United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received DEC 1 6 1983 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	John, David, and Jacob Rees House							
and/or common	LeFevre F	arm						
2. Loc	ation of	4.5, 11						
street & numbe	1.6 miles	west on We	st Virginia 1; south 0.5	Secondary Route 24/ 5 mile down lane	1 (Sam Mason Road), not for publication			
city, town	Bunker Hill v	×. <u>x</u>	_ vicinity of	congressional district				
state West	Virginia	code 54	county	Berkeley	003			
3. Clas	sification							
Category district _Xbuilding(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being consider	n Acces X yes	cupied occupied ork in progress sible s: restricted s: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:			
4. Owr	ner of Prop	perty						
name	Mr. and Mrs.	Lucien D.	LeFevre					
street & number	Route #1, Bo	ox 690						
city, town	Bunker Hill	x	vicinity of	state	West Virginia			
5. Loca	ation of Le	egal De	scriptio	on				
courthouse, reg	istry of deeds, etc.	Berkeley	County Cour	thouse				
street & number		100 West	King Street					
city, town		Martinsbu	ırg	state	West Virginia			
6. Rep	resentatio	on in Ex	cisting \$	Surveys				
	Berkeley County H Landmarks Commiss		has this pro	perty been determined ele	gible? yes _X_ no			
date	1973 - 1983			federal state	county local			
depository for s	urvey records	Berkeley	County Cour					
city, town		Martinsbu	ırg	state	West Virginia			

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Chee
_Xexcellent	deteriorated	unaltered	X
good	ruins	<u>X</u> altered	
fair	unexposed		

Check one _____ original site _____ moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Rees house is located on a 232 acre farm at the end of a half mile driveway and is situated in a large yard with many old trees and a small stream. The house is "L" shaped and is forty-five feet (45') wide by seventy feet (70') long. It consists of three separate sections built at three separate times using log, stone, and brick, all on a stone foundation.

The two story, three bay log section, twenty-one feet (21') wide by sixteen feet (16') deep, was built first, ca. 1760, as a settler's small dwelling house. Room partitions are the vertical, hand-planed, beaded board walls. A stone fireplace is on the west wall as is the large exterior two story stone chimney. The steep winder stair is enclosed and has a board and batten door. On the second story, the loft is accessible by ladder. This section is representative of permanent settler housing. When the stone section was constructed, ca. 1795, the log house was attached to be used as the kitchen and was covered with beaded weatherboard. These two sections comprise the ell.

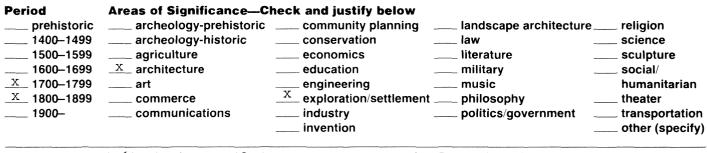
The two story, three bay coursed rubble stone house is Federal and measures twenty-seven feet (27') wide by twenty-four feet (24') deep. The four flight open-well stairway has a beaded stringer course and ornamental scrolls as stepend decoration and leads to a small plastered room under the eaves on the third floor. Window and exterior door jambs are panelled and facings are symmetrically molded with rondel corner blocks. The two fireplaces are quite handsome with very decorative Federal mantels having pilasters and end blocks of symmetrical moldings. Exterior moldings are the quirked ovalo of the period and exterior doors are heavy board and batten on strap hinges with small four-light windows near the top.

The Greek-Revival front section of this "L" shaped house was constructed ca, 1855 of brick in five row common bond on a stone foundation. Forty-five feet (45') wide and twenty-two feet (22') deep, it is a full two-and-a-half stories and five bays with inside end chimneys on a gently sloping gable roof. All fenestration is trabeated with white, wooden lintels. Windows are 6/6 double hung sash except for the third floor which has six light casement sash. Brick dentil cornices extend across the front and rear of the building.

The entrance door has a diamond-light transom and shouldered trim. The stairway in the central hall is magnificent and is a four-flight, oval openwell stairwith simple brackets as step-end decoration. All four mantels are nearly identical with a heavily molded rectangular frieze over like pilasters. Parlor windows are set over panels. Other windows have the same beaded backband trim, including the casement windows on the third floor. All doors are period four-panel doors with original hardware.

A small stone springhouse, seventeen feet (17') by thirteen feet (13'), in the rear yard and the log barn are included.

8. Significance



Specific dates 1761, 1791, ca. 1855 Builder/Architect John Rees, David Rees, Jacob Rees

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Rees house is significant for its historical associations with the Rees family, an early settler family in Berkeley County, West Virginia (then Frederick County, Virginia). It is also significant for being a wonderful collection of American architectural history representing three distinct periods and three types of construction, and it was entirely built by three generations of the same family.

On September 7, 1761, John Rees and his wife and children transferred their membership in the Quaker Meeting House at Sadsbury (Lancaster County), Pennsylvania to Hopewell in Frederick County, Virginia. The log house was constructed at approximately this time as a permanent dwelling for this settler's family. The house had five rooms and a large stone cooking fireplace with oven. It is constructed entirely of hand-hewn logs and beams and hand-planed interior board walls. Interestingly, John Rees was disowned at Hopewell Meeting House because he "Neglected attending the meetings" on October 1, 1781.

The house and farm of 300 acres in 1791 went to son David who constructed the Federal stone house and sided the log house. The contrast in workmanship is very apparent as sawn lumber was used for the joists and although board wall partitions were again used, the boards are not as wide. The mantels and stairway in particular are very fine period work.

David's grandson, Jacob, built the brick house, ca. 1855, which is an exceptionally fine late Greek Revival dwelling. The exterior with its handsome brick façade of trabeated fenestration has definite classical overtones. No expense was spared in finishing the house with its sweeping staircase and well trimmed large rooms. Unfortunately, and probably because of the expense of building the brick house, the property was sold for debt in 1857. Finally, in 1873, it was sold to the LeFevres, a family who again have owned it through successive generations.

The Rees house is significant for being a representation in Berkeley County of vernacular architectural development and of the changing fortunes of one of the early settler families and their successive generations.

9. Major Bibliographical References

<u>Hopewell Friends History</u>, <u>1734-1934</u>, <u>Frederick County</u>, <u>Virginia</u> by a Joint Committee of Hopewell Friends, Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., Baltimore, Md. 1975.
<u>The Berkeley Journal</u>, Issue Eight 1979, published by the Berkeley County County Historical Society.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <u>3 acres</u> Quadrangle name <u>Inwood</u> , WV UMT References	Quadrangle scale <u>1:24,000</u>			
A 1,7 75,02,0,0 4,35,53,0 Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing			
	FL L			
G	$H \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} $			

Verbal boundary description and justification Nominated property includes roughly 100' on each side of the house and buildings and runs down to Sylvan Run (see map).

List all states a	nd counties for prope	erties ove	rlapping state	or county bou	undaries
state N/A		code	county		code
state		code	county		code
11. For	n Prepareo	d By			
name/title	Frances D. Ruth	- Chair	rperson		
organization	Berkeley County Landmarks Commi		lc	date	September 30, 1983
street & number	Route #2, Box 3	20		telephone	(304) 754 - 7097
city or town	Martinsburg,			state	West Virginia
665), I hereby nom	State Historic Preservat	nclusion in	the National Reg	jister and certif	rvation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– y that it has been evaluated Recreation Service.
-	ervation Officer signatu	\dot{r}			
title Commissio	oner, WV Departmer	nt of Cu	Lure and Hi	story	date November 18,1983
1 An	ily ify that this property is i <i>mappen</i>	include¢ in	the National Rec Entered in t National Rec	he	date 1/12/84
^V Keeper of the Na	tional Register				
Attest: Chief of Registra	tion				<u>date</u>

G-17

Inwood Quadrangle

Berkeley County, West Virginia

Area 3 acres

