NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 8-86)

Ozarks, 1920-1940

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

RECEIVED 2280

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

1. Name of Property
historic name: Garfield Elementary School
other name/site number: BE3146
2. Location street & number: State Hwy. 62
not for publication: N/A
city/town: Garfield vicinity: N/A
state: AR county: Benton code: AR 007 zip code: 72732
3. Classification ====================================
Number of Resources within Property:
Contributing Noncontributing
buildings sites structures objects Total
Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register: $\underline{N/A}$
Name of related multiple property listing: Public Schools of the Arkansas

4. State/Fed	leral Agency Certification	=====	=======================================
of 1986, as request for standards for Historic Pla set forth in	amended, I hereby certify to determination of eligibility or registering properties in aces and meets the procedura in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opin	that they meet at the 1 and inion,	ts the documentation National Register of professional requirements the property X meets teria. See continuation
atthy	of A Satu		5-15-96
Signature of	certifying official		Date
	storic Preservation Program deral agency and bureau		
	on, the property <u>X</u> meets teria. See conti		
Signature of	commenting or other offici	ial	Date
	deral agency and bureau		
s. National	Park Service Certification	======	<i>-</i>
entered Se determi Nation Se determi Nation	in the National Register ee continuation sheet. ned eligible for the eal Register ee continuation sheet. ned not eligible for the eligible from the National Register	Tober	Register. Beall 6.28-96 Entered in the National Register.
other ((explain):	-	
		Sig	gnature of Keeper Date of Action
6. Function	or Use		
	DUCATION		School
Current: ED	DUCATION	Sub:	School

7. Description				
Architectural	l Classification	======================================	===========	
Rustic Reviva	al			
Other Descrip	otion: N/A			
Materials:	foundation walls	STONE STONE	roof other	Asphalt
Describe pressheet.	sent and histor:	ic physical app	earance	See continuation

Summary

The Garfield Elementary School is a single story, stone masonry school building designed in the heavy Rustic Revival stone style popular for public school construction throughout the Ozark Mountain region of the state during and immediately after the Depression. Its "T"-shaped plan is formed by the long classroom/office section running east-west and the perpendicular gymnasium section attached near the center of the northern or rear elevation. A total of seven chimney flues vent the interior and are constructed of an assortment of materials -- brick, stone and concrete block. The asphalt shingle roof and stone walls rest upon a continuous stone foundation.

Elaboration

The Garfield Elementary School is a single story, stone masonry school building designed in the heavy Rustic Revival stone style popular for public school construction throughout the Ozark Mountain region of the state during and immediately after the Depression. Its "T"-shaped plan is formed by the long classroom/office section running east-west and the perpendicular gymnasium section attached near the center of the northern or rear elevation. A total of seven chimney flues vent the interior and are constructed of an assortment of materials -- brick, stone and concrete block. The asphalt shingle roof and stone walls rest upon a continuous stone foundation.

The southern or front elevation is composed of a long, side-gable wall that is accented with two castellated, raised-parapet entrance porticos placed symmetrically within the facade. Eight large multi-pane window openings fenestrate the wall (each opening contains a total of three six-over-six metal windows, though for thermal efficiency the flanking windows in each have been covered with plywood; however, these windows remain intact behind). The castellated porticos project from the wall and are also built of stone. A segmental arch frames the entrance, which leads to a pair of fifteen-pane wood doors surmounted by a multi-pane transom.

The eastern and western elevations are virtually identical. The western elevation is blank except for the two large louvered vent openings placed in the center of the gable peak; in addition, the eastern elevation also features a concrete block chimney that is attached to the wall toward the

south. The northern elevation is composed of the side-gable walls flanking the projecting, gable gym section (later, non-historic additions have been placed against the western wall and thus obscure it). Like the southern elevation, the upper story windows visible in the side-gable section contain their original metal windows, now largely covered with plywood. The lower story windows visible in the eastern end light the kitchen area within. The side walls of the projecting gymnasium section are fenestrated on the eastern side with three pair of windows; the western wall, though partially covered with the non-historic additions, contains a single-leaf door near its northern end and two sets of triple-windows to the south, with a single window finishing the elevation. The northern gable end of the gym section is fenestrated with a pair of window openings, each of which contains a total of three compound metal windows, and accessed via a single-leaf entrance placed near the eastern wall.

