United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie						
historic S1	otin Building						
and/or common	Goodwill Buil	ding					
2. Loca	ation						
atreat 9 number			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			N/A not for	blication
street & number	101 West Broad	Stree				M/Anot for	publication
city, town Sa	ivannah		N/A vic	inity of	-congressional district		
state Georgia	L	code	013	county	Chatham	С	ode 051
3. Clas	sification						
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisitio in process being consider	- - n <i>l</i>	Status X occupie unoccu work in Accessible X yes: res yes: un	pied progress stricted	Present Use agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	par priv relig	vate residence gious entific nsportation
name Vantag street & number	ge Investment an 2231 Perimete				ph M. Mann		
city, town At1	anta		N/A vic	inity of	state	Georgia	30341
5. Loca	ation of L	egal	Desc	riptio	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Superi	ior Court				
street & number	Chatham Coun						
city, town Sa	vannah				state	Georgia	
6. Rep	resentatio	on in	Exis	ting			
titl e See c	ontinuation she	et		has this pro	perty been determined e	elegible?	yes_Xn
date					federal st	ate cou	intyloca
depository for su	rvey records						
city, town					state		

*				•
Condition		Check one	Check one	
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	X original site	
X good	ruins	X altered	moved date	
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Description

The Slotin Building, constructed in 1926, is a four-story brick commercial style structure located on a city lot at the intersection of West Broad and Zubly Streets in Savannah, Chatham County, Georgia.

The two sides of the load-bearing brick building facing the street are finished with hard-faced brick laid in running bond and trimmed with cast stone. A cast stone string course separates the first floor from those above. On the upper floors of both finished facades, shallow brick piers separate one-over-one double hung sash windows grouped in threes. Cast stone sills, soldier-course brick lintels, and decorative brickwork in the spandrel area under each window complete the window detailing. A crenelated parapet high-lighted with cast stone trim and bearing the inscription "Slotin 1926" on a name plaque at the center front wraps around the two finished facades. In the 1940s the first floor of the east (front) facade was altered, changing the original three bay arrangement and introducing a new window and door configuration with structural glass facing on the two north bays. The south bay retains its approximate original appearance, although the plate glass has been removed and replaced by wood siding, and the doors have been changed. The first floor of the Zubly Street side has a row of small rectangular openings with decorative grilles at pedestrian level and pairs of small windows higher up. The north side of the building is windowless, and the rear has large industrial windows.

The interior of the Slotin Building features an open floor plan on each level. Floors are supported by brick piers in the basement and by a system of wooden posts and beams on the four main levels that divide each floor into three long bays. Walls are exposed brick except on parts of the first and fourth floors where they are plastered. The building has plank ceilings except on the first floor where pressed metal is used as a finish material. Two original freight elevators and two enclosed stairways are situated at the west end of the building.

The building is located on an unlandscaped city lot with a small fenced parking yard behind. It is situated in a commercial district of mixed date just beyond the west boundary of the Savannah National Historic Landmark District. The new Chatham County Courthouse complex is directly across West Broad Street. The Scarborough House, a National Historic Landmark, is located three short blocks to the north, providing evidence of the elegant residential architecture which linedWest Broad Street until the mid-nineteenth century. The Central of Georgia Railroad: Savannah Shops and Terminal Facilities, another National Historic Landmark, is located to the south.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

Surveys

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet Representation in Existing Item number 6

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On July 9, 1982, the Preservation Services Division of the National Park Service Southeast Regional Office issued a Preliminary Certification of Significance for this structure.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce	= 10	landscape architecture law literature military music t philosophy	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
1800–1899 _X 1900–	communications	industry invention	politics/government	transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1926	Builder/Architect Lev	yy, Clark and Bergen,	Architects

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Slotin Building is historically significant in the areas of architecture and commerce. Architecturally, the building is a transitional work of commercial architecture which illustrates, in the Savannah area, the early-twentieth century change from traditional late-Victorian commercial architecture to modern commercial architecture. The building is a good example of early-twentieth century wholesale distribution facilities in Savannah, of which there were several, befitting Savannah's status as a rail head and port city. The Slotin Building was designed by Levy, Clark and Bergen, one of only three architectural firms practicing in Savannah during this period. In terms of commerce, the building is significant for its association with Slotin and Company, one of the two largest dry goods wholesalers in Savannah during the early-twentieth century. These areas of significance support property eligibility under National Register Criteria A and C.

Architecturally, the Slotin Building's transitional nature in terms of style and building technology is illustrated by its innovative, simplified, almost abstracted exterior arrangement and detailing which is combined with a traditional plank and timber interior highlighted with some pressed metal ceilings. Levy, Clark and Bergen, one of three architectural firms practicing in Savannah during the early-twentieth century, designed a number of major commercial and institutional buildings in the city including this structure. The firm's style changed from traditional late-Victorian to modern during the early decades of the twentieth century. The Slotin Building thus represents a key monument in the early history of this architectural firm illustrating its transition from traditional to modern design.

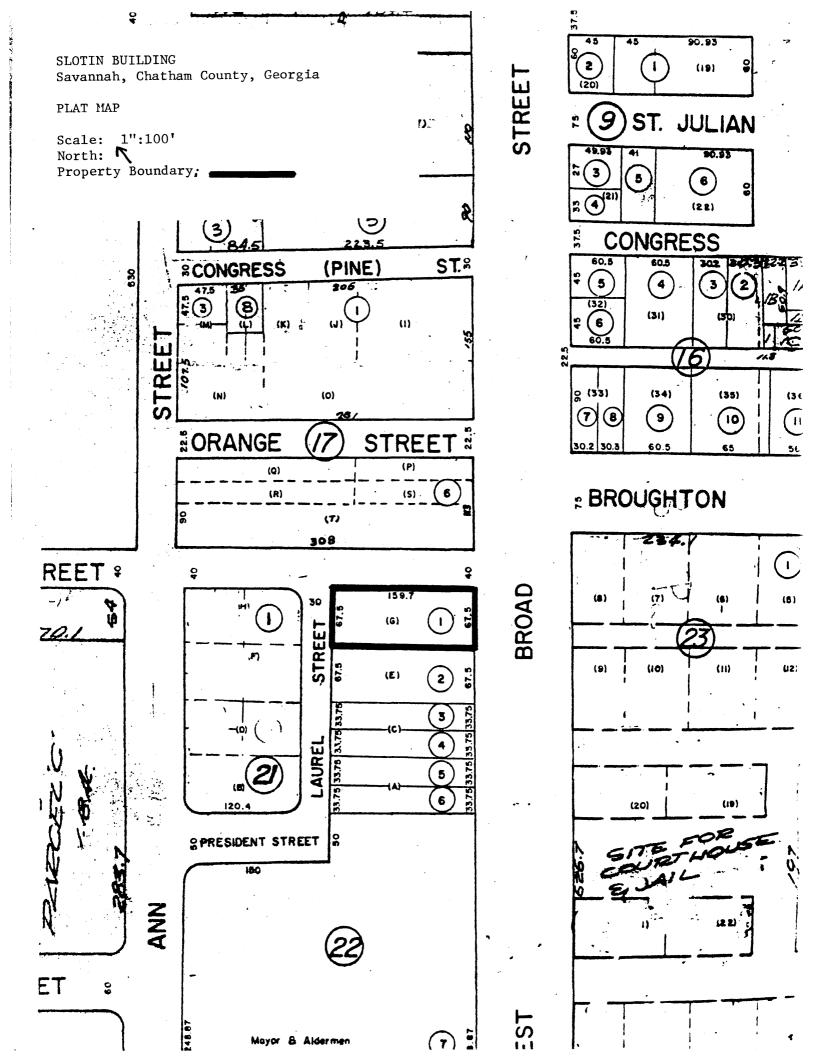
In terms of commerce, the building is significant as the home of one of Savannah's two largest, early-twentieth century dry goods wholesalers. Slotin and Company was active in a three-state region and operated out of what appears to have been the largest wholesale facility of its type in the city. Wholesaling was concentrated in the part of the city around the Slotin Building, due to the proximity of rail and sea transportation. Slotin and Company, founded about 1907, experienced a period of rapid growth in the early 1920s resulting in the construction of the West Broad Street building and attesting to the successful nature of its operations. The company, controlled by a Jewish family who attained prominence in Savannah, documents the important role played by Jewish Americans in the twentieth century commercial development of Savannah and other American cities.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Reiter, Beth Lattimore. "Slotin Building: Historic Property Information Form".

March, 1982. On file Historic Preservation Section, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta.

10. Geographi	ical Data		
Acreage of nominated property _ Quadrangle name <u>Savannah</u> , UMT References			Quadrangle scale _1:24000
	5 4 9 2 0 0 orthing	B Zone	Easting Northing
C		D F H _	
of the historic acreage legal description.	ty, outlined wi	th this building	k line on the enclosed map, consist and coincides with the current
List all states and counties f state $_{ m M}/_{ m \Delta}$	or properties over		code
state N/A	code	county	code
4 44	ervation Section to the street of Naturation Street, S.V.	al Resources da	te February 11, 1983
city or town Atlanta	·	sta	ate Georgia 30334
12. State Hist	oric Pres	ervation (Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this	s property within the	state is: _X_ local	•
As the designated State Historic I 665), I hereby nominate this propo according to the criteria and proc	erty for inclusion in	the National Register	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– and certify that it has been evaluated ition and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preservation Office	r signature	Elizabeth A. L	yon / /-
title State Historic Pres	ervation Office	er U	date 2/14/83
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this pro	Ln:	the National Register ered in the ional Register	date 3/24/83
Keeper of the National Register	TEST TO SPECIAL CONTROL		
Attest: Chief of Registration			date



TYPICAL FLOOR PLAN

North: 7

