Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED JAN 2 2 1980

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DATE ENTERED

### SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

# 1 NAME

HISTORIC

Miller Brothers Building

AND/OR COMMON Lan-Mark Store

## **2 LOCATION**

STREET & NUMBER 359-61 West Main Street

		NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
Lexington	VICINITY OF	6th		
STATE	CODE	CÔUNTY	CODE	
Kentucky	021	Favette	067	

### **3** CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENTUSE	
DISTRICT	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)	<u>_X</u> PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	X_COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	-RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:

### **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME Danny Johnson

STREET & NUMBER	
361 West Main Street	
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Lexington	VICINITY OF Kentucky
<b>5</b> LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC	RIPTION
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,ETC. Fayette County (	Courthouse
STREET & NUMBER	
W. Main Street	
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Lexington	Kentucky
<b>6 REPRESENTATION IN EXIS</b>	TING SURVEYS
TITLE Kentucky Survey of Historic	Sites
DATE April, 1979	FEDERAL X_STATECOUNTYLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Kentucky Heritage Co	ommission
CITY, TOWN Frankfort	STATE Kentucky

# 7 DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK (	DNE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	LUNALTERED	XORIGINAL	SITE
G00D	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
<u>X</u> FAIR	UNEXPOSED	-		

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Miller Brothers Building was built in 1892 in Lexington, Kentucky, on the northeast corner of West Main and North Broadway. This Queen Anne style commercial building is located across Broadway from the Victorian Commercial District (entered on the National Register, July 21, 1978). One block north is the Clark Hardware Building (entered on the National Register July 16, 1979) and a block and a half north on Broadway is the Lexington Opera House (entered on the National Register June 11, 1975).

This tall 3-storied brick building has a steel and glass facade which wraps around with a double bay on the Broadway side. The facade has three main divisions: two wide double bays flanking the entrance bay, which has a projecting segmental-curved oriel on the second and third stories (photo 1). A pediment extends outward, with triangular pendentives at the corners, from the top of the oriel. The large 1/1-pane sash windows have mullioned transoms (now painted over) and the glass surface appears to continue uninterrupted from the square fluted corner piers into and around the oriel, which is articulated vertically by very slender colonnettes. The first story piers have an interesting regular swirl pattern and are labelled "L (?) Schreiber & Sons/ (Ironworks (Ohi)o." The upper piers are plainer, with decorated capital bands (photo 2). A highly articulated but blind arcade remains at the cornice level, although the openwork (rather Chinese Chippendale in effect) above it has been removed. The cutwork in the oriel pediment surrounding the date "1892" and some ornament on the pendentives remain, as does the base of the finial. In certain lights the outline of some of the applied ornament originally on the friezes and spandrels can still be seen: these included cartouches linked by foliage above the first story; lion's-heads, perhaps winged, above the second story; and typical Lexington garlands on the third story.

On the west side (Broadway) there are four widely-spaced bays including an entrance to the upper stories (photo 3). The entrance which is at the end of this side of the building is covered with an iron marquee (photo 4). This plainer side has flush stone lintel and sills on the long window and the bold cornice has sunburst circles between flat paired brackets.

The interior is basically unaltered, although perhaps simplified. The first story has a rather plain pressed-metal ceiling with raised ribs and chandelier medallions; the upper floors, which are high, light, and spacious, with extensive views along Main St. from the oriel, have plain turn-of-the-century woodwork.



PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	-ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>_X</u> 1800-1899		EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

#### SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Located at one of the most conspicuous sites in downtown Lexington, at the intersection of two major thoroughfares and diagonally opposite the new convention center, hotel and shopping mall, this exotic steel-front structure is worthy of its situation, even though shorn of much of the original incrustation of low-relief ornament. A curved-front oriel (bay window) on the upper stories is surmounted by a decorated pediment that still boasts the date of construction, 1892. For almost 200 years this site has been identified nearly continuously with clothing stores, specializing in men's hats and shoes. Although occupied by food markets during part of the 20th century, with union and music halls upstairs, the building has now returned to essentially its original use.

This is one of the most prominent sites in the city, not far from the original 1779 blockhouse and stockade. Prominent hatter Patterson Bain had his shop here even before he built a fine store and residence in 1807; the latter, shown in old photographs in the Coleman Collection at Transylvania University and elsewhere, was a very handsome  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -story building with four bays on both sides. These were considered, according to Leavy, among the first fine brick buildings in the city. Bain later built a row of store buildings north from the corner structure along Broadway. In 1805 another prominent hatter, Hiram Shaw, bought the corner property; his much more modest "hat factory" remains adjacent to the east. In March 1864 the property was acquired by Moses Goldsmith, described as one of the first Jewish businessmen to make their mark in Lexington after the Civil War. He in turn sold it in 1891 to Isidor and Benjamin J. Miller. An enthusiastic notice in Ranck's Review (1887, p. 74) indicates that the Miller brothers had been located on this corner since about 1880 before they acquired the property, described as "perhaps the best stand for city trade, also good for country business." Their firm was originally known as the "Eagle Clothing House," "now one of the most famous institutions of Central Kentucky," based on cash-only sales, low prices, and innovative advertising methods.

Their success was clearly symbolized by the magnificent building erected for them in 1892. The author of an article on "New Buildings" in the <u>Transcript</u> 7/10/1892, stated somewhat ungrammatically that "Miller Bro's. new steel front at Main and Broadway is one of the most attractive clothing emporiums in the city," but failed to mention the architect. The property remained in the Miller family until 1952.

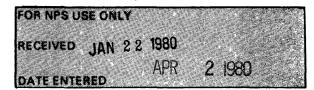
About 1911 the Miller Brothers Co. seems to have been taken over by Harry Klein, who formed the Klein, Michler (and for a year Glasser) Co. by 1912-13. After 1927 the Lexington Army Goods Co. was located here; about 1933 this was replaced by the A&P Tea Co. until World War II. In 1945 it was listed as Al Wish's Penny Arcade, but was a grocery thereafter. The current occupants, who have a real interest in the building, sell clothing, hats, and shoes, probably very much to the same clientele the Millers reached. At the turn of the century there was a fruit stand under a canopy on the west side at the corner, the upper floors, now vacant, are also said to have been used for union meetings and at one time a music hall.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGE Chinn, Asa. A collectio			and A-31.	
Dunn, C. Frank. "Old Ho Historical Society, 19	ouses of Lexington Ke		-	pt, State
Lancaster, Clay, <u>Vestige</u>		ity. Lexing	ton, Ky.: Lexingt	on-Fayette
County Historic Commis	sion, 1978.	NAT VEDIE	<b>CD</b> (see continua	tion sheet)
<b>10 GEOGRAPHICAL</b> ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROP UTM REFERENCES	DATA ERTY09_acre	ACREAGE N	DT VERIFIED	
A 1 16 7 1 19 4 12 10 ZONE EASTING C 1 1 1 1 1 1 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC		BL ZONE E/ DL		
The nominated property of Street by 95 feet on Nor Brothers Building stands	th Broadway) compris			
LIST ALL STATES AN	D COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUI	NDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
<b>11</b> FORM PREPAREI NAME / TITLE Walter E. Langsam, Archi ORGANIZATION		and Richard S	5. DeCamp, Executi DATE	ve Director
Lexington-Fayette County STREET & NUMBER	<u> Historic Commission</u>		11-1-79 TELEPHONE	
253 Market Street			255-8312	
CITY OR TOWN Lexington		· · ·	state Kentucky	
<b>12 STATE HISTORIC</b>	PRESERVATION	OFFICER	CERTIFICATIO	N
THE EVA	LUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T	HIS PROPERTY W		
NATIONAL	STATE	<del></del>	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF ATTLE TOR NPS/USE ONLY	or inclusion in the National Re by the National Park Service.			
	SPROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN	I THE NATIONAL	REGISTER	
W. Cay Fr	LL		DATE 4/	2/80
	<del>lology and historic pre</del> Zonaell <del>Legiste</del> r	SCREATION	DATE 3/4	SC

GPO 892-453

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. ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 2

Leavy, William A. "A Memoir of Lexington and Its Vicinity." (1873) <u>Register</u>, Kentucky State Historical Society, Vol. 40 (April 1942),111-131; (July 1942) 253-267; (October 1942), 353-375. Vol. 31 (Jan. 1943), 44-62; (Apr. 1943), 107-137; (July 1943), 250-260; (Oct. 1943), 310-346. Vol. 42 (Jan. 1944), 26-53.

Lexington City Directories.

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

Lexington-Fayette County Deed and Will Books.

Ranck, George W. <u>A Review of Lexington, Kentucky As She Is</u>. New York: John A. Letham, 1887.

Sanborn Insurance Maps.

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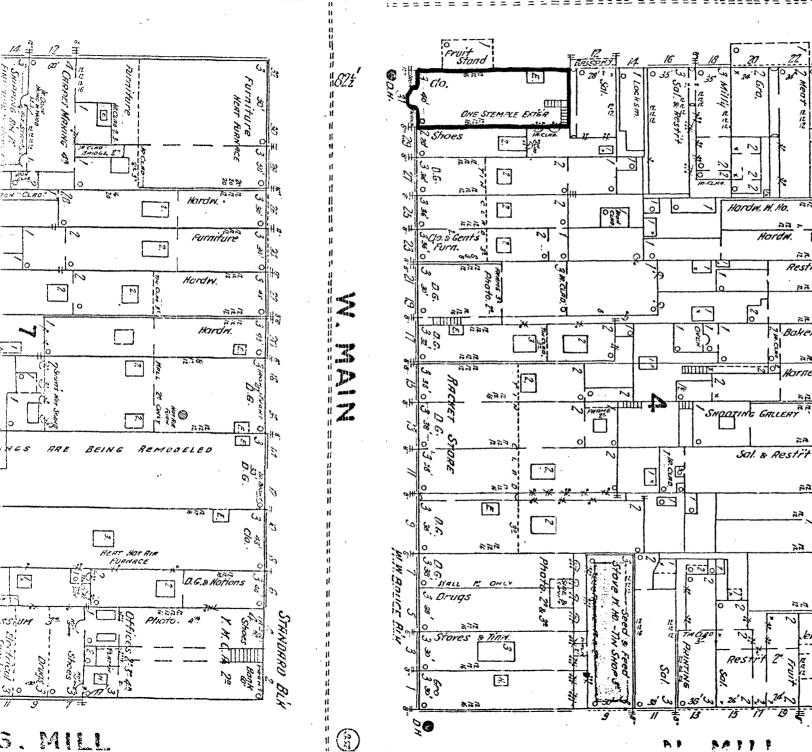
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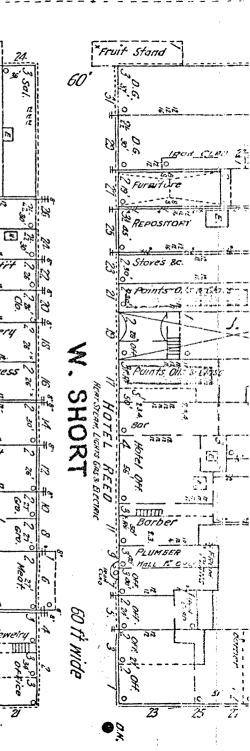
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Y. PIPE



- 1. Miller Brothers Building
- 2. Lexington 359-61 West Main Street Fayette Kentucky

3. Sanborn Insurance Map

Scale:	1"=1200'
Date:	1901
Map 2	

JAN 22 1980



1. Miller Brothers Building

- 2. Lexington 259-61 West Main Street Fayette Kentucky
- 3. Lexington-Fayette Urban Co. Planning Commission Map

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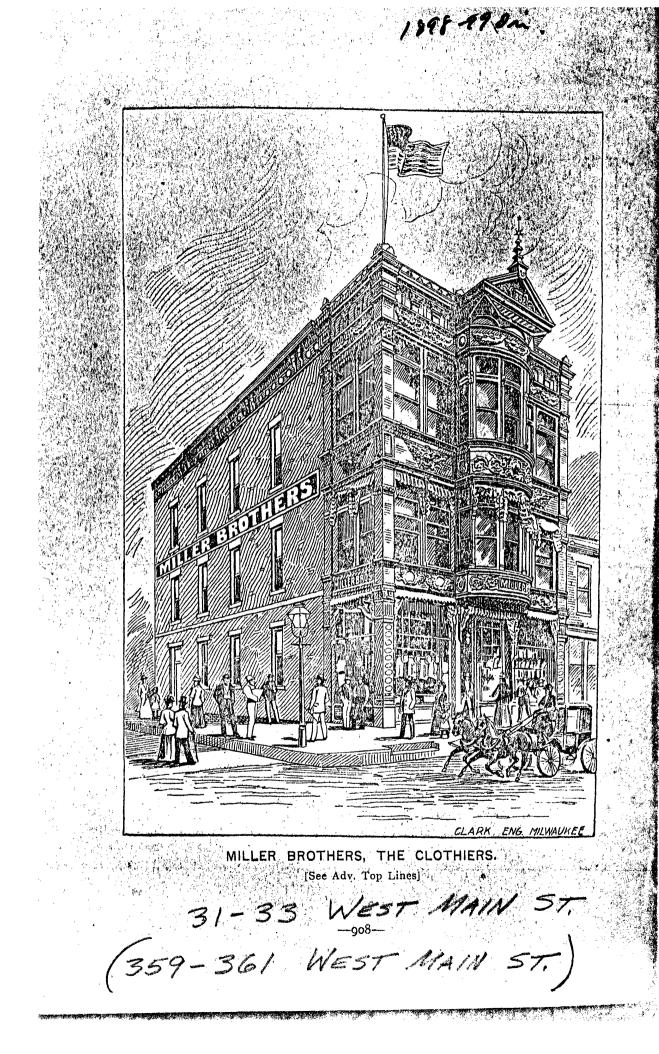
Date: 1978 Scale: 1"=400'

Map 3

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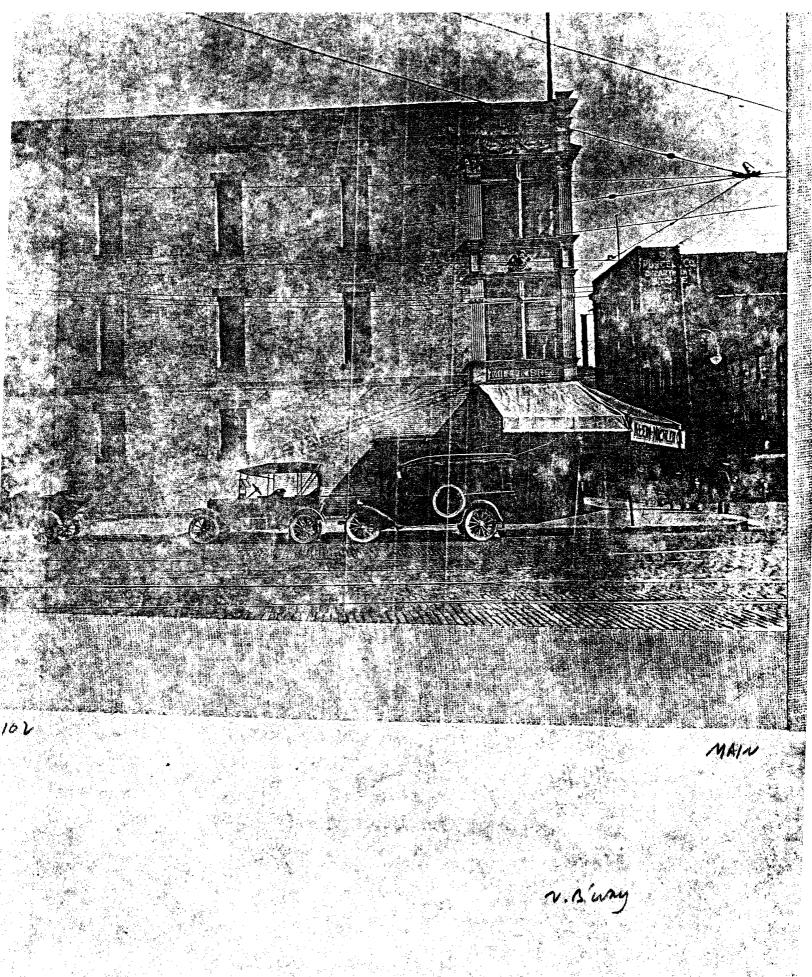
# Copy of drawing from the 1898-99 Lexington City Directory Miller Brothers Building (Facade view looking northwest) View 1

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2



Copy of Asa Chinn Photograph ca. 1920 Miller Brothers Building (Looking south at Broadway side of building) View 2 APR 2 980

W? N. Bway 31°/ 349 (347) 361 355 (353) 357 W. Main

Copy of Asa Chinn Photograph (ca 1920) JAN 2 2 1980 Miller Brothers Building (View of facade looking north) View 3