Significant ornament is limited to the castellation of the entrance porticos and the segmental arches that frame the entrances. Otherwise the most noteworthy exterior detail is comprised by the heavy, random stones used for the exterior walls and their ashlar finish.

The interior of the main office/classroom section is simply detailed, as it always was; by far the most distinctive part of the interior is the gymnasium section. It features its original stone and wood walls, wood floor, and wood windows between the gym and the hallway in the southern section. Other noteworthy features include the wood columns that support the roof above the bleachers, and the original wood bleachers.

Alterations to the building are largely limited to the non-historic rear additions placed at the northwest corner and the covering of the metal windows on the office/classroom section. Otherwise the Garfield Elementary School remains largely as it was originally constructed.

Also included in the nomination is the earlier, c. 1921 native stone school building located directly to the north of the Garfield Elementary School. Though it is currently undergoing restoration after many years of neglect, it is structurally sound and substantially intact. It is contributing.

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certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties: <u>Locally</u> .
Applicable National Register Criteria:C
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions): N/A
Areas of Significance: ARCHITECTURE
Period(s) of Significance: <u>1941</u>
icilou(b) of bignificance.
Significant Dates: 1941
Significant Person(s): N/A

Cultural Affiliation	n: <u>N/A</u>
Architect/Builder:	Noderly, Garis Ross, Junior Robinson, Bob et al.

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

See continuation sheet.

Summary

Criterion C, local significance

The Garfield Elementary School is locally significant under Criterion C as the best example of a stone Rustic Revival style school building in the small, Ozark Mountain community of Garfield. Its castellated entrance porticos, arched entrances and heavy, ashlar-faced masonry construction throughout distinguish this design as the finest extant representative of an aesthetic that was particularly popular for public school construction during the Great Depression.

Elaboration

The small farming community of Garfield began as Blansett, named for the farmer Archibald Blansett who owned much of the land in this area before and during the Civil War. The name changed in 1883, two years after the arrival of the St. Louis-San Francisco Railroad, and was named Garfield in honor of the president who had been assassinated the year the railroad line came through. The year 1881 marked the beginning of the growth of Garfield as such, for with the arrival of the railroad (running between Rogers to the south and west and Eureka Springs to the east) the town grew dramatically. Like so many other Benton County communities, the fruit industry began before the railroad provided the increased access to larger markets for this produce; however, this industry experienced explosive growth thereafter, and distinguished Garfield as one of the principal fruit growing areas in Benton County for years thereafter. Other noteworthy industries included a lime works and a lumber yard, and Garfield could also boast of the usual complement of stores, blacksmith shops, a drug store, and even a hotel.

The Garfield Elementary School was built in 1941 to replace the earlier (c. 1921) stone building located directly to the north that had fallen into disrepair by this time. Though the identity of any architect who may have been involved with the design has not survived, the identity of at least some of the workmen who assisted with the construction is known, largely by virtue of the fact that several of them scratched their names into the mortar during the construction. Some of the more legible names include Garis Noderly, Junior Ross, Bob Robinson, Lark Legg, Cecil Poe, Sherman Spiker and Roy Bray.

In spite of the relatively minor changes that have occurred to the building, the Garfield Elementary School remains a remarkably good example of the heavy, Rustic Revival style of architecture that was so popular for school construction during this period, particularly in the northern, Ozark Mountain region of the state. Native stone has always been plentiful in this area, and much of it has always been good for construction. As such the Garfield Elementary School is locally eligible under Criterion C and should be considered as an amendment to the Public Schools in the Arkansas Ozarks, 1920-1940.

