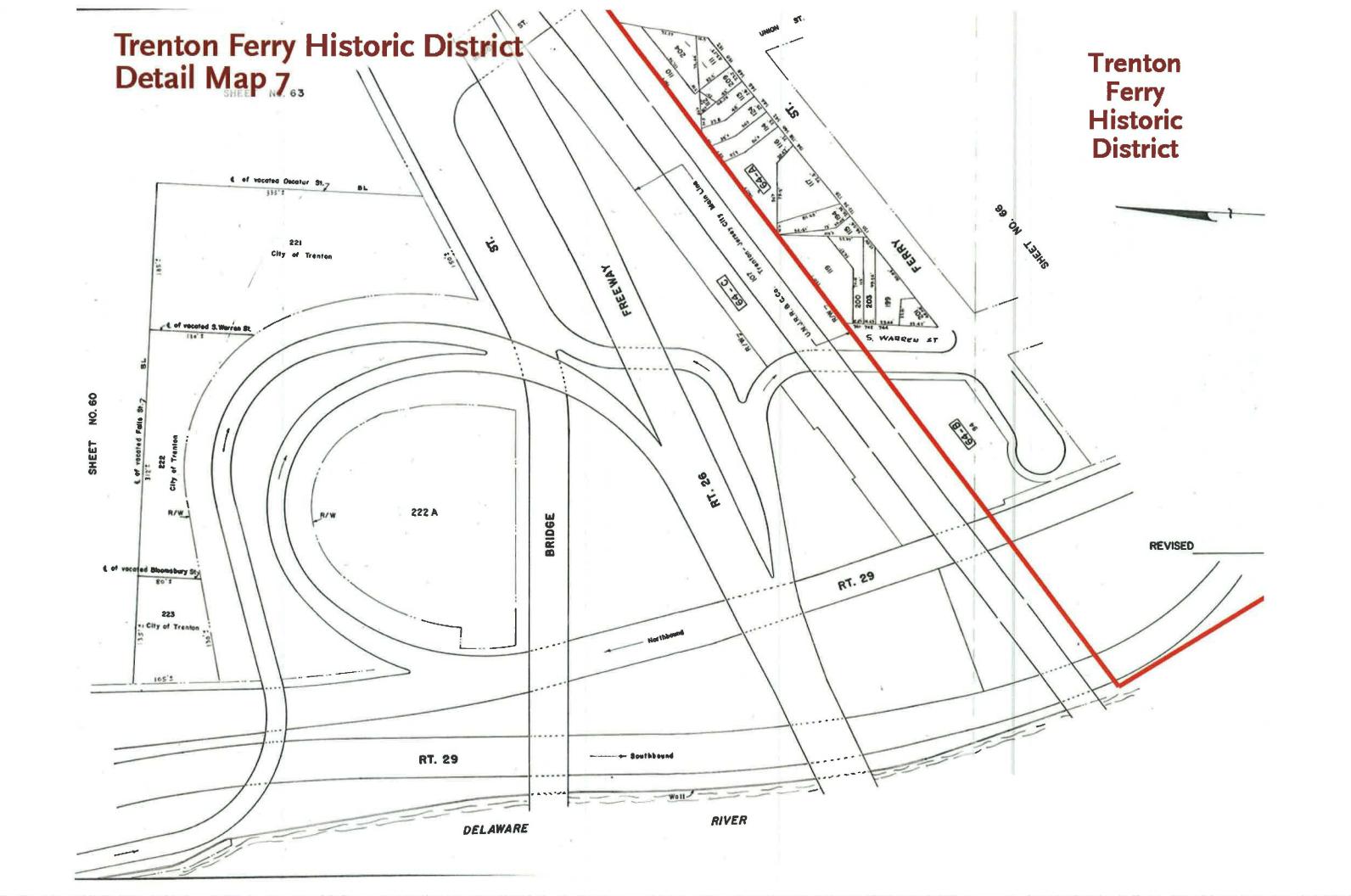


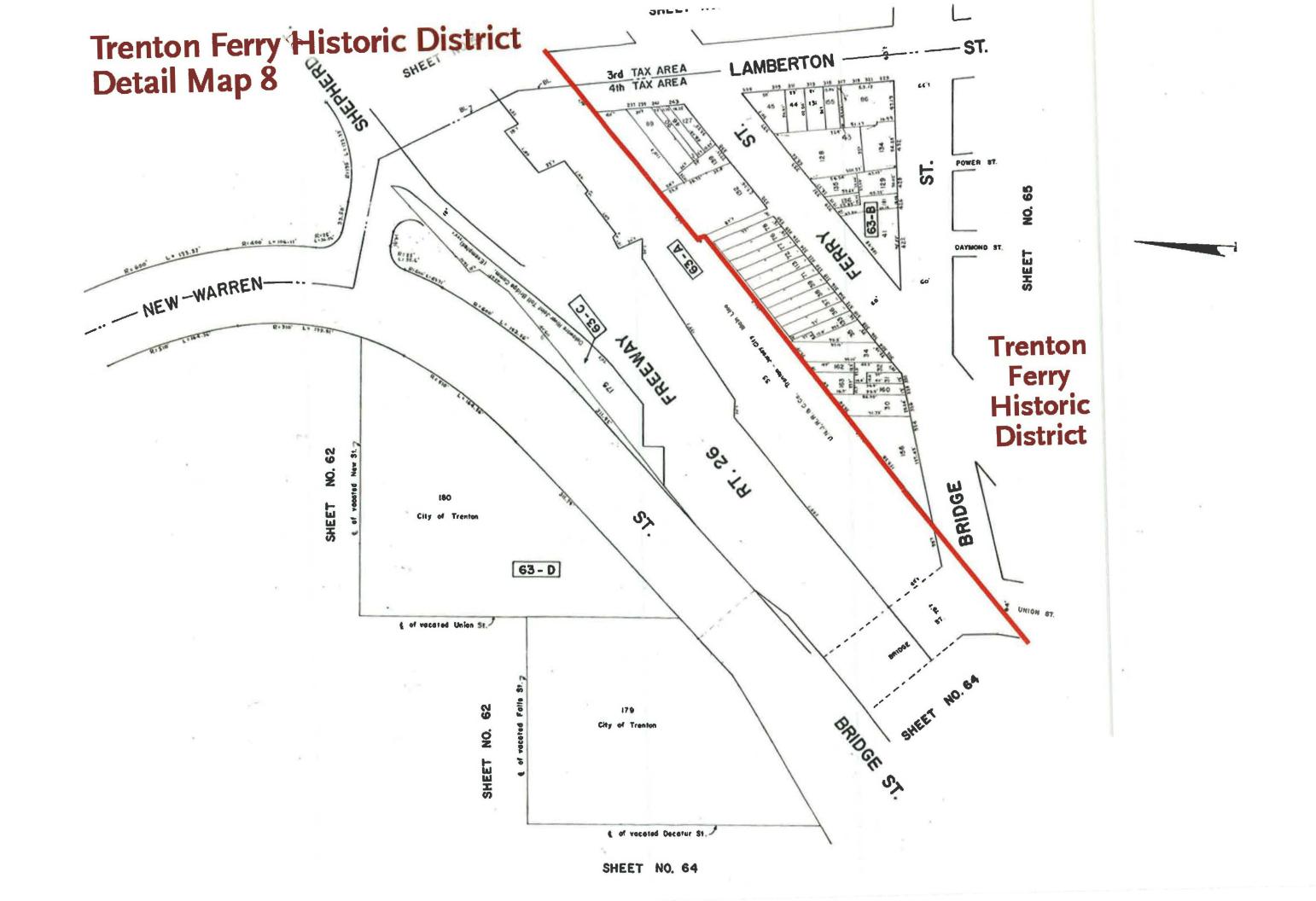


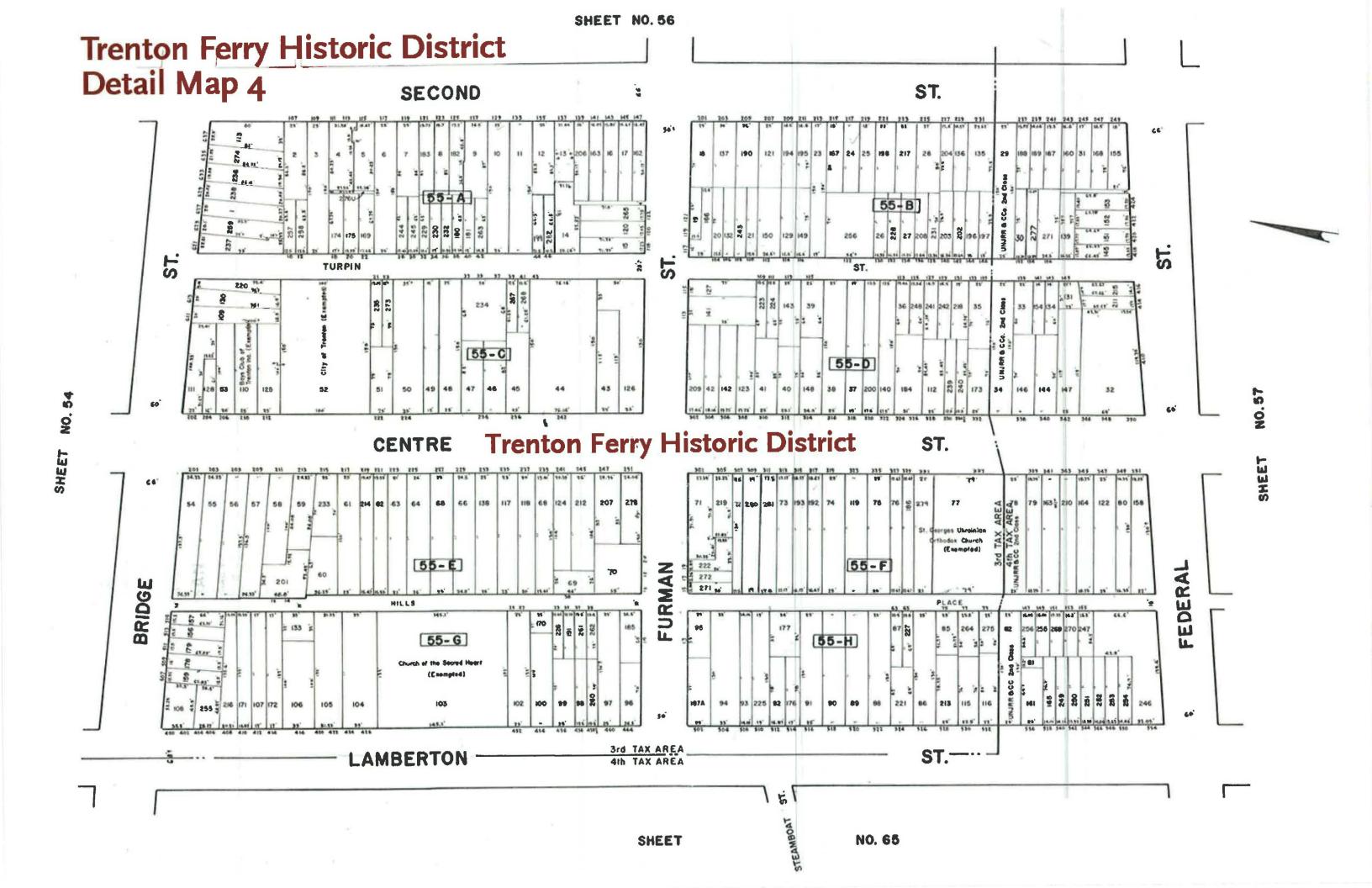


