United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries

(Form 10-900a). Type all entries.	, g.					
1. Name of Property						
historic name Tillson Far	m Barn					
other names/site number						
2. Location						
street & number Warrenton	Road			NA not for publication		
city, town Glen Cove				X vicinity		
state Maine (code ME	county Kno	OX code	013 zip code 04846		
3. Classification						
Ownership of Property	Category	of Property	Number of R	esources within Property		
X private	X build	• •	Contributing	Noncontributing		
public-local	distri	• • •	1	buildings		
public-State	site			sites		
public-Federal	struc	ture		structures		
pablic r cacial	Objec			objects		
	00)60		1	0 Total		
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Name of related multiple proper	ty listing: N/A			ontributing resources previously		
	IV/ A		listed in the r	National Register 0		
4. State/Federal Agency Co	ertification					
Signature of certifying official Maine Historic Prostate or Federal agency and bur	meets does	ommission	onal Register criteria. S	11/5/90 Date /		
In my opinion, the property	meets does	not meet the Nati	onal Register criteria. LUS	ee continuation sheet.		
Signature of commenting or other	r official			Date		
State or Federal agency and bur	eau					
5. National Park Service Co	ertification					
I, hereby, certify that this proper	ty is:	/	Entered			
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the N Register. See continuation determined not eligible for th National Register.	 ational sheet	Spelons	Byen	1 Registes 12/18/80		
removed from the National F	legister					
		- TRina	rature of the Keeper	Date of Action		

Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) Vacant/Not in use				
Materials (enter categories from instructions)				
foundation Stone/Granite				
walls Wood/Weatherboard				
roof Asphalt				
other <u>Ornamental trusswork and</u>	f			
modillion block cornice				
	Materials (enter categories from instructions) foundation Stone/Granite walls Wood/Weatherboard roof Asphalt other Ornamental trusswork and			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Tillson Farm Barn is a long rectangular frame building with two cupolas, ornamental woodwork, and a shed addition along part of one side. It is sheathed entirely in weatherboards and rests on a granite block foundation.

Facing south, the focal point of the principal elevation is the large, two-leaf board-and-batten door mounted on a track and surmounted by a To its left at the southeast corner is a smaller board-and-batten door sheltered by a narrow hood. A pair of six-over-six double-hung windows framed by eared surrounds are located above the main door. These windows The gable peak features a truss whose horizontal and also have hoods. vertical members are chamfered and whose extension through the roof is detailed with sawn ornamentation and a turned cap. A pendant hangs below the Modillions decorate the raking cornice. The building's opposite gable end is identical except that it lacks the smaller door. Symmetrically mounted atop the roof ridge are two handsomely detailed cupolas with a pair of windows on each side separated by chamfered posts. A bellcast hip roof covers each cupola.

The long west side elevation is unbroken except for a narrow door and diamond pane window located, one above the other, at the northwest corner. By comparison, the east side features four small windows, two on each story, and the substantial shed addition. This latter component, which probably dates to the turn of the century, contains a number of door and window openings of more modest design than their earlier counterparts. On both side elevations the cornice features the modillion blocks found on the gable ends.

The barn's impressive exterior is matched by the interior. Its cavernous space is divided into a series of storage bins with slat dividers along the west side, and a two-level configuration along the east side. The broad center drive runs beneath what was probably at one time a hay mow, but it is evident that a number of the cross beams and the floor have been removed. Narrow tongue and groove sheathing covers the walls and ceiling of the shed which was used as a stable. Three stalls with turned posts and tongue and groove gates are still in place.

8. Statement of Significance	ē .	****
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property nationally sta	in relation to other properties: tewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D DE DF DG	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture	Period of Significance C. 1880	Significant Dates C. 1880
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Unknown	
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State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

An agricultural building of unusual architectural merit, the Tillson Farm Barn is a commodious wooden frame structure built about 1880. erected on the farm property of Rockland resident Davis Tillson (1830-1895), a civil engineer and former Adjutant General of the Maine State Militia. is eligible for nomination to the National Register under criterion C because of its architectural distinction.

The vast majority of Maine's surviving agricultural buildings exhibit an external appearance that testifies to the local vernacular building traditions which produced them, as well as to their utilitarian function. Unlike contemporary residential or commercial buildings, innovation in barn design most often occurred in the arrangement of internal spaces, although there were also episodes of major change that were evident externally (i.e., the change from a transverse drive or English style to axial drives, or the use of a gambrel roof). Thus, barns do not typically display the type of ornamentation or massing that conveys a stylistic expression in the way that, for example, Federal or Greek Revival style dwellings exhibit classical architectural elements. Of the four individually listed barns in Maine (Elmbrook Farm Barn, N.R. 1/10/86; Shrewsbury Round Barn, N.R. 2/19/82; Hexagon Barn, N.R. 1/24/80; and the Maine Experiment Station Barn, Pending), three are noteworthy because of their unusual form, whereas the fourth is historically significant.

From a stylistic standpoint the Tillson Farm Barn stands apart from its contemporaries. The handsome construction of its board-and-batten doors and cupolas, the eared window surrounds, the modillion block cornice, and the highly ornamental gable trusses represent a level of detailing rarely This extends to the finish and arrangement of the interior, encountered. including the attached stable.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Knox County Deeds. Rockland, Maine.	
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	of Rockland, Maine. Rockland: The Rockland
Bicentennial Commission, 1976.	
Mary of Desirout Mary Degards Desirout M	hina
Town of Rockport Tax Records. Rockport, M	iallie.
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	-
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	X State historic preservation office Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Specify repository:
1186014 m	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property Less than 1	
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Verbal Boundary Description	
See map.	
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Boundary Justification	
The boundary is drawn to embrace the p	
immediate grounds. Since the significance development, the nearby twentieth century	
balance of the former Tillson Farm.	coccage is not included, not is the
,	See continuation sheet
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11. Form Prepared By	an
name/title Kirk F. Mohney, Architectural Historic organization Maine Historic Preservation Commission	
street & number 55 Capitol Street	telephone (207) 289-2132
city or town Augusta.	state Maine zlp code 04333

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Although the precise date of the barn's construction is not certain, two sources suggest that it was probably erected during the early 1880s. first of these are a set of deeds dating from late 1878 and 1879. deeds Davis Tillson was acquiring the parcels of land that would comprise the so-called Tillson Farm, upon which the barn was built. While at least one of these parcels was part of the Shibbles Farm, there is no indication that Tillson purchased existing buildings. Since Tillson's residence was located in Rockland (it is individually listed in the N.R. as the General Davis Tillson House) and a c. 1895 photograph shows no house in the immediate vicinity of the barn, it appears that his farm was that of a gentleman The stylishness of his barn and its plan would appear to support this theory. It is certain that the barn was standing by 1886 when Tillson paid taxes on it. At that time it was valued at \$600.00, and was listed as the only building on the property. Prior to his death the farm was acquired by his daughter Monira (Tillson) Day. It was later sold to Benjamin Smith who built the adjacent cottage, which although still a part of the present property, is not significantly related to the barn and therefore excluded from this nomination.