9. Major Bibliographical References					
Black, J. Dickson, <i>History of Benton County</i> , (Little Rock: 1975).					
Interview with Ms. Dorothy Ross; June 26, 1995.					
See continuation sheet.					
Previous documentation on file (NPS):					
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested. previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #					
Primary Location of Additional Data:					
State historic preservation office Other state agency Federal agency Local government University Other Specify Repository:					
======================================					
Acreage of Property: 3.30 acres					
UTM References: Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing					
A <u>15</u> <u>412950</u> <u>4033940</u> B <u>15</u> C <u>15</u> D <u>15</u>					
See continuation sheet.					
Verbal Boundary Description: See continuation sheet.					
A part of the SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 33, Township 21 North, Range 28 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Benton County, Arkansas and being described as follows:					
Commencing at the NW Corner of the SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 33,					

Commencing at the NW Corner of the SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 33, Township 21 North, Range 28 West, said point being a found pipe; thence South 00 degree, 00 minutes, 00 seconds West 309.75 feet and North 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds East 2.38 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING, said point being a set iron pin; thence North 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds East 175.35 feet to a found iron pin; thence North 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds East 46.05 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 00 degrees, 00 minutes, 00 seconds West 84.18 feet to a set iron pin; thence North 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds East 294.69 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 06 degrees, 34 minutes, 08 seconds East 307.48 feet to a found iron pin; thence South 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds West 140.00 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 89 degrees, 29 minutes, 36 seconds East 110.49 feet to an iron pin set on the Northerly Right of Way of U.S. Highway 62;

thence 262.10 feet along a curve to the left, having a radius of 844.72 feet and a delta angle of 17 degrees 46 minutes 41 seconds to a found concrete right of way monument; thence along said right of way, North 09 degrees, 51 minutes, 13 seconds East 30.00 feet to a set iron pin; thence 17.66 feet along a curve to the left, having a radius of 874.72 feet and a delta angle of 01 degrees 09 minutes 23 seconds to a set iron pin; thence leaving said right of way, North 00 degrees, 29 minutes, 36 seconds West 342.43 feet to a found iron pin; thence South 89 degrees, 39 minutes, 50 seconds West 149.76 feet to a found iron pin; thence North 00 degrees, 00 minutes, 00 seconds East 40.11 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING, containing 3.30 acres.

Boundary Justification: ___ See continuation sheet.

This boundary includes all the property historically associated with this resource that retains its integrity.

11. Form Prepared By

Name/Title: <u>Kenneth Story</u>, <u>National Register/Survey Coordinator</u>

Organization: Arkansas Historic Preservation Program Date: 05/14/96

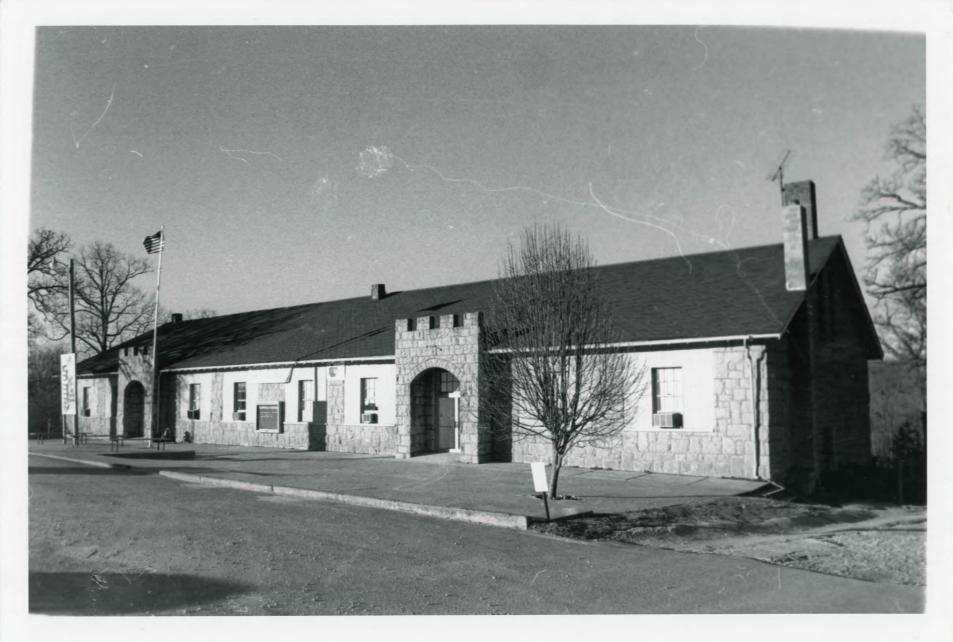
Street & Number: 323 Center Street, Suite 1500 Telephone: (501) 324-9880

