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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

APR 0 4 1983

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	elle Isle Rice Mill Chimney, C	at Island	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	lack Out Plantation	<u></u>		
	Adde out frantation			
2. Location				
street & number C	at Island		not for publication	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Georgetown X vicinity			
	e 045 county Georgetown	code 04	3 zip code	
		<u> </u>		
3. Classification				
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Reso	urces within Property	
x private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	X district		buildings	
public-State	site	1.	sites	
public-Federal	structure	4	structures	
	object		objects	
		5	O Total	
Name of related multiple property	listing:	Number of contr	ibuting resources previously	
Georgetown County Rice C			ional Register0	
4. State/Federal Agency Cert			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
As the designated authority und	er the National Historic Preservation Act of	1966, as amended	I hereby certify that this	
	etermination of eligibility meets the document			
	ices and meets the procedural and profession			
In my opinion, the property X	meets 🔲 does not meet the National Regis	ter criteria.	continuation sheet.	
	1 Edmonds		\$/11/88	
Signature of certifying official			Date	
George L. Vogt, State Historic Preservation Officer, S.C. Dept. of Archives & History				
State or Federal agency and bureau	<u>12000120 2200</u> ,	*		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
In my opinion, the property	meets 🛄 does not meet the National Regis	ter criteria. 🛄 See	continuation sheet.	
Signature of commenting or other o	fficial		Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau				
C. Mattered Bark Constant Conditionation				
5. National Park Service Certification				
I, hereby, certify that this property	is:			

entered in the National Register.

See continuation sheet.

determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.

removed from the National Register.

Kruy Schlagel

Signature of the Keeper

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) Agriculture/Subsistence; Processing	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) Vacant/Not in use		
Agriculture/Subsistence; Agricultural	Vacant/Not in use		
field			
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
27.44	foundationBrick		
N/A	walls		
	roofBrick		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

This chimney conforms to the general description under property type "Rice Processing Facilities" and property subtype "Rice Mills and Chimneys."

The agricultural features, including ricefields, canals, dikes, and trunks, conform to the general description under the property type "Agricultural Features Associated With Rice Cultivation." The features at Belle Isle are particularly intact, the ricefields, canals, dikes, and trunks having been maintained in the same locations since the antebellum period.

It is one of two extant rice mill chimneys in Georgetown County (the Laurel Hill rice mill chimney, already listed in the National Register as part of the Brookgreen Gardens nomination, is the other) which retain enough bricks at the top to illustrate their original corbeling. The chimney at Belle Isle is 33'9" high, an average height for this property type. It is 5'11" square at the base, gradually tapering to 3'4" square below the necking and corbeling at the top. Two arched openings for the firebox, 2' high and 2' wide, are located opposite each other at the north and south sides of the base. A flared footing of four brick courses form the visible base at ground level (See Figure 1). A wooden stairway, leading to a wooden deck about seven feet high which overlooks the marsh, is a recent addition. The stairway and deck are constructed around the chimney and do not adversely affect its integrity.

8. Statement of Significance				
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties:				
Applicable National Register Criteria X A B X C	; D			
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D E F G			
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Agriculture Industry Engineering	Period of Significance 1830 - c. 1860	Significant Dates		
	Cultural Affiliation			
Significant Person	Architect/Builder Unknown			

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

This rice mill chimney is significant as one of seven known extant rice mill chimneys in Georgetown County; the agricultural features are significant as exceptionally intact examples of historic ricefields; both are significant for their association with Belle Isle, which was one of several productive rice plantations on Cat Island. This Belle Isle should not be confused with the much better-known Belle Isle on Winyah Bay, on the mainland. That plantation was owned by General Peter Horry, who had served as an officer with Francis Marion in the American Revolution. The Belle Isle on Cat Island was one of the two plantations owned by Richard Henry Lowndes. Lowndes also planted rice at Cat Island plantation, which adjoined Belle Isle. In 1850 these two plantations produced 360,000 pounds of rice with 147 slaves; by 1860 Belle Isle and Cat Island had increased their output to 800,000 pounds of rice with 105 slaves. After Lowndes' death in 1905, Belle Isle passed to his son Richard I. Lowndes, who was the first president of the Georgetown Rice Milling Company. Belle Isle was renamed Black Out in the mid-twentieth century and is now known by that name. It is one of several Georgetown County rice plantations which are now in use as hunting clubs and wildlife preserves.(1)

See continuation

Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	See continuation sheet Primary location of additional data: X State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Specify repository: S.C. Department of Archives & History Columbia SC		
10 Cooperative Date	Columbia, SC		
10. Geographical Data			
Acreage of property76 Acres			
UTM References A 1 7 6672800 Zone Easting Northing C 1 7 6612840 3674500 C 1 7 661840 C 1 7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
D 17/662500/3675140	See continuation sheet		
Verbal Boundary Description			
The boundary of the nomination is shown as Georgetown County Tax Map, District 1, Map 1"=1000'.	1014, Parcel 3, drawn at a scale of		
	See continuation sheet		
Boundary Justification			
The nominated property includes the rice magnicultural features including ricefields features illustrate the rice culture of Geo	, dikes, and trunks; these agricultural		
	See continuation sheet		
11. Form Prepared By			
name/title J. Tracy Power, National Register Hist	torian; Sherry Piland, Architectural Historian		
organization S.C. Department of Archives and Hist	torydate15 September 1987		
street & number PO Box 11669			
city or townColumbia	state		

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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NOTES

(1) Alberta Morel Lachicotte, <u>Georgetown Rice Plantations</u> (Columbia: The State Printing Company, 1955; Fifth Edition, 1970), pp. 143-47, 161-63, 164; George C. Rogers, Jr., <u>The History of</u> <u>Georgetown County, South Carolina</u> (Columbia: University of South Carolina Press, 1970), p. 292; Agricultural Schedules, Seventh Census of the United States (1850), Georgetown County; Agricultural Schedules, Eighth Census of the United States (1860), Georgetown County; <u>Georgetown Rice Milling Company, Georgetown, S.C. 1880</u>. (Charleston: Lucas and Richardson, Printers, 1880), pp. 2-3; Interview with Robert Joyner, Tom Yawkey Wildlife Center, South Carolina Wildlife and Marine Resources Department, Cat Island, South Carolina, 24 August 1987.

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Belle Isle Rice Mill Chimney, Cat Island (Georgetown County Rice Culture, c. 1750 - c. 1910 Multiple Property Submission) Georgetown County, South Carolina Photographer: Staff, South Carolina Department of Archives and History Date: August 1987 Location of negative: South Carolina Department of Archives and History North (land) facade on left; west facade on right. View looking south toward marsh.

