United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places **Continuation Sheet**

Section number _____ Page ____

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 88001611

Date Listed: 3/31/89

Winslow Bridge Navajo Arizona **Property Name** State County

Vehicular Bridges in Arizona MPS Multiple Name

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Bruce g. Molle, J. Signature of the Keeper

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Date d	of 1	Acti	on

Amended Items in Nomination:

The period of significance for this property should simply be listed as 1939, rather than 1939-present as the period is listed in the nomination cover form. This should not be considered a substantive SLR since previous National Register return comments neglected to advise that the period of significance be amended.

DISTRIBUTION: National Register property file Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

	9. SIGNIFICANCE	8. HISTORICAL DATA	7. DESCRIPTION			
NPS FORM 10-909 (4/86)	The Little Colorado River presented Fe Highway. This crossing east of earlier bridged crossing in Arizona important structure for interstate representative example of 2-girder	In 1917, Navajo Co a pony truss appro the major east-wes highway, and the H span steel deck gi in 1939, AHD contr began preparation had for the trusse September 1939 the functions on State	span number : 9 span length : 88.0 total length: 801.4 roadway wdt.: 26.0	excellent; sufficiency rating: 44.6	 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE Winslow Bridge (Little LOCATION State Highway 87 over Winslow: NE1/4 S33 T19 Navajo County, Arizona 	
Historic American Buildings S National Park Service, U.S. Department o	The Little Colorado River presented the most formidible obstacle to tr Fe Highway. This crossing east of Winslow is thus one of the most imp earlier bridged crossing in Arizona. Though not the first bridge here important structure for interstate transportation. One of the longest representative example of 2-girder bridge design - a historically impo	In 1917, Navajo County erected a 620' four-span truss over the Little a pony truss approach the following year. The Winslow-Holbrook Road the major east-west route across northern Arizona. By 1938, the 14' highway, and the Highway Department moved to replace it. Fot the cro span steel deck girder structure, supported by concrete piers with co in 1939, AHD contracted with W.E. Bondurant of Roswell, New Mexico un began preparation for the pile driving on March 3, 1939 and began sup had for the trusses, 20 years earlier, the American Bridge Company fa September 1939 the Winslow Bridge was completed and carried highway t functions on State Highway 87 in unaltered condition.	superstructure: substructure : floor/decking : other features:		ttle Colorado Ri ttle Colorado Ri ver the Little Co T19N R16E zona	HABS/HAE
Historic American Buildings Survey / Historic American Engineering Record National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127	The Little Colorado River presented the most formidible obstacle to transcontinental traffic across Arizona on the Santa Fe Highway. This crossing east of Winslow is thus one of the most important in the state and, approaching one of the earlier bridged crossing in Arizona. Though not the first bridge here, the 1939 Winslow Bridge was a strategically important structure for interstate transportation. One of the longest bridges in the inventory, the Winslow Bridge is a representative example of 2-girder bridge design - a historically important but visually undramatic structural type.	In 1917, Navajo County erected a 620' four-span truss over the Little Colorado River 2.5 miles east of Winslow, adding a pony truss approach the following year. The Winslow-Holbrook Road was later incorporated as part of U.S. Highway 66, the major east-west route across northern Arizona. By 1938, the 14' wide Winslow Bridge became a bottleneck on the highway, and the Highway Department moved to replace it. Fot the crossing, AHD bridge engineers designed this multi- span steel deck girder structure, supported by concrete piers with concrete piles driven 55' below the riverbed. Early in 1939, AHD contracted with W.E. Bondurant of Roswell, New Mexico under FAP 40-B(1) to build the new bridge. Bondurant began preparation for the pile driving on March 3, 1939 and began superstructural erection late in the summer. As it had for the trusses, 20 years earlier, the American Bridge Company fabricated the steel girders for this bridge. In September 1939 the Winslow Bridge was completed and carried highway traffic until construction of Interstate 40. It no functions on State Highway 87 in unaltered condition.	<pre>steel deck girder (2 riveted plate girders) concrete abutments and wingwalls w/ solid concrete piers asphalt over concrete deck w/ steel stringers modest Art Moderne concrete wingwall bulkheads w/ chamfered and grooved pylons and concrete date medallions; steel guardrails w/ concrete curbs steel I-beam floor beams; steel angle lateral braces, flanges and web stiffeners</pre>	owner: Arizona Department of Transportation	ADOT: 0229 ADOT: 0229 epost 344.95 ADOT: 0229 A use (ORIGMAL/CURRENT) highway bridge / highway bridge 5. RATING NRHP eligible: state significance	HABS/HAER INVENTORY
-	the Santa of the cally ridge is a type.	, adding hway 66, multi- d. Early d. Early As it P. In D. It now	grooved te curbs; nd web			

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