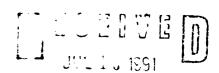
National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



NATIONAL

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See **Participal Guidelines** for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(,			
1. Name of Property			
historic name			
other names/site number			
Other Hames/site Hamber			
O Location			
2. Location	101 N D:		I land for autiliantian
street & number	101 N. Riverview		not for publication
city, town	Bellevue		vicinity
state Iowa	code IA county Jackson	code 097	zip code 52031
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Reso	urces within Property
x private	x building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing-
		Contributing	_
public-local	district		0 buildings
public-State	site	-	sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object	the state of the s	objects
		_1	<u>0</u> Total
Name of related multiple prop	erty listing:	Number of contr	ibuting resources previously
Limestone Architect	ure of Jackson County, Iowa		onal Register0
4. State/Federal Agency	Certification		
In my opinion, the property Signature of certifying official State Historical State or Federal agency and the		Register criteria. See	continuation sheet 7579 Date
Signature of commenting or o	ther official		Date
State or Federal agency and t	oureau		
5. National Park Service	Certification		- A3
I, hereby, certify that this prop			e Charles
entered in the National Reconstruction sheet. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the Register. National Register.	National on sheet.	Syen Syen	8/30/8/
removed from the Nationa other, (explain:)		of the Keeper	
	hoignature	of the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) COMMERCE/specialty		s (enter categories from instructions) MERCE/specialty	
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation	Limestone	
Mid-19th_centuryvernacular	walls	Limestone	
	roof	Composition shingles	
•			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

This 25'x60' limestone building from c.1850 is constructed on the river bank, and is two stories in front, but four stories in the rear. Rectangular in shape, with the narrow end of the rectangle facing the street, it is a freestanding hip roof building. It features a three bay facade on the west. The side elevations feature three widely spaced windows on the south and random placement on the north. The rear (river) elevation echoes the facade in design, and has a balcony at an upper level. Two chimneys are located on the south side of the roof (historic photographs show only these two). The three bay street level storefront has been recently restored and has two large display windows with a double door entry to the left (north) side. Transoms are located above the windows and door, and the stone piers of the original facade remain in place. Second floor windows on the facade have a very simple hoodmold, while all others are capped by limestone lintels. Windows throughout are double hung, and most remain the original 6/6. The exterior of the building has been covered with a light coat of stucco, and scored to look like ashlar. In a few places this stucco has flaked off, revealing moderate sized blocks of stone laid in courses.

This building is located on the east side of Riverview Street, directly on the bank of the Mississippi. Prior to construction of Lock and Dam #12, the river was actually much closer to the buildings along the bank than it is today. A two block City Park (originally the levee) is located immediately south of this building. This is one of four multi-story stone buildings along the bank, and retains the highest level of integrity. When these are viewed from the river side, they create a most imposing sight. Until the arrival of the railroad in 1870, almost all goods arrived in Bellevue by riverboat. These big stone buildings at the water's edge were among the most important in town. A note of interest: buildings on the east side of Riverview (known as Water and/or Front Street in the 19th century) are located on what was known as "water lots." These had the same lot number as the lot directly across the street from them. When you bought one of the lots on the west side of Water/Front Street, you automatically got the "water lot" to match it, and you were responsible for the care of the "water lot."

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property	in relation to other properties: atewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) — Architecture	Period of Significance	Significant Dates
	Cultural Affiliation N.A.	
Significant Person N.A.	Architect/Builder Unknown	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

This building is significant under Criterion C as it illustrates the extensive use of limestone as a building material in this area for a variety of building types, including commercial.

217 limestone buildings and structures were recorded in Jackson County, including twenty commercial buildings. These commercial buildings appear to have been constructed between c.1850 and c.1870, with the majority (thirteen) located in the town of Bellevue. Bellevue was surveyed and platted in 1835, though land sales did not actually take place until 1844. The community served as the first county seat, and was a major trading center due to riverboat traffic. Some of the earliest commercial buildings in the county are located in Bellevue, this building being one of them.

This multi-story limestone building located on the river bank is a good example of commercial design from the 1850s. It is rectangular in shape with the narrow ends of the rectangle to both the street and the river. It features the three bay facade commonly found on single storefront buildings, and has the limestone piers dividing the front into thirds as seen on the Herald Building from the same period. Two somewhat unusual elements are seen here: it is a freestanding building, and it features a hip roof, rather than being flat. The treatment of the second floor facade windows, with simple hoodmolds, and the coating of the building with stucco scored to look like ashlar, imply an importance to this building (at least in the eyes of the original owner). Locally it is believed to have been associated with E.G. Potter, but this has not yet been documented. No information has been located as to original use. By 1885 (the earliest Sanborn map) it was a dry goods store. However, by 1894 it had become a hardware store and implement dealership, a use it was to retain for decades. The location directly on the river bank, and immediately north of the levee, indicates some connection with riverboat traffic.

. Major Bibliog	raphical References	
History of Sanborn F Historic Soci	Plat Book of Jackson County. 1893; of Jackson County, Iowa. 1879; 1897 Fire Insurance Maps, 1885, 1894, 190 photographs, Bellevue Public Librar Lety Library. Where Proudly Flows the Mississipp:	7. 02, 1914, 1928. ry, Jackson County Historical
•		
	· .	See continuation sheet
preliminary det has been requ previously liste previously dete designated a N recorded by H Survey # recorded by H	ntation on file (NPS): termination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) ested od in the National Register ermined eligible by the National Register National Historic Landmark istoric American Buildings	Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency X Local government University Other Specify repository:
10 Coographia	and Data	
10. Geographic Acreage of proper		
UTM References A 15 711 Zone Eastin C 1	g Northing	B Zone Easting Northing D See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary	Description	
City of I	Bellevue, Original Town, WAter Lot	50 (S 25').
		See continuation sheet
Boundary Justific	ation	
This is	the area historically associated w	ith this resource.
		See continuation sheet
11. Form Prep	Molly Myers Naumann, Consultant	(515) 682–2743
name/titleorganization	Jackson County H.P.C.	date May 1991
street & number	J.C. Courthouse, 201 W. Platt	telephone <u>(319)</u> 652-3181
city or town	Maquoketa	stateIA zip code 52060

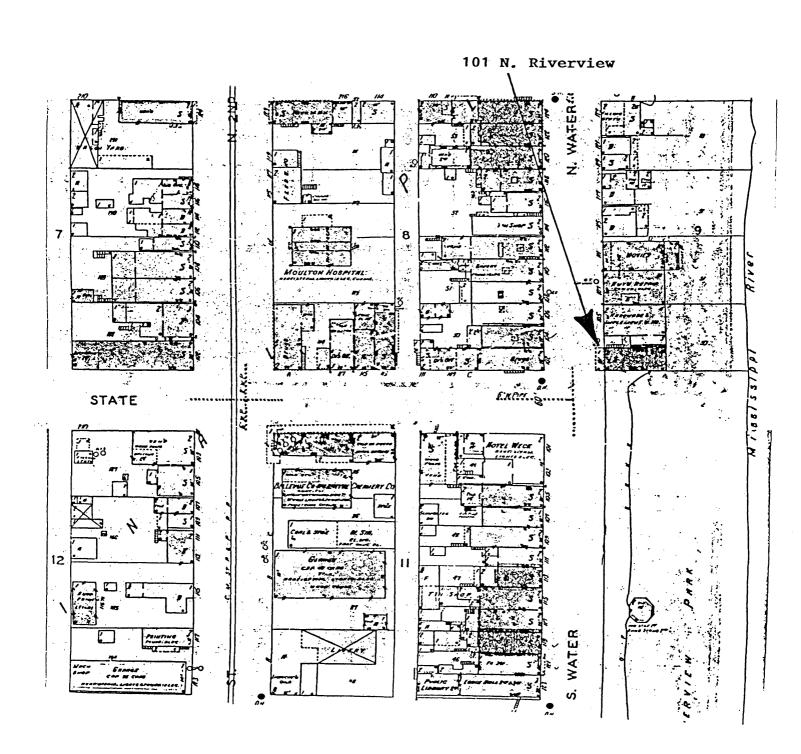




National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page __3 ____

CFN-259-1116



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____7 Page ____4

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Town sites being nominated with this submission.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number -	88	Page2	
		· ·	CFN-259-1116

In many Iowa towns along the Mississippi River, the earliest commercial buildings of masonry construction feature the use of limestone (or heavy timber) lintels rather than arches. In general, it appears that lintels were used until c.1860, then arches became the common method of construction. The stone lintels served not only a functional purpose, but in brick construction, became a design element as well because of the difference in color and texture. With few exceptions, the commercial buildings from the 1830s through the 1850s were vernacular in design, though the lintels, and the often symmetrical facades, gave a hint of Greek Revival or Federal style to the buildings. The limestone commercial buildings of Bellevue are significant examples of this period and building type.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 3

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Section number Photo Page CFN-259-1116

