### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section Page		
SUPPLEMENTARY LI	STING RECORD	
NRIS Reference Number: 16000772	Date Listed:	11/14/2016
Rising Wolf	St. Mary	MT
Property Name	County	State
Glacier National Park MPS		
Multiple Name		
This property is listed in the Nata accordance with the attached nomina following exceptions, exclusions,	ation documentation	n subject to the
National Park Service certification	- 25	
documentation.	-	
GPAL	11/14/2016	
Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action	
Amended Items in Nomination:		

#### Location:

The Street location block should read: Saint Mary Lake, Glacier National Park. The correct State Code is: MT (typo on NPS certification page)

Significance:

The Areas of Significance are amended to add: Criterion C—Architecture (Naval Architecture)
[Architecture is commonly used for a vessel that is a good representative of a specific type of naval architecture or is the only representative of the type. A vessel may also possess architectural significance if it is a good example of a naval architect's work, "representing the work of a master."]

The Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph is amended to add the following sentence: The Rising Wolf meets the Registration Requirements set forth in the Amended Glacier National Park MPS under the context for "Development of Recreation (Concession) Infrastructure in Glacier National Park (amended)—J. W. Swanson and the Development of Boat Concession Operations" and the "Historic Boats of Glacier National Park" property type. The Period of Significance conforms to the MPS cover context period. [Nominations submitted under a Multiple Property Submission cover should provide an explicit tie to the MPS context and property type discussion.]

#### Geographical Data:

The Acreage should read: less than one

The Latitude and Longitude Coordinates are limited to 6 decimal places.

These clarifications were confirmed with the MT SHPO and NPS FPO office.

### **National Register of Historic Places Registration Form**

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

		State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government
	Signature of commenting official:	Date
	In my opinion, the property meets does not	meet the National Register criteria.
	State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Govern	ment
	NPS FPO	
	Signature of certifying official/Title:	Date
	and Blue	9/27/2016
Г		
	Applicable National Register Criteria:  X A B X C D	
	I recommend that this property be considered significant level(s) of significance:  national X statewide X loca	
	In my opinion, the property _X_ meets does not	meet the National Register Criteria.
	the documentation standards for registering properties in Places and meets the procedural and professional require	
	I hereby certify that this X nomination request f	or determination of eligibility meets
	As the designated authority under the National Historic I	Preservation Act, as amended,
	3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
	City or town: St. Mary State: MR Cou Not For Publication: Vicinity: X	inty: _Glacier
	Street & number: N/A	ontro Clasica
	2. Location	
	Glacier National Park Multiple Property Listi (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property	
	Name of related multiple property listing:	Natl. Reg. of Historic National Park Serv
	Historic name: Rising Wolf Other names/site number: Little Chief	SEP 3 0 2016
	1. Name of Property	10 4

### **National Register of Historic Places Registration Form**

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

1. Name of Property Historic name: Rising Wolf	
Other names/site number: Little Chief	
Name of related multiple property listing:  Glacier National Park Multiple Property Li	isting, Amended (2016)
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple p	
2. Location Street & number: N/A City or town: St. Mary State: M Not For Publication: Vicinity: x	TTCounty: Glacier
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National His	storic Preservation Act, as amended,
I hereby certify that this <u>x</u> nomination <u>required</u> required the documentation standards for registering proper Places and meets the procedural and professional in	rties in the National Register of Historic
In my opinion, the property <u>x</u> meets <u>does</u> recommend that this property be considered signiflevel(s) of significance:	
national X statewide X local Applicable National Register Criteria:	cal
$\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ $\mathbf{A}$ $\mathbf{B}$ $\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ $\mathbf{C}$ $\mathbf{D}$	
Int F. Faumer	7/18/2016
Signature of certifying official/Title:	Date
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal G	overnment
State of Teaching agency/surround of Tribun of	
In my opinion, the property meets doc	es not meet the National Register criteria.
Signature of commenting official:	Date
Title :	State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form NPS Form 10-900 OMB No. 1024-0018 Rising Wolf Glacier, MT Name of Property County and State 4. National Park Service Certification I hereby certify that this property is: entered in the National Register \_\_\_ determined eligible for the National Register \_\_\_ determined not eligible for the National Register \_\_ removed from the National Register \_\_ other (explain:) Signature of the Keeper 5. Classification **Ownership of Property** (Check as many boxes as apply.) Private: Public - Local Public - State Public - Federal **Category of Property** (Check only one box.) Building(s) District Site

Structure

Object

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form NPS Form 10-900 OMB No. 1024-0018 Rising Wolf Glacier, MT County and State Name of Property **Number of Resources within Property** (Do not include previously listed resources in the count) Contributing Noncontributing buildings sites 1 structures objects 1 Total Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register N/A 6. Function or Use **Historic Functions** (Enter categories from instructions.) Recreation and Culture: Outdoor Recreation \_Transportation: Water-related

#### **Current Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Recreation and Culture: Outdoor Recreation

Transportation: Water-related\_\_\_\_\_

Rising Wolf	Glacier, MT
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7. Description	
Architectural Classification	
(Enter categories from instructions.)	
Other: Carvel-planked wooden vessel	
<del></del>	
<del></del>	
<b>Materials:</b> (enter categories from instructions.)	
Principal exterior materials of the property:	Hull: WOOD
1 1 3	Keel/stem/transom: WOOD
	Roof: CLOTH/CANVAS
	Stem-band/Guard:METAL-Steel
	Windows: GLASS, METAL-Aluminum

#### **Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition of the property. Describe contributing and noncontributing resources if applicable. Begin with **a summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, type, style, method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicate whether the property has historic integrity.)

#### **Summary Paragraph**

Operating in Glacier National Park since its construction in 1926, the 45-foot long by 12-foot wide carvel planked cedar on oak frame vessel *Rising Wolf* was named for the massive mountain that flanks the entire north shore of Two Medicine Lake in the park. The boat was rechristened *Little Chief* in 1990 after a significant restoration. Two Medicine Lake lies about 4.5 miles from the town of East Glacier, Montana, the location where the Great Northern Railway built the historic Glacier Park Lodge for visitors to the park. The boat currently operates by providing scenic tours every summer during the tourist season, as it has for nearly a century.