City or Town: Little Rock State: AR Zip: 72201

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION	
PROPERTY Garfield Elementary Son NAME:	chool
MULTIPLE Public Schools of the NAME:	Arkansas Ozarks MPS
STATE & COUNTY: ARKANSAS, Benton	n
DATE RECEIVED: 5/29/96 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 6/28/96 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:	DATE OF PENDING LIST: 6/12/96 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 7/13/96
REFERENCE NUMBER: 96000693	
NOMINATOR: STATE	
REASONS FOR REVIEW:	
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDOTHER: N PDIL: N PERSEQUENT: N SAMPLE: N SLR	DSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N IOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WAIVER: N	
ACCEPT RETURN REJI	ECT <u>6.26.%</u> DATE
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS: Entered National	in the 1 Register
RECOM./CRITERIA	
REVIEWER	DISCIPLINE
TELEPHONE	DATE
DOCUMENTATION see attached commer	



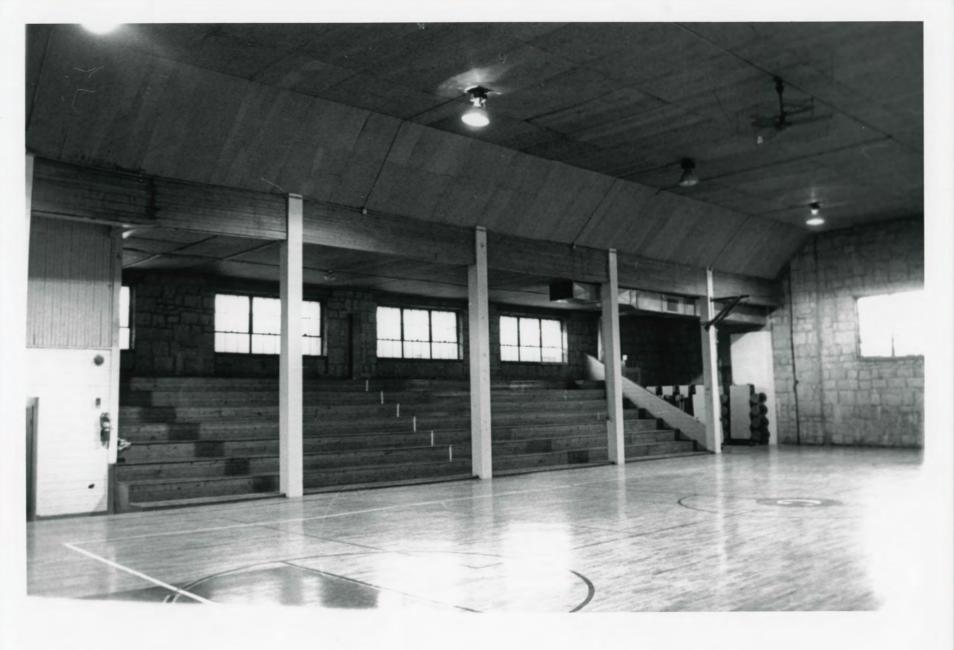
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CHARRIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. STORY
2/96
NEC. ON FILE AT AHPP
VIEW FROM PE