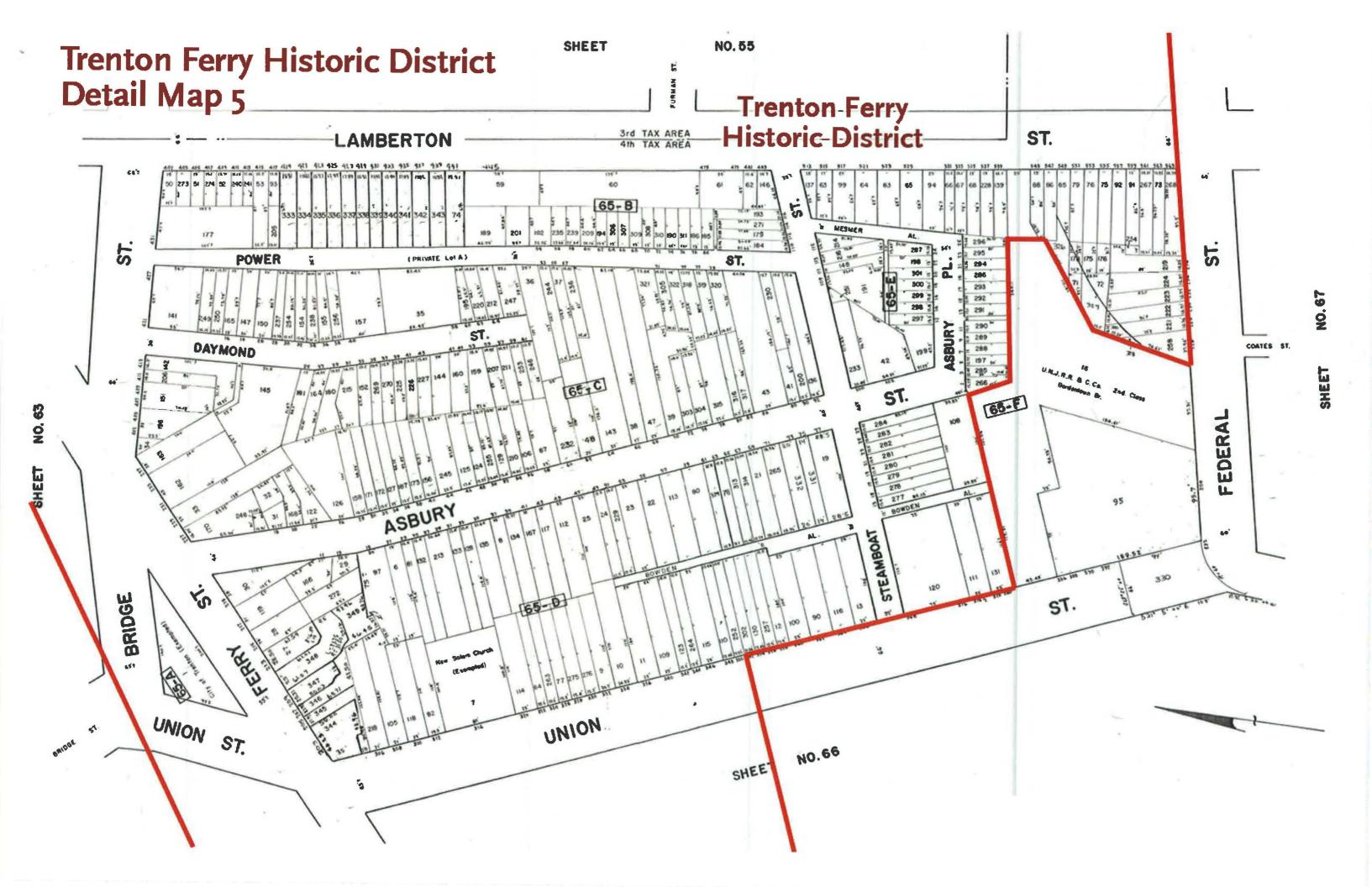


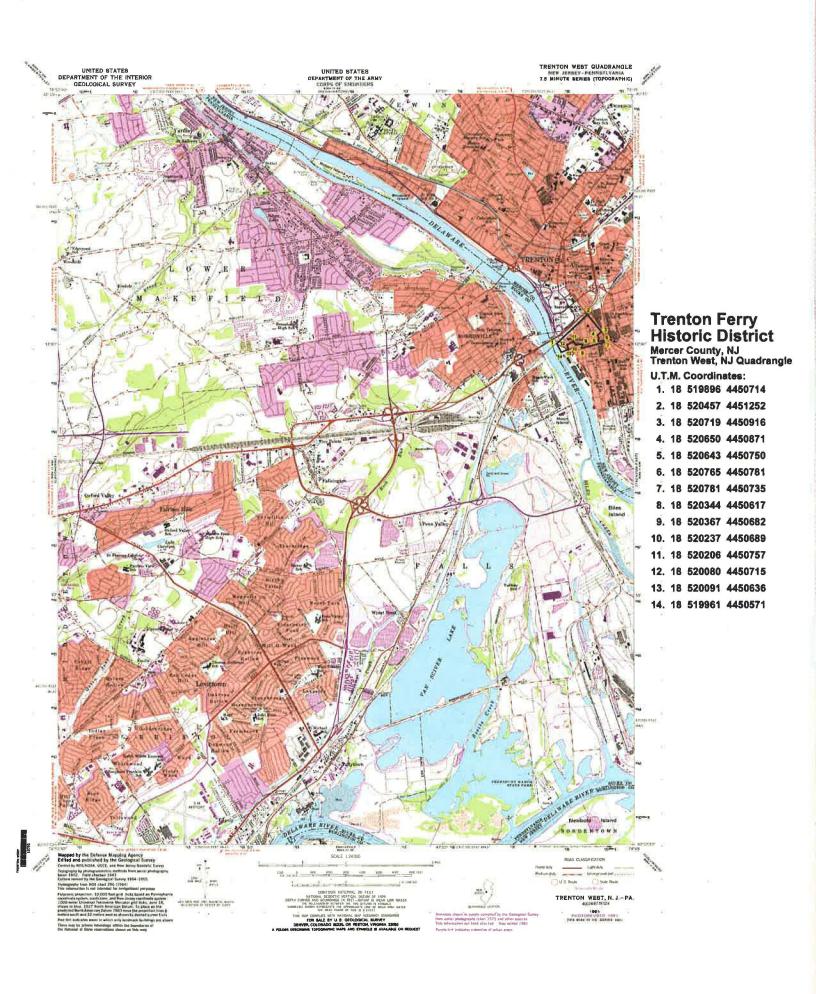






