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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	Bouverans Plantatic	on House (also Aria	alo)	
and/or common	same			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	LA HWY 1, @ 1½ mil	es southeast of Lo	ockport 1	¥/Anot for publication
city, town	Lockport 🐖 🖓 🚎 🧯	_X_ vicinity of		
state	LA code	22 county	Lafourche Parish	code 057
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being considered	Status X_occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X_yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	<pre>museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:</pre>
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
name Ren	e A. and Barbara R.	Claudet	504-53	32-6157
street & number	Route 1, Box 58			
city, town	Lockport	N/A_ vicinity of	state	LA 70374
5. Loca	ation of Lega	I Description	on	
		afourche Parish Co	urthouse	
street & number	200 Green Stree	t		
city, town	Thibodaux		state	LA 70301
6. Repi	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys	
title LA Hist	oric Sites Survey	has this pro	perty been determined eli	gible? yesX_ no
date 1983			federalX_ stat	e county local
depository for su	rvey records LA Stat	e Historic Preserv	ation Office	
city, town B	aton Rouge		state	LA

7. Description

Condition	deteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one X original s	site
X good	ruins unexposed	_X altered	moved	date <u>N/A</u>

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Bouverans (c.1860) is a two-story brick and frame house which combines French Creole and American Greek Revival architectural features. The house is located on the west bank of Bayou Lafourche approximately one-and-one-half miles southeast of the town of Lockport. Despite several changes, the house retains its National Register eligibility.

There are two popularly held theories concerning Bouverans' construction date. One is that it was built sometime between 1852 and 1860 for Augustin Cunio. The other is that the house was built for Pierre Joseph Claudet between 1860 and 1862. A c.1860 date is not implausible given the architectural evidence. The only clue that would lead one to suspect an earlier date is the fact that the house is pit sawn; however, this in and of itself is not conclusive evidence.

Bouverans' Creole architectural features include:

- The fact that as originally built the lower story did not have a finished interior and was largely devoted to service spaces.
- (2) The use of brick construction on the lower story and frame construction on the upper story.
- (3) The use of French doors on the upper front gallery.
- (4) The wraparound mantels in the upper story.
- (5) The exterior stairs on the front gallery which run from the second story to the unfinished attic.

American Greek Revival architectural features include:

- (1) The central hall on both stories.
- (2) The use of a central entrance on both stories.
- (3) The fact that despite their wraparound designs, the mantels feature a simple and heavy aedicule motif style.
- (4) The shoulder molded openings on the upper front gallery.
- (5) The upper front gallery with its six Doric posts and heavy frieze.

All of the second story rooms feature exposed and beaded beams. Two such beams run the length of the upper central hall for an uninterrupted distance of forty-five feet. The shutters are of the fixed louver type on the front gallery and close over the original French doors.

The following changes have been made in the house since construction:

 The lower story has been converted for living space, although the old stucco walls have been left exposed.

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(2) The upper rear gallery has been enclosed. (The cabinets are still evident in the floorplan, but they are, of course, no longer visible from the exterior.)

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National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet Bouverans Item number 7

received date entered

Page

7. Description (continued)

- (3) A staircase has been installed on the interior.
- (4) In about 1900 the walls of the upper hall were sheathed in narrow gauge beaded board.
- (5) The upper story has been resheathed in aluminum siding, although a vapor barrier was installed to protect against moisture damage.
- (6) The side windows and shutters on the upper story have been replaced.

Assessment of Integrity:

Bouverans is significant because of its mixture of Creole and Greek Revival features. Despite the aforementioned changes, the house still has more Creole features than any other major example of Greek Revival architecture in the parish. Hence it retains its significance as an example of the mixture of the two styles.

Bouverans is also significant as an example of a Greek Revival residence. In the opinion of the State Historic Preservation Office, the house still retains all the features which establish it as such--i.e., the gallery, the shoulder molded openings, the mantels, and the symmetrical articulation.