#### **Narrative Description**

The *Rising Wolf* (renamed *Little Chief* in 1990) is operated by Glacier Park Boat Company and provides scenic boat cruises for visitors to Glacier National Park on St. Mary Lake. The lake, the second largest in the park, provides incredible views of mountains sculpted by Pleistocene Era glaciers as well as a view of Sexton Glacier, one of the park's 25 remaining active glaciers. The lake is 9.9 miles long, 300 feet deep and sits at an elevation of 4484 feet.

Rising Wolf is a United States Coast Guard-registered (USCG) 45-foot long by 12-foot wide traditional carvel planked cedar-on-oak frame fastened with silica bronze screws vessel

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constructed in 1926.<sup>1</sup> USCG-rated to carry 49 passengers and two crew members, the boat measures 45 feet long with a beam of 10 feet 6 inches. It is registered at 13 gross tons and 10 net tons. The seams are primed with linseed oil and caulked with cotton under a layer of Sika-flex seam compound.<sup>2</sup> The plumb stem and keel are built of fir and the stem band is steel.

The planks of the hull run perpendicular to the frames in a single layer. Each plank varies in length and is roughly 1 ¼-inches thick. The top row of planks are capped by a laminated fir guard that extends out past the hull sides by 3 inches and runs the length of both port and starboard sides. The guard has an exterior band of steel that acts as a rub rail when the boat is moored. The guard is attached to the top ends of the frames and connected to the covering board built of fir and running both sides of the boat and across the bow. The covering board on the bow includes an oak mooring bollard with brass cleats where the bow line attaches, a brass clamshell vent, the fuel fill, and an aluminum tube mount for the man overboard crane. Due to the tumblehome shape of the hull toward the stern, there is a short rub rail approximately a 1 ½ feet above the waterline protecting the hull sides from docks and other vessels.

The ladder enters the bow from the port side just forward of the helm windshield. It is new aluminum construction with an aluminum handrail. These steps are wider and more stable than the original. The bow deck is plywood as are the ceiling walls. A double door hatch in the bow deck opens to the engine compartment. The cabin is accessed via a step and single companionway door.

The superstructure consists of a single cabin space. The deck or roof of the vessel is original and constructed of fir deck beams and carlings supported by oak deck posts that run into dead wood inside the hull. The deckhead, or overhead, consists of 2-inch cedar tongue-and-groove boards attached on top of the beams and carlings. Three rows of lifejacket storage are built into the deckhead with plywood. The outer deck is finished with canvas and painted with a light blue waterproof acrylic roof coating. Mahogany drip molding runs the length of both sides of the deck above the windows. All interior and exterior paint is oil-based except for the acrylic roof coating. All port and starboard windows are aluminum framed, sliding sash with tempered glass; the forward windshield is double pane safety glass and the aft window is tempered glass. Ten rows of plywood bench seating run the length of both sides of the cabin with an aisle down the center. The entire aisle sole is made of removable plywood pieces with access to the bilge. The bilge pumps, high water alarm, copper engine exhaust and shaft are all accessible in the bilge.

Handbook of Wooden Boat Construction, (Newe York: W.W. Norton and Co. 1969).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Traditional carvel planking denotes planks butted edge to edge with a small gap left above and below each plank filled with cotton and covered with caulking. The planks in a carvel style boat swell once submerged, tightening the seams. All planks are individually shaped to follow the curvature of the hull. Part of this shaping is planing a curve on the interior and exterior of the plank so that it fits the curvature of the frames and the lines of the boat giving the exterior of the hull a smooth appearance. Oak frames are bent to shape by steaming in a steam box until pliable then quickly clamped into place before cooling down and drying out; a good source for the definition/description of carvel planking is: Howard I. Chapelle, *Boatbuilding: A Complete* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Historically, material used for caulking included cement and tar; more recently, pliable synthetics, like the SikaFlex employed during the restoration of the Rising Wolf are used.

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The helm is forward of the bench seating on the port side built under the windshield. The dash is mahogany and includes the Perkins gauge cluster and throttle shifter console. The hydraulic helm unit has a stainless steel wheel and connects to a hydraulic steering ram system under the stern seating. High water and engine fire alarm panels and the PA system are all connected below the dash.

The Perkins Sabre M65 engine is located under the bow deck.<sup>3</sup> There is a bulkhead forward and aft of the engine compartment lined with fire-proof foam padding. A single shaft runs from the engine, 30 feet in total length, through the bilge and into the keel and out below the waterline. It is connected to a 4-blade 19 x 16 pitch bronze propeller forward of the rudder. The 12 volt electrical system is regulated by the engine driven alternator and battery located below the bow deck. The 12 gallon fuel tank is also located in the forward end of the engine compartment space.

The hull sides are painted with glossy white urethane paint while the boot-stripe is black and the underside glossy red urethane paint. The covering board is painted light blue in urethane paint while spar varnish protects the transom and decorative trim. Light brown urethane paint covers the seats and ceiling. The overhead is semi-gloss white while the sole is dark grey. The canvas covering on the roof is coated with light blue snow-coat matching the covering board.

#### **Integrity**

The *Rising Wolf* retains excellent integrity. The case for integrity of location, setting, feeling, and association are virtually inseparably entwined and remain exceptionally strong. The Rising Wolf continues to ply the same waters and serves in the same capacity within Glacier National Park that it did historically. The awe-inspiring landscape remains virtually unchanged allowing visitors to experience a nearly identical experience, feeling the same emotions, as when the boat was first constructed and used. The boat reflects its historic origins, presenting nearly identically as it did when constructed.

Despite years of service in the lakes of Glacier National Park and the time sitting exposed outside in the harsh elements and damage from the snow, integrity of materials remains strong. Although some materials were replaced for maintenance during its historic use and during the renovation, these occurred to allow the boat to function in its original historic capacity. The renovation included new canvas and new paint on the exterior, replacement of the original sliding windows with new aluminum frame glass windows replicating the originals into the original oak post frames, replacement of those deteriorated original steam bent oak frames with new steam bent oak frames, replacement of portions of the original fir stem and keel with new fir, those portions of the cedar planking showing signs of rot were replaced with new cedar planking, new fir replaced the original fir of the transom within the original oak framing of the stern, the original galvanized fasteners which were significantly deteriorated were replaced by silica bronze fasteners to inhibit the formation of wood rot and deterioration, and fresh paint and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The original 200 horsepower gasoline engine was replaced with a safer more efficient diesel engine mandated by the National Park Service and USCG.