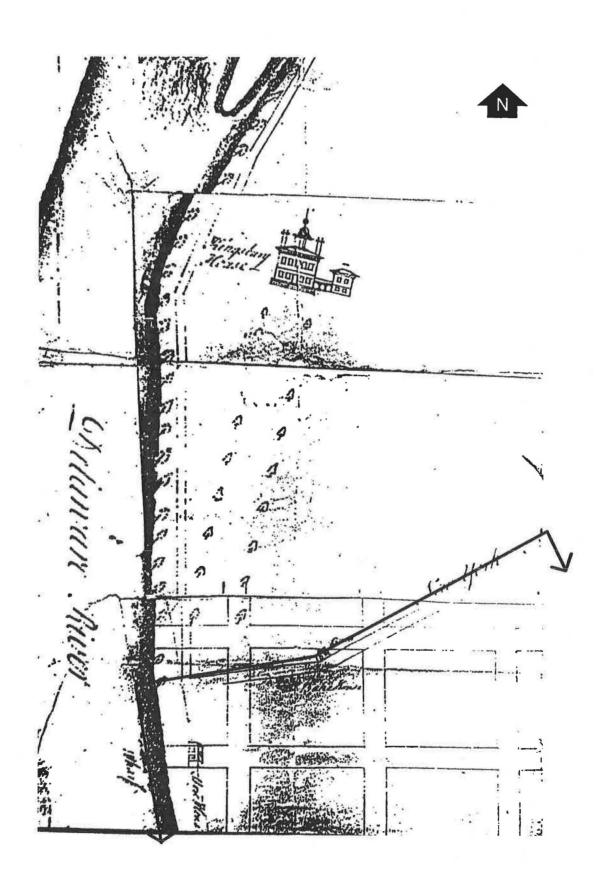






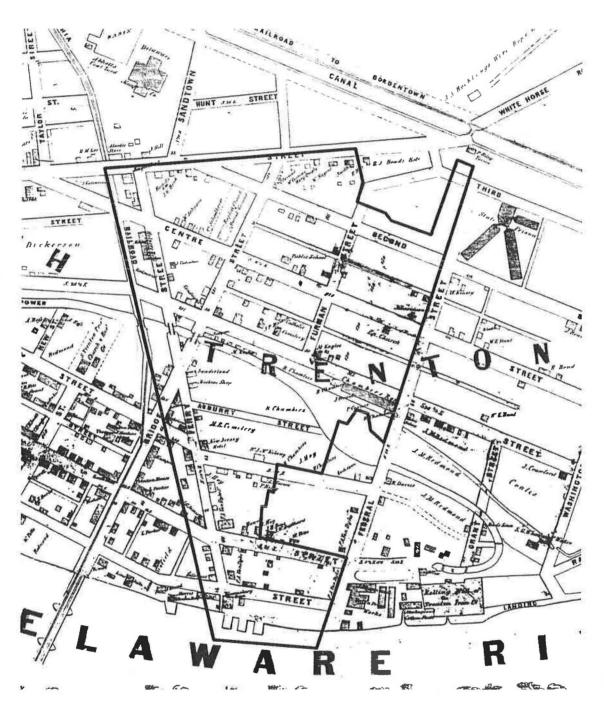
Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Figure 2. A Plan of the Front Part of Coll.Thomas' Estate in Kingsbury in West New Jersey. Circa 1750. Historic district limits outlined in red. Scale 1 inch:380 feet (approximately).



Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

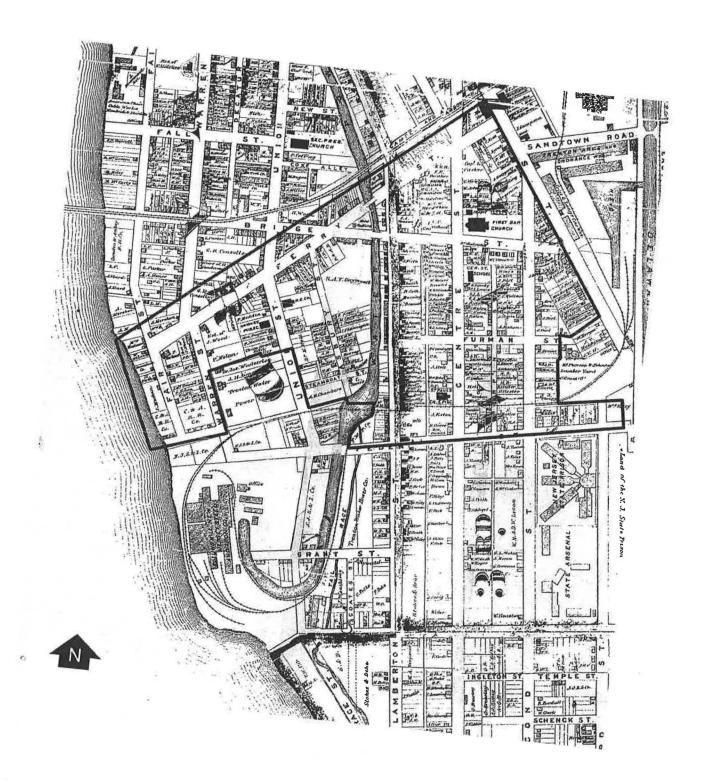
Figure 3. Sidney, J.C. Map of the City of Trenton, New Jersey. 1849. Historic district limits outlined in red. Scale 1 inch:550 feet (approximately).





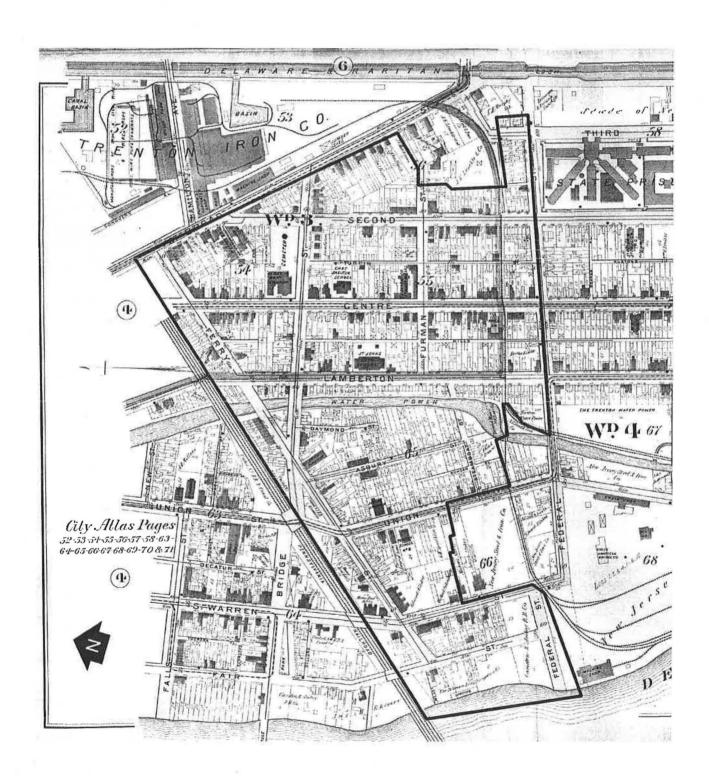
Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Figure 4. Beers, F.W. Map of the City of Trenton, New Jersey. 1870. Historic district limits outlined in red. Scale 1 inch:375 feet (approximately).



Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, New Jersey

Figure 5. Lathrop, J.M. Atlas of the City of Trenton and Borough of Princeton. 1905. Historic district limits outlined in red. Scale 1 inch:150 feet (approximately).



United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, NJ

List of Photographs

The following information is common to all photographs.

Property: Trenton Ferry Historic District, Mercer County, New Jersey

Photographer: Alison Haley Date of photographs: April 2012

Location of RAW images: Hunter Research, Inc., 120 West State Street, Trenton, N.J. 08608

- 1. Streetscape of South Broad Street along the northeastern edge of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, view facing south. Photograph shows 481-429 South Broad Street. The Eagle Tavern (429 South Broad Street) is at the right of view.
- 2. The Eagle Tavern (429 South Broad Street), view facing southwest.
- 3. The Dobbins Building (481 South Broad Street), view facing south.
- 4. City of Trenton Firehouse Engine #2 (503 South Broad Street), view facing northwest. South Broad Street is in foreground. The eastern terminus of Bridge Street appears at left of view.
- 5. Streetscape of Ferry Street at western end of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, view facing southeast. Photograph shows 101-115 Ferry Street.
- 6. Streetscape of Ferry Street near its intersection with Centre Street, view facing northwest. "Helper's Row" (422-436 Ferry Street) appears at middle of view.
- 7. The Parker School (117 Ferry Street), view looking southeast.
- 8. Streetscape of Bridge Street at eastern end of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, view facing southwest. Photograph shows 713-701 Bridge Street at the left of view.
- 9. 431 Bridge Street, view facing southeast. Bridge Street is in the foreground with northern terminus of Power Street at right of view.
- 10. Streetscape of Daymond Street, view facing south.
- 11. Streetscape of Asbury Street near its intersection with Steamboat Street, view facing southwest.
- 12. Streetscape of Lamberton Street near intersections with Furman Street and Steamboat Street, view facing southeast.

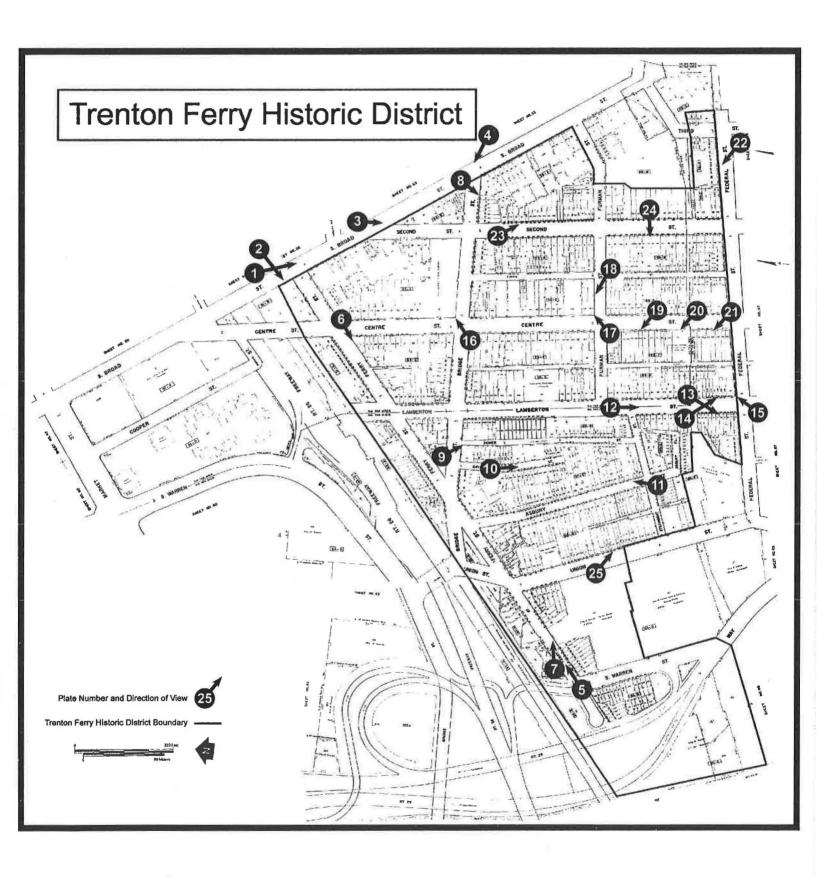
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Trenton Ferry Historic District Mercer County, NJ