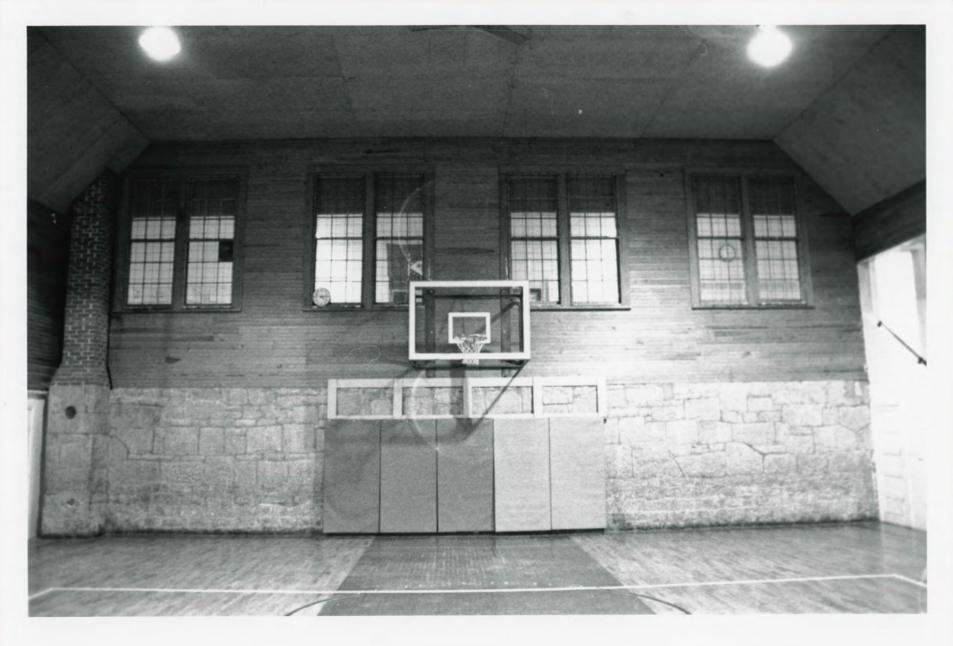
GARFIELD ELEM. PCH.
GARFIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. PTORY
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CHREIELD ELEM. PCH.
CHARFIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. PTORY
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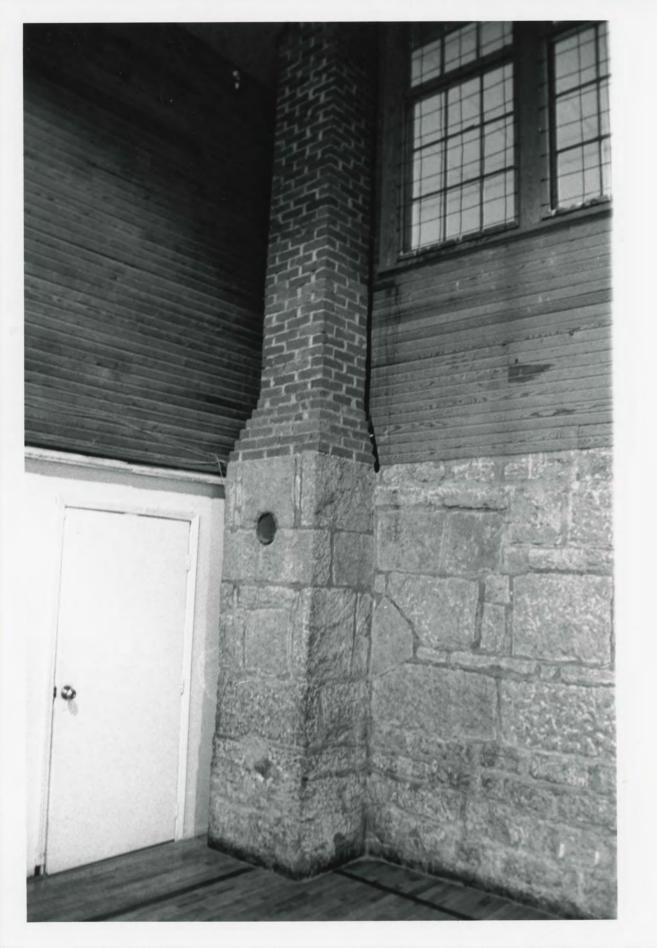


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GAMRIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. STORY
2/96
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GYM BLEACHERS DETAIL



CAMPIELD ELEM. PCH.
CAMPIELD, BENTON Co., AR
PHOTO BY K. PTORY
2/96

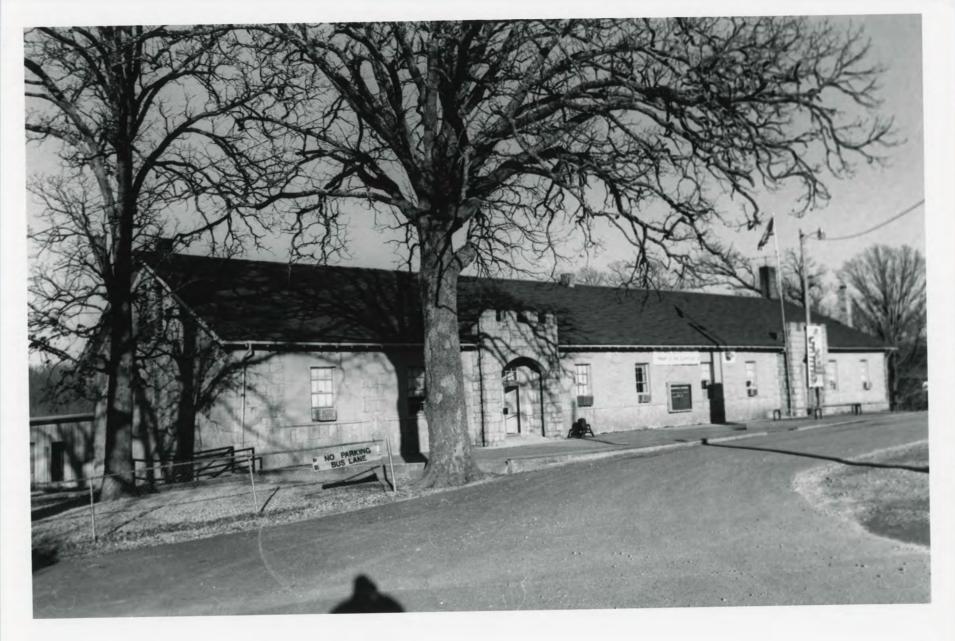
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GARRIELD ELEM. PCH CHARLELO, BENTON CO., AR PHOTO BY K. PTORY 2/96 NEG. ON FILE AT AHPP INT. (HIMMEY DETAIL



GARFIELD ELEM. SCH.
GARFIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. STORY
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NEG. ON FILE AT AHPP
INT. GYM DETAIL



CARFIELD ELEM. PCH.

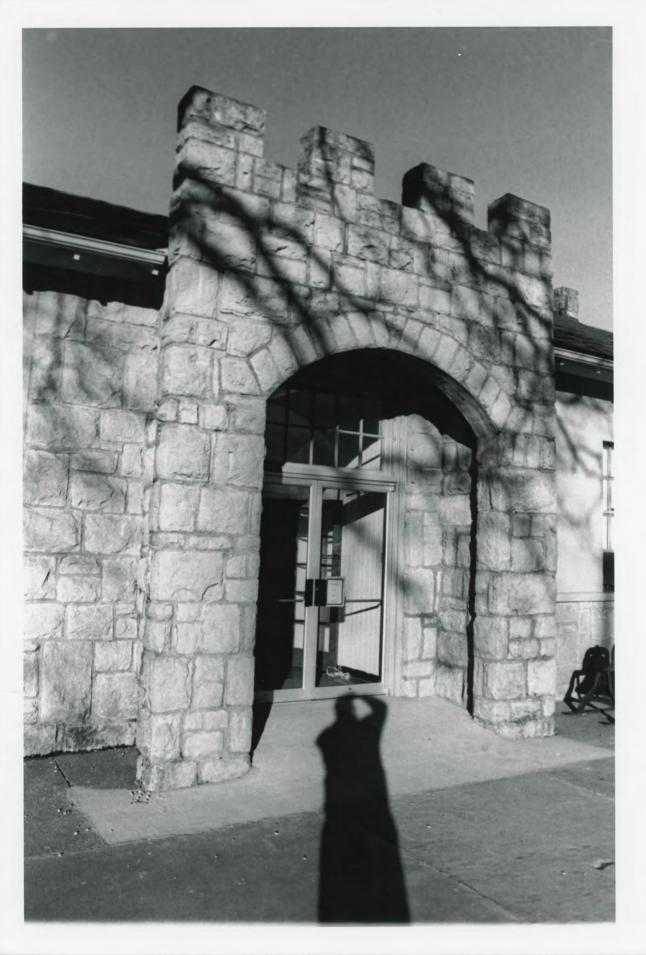
GARFIELD, BENTON CO., AR

PHOTO BY K. PTORY

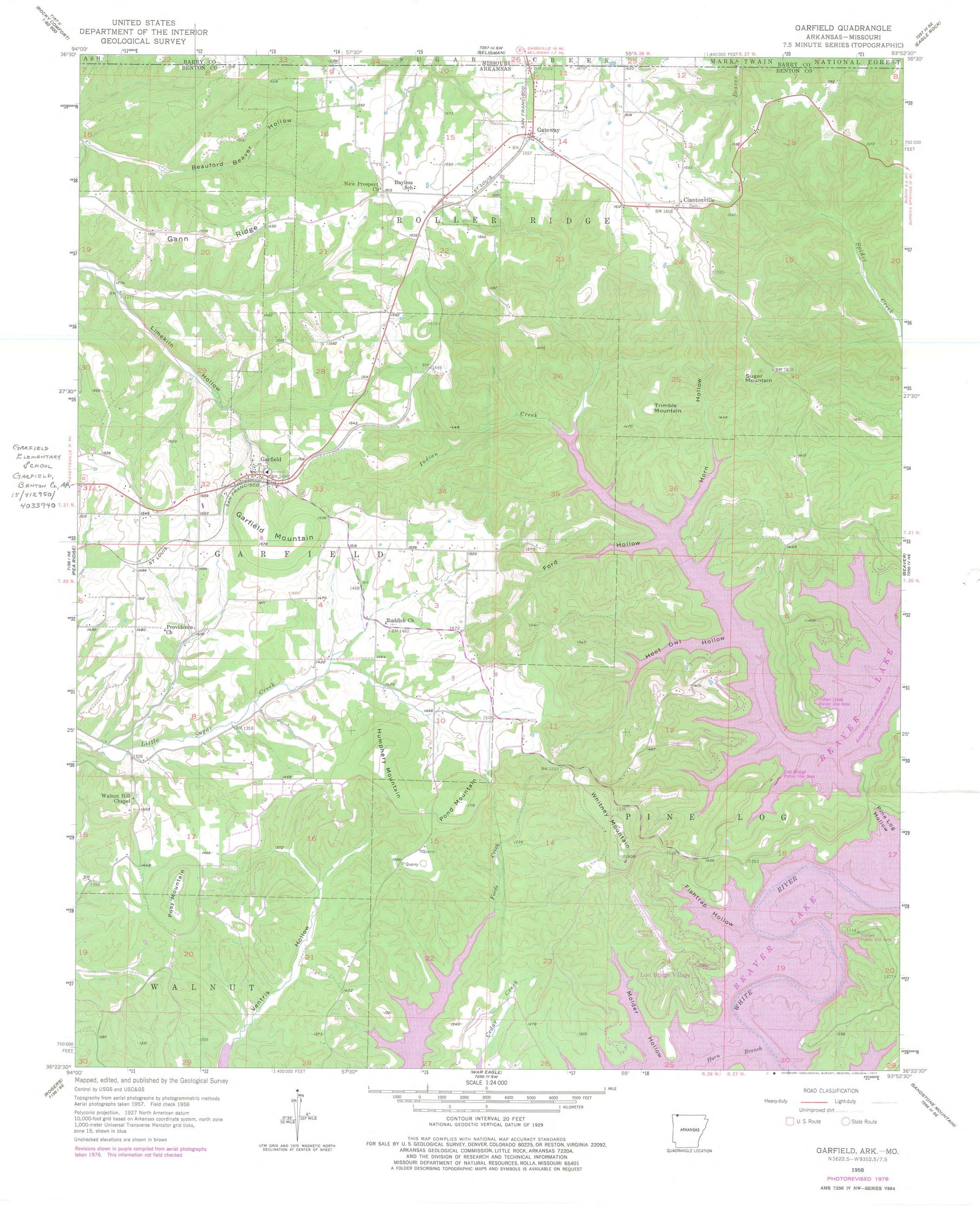
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NEG. ON FILE AT AHPP

VIEW FROM POUTH



GARRIELD, BENTON CO., AR
PHOTO BY K. STORY
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NEG. ON FILE AT AHPP
FRONT ENTRANCE DETAIL





ARKANSAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM

May 15, 1996

Carol D. Shull
Chief of Registration
United State Department of the Interior
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
800 North Capitol Street, Suite 250
Washington, D.C. 20002



RE:

Garfield Elementary School Garfield, Benton County

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination of the above referenced property. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathy Buford Slater

State Historic Preservation Officer

CBS:rm

Enclosures