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varnish replicating the original color and style was applied. <sup>4</sup> The original 200 horsepower gasoline engine was replaced with a safer more efficient 50 horsepower diesel motor mandated by the National Park Service and USCG. At the conclusion of the restoration, the boat was rechristened *Little Chief*.

Integrity of design and workmanship are very strong. The historic design of the *Rising Wolf* is clearly evident as it presents nearly identically to when first constructed. Because repairs and restoration work observed the original design and material elements and were renewed in-kind following the same principles employed when the boat was first built, integrity of workmanship remains strong.

#### **Glossary Terms**

<u>Beam:</u> The beam of a ship is its width at the widest point as measured at the ship's nominal waterline.

**Bollard**: A bollard is a post on a vessel used for mooring.

<u>Carling</u>: Carlings run port to starboard and provide the structural support for the deck.

<u>Carvel</u>: Carvel built or carvel planking is a method of boat building where hull planks are fastened edge to edge, gaining support from the frame and forming a smooth surface.

<u>Ceiling</u>: A term applied to the planking or covering with which the inside of a vessel is sheathed.

Companionway: a set of steps leading from a ship's deck down to a cabin or lower deck.

<u>Deadwood</u>: Wood that serves primarily as filler between other structural members. A common place to find deadwood is between the keel and the upper keel or rabbet.

<u>Deck:</u> A deck is a permanent covering over a compartment or a hull of a vessel.

Deckhead: Sometimes called the overhead, the deckhead is the underside of the deck.

<u>Deck Beams</u>: Deck beams run forward to aft and provide the structural support for the deck.

Deck posts: Deck posts are the primary support for the deck structure.

Garboard plank: The lowest plank on a boat. Attaches to the bottom board, stems and ribs.

Helm: The steering apparatus of a ship.

Mooring: A mooring is any permanent structure to which a vessel may be secured.

<u>Plumb Stem</u>: The stem is the most forward part of a vessel's bow and is an extension of the keel itself. When the stem is perpendicular to the waterline it is "plumb."

Sole: The floor of the cabin or deck

Superstructure: The superstructure is the structure built on top of the hull.

<u>Tumblehome</u>: The tumblehome is the narrowing of a ship's hull with greater distance above the water-line.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Per *National Register Bulletin 20, Nominating Historic Vessels and Shipwrecks to the National Register of Historic Places* (Washington D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1985), p. 8: Decades of use in an often inhospitable environment necessitates periodic replacement of portions of some of the wooden components. Not unlike land-based resources that also require replacement of original fabric over time, the sheer nature of the environment to which boats and vessels are exposed ultimately results in similar replacement, only at an accelerated pace. Changes to a boat to continue operation historically or restoratively, and that are done with materials similar in composition, design, color, texture, and workmanship retain the historic character of the structure and do not affect the boat's integrity. Integrity continues through the retention of hull form, rig, use of materials, and craftsmanship.

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		erty	County and State		
8.	Sta	ten	nent of Significance		
(M	_	'x" i	e National Register Criteria in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register	r	
X		A.	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	ne	
		B.	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.		
X		C.	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.		
		D.	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	ſ	
Cri	iteri:	a C	onsiderations		
			in all the boxes that apply.)		
		A.	Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes		
		B.	Removed from its original location		
		C.	A birthplace or grave		
		D.	A cemetery		
		E.	A reconstructed building, object, or structure		
		F.	A commemorative property		
		G.	Less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years		

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lame of Property	
A	
Areas of Significance	
(Enter categories from instructions.)	
Criterion A: Transportation	
Criterion A: Entertainment/Recreation	
Davied of Significance	
Period of Significance	
1926-1945	
Significant Dates	
Significant Person	
(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above	ve.)
(Complete only if Criterion B is marked according	,
C 14 1 4 66°11° 4°	
Cultural Affiliation	
Architect/Builder	
John William Swanson	

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**Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph** (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

The Rising Wolf is eligible for listing under criteria A and C. Under Criterion A, the boat is eligible for its role it played, and continues to play, in the development of recreation within Glacier National Park. Even prior to its establishment as a National Park in 1910, boating occurred in the park area, both as a means of travel and also for recreation and sightseeing. The boating concession represented one leg in the development of the nascent recreational infrastructure of the park, serving as another means of luring tourists to the area. As an early representative of the first park-wide boating concession and its importance to the success of the concession and tourism within the park, the Rising Wolf is eligible under Criterion A. The Rising Wolf is also eligible under Criterion C as an excellent example of a carvel planked boat constructed using traditional boat-working techniques and materials by J. W. Swanson, an early influential boat builder both in and outside the park.<sup>5</sup> The history of boats in Glacier is inextricably entwined with Swanson. Swanson's Rising Wolf retains the vast majority of its original components and serves as an excellent representation of the boats that historically plied the waters of Glacier National Park. The few Swanson boats that remain in the park are significant, rare examples of a type of boat once common on American waterways from Florida's Silver Springs to the Wisconsin Dells.<sup>6</sup>

**Narrative Statement of Significance** (Provide at least **one** paragraph for each area of significance.)

#### A Brief History of the Glacier National Park Boating Concession

For a detailed discussion about the boats and boating concessions at Glacier National Park, please refer to *Glacier National Park Multiple Property Listing, Amended (2016)*. The use of boats in Glacier National Park occurred even before to the actual establishment of the park. Prior to the turn of the twentieth century, rowboats ferried visitors from Apgar to the upper lake facilities; these were soon replaced by a steam powered boat, which in turn was replaced by three gas-powered launches. It wasn't long until the realization that the utility of boats extended beyond transportation to recreation, such as sightseeing and fishing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Traditional techniques were employed both during the original construction of the boat and during its subsequent restoration. "Traditional" denotes the use hand planes and chisels as well as a steam box. Even though these vessels were constructed nearly a century ago, some power-driven saws would have been used similar to today.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The historic significance of the boats to the Park was noted in a December 15, 1988 memorandum from National Park Service Maritime Historian Foster to the Chief Historian of the National Park Service. The memorandum indicated preparation of a Multiple Property Submission for the boats for listing in the National Register was a sound pursuit: memorandum on file at the Montana State Historic Preservation Office, Helena, MT.

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As the role of the Great Northern Railway within the park expanded to include serving as the primary concessionaire, opportunities arose for the operation of boat-related businesses to serve not only transport-related functions (to places such as the newly constructed chalets), but also recreation-related activities. Although the Great Northern operated two launches on St. Mary Lake dedicated to transport between St. Mary Chalet and Going-to-the-Sun Chalet, with a third providing a recreational function, additional boating-related opportunities continued to exist within the park for those with the vision and skills to harness the potential.

