United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	Maurice Meyer Ba	rracks			
and/or common	Meyer Hall				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	College Hil	.1		not for publication	
city, town	Claremore	vicinity of	congressional district	002	
state	Okla. code	40 county	Rogers	code 131	
3. Clas	sification				
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership _X public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status <u>X</u> occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Proper	tv		*********	
name street & number	Board of Regents	s - Claremore Junio	or College		
city, town	Claremore	vicinity of	state	Oklahoma	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	I Descripti	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Office	e of County Clerk	·····	······	
street & number	Rogers	s County Courthous	e - 219 South Misso	uri	
city, town Claremore			state Oklahoma		
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys		
title Oklahom	a Landmarks Inventor:	has this pro	operty been determined el	egible?yes _Xno	
date 1978			federal sta	te county local	
depository for su	nvey records Oklahoma H	listorical Society	- State Historic P	reservation Office	
city, town	Oklahoma C	ity	state	Oklahoma	

7. Description

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Maurice Meyer Hall, completed in 1920, is a two-story building constructed of red brick laid in a running bond pattern. The flat-roofed structure has a rusticated brick foundation, approximately 3' high, topped by a brick water table which has been painted white. The main portion of the building is 150' long and 32' wide. A wing, 25' x 52', is attached to the central portion of the rear of the structure.

The front facade includes an $8' \times 50'$ porch. A rusticated brick wall, approximately 3' high, surrounds the entire porch except in the entryway. Four Ionic columns support a full entablature pediment which extends approximately three-fourths of the distance over the porch. Above the entablature there is a single row of dentils which extend above the front and sides of the entablature and continues for 8' on each side of the front of the building. Above the dentils there is a parapet which runs around the entire building. The area above the porch is decorated with brickwork friezes.

A single, unpaneled door serves as the front entrance to the building. Plain pilasters support a simple architrave trim above the door. Above the trim there is a segmented pediment decorated with a star in a circle.

On each side of the building there is a single panel door with lights at the top. The doors are topped by a transom. Above the transom there is a semi-circular window with radiating glazing bars. The doors are each framed by two pilasters which support a wooden triangular arch. At the base of each door, there is a stoop flanked on each side by a low rusticated brick wall.

The building's fenestration includes a single $^{6}/_{6}$ window above the front door. On each side of the front door on both floors, there are single $^{12}/_{12}$ windows. Next to these windows there are $^{9}/_{9}$ single windows which begin in the middle of the first floor and extend midway into the second floor. To the southeast of the porch, there are five single $^{12}/_{12}$ windows on each floor. To the southwest of the porch, there are four single $^{12}/_{12}$ windows.

On each side of the building there is a single $^{6}/_{6}$ window located on the second floor above the door.

Window placement in the rear of the main portion of the building is the same for both floors. On each floor there are nine $^{12}/_{12}$ single windows, five northeast of the wing and four northwest of the wing. There are paired $^{6}/_{6}$ windows on either side of the intersection of the wing and the main part of the building.

On each side of the wing there are ten 5/5 single windows, five on each floor. In the rear of the wing, there are six 6/6 single windows, three on each floor.

Maurice Meyer Hall served as a barracks for the Oklahoma Military Academy from 1920 to 1971. For the next eight years, it was used as a classroom

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building for Claremore Junior College. Presently, the building houses community center activities such as workshops, civic club meetings, and campus organization meetings.

The nominated property is situated on a large grass plot overlooking the campus lake. The area around the building is landscaped with large pine trees. Located on the 40-acre campus which overlooks the city of Claremore, the building is accessible from College Hill Drive via a series of parking lots.

8. Significance

Period Areas of Significance—Check	and justify below		
1500-1599 architecture architectu	conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	 literature military music philosophy politics/government 	 religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)

Specific dates 1920 - 1971

Builder/Architect Unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Maurice Meyer Hall is significant because it was the first building constructed exclusively for the Oklahoma Military Academy established by the Oklahoma legislature in 1918 and because it has been continuously associated with education in northeastern Oklahoma for over 60 years.

Completed in 1920, Meyer Hall signified the permanent residential status of the Oklahoma Military Academy as it served as the first residence hall on campus. It served as the focal point for the socialization process of the cadets who attended Oklahoma Military Academy.

Oklahoma Military Academy was established by the state of Oklahoma to provide a total education; academic, military, and personal growth. The school began holding classes in 1918 in one building which had previously housed the Eastern University Preparatory School. Because the one building housed only classrooms and administrative offices, the first class of forty cadets camped in tents on the school grounds.

Because of the lack of living quarters, construction immediately began on a 60-room residence hall to be named Maurice Meyer Barracks after the first Oklahoma soldier to lose his life in World War I.

One of the principal aims of Oklahoma Military Academy was to promote leadership activities through good habits of personal and social conduct. Oncampus living was a critical element in establishing these modes of conduct. When Meyer Hall was completed, the cadets had permanent housing and an environment in which to grow and develop leadership skills. Moreover, it helped foster a spirit of camaraderie and cooperation that was vital to the objective of the school.

The function of Meyer Hall changed in 1971 when Oklahoma Military Academy became Claremore Junior College, however, it still remains an integral part of the campus. First used as a classroom building by Claremore Junior College, it is currently used as a community center for various adult education and community service programs.

9. Major Bibliographical References

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Oklahoma Military Academy Yearbook, <u>Guido</u>. Guthrie: Cooperative Publishing Company, 1930.

Interview with Richard H. Mosier, President of Claremore Junior College,

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<u>10.</u>	Geographic	al Data				
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ooundar	ies.					
	states and counties for j	roperties overla	pping state o	r county b	oundaries	
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	g to the criteria and procedu					
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Keeper	of the National Register					
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