The addition of new siding is the most significant change the house has undergone. Despite this, we feel that the siding has little visual impact when compared with Bouverans' historic features.

NB: The above changes refer to architectural elements of the house. At the time the enclosed photographs were taken, the house was under restoration. It will be noticed in photos 4-6 that some of the walls and openings are under repair. This work will be completed shortly.

8. Significance



Specific dates C.1860 Builder/Architect uncertain--see Item 7

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph) Criterion C

Bouverans is locally significant in the area of architecture because it is a rare surviving example of a leading architectural trend in antebellum Lafourche Parish--the transition from Creole to Greek Revival architecture. It is also an important example of a Greek Revival influenced plantation house within the context of Lafourche Parish.

Much of the architectural history of the Acadian parishes centers upon the gradual inculcation of American architecture into the Creole traditions of the area. This process began in about 1820 and lasted essentially until the Civil War era. Bouverans stands near the end of this transition both because of its date (c.1860) and because, although Creole features are clearly present, the American Greek Revival style dominates the character of the house. Because of this, Bouverans is exemplary of the final stage in the process. Most of the extant antebellum residences of Lafourche Parish reflect the Greek Revival style and do not retain many vestiges of the Creole influence. Hence Bouverans is very important because it represents a transition which was very much a part of the parish's architectural development and which is not much in evidence today.

Bouverans is also significant on the parish level as an example of a Greek Revival plantation house. The importance of the house within the context of Lafourche Parish can be illustrated by examining the census schedules of 1860. On the eve of the Civil War, there were thirty-seven large slaveholdings (i.e., fifty or more slaves) in the parish. Of these, the average size per slaveholding was 104.3 and only two involved individuals who did not reside in the parish. In addition, there were undoubtedly numerous slaveholdings of less than 50. Given the above, it is clear that there must have been numerous Greek Revival influenced plantation houses in Lafourche Parish on the eve of the Civil War (probably at least 30). However, as far as the State Historic Preservation Office is aware, there are only seven substantial remaining examples. Consequently Bouverans is of special importance in the architectural heritage of the parish.

Major Bibliographical References 9.

Louisiana Historic Standing Structures Survey, Lafourche Parish.

Stahls, Paul F., Jr. Plantation Homes of the Lafourche Country. Gretna, Louisiana: Pelican Publishing Company, 1976.

Geographical Data 10.

UTM References

<u>01/6th of an acre</u> Acreage of nominated property __ Quadrangle name Houma, LA

Quadrangle scale <u>1:62,500</u>

313 810 21510 115 17 411 21010 Easting Northing Zone С Ε G

B Zone	Easting	Northing		
▫∟∟				
F				
H				

Verbal boundary description and justification

Please refer to the attached sketch map.

	Inties for properties over		anty soundar		
state N/A	code	county		cod	e
state	code	county		code	e
11. Form P	Prepared By				
name/title National	Register Staff, Divis	sion of Historic	Preservati	on ASSIS	STED BY OWNERS
organization State of	Louisiana	da	te April	1983	
street & number P. 0.	. Box 44247	te	ephone 504-	342-6682	
city or town Bator	n Rouge	st	ate LA	70804	•
As the designated State H 665), I hereby nominate th	e of this property within the nal state distoric Preservation Officer nis property for inclusion in and procedures set forth by	_X_ iocal r for the National Histo the National Register a	and certify that	n Act of 1966 (F it has been eva	Public Law 89– aluated
State Historic Preservatio	on Officer signature	m R. A	men.	Deputs	SHPD
title State Histo	oric Preservation Off	Ficer	Robert B. Do dat	eBlieux e Ju	une 9, 1983
For NPS use only	this property is included in		ter dat	e 7/2,	1/83
Keeper of the Nationa	al Register				
Attest:			dat	8	

SITE Boundaries are PARALLEL TO BLDG. Facades, Distances as shown. THE HOUSE FACES HWY 1.



LA HWY 1.

BOUVERANS, LOCKPORT, LA. LAFOURCHE PARISH.