In 1911, Frank Kelly and Orville Denny secured a boating concession to transport visitors from the stages at Apgar to the various lodgings at the head of Lake McDonald. The same year the two contracted with John William (J. W.) Swanson, a boat builder for the freight traffic along Flathead Lake. Kelly and Denny commissioned Swanson to construct the launch, Ethel, signaling Swanson's initial incursion into the boating business in Glacier. Four years later, in 1915, Kelly and John Lewis contracted out the Lewtana from Swanson. Swanson brought the boat from Flathead Lake, a monumental feat itself for the time, and added 10 feet to its length once it arrived at Lake McDonald.<sup>7</sup>

As Swanson's reputation continued to grow, the Glacier Park Hotel Company hired him in the late 1910s to operate and maintain the *St. Mary*, a 100-passenger launch, and the smaller 20-passenger Glacier. In addition, Swanson was contracted to construct another boat for use of visitor transport and cruises on St. Mary Lake.<sup>8</sup>

After three seasons working with the Glacier Park Hotel Company and its St. Mary Lake launches, Swanson set about developing his own boat concession on the lakes on the east side of the park. He wrote to Superintendent Walter W. Payne on November 4, 1919 with his prospectus: "It is my desire to maintain row boats for hire on Two Medicine Lake, St. Mary Lake, and McDermott (Swiftcurrent) Lake, as well as launches on Two Medicine Lake, during the coming season and a launch on Lake McDermott when facilities there permit." A one-year contract was approved with the result that Swanson began operating his own boat concession in the summer of 1920. The same year, Swanson instituted launch service on Two Medicine Lake; facilities associated with this operation included two boathouses and a pier. While Swanson operated boats under his own concession between 1920 and 1938, two other concessionaires, Glacier Park Hotel Company and the Glacier Park Transport Company, also used boats he constructed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This story is told by many sources, but Swanson gives a first person telling related in the article by Phyllis Clark, "Cap'n Swanson—Boat Builder," *The Daily Inter Lake*, July 19, 1970.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Multiple letters detail the business partnership between Swanson and the Glacier Park Hotel Co. Most notable are correspondence concerning the construction the launch, *Little Chief*, in 1926. "H. A. Noble, General Manager, Glacier Park Hotel Co. to R.R. Vincent, Asst. Superintendent," March 15, 1926, Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 007, Glacier Park Hotel Company, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> J. W. Swanson to W.W. Payne, Nov. 4, 1919. Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 006, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  Holterman, Jack, "Boats in Glacier" (unpublished document, no date), GNPA, Ruhle Library, West Glacier, MT.

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It was during this period that Swanson embarked on a prolific period of boat-building launching seven boats over the next decade. Three of the boats, the Wymufus, the Josephine, and the Grinnell, all featured a white oak stem and frames, keel of deadwood fir, and planking made from local cedar. The former served for pleasure and fishing cruises while the latter two served as visitor transport. None of these boats remain.

The year 1926 witnessed the construction and launch of two new 45-foot, 50-passenger vessels; the *Rising Wolf* on Two Medicine Lake and the *Little Chief* on St. Mary Lake. <sup>12</sup> The following year, the Glacier Park Hotel Company commissioned Swanson to build the *International* for use on Waterton Lake in Waterton Lake Provincial Park, north of the boarder.

The Glacier Transport Company, a transportation concession started in 1914, assumed the launches at Lake McDonald in 1929, and soon commissioned Swanson to construct one vessel to replace the entire aging fleet. The scuttling of the *Lewtana* in 1929, along with the rest of the Lake McDonald fleet, marked a change in how boats were used. Sightseeing beccame the number one priority as the automobile and the construction of roads in the park took their toll on the boat's usefulness and practicality to ferry visitors and supplies from one spot to another. In 1930, Swanson launched the *DeSmet* for the Glacier Transport Company on Lake McDonald; the *DeSmet* was used for scenic boat cruises with interpretive commentary; a role it continues to serve to this day. Three years later, he launched the 60-passenger, cedar plank on oak frame, *Chief Two Guns* to replace the *Grinnell* on Swiftcurrent Lake. <sup>13</sup>

By 1938, and wishing to end his tenure in the park, Swanson sold his boats and the NPS concession contract to Arthur Burch and Carl Anderson. With their purchase, the local businessmen from Kalispell planned to operate the business in the same manner as Swanson. The price of \$25,000 included the NPS concession contract, the associated boats, boathouses and other equipment. Swanson assisted the two through the first summer in 1938. The business, whose name changed to the Glacier Park Boat Company, has been owned and operated by the same family since that time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> J. W. Swanson, "Specification of 36 Foot Boats for Glacier National Park," Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 006, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Department of the Interior. Transportation Permit, Jan. 1, 1926-Dec. 31, 1926. Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 006, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT; Superintendent Kraebel to D. R. Hull, January 12, 1927. Series "Concessions," 901-02 Permits, Glacier Park Hotel Company Launches, Unit 020, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT. Applying for approval of "a new boathouse for the auxiliary launch Little Chief acquired last summer…".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Letter from Superintendent E. T. Scoyen to Director NPS, Nov. 2, 1934. Series "Concessions," 900-05 Correspondence, Unit 011, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> J. W. Swanson to E. T. Scoyen, April 9, 1938. Series "Concessions," 900-05 Correspondence, Unit 011, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> J. W. Swanson to Dept. of Interior, June 7, 1938. Series "Concessions," 900-05 Correspondence, Unit 011, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

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Swanson returned to Glacier at the end of World War II, at which time he and Burch constructed *Big Chief*, a 45-foot cedar plank and oak frame vessel. With the completion of the *Big Chief* in 1945, the *Chief Two Guns* relocated to Josephine Lake and the *Big Chief* assumed responsibilities on Swiftcurrent Lake until 1961 when it too moved to Josephine Lake, rechristened Morning Eagle.

Early in 1941, financial issues arose for the Glacier Park Hotel Company. The expense associated with maintaining its St. Mary fleet and the completion of the new bus system that operated on the Going to the Sun Road resulted in surrendering their preference rights for the launch service on St. Mary Lake in favor of Burch and Anderson."<sup>17</sup> By the end of World War II, Arthur J. Burch assumed full ownership of the Glacier Park Boat Company. Soon after, the Little Chief was purchased from the Glacier Park Hotel Company, moved to Two Medicine Lake to replace the *Wymufus*, and renamed, *Sinopah*. <sup>18</sup>

In 1953, Burch acquired the physical assets used with the launch service on Lake McDonald from the Glacier Park Transport Company, assuming control of the boat concession for the entire park. In 1988, Art Burch Jr., Scott Burch, and Mark VanArtsdale and their wives assumed the concession contract for the Glacier Park Boat Company continuing the scenic boat tours and rental service Arthur Burch provided.

#### **The Rising Wolf**

The 1920s witnessed a tourist bonanza in the park as thousands of wealthy Americans from the East Coast made Glacier National Park their summer playground. Boats and horses provided access for the extensive system of backcountry chalets and campgrounds; the addition of new, larger capacity boats to this important tourist and transportation cog yielded improved service for these early tourists. For J. W. Swanson, the summer of 1926 proved a banner year. He constructed and launched two new 45-ft., 50-passenger vessels; the *Rising Wolf* on Two Medicine Lake and the *Little Chief* on St. Mary Lake. The *Rising Wolf* operated as part of Swanson's concession contract providing the primary service alongside the *Wymufus* on busy Two Medicine Lake. Tours conducted aboard the *Rising Wolf* at the time, similar to today, lasted from 45 minutes to 1½ hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Interviews with Arthur J. Burch's grandsons and current owners of the Glacier Park Boat Company, Art Burch, Jr. and Scott Burch to James Hackethorn. Fall 2014. Columbia Falls, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> A. A. Aszmann to D. S. Libbey, March 6, 1941. Series "Concessions," 900-05 Correspondence, Glacier Park Hotel Company, Unit 015, Folder 3, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Much of the Glacier National Park archival papers between the 1950s-1970s were lost. Interviews with Arthur J. Burch's grandsons, Arthur and Scott Burch helped fill in these gaps about how and why the *Little Chief* and *Rising Wolf* were moved and renamed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Hillory A. Tolson, Regional Director to Howard H. Hays, June 4, 1953. Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Glacier Park Hotel Company, Unit 007, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Department of the Interior. Transportation Permit, Jan. 1, 1926-Dec. 31, 1926. Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 006, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

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The *Rising Wolf*, along with all the vessels Swanson constructed for use in the park at this time were "built with heavy fir keel…oak stern and ribs and planked with cedar fastened with galvanized fastenings and of an exceptionally good sea boat model." The *Rising Wolf* was one of seven similarly designed wooden vessels built by Swanson for operation in Glacier National park between 1920 and 1930.

After the end of World War II, the *Little Chief* was purchased from the Glacier Park Hotel Company, moved to Two Medicine Lake to replace the *Wymufus*, and renamed, *Sinopah*. The *Rising Wolf* and *Sinopah* operated simultaneously until 1975 when the *Rising Wolf* was moved to Many Glacier to temporary fill-in after the *Chief Two Guns II* was rendered inoperable due to damage from an avalanche while in winter storage <sup>23</sup> After the close of the season, the *Rising Wolf*, similar to the *Chief Two Guns II*, was damaged by heavy snow loads after sitting drydocked outside without the protection of a boathouse.

After the acquisition of the Glacier Park Boat Company boat concession by the families of Art Burch Jr., Scott Burch, and Mark VanArtsdale, one of the first major projects they undertook was restoration of the damaged and deteriorated *Rising Wolf* which sat under cover at the company shop for roughly 10 years since the accident. Restoration work occurred in the winter of 1989-1990. Utilizing the same local materials and construction methods, the new owners performed an incredible 3,000 hour restoration of the vessel to return it to its original glory.

All repairs and restoration were performed in congruence with the original design and material elements. The original 1" x 2" tongue-and-groove roof remained, but required new canvas and new paint on the exterior. While the original oak posts of the superstructure remained, new aluminum frame glass windows replicating the original sliding windows were installed. New steam bent oak frames replaced those too deteriorated to serve inside the hull. New fir replaced those areas in need of the original fir stem and keel. Areas of the hull required new cedar planks. The stern retains its original oak framing with new fir transom, varnished in the original style. All of the original galvanized fasteners were replaced with modern silica bronze fasteners that prevent wood deterioration and rot.<sup>24</sup> A fresh coat of paint and varnish replicating the original color and style was applied. The existing 200-horsepower gasoline engine was replaced with a safer more efficient 50-horsepower diesel motor mandated by the National Park Service and USCG.<sup>25</sup> At the conclusion of the restoration, the boat was rechristened *Little Chief*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> J. W. Swanson, "Specification of 36 Foot Boats for Glacier National Park," Series "Concessions," 900-02 Contracts and Permits, Unit 006, Folder 4, Glacier National Park Archives, West Glacier, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Much of the Glacier National Park archival papers between the 1950s-1970s were lost. Interviews with Arthur J. Burch's grandsons, Arthur and Scott Burch helped fill in these gaps about how and why the *Little Chief* and *Rising Wolf* were moved and renamed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Built by Arthur J. Burch in 1961, Chief Two Guns II replaced the original Chief Two Guns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Per National Register Bulletin 20, Nominating Historic Vessels and Shipwrecks to the National Register of Historic Places, 1985, p. 8:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> When the vessels were repowered with smaller horse-power diesel engines, they continued to run at similar speeds to when they ran on larger horse-power gasoline engines. The tumblehome shape toward the stern leaves the boat wider along the water line than at the top deck providing greater stability when the

Rising Wolf	Glacier, MT
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At a July 5, 1990 rededication ceremony, Art Burch Jr. commented, "As a family with 53 years of experience in the park we are able to appreciate the historic nature of the vessels and realize the importance of them to the park."<sup>26</sup>

Today, passengers purchase tickets from a small ticket office that sits near the dock and board the *Rising Wolf (Little Chief)* at the Rising Sun boat dock located across from the historic Going to the Sun Road near the town of St. Mary, Montana. Cruises last an hour and a half and provide passengers the opportunity to disembark from a dock at the head of the lake for hiking opportunities. The operating season runs from early June through Labor Day after which the *Rising Wolf* is dry-docked in a boat house in the National Park Service housing compound in St. Mary. When more extensive maintenance is required, the *Rising Wolf* is transported on trailer to the Glacier Park Boat Company shop in Columbia Falls, Montana.

The *Rising Wolf* serves as a direct link to the early days of Glacier National Park. Built in 1926 and restored in 1990, the *Rising Wolf* provides a nearly identical experience to visitors of the park today as it did when constructed. In a sense, the *Rising Wolf* serves as a time machine transporting visitors back to when the fledgling boat concession provided a unique and different view of the park, a view from the water to the land. The boat continues to function as an important part of the park's tourism. It provides a glimpse of 1920s boating in one of the most beautiful settings in the world and serves as a tribute to J. W. Swanson, its builder, and the subsequent owners, the Burch family, who acknowledged the historic importance of the boat through its diligent restoration.

#### John W. Swanson

Born in Troy, Pennsylvania in 1883, John Swanson moved to Seattle, Washington in 1898. Swanson built his first boat, the *Flyer*, in 1907. Swanson followed this up with the construction of the twin-screw, steam logging tug, *Westly Wells* in 1908.<sup>27</sup> Swanson likely learned most of his boat building methods while growing up in Seattle, and his designs resemble similar West Coast run-abouts of the era. These vessels around Seattle were designed to operate in coastal waters where the chop and tides could severely affect operation. The design elements common in those waters proved valuable in the large wind-driven lakes in and around Glacier National Park. All of Swanson's boats have a similar hull shape with a vertical stem and narrow bow for cutting through the windy chop of the big lakes in the park. They retain a narrow shape through to the stern allowing them to easily move through the water.

boats become broadside to the wind. All of the vessels have passed current stability testing from the USCG proving their historic design holds up to modern standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Kennedy, Brian, "Little Chief tour boat returns to St. Mary Lake," Hungry Horse News, July 12, 1990.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> White, Thain. "A Brief History of the Steamboating on Flathead Lake in Western Montana, and Roster of Flathead Lake Steamers Etc. 1883-1957." Thain White Papers. Archives and Special Collections, Mansfield Library, University of Montana.

Rising Wolf
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His love of the Glacier National Park area began the same year during a visit to the foot of Lake McDonald where he noted "that there was no spot more beautiful in the entire state." Prior to moving his operations to the Glacier area, he operated his own company, the Flathead Boat Construction and Transportation Company. He earned a strong reputation as a master boat builder catering to the growing freight traffic that ran up and down Flathead Lake. At least 11 documented boats constructed by Swanson plied the waters of Flathead Lake. Most were steamers used for hauling machinery and timber. None remain.

Though Swanson's boats measured up to 350 feet in length, he also made much smaller boats, including rowboats, barges, and scows. The barges he constructed that operated on Flathead Lake were used for a variety of purposes including hauling livestock, lumber, and concrete. In addition to the boats Swanson built for his own use, he constructed several boats on contract for use on Flathead Lake, including two 65-foot vessels for the Somers Lumber Company.<sup>29</sup>

Several stories exist regarding the determination and resourcefulness of Swanson. One story describes the move of one of his large Flathead Lake boats, the *City of Polson*, to Lake McDonald in 1915. Swanson undertook a two-week journey with the assistance of a six-man crew to maneuver the boat via the Flathead River and McDonald Creek. The extremely difficult move entailed a roughly 60-mile trip transporting the boat over rapids and sand bars. The ability to complete such a difficult venture demonstrates J. W. Swanson's doggedness and ingenuity. Upon the boat's arrival, he dry-docked it then added ten feet to its length. Rechristening the boat the *Lewtana*, he contracted it out to Frank Kelly and John Lewis.

By 1920, Swanson acquired his own concession in the park, the Glacier Park Boat Company. He operated the company until he sold it to Arthur Burch and Carl Anderson in 1938. Not content to solely focus on his boat concession, he purchased, in 1928, 2800 acres of land near Eureka, west of Glacier National Park, and branched out into logging. To make his planned logging operation viable, a bridge was needed to allow the transport of the logs. Showing his craftsmanship extended beyond the construction of boats, he built a 750-foot bridge, which he boasted "...supported 35 to 40 tons, plus the truck weight, and it lasted for 20 years in high water and low." <sup>31</sup>

After his sale of the Glacier National Park concession and boats to Burch and Anderson, Swanson's maritime skills resulted in his employment during World War II as a shipyard supervisor on Terminal Island in Los Angeles Harbor. During his time in California, he continued his boat building activities with the construction of yachts and yacht tenders.<sup>32</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Phyllis Clark, "Cap'n Swanson—Boat Builder," *The Daily Inter Lake*, July 19, 1970.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> This story is told by many sources, but Swanson gives a first person telling in the article, "Cap'n Swanson—Boat Builder," *The Daily Inter Lake*, July 19, 1970.

<sup>31</sup> Clark, "Cap'n Swanson—Boat Builder," 1970.

<sup>32</sup> Ibid.

Rising Wolf
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The sale of the concession and boats didn't mark the end of Swanson's activities in Glacier National Park. Near the end of World War II, Swanson returned and assisted Burch with the construction of the 45-foot cedar plank and oak frame vessel, *Big Chief.*<sup>33</sup>

During the latter part of his life, Captain Swanson split his time between Somers, Montana, in the summer and California in the winter. His wife, Emma, an ardent supporter of his boat building profession, passed away in 1964. Captain Swanson passed away at the age of 88 in November 1971.<sup>34</sup> His importance to the boating history of Glacier National Park is reflected in the words of Phyllis Clark: "Fascinating is the word to describe Cap'n Swanson. Cap'n Swanson has carved his niche in Montana history and will be long remembered...long after the *DeSmet* and *Rising Wolf* make their last excursion trips in Glacier National Park."<sup>35</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Interviews with Arthur J. Burch's grandsons and current owners of the Glacier Park Boat Company, Art Burch, Jr. and Scott Burch. Fall 2014 to James Hackethorn. Columbia Falls, MT.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> The Daily Inter Lake, November 18, 1971, Kalispell, Montana.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Clark, "Cap'n Swanson—Boat Builder," 1970.

Rising Wolf	Glacier, MT
Name of Property	County and State

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Rising Wolf Glacier, MT County and State Name of Property Thain White Collection. Archives and Special Collections. Mansfield Library. University of Montana. Missoula, MT. **Interviews** Burch, Arthur and Scott. (grandsons and current owners of the Glacier Park Boat Company). Interview by James Hackethorn, Fall 2014. Columbia Falls, MT. **Previous documentation on file (NPS):** \_\_\_\_ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested \_\_\_\_ previously listed in the National Register \_\_\_\_previously determined eligible by the National Register \_\_\_\_\_designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey # \_\_\_\_\_ Primary location of additional data: \_\_\_ State Historic Preservation Office \_\_\_ Other State agency \_X\_\_ Federal agency \_\_\_\_ Local government \_\_\_\_ University Other Name of repository:

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior

NPS Form 10-900

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): \_\_\_\_\_

ing Wolf ne of Property			Glacier, MT County and State
10. Geographical Data			
Acreage of Property	n/a		
Use either the UTM syst	em or latitude/longi	tude coordinates	
Latitude/Longitude Coo Datum if other than WG (enter coordinates to 6 de	S84:	degrees)	
1. Latitude: 48.6905472 *Rising Sun Boat Do		ngitude: -113.52	459722222223
Or UTM References Datum (indicated on US)	GS map):		
NAD 1927 or	NAD 1983		
1. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
2. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
3. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
4. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
vessel, specifically 45 fe Boundary Justification The boundary includes the	nat area contained vet in length by 10 for (Explain why the base entire area of the less to ply the lake as	vithin the extrement of	e length and breadth of the width.
11. Form Prepared By			
street & number: <u>282 S</u> city or town: <u>Columbia</u> e-mail_ <u>james@glacierp</u>	ark Boat Company unrise Creek Loop Falls arkboats.com	state: MT	zip code: 59912
telephone: <u>406-207-266</u> date: January 2016	1		

National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form NPS Form 10-900 Rising Wolf Glacier, MT Name of Property County and State with assistance from: name/title: John Boughton organization: Montana State Historic Preservation Office. street & number: 1301 E. Lockey Avenue city or town: Helena state: MT zip code: 59620 e-mail: jboughton@mt.gov telephone: <u>406-</u>444-3647 date: January 26, 2015 Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Maps: A USGS map or equivalent (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's

- location.
- **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- **Additional items:** (Check with the SHPO, TPO, or FPO for any additional items.)

#### **Photographs**

United States Department of the Interior

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels (minimum), 3000x2000 preferred, at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Each photograph must be numbered and that number must correspond to the photograph number on the photo log. For simplicity, the name of the photographer, photo date, etc. may be listed once on the photograph log and doesn't need to be labeled on every photograph.

Photo Log	
Name of Property:	
City or Vicinity:	
County:	State:
Photographer:	
Date Photographed:	
Description of Photograp	ph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of
camera:	
1 of	

See Continuation Sheets below

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et sea.).

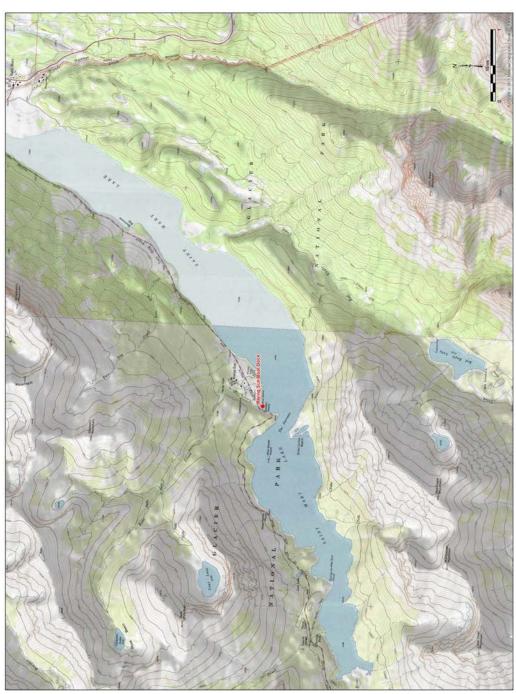
Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

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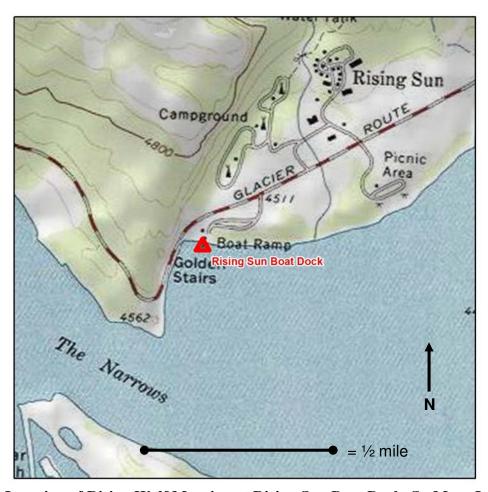
Location of Rising Wolf Mooring at Rising Sun Boat Dock, St. Mary Lake. Found on the Rising Sun and St. Mary 7.5' quadrangle maps, 1968.

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Location of Rising Wolf Mooring at Rising Sun Boat Dock, St. Mary Lake. Found on the Rising Sun 7.5' quadrangle map, 1968.

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Aerial view of Location of Rising Wolf Mooring at Rising Sun Boat Dock, St. Mary Lake.

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Rising Wolf at dock, Two Medicine Lake, circa 1950s.

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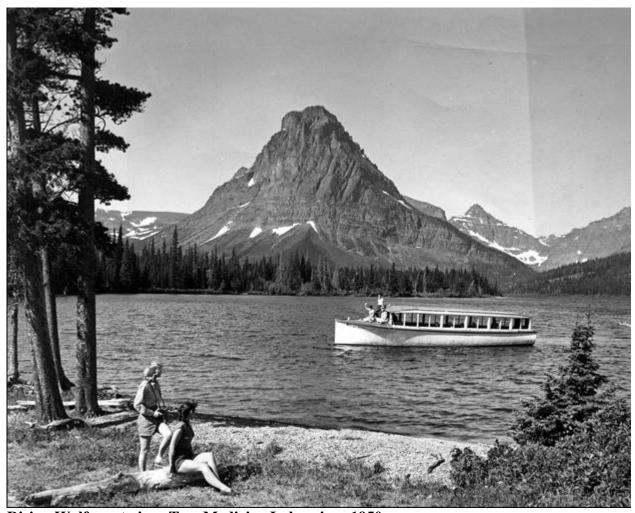
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Rising Wolf, port view, Two Medicine Lake, circa 1950s.

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Rising Wolf, port view, Two Medicine Lake, circa 1950s.