- 13. "Puddlers' Row" (549-565 Lamberton Street), view looking southwest.
- 14. Streetscape of Lamberton Street north of its intersection with Federal Street, view facing southeast. 538-552 Lamberton Street appear at center of view.
- 15. "Charles Saab's Deer Hotel" (552 Lamberton Street), view facing northeast.
- 16. First Baptist Church of Trenton and Sunday School (128-140 Centre Street), view facing northeast.
- 17. Adam Exton & Co. Cracker Baker (242-248 Centre Street), view looking northeast from Centre Street.
- 18. Adam Exton & Co. Cracker Baker (242-248 Centre Street), view looking northwest from the intersection of Furman and Turpin Streets.
- 19. Streetscape of 311-327 Centre Street south of its intersection with Furman Street, view looking northwest.
- 20. View of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, now the Damascus Christian Church (337 Centre Street), view facing west.
- 21. Streetscape of Centre Street north of its intersection with Federal Street showing 339-345 Centre Street, view facing northwest. The tower of St. Paul's Episcopal Church is visible projecting above the trees at right of view.
- 22. Streetscape of Federal Street along the southeastern edge of the Trenton Ferry Historic District, view facing northwest. Photograph shows 502-510 Federal Street. Jonathan Doan House (508 Federal Street) is visible at center of view, set back from the street line.
- 23. Streetscape of Second Street north of Furman Street, view facing southeast. Photograph shows 138-154 Second Street is at left.
- 24. Streetscape of Second Street north of Federal Street, view facing west. Photograph shows 223-221 Second Street.
- 25. Streetscape of Union Street, view facing southeast. Showing relatively rare modern infill (344-346 Union Street) in the Trenton Ferry Historic District





















































UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION
PROPERTY Trenton Ferry Historic District NAME:
MULTIPLE NAME:
STATE & COUNTY: NEW JERSEY, Mercer
DATE RECEIVED: 4/19/13 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 5/17/13 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 6/03/13 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 6/05/13 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:
REFERENCE NUMBER: 13000355 REASONS FOR REVIEW:
REASONS FOR REVIEW:
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: Y SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WAIVER: N
ACCEPT VRETURN REJECT 6/5/13 DATE
A DOMENA CIT. (CLIMANA DAY, COMMENTES
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:
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ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS: Naps Corrected 6/24/13—accepted 108-architecture, archeology, Commerce, Cp od + rangentation local Coveds. 1704-1938 P.O.S.
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RECOM./CRITERIA $A, C, + D$
REVIEWER Jim Gabbert DISCIPLINE HITT
TELEPHONE DATE 6/24//3
DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N
If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



State of New Jersey

APR 1 9 2013

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

HPO Proj. #05-1874-7 Chrono #: C20

REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLOSE ARTIN

Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

NATURAL & HISTORIC RESOURCES

Office of the Assistant Commissioner MAIL CODE 501-03A

PO Box 420 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 609-292-3541/Fax: 609-984-0836

KIM GUADAGNO Lt. Governor

CHRIS CHRISTIE

Governor

March 4, 2013

Paul Loether, Chief National Register of Historic Places National Park Service Department of the Interior Washington, D.C. 20240

Dear Mr. Loether:

The enclosed folder contains a true and correct hard copy of the nomination for the Trenton Ferry Historic District, Mercer County, New Jersey.

This nomination has received majority approval from the New Jersey State Review Board for Historic Sites. All procedures were followed in accordance with regulations published in the Federal Register.

Should you want any further information concerning this application, please feel free to contact Daniel D. Saunders, Administrator, New Jersey Historic Preservation Office, Mail code 501-04B, P.O. Box 420, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420, or call him at (609) 633-2397.

Sincerely,

Rich Boornazian

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer