Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

1 NAME

0509116

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED NOV 141977 FEB 23 1978

DATE ENTERED

HISTORIC					
Rust House					
,					
					
2 LOCATION		1. 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2			
STREET & NUMBER	Toll Dayson	" Off "			
Route 3. Box 263	, halfway between Lew		NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN	<u>, </u>	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT	
Maysville	<u>_X_</u>	VICINITY OF	8		
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
Kentucky		21	Mason	161	
3 CLASSIFICA	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE		
DISTRICT	T PUBLIC	_XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM	
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
_XSTRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENCE	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION	
		_NO	MILITARY	OTHER:	
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY				
_					
NAME Mrs. Pattie G. Ci	rain				
STREET & NUMBER	COLI				
Route 3, Box 263	, halfway between Lew	risburg & Wedonia			
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
Maysville	<u>X</u>	VICINITY OF	Kentucky		
FIOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IDTION	Netteden	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DECCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	ii iion			
COURTHOUSE,					
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ET	rc. Mason County Co	urthouse			
STREET & NUMBER					
	West Third Stre	et			
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
 	Maysville Maysville		Kentucky		
6 REPRESENT	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
TITLE					
	<u>of Historic Sites in </u>	Kentucky			
DATE		EEDEDA: Y	STATECOUNTYLOCAL		
1976		FEDERAL A	STATE -COUNTY _LOCAL		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Kentucky Heritage Co	mmission			
	Rentucky heritage Co		OT ATE		
CITY, TOWN	Frankfort		STATE		
			Kentucky		



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

XEXCELLENT

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED __RUINS

__UNEXPOSED

XUNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Located one-fourth mile east of Kentucky Highway 11 south of Lewisburg, the Rust House is a two-story, L-shaped residence having a width of five bays (see photos 1 and 2). Construction is of brick laid in common bond, resting on a limestone foundation. Two chimneys set flush with the gables straddle the ridge on the east and west, and a third chimney appears between the end of the ell and the original kitchen which projects from it (see photo 3). Windows on the first floor are sash with twelve-over-twelve panes; those on the second floor have twelve-over-eight.

The entrance hall is flanked by single rooms of equal size, each having a fireplace in its end wall. Skirting the mantles are floor-to-ceiling cupboards set into the walls. Within the entrance hall is an open staircase that has decoratively finished stringers, and newels that are squared and capped with wooden pyramidal pieces (see photo 4).

The second floor's arrangement is identical with the first, excepting there is no room above the kitchen whose recently unbricked fireplace revealed several interesting cast-iron pieces including a heavy crane with three hooks, and two andirons (see photo 8).

Flooring throughout is of golden pine and the mantles and cupboards of both floors are of walnut. These are in remarkably good condition and interestingly, no two are alike. Their careful execution is consistent and a hierarchy has been observed, i.e., the most elaborate are in the more formal rooms (see photos 5, 6, and 7). Chair-railing has survived in the entrance hall and east parlor, and outlines of chair-rails are visible in the kitchen. Plaster center-pieces appear to have been in the parlors, but no evidence of cornice moldings can be detected. Major doors of the first floor have five panels, while those of the second floor are treated with two panels. In addition, numerous box locks dating from the first half of the 19th century are found throughout the house.

The Rust House combines different stylistic features, and the date of its erection is ca. 1830-40. The overall form and proportions of the openings are Federal in effect, but the interior details tell of a somewhat Greek Revival character.

The structure has been altered by the enclosure of a porch beyond the entrance hall, and by the replacement of the original door of the main facade. A one-story porch was added to the front at an undetermined time, but this has been recently removed. The only surviving out-building contemporary with the erection of the house is a log barn with a stone foundation, located several yards to the northeast (see photo 1).

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	_XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			
SPECIFIC DAT	ES	BUILDER/ARCI	HITECT		

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

About 20 miles south of the Ohio River in northcentral Kentucky in the hilly countryside of Mason County stands the Rust House, a remarkably well preserved representative of Greek Revival transitional architecture. brick house, which is believed to have been constructed around 1830, has virtually all its interior woodwork intact. It contains six mantels that vary in style from Federal to Georgian. But these and other details, such as the baseboards, have the characteristic Greek Revival hierarchical arrangement and the character of their treatment can be called powerful. The proportions of the windows, however, are somewhat Federal, and the presence of chair-railing in several rooms would seem to indicate an early date. Thus, the house is a transitional residence that was the product of a provincial builder -- one who treated traditional forms with powerful "new" Greek details.

The residence derives historical significance from its association with John Rust, an early settler to the area and a veteran of the Revolutionary War. Rust fought in the Battle of Brandywine and was among George Washington's troops that wintered at Valley Forge. Rust's wife. Sarah (Sallie) was the sister of George Mason, statesman, constitutionist and signer of the Declaration of Independence from Virginia (DAB, p. 361). It was George Mason for whom Mason County, established in 1792. was named (Collins, Vol. II, p. 545).

From all available historical and architectural evidence, it would appear that the house was built by John Rust's son Mason, with whom John Rust was living at the time of his death in 1841. The structure is located on land previously occupied by John Rust and, it is conjectured by local historians, on the same site of the two-story log family homeplace owned by John Rust in the early 19th century. The log house burned in 1810. Born in Fauquier County, Virginia, John Rust first visited Mason County in the late 1770s when he came to survey and improve lands (Collins, p. 550). However, the Revolutionary War interrupted any plans Rust may have had to emigrate to Kentucky. In 1776 he enlisted in the army and by September 1777 had risen to the rank of ensign when he participated in the Battle of Brandywine, during which, he later wrote, "I received a wound through my left leg by a musket ball" (Rust, Deposition). $^{
m l}$

 $^{
m 1}$ The battle was an attempt by Washington to prevent superior British forces under General William Howe from taking Philadelphia. However, Washington was forced to retreat to Chester, Pennsylvania, and on September 26, 1977, Howe occupied Philadelphia (Morrison p. 189). Rust then accompanied Washington's forces into their winter encampment 22 miles northwest of Philadelphia at Valley Forge (Hurwitz, p. 679). continued in active duty from 1778 until the end of the war.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

"George Mason." Dictionary of American Biography, Vol. 12, pp. 361-364.

Collins, Lewis and Richard Collins. <u>History of Kentucky</u>, Vol. II. Berea, Ky: Kentucky Imprints, 1976 (originally published 1874), p. 545.

			(с	ontinued)
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY UTM REFERENCES	_	itude: 38 ⁰ 32 <u>ti</u> tude: 83 ⁰ 45	5' 10" ticks	GS map with UTM is is not available for Mays Lick, Ky. quad.)
ZONE EASTING C	NORTHING	B L ZONE E D	EASTING	NORTHING
LIST ALL STATES AND CO	UNTIES FOR PROPERT	IES OVERLAPPING	G STATE OR COUN	TY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
Mollie Shanklin/Mrs. An organization STREET & NUMBER Route 2, Box 496/ Jers	/K	entucky Herita	DATE age Comm., Se	
city or town Mayslick / Maysville		rankfort	STATE Kentu	ckv
12 STATE HISTORIC PR				-
	ED SIGNIFICANCE OF			
NATIONAL	STAT	E	LOCAL_	
As the designated State Historic Prese hereby nominate this property for inc criteria and procedures set forth by the	lusion in the National F e National Park Service.	Register and certify	that it has been ev	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE		ed W.	Thellen	
TITLE State Historic Pres	ervation Officer		DATE	10/31/77
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PR	OFERTA IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONAL	REGISTER	26375
ATTEST: Manual	affen	A STATE OF THE STA	KERRER OE T	HE NATIONAL REGISTER
				

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Rust House

CONTINUATION SHEET

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8 PAGE

According to local history, Rust received the land on which the house sits as a result of a Revolutionary War land grant. Here was located the log house in which he, his wife and three children lived until a fire destroyed the house on April 9, 1810. It is not certain where Rust and his family moved during the intervening years. Tradition states that Rust was an improvident gambler who had gambled away all his land and possessions by the time of his death in 1841. He and his wife Sarah are buried in the family cemetery a few yards west of the house.

His son Mason apparently retained ownership of his father's property near Lewisburg which Mason sold in 1845 to Walter Chandler (Deed Book 53, p. 298). The house was resold again before the purchase of the 200-acre farm in 1860 by Dr. William Ross. The property changed hands several times before it was bought in 1950 by Floyd Crain, the present owner.

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RUST HOUSE

CONTINUATION SHEET

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PAGE 4

Mastin, Bettye Lee. "He Had 1,000 Acres To Gamble Away." (Lexington) Herald and Leader, October 23, 1976, p. D-3.

An Illustrated Atlas of Mason County, Kentucky. Philadalphia: Lake, Griffing and Stevenson, 1876.

Mason County Deed Book 53, p. 298; 64, p. 546; 71, pp. 67, 4.

Interview with Mrs. Frank Barclay, Maysville, March 30, 1977.



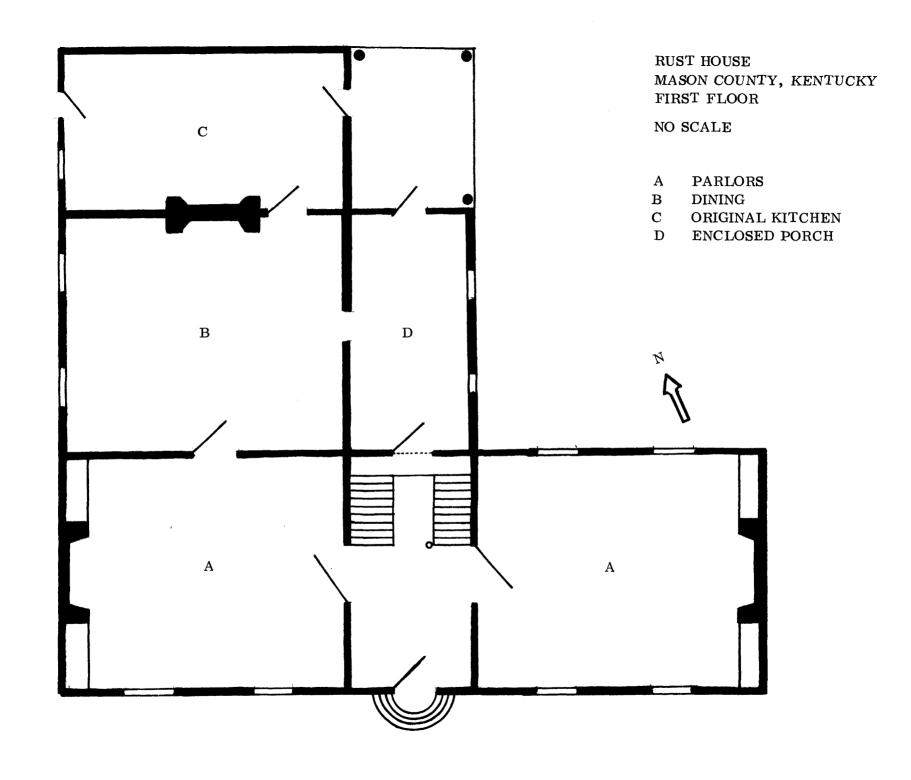
Rust House near Maysville Mason County Kentucky

318

An Illustrated Atlas of Mason County, Ky. Lake, Griffing & Stevenson Philadelphia, 1876

Map 2. Rust House circled in red.

NOV 1 4 1977



Rust House near Maysville Mason County Kentucky NOV 1 4 1977

Dan Kidd
Sketch plan.

No scale, September 1977.

Map 3. First floor sketch plan.