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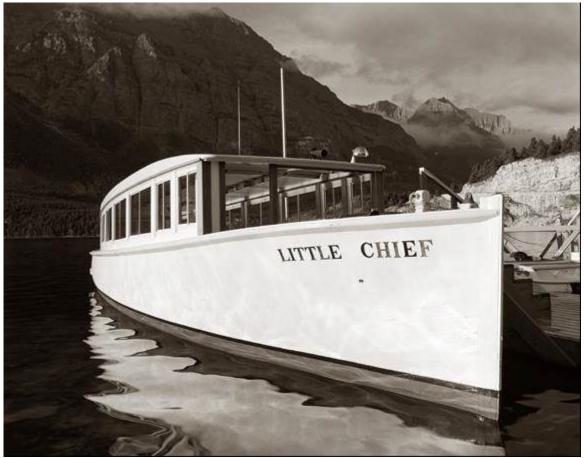
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Rising Wolf (Little Chief) at dock, Two Medicine Lake, post-1990.

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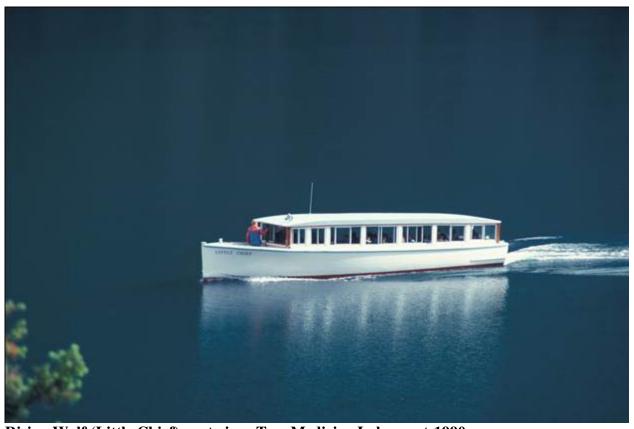
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Rising Wolf (Little Chief) port view, Two Medicine Lake, post-1990.

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**Photo Log** 

Name of Property: Rising Wolf (Little Chief)

City or Vicinity: Glacier National Park

County: Glacier State: MT

Photographer: Tyler Johnson

Date Photographed: April - July 2015

Description of Photograph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of

camera: 1 of \_\_\_\_.



MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0001, port view, Two Medicine Lake.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0002, port view, Two Medicine Lake.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0003, port side hull.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0004, port transom windows guard.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0005, tumblehome shape transom.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0006, Prior to repainting.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0007, overhead deck, ladder, and companionway door.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0008, canvas deck roofing.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0009, planking, showing restoration process.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0010, bottom garboard plank frames keel.

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0011, new garboard plank cotton seams.

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Rising Wolf

Name of Property
Glacier, MT

County and State
Glacier National Park Multiple
Property Listing, Amended (2016
Name of multiple listing (if applicable)

Section number <u>Additional Documentation—National Register Photographs</u>

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0012, bow.

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0013, bow brightwork.

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0014, bow covering mooring bollard.

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Rising Wolf

Name of Property
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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0015, cabin.

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

### **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Rising Wolf

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MT\_GlacierCounty\_Rising Wolf\_0016, propeller rudder keel.

































#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION		
PROPERTY Rising Wolf NAME:		
MULTIPLE Glacier National Park MPS NAME:		
STATE & COUNTY: MONTANA, Glacier		
DATE RECEIVED: 9/30/16 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 10/28/16 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 11/14/16 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 11/15/16 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:		
REFERENCE NUMBER: 16000772		
REASONS FOR REVIEW:		
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: Y SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N		
COMMENT WAIVER: N		
ACCEPTRETURNREJECTDATE		
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:		
The Rising Wolf is of state and local significance under National Register Criterion A and C in the areas of Transportation, Recreation/Entertainment, and Architecture (Naval Architecture). Constructed in 1926, the Rising Wolf is a well maintained illustration of a carvel-planked cedar on oak frame wooden vessel built to ply the inland waterways of Glacier National Park. Designed and built by master shipbuilder J. W. Swanson, the boat represented an important component of the transportation and recreational infrastructure developed at Glacier to serve the increasing number of early twentieth century visitors to the park. The property meets the Register Requirements established in the revised Glacier National Park MPS.		
RECOM. / CRITERIA ACCEST CRITERIA ACC		
REVIEWER PAUL R. LUSIGNAN DISCIPLINE HISTORIAN		
TELEPHONE DATE II 14 2016		
DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLRTYN		
If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.		

4/10/16 Date

Mark F. Baumler State Historic Preservation Officer Montana Historical Society 1410 8th Avenue Helena, MT 59620 RECEIVED

APR 27 2016

BY: SHPO

Dear Dr. Baumler,

This will confirm that I am fully aware of the effects of listing a property in the National Register of Historic Places. I recognize that, under the National Historic Preservation Act, I am entitled to comment on the proposed listings of properties within my jurisdiction.

Following is the proposed listing:

Rising Wolf (Little Chief)	
(Name of the Historic Property)	
On behalf of my jurisdiction	n, I support the proposed listing.
☐ On behalf of my jurisdiction	n, I object to the proposed listing.
On behalf of my jurisdiction listing.	n, I hereby waive my right to comment on the proposed
Sincerely, Mu	
Official's Signature	
	PARK SUPERINTENDENT 4/20/16
Printed Name and Title	Date
GLARGER MATIONAL PA	RK, AD BOX 128, WEST GLACIEN, MT 59936
Address	City State Zip



#### United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20240



September 27, 2016

#### Memorandum

To:

Acting Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places

From:

Federal Preservation Officer, National Park Service Bessel

Subject:

Glacier National Park Multiple Property Listing (Amendment); and

individual nomination for Rising Wolf, Glacier National Park, Glacier

County, MT

I am forwarding an amendment to the MPS cover documentation and one individual resource nomination under the MPS for Glacier National Park. The individual nomination is for Rising Wolf. The Park History Program has reviewed the amended cover document and the individual nomination. We have found the cover document to establish a framework for evaluation of individual properties, and the individual resource is eligible at the state and local levels of significance under Criteria A and C, with areas of significance of Architecture, Entertainment, and Recreation. Please note that Architecture was left off of the Section 8 form, but this Area of Significance is supported within the document narrative. If you have any questions, please contact Kelly Spradley-Kurowski at 202-354-2266 or kelly spradley-kurowski@nps.gov