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7 DESCRIPTION

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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

The Olema Lime Kilns consist of three long-abandoned barrel-shaped stone vaults lying in ruins against a hillside on the east side of Olema Creek about five miles south of Olema and about 100 yards west of California State Highway No. 1 in Point Reyes National Recreation Area.

The kiln on the south was built of gray limestone which on the interior of the barrel was cut and fitted to enable application of a smooth coating of fireclay and, running halfway around the back, firebrick. Use of firebrick as a lining at the back suggests treatment for higher temperature there. The outer casing, rectangular in shape, was also built of cut limestone. Between the inner and out casings is a filling composed of irregular chunks of limestone set in mud or clay mortar. When these kilns were abandoned, Kiln No. 1 was loaded with limestone but not fired, rendering measurement of its interior impossible.

Kiln No. 2 was built adjacent to Kiln No. 1 and immediately to the north, similarly facing west towards the creek. It consisted of limestone laid in lime mortar probably produced by Kiln No. 1. It was larger, being oval in vertical section, nine feet in diameter side to side and nine feet ten inches in diameter front to rear. It was lined entirely with fireclay applied like plaster. This kiln sat farther forward than the other two, its front face extending seven feet beyond Kiln 1 and four feet beyond the front face of Kiln 3. A large Douglas fir, which according to tree ring dating sprouted after 1870, grew from the rubble between Kiln 1 and Kiln 2, severely damaging both kilns. Kiln No. 2 still has a well-preserved front arched entrance, measuring six feet from side to side at the base and two feet six inches wide at the entrance to the barrel, tapering inward.

Kiln No. 3, to the north of Kiln No. 2, was about the same size, being an oval barrel nine feet six inches in diameter from side to side and nine feet nine inches in diameter front to rear. A large Bouglas fir tree grew up from the pit of this kiln. At an undetermined date before 1940 the entire arched entrance to this kiln was removed and rebuilt in Bolinas as part of a barbecue pit. Some individual moss-covered stones were removed from that and perhaps the other kilns for such uses as rock gardens, fireplaces, walls, and the like. Such vandalism has contributed to the decay of the kilns, along with the growth of trees and bushes on them.

North of Kiln No. 3 was a low stone structure believed to have formed a bin for storage of burned lime produced by the kilns. It was apparently only two feet high.

Combined, the three kilns and storage platform formed a single stone structure erected in the creek bottom backed up along the hillside and stretching about seventy feet north to south. At its greatest depth (Kiln 2), the structure was about 18 feet 6 inches in width. It was about sixteen feet high.

About fifty yards down the creek and on the opposite (west) side is the site of a house which may or may not have been associated with the kilns. Built reportedly of Douglas spruce /sic/, it was destroyed by fire at an undetermined date before 1940.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

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1900-	COMMUNICATIONS		POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	-OTHER (SPECIEV)

SPECIFIC DATES 1850-1852

BUILDER/ARCHITECT James A. Shorb, William Mercer

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Olema Lime Kilns are of regional historical significance in the category of industry representing a Gold Rush-triggered pioneer American effort to establish a lime-producing industry in Marin County, California, only two years after cession of Alta California to the United States by Mexico. The short-lived and unsuccessful character of this enterprise in no way diminishes its significance.

The above statement of significance is based on the following historical background.

On July 13, 1850, Rafael Garcia, holder of a large Mexican land grant, leased to James A. Shorb and William F. Mercer "all that tract or parcel of land known as the Ranch of the party of the first part and called or named 'Ponta lastera de Malo,' for all limeing & timber & wooded purposes." The lesses, respectively a county judge and a clerk in the judge's court, were to have the "privelege of building lime kilns, quaring /quarrying/ & using lime stone, wood for burning the kils and the entire timber privilege of the Rancho." In exchange, Shorb and Mercer were to give a third of all the lime burned to Garcia. Furthermore, they were to pay four dollars each for trees cut for timber or fuel, and they were prohibited from cutting any trees over three feet in diameter at the base-that is, the trees most useful for lumber. Garcia, in turn, was to furnish oxen, carts and Indian labor, to haul all the lime to the embarcadero (point of embarkation) at Bolinas lagoon, and to provide assistance in loading the lime onto ships there.

Undoubtedly the developers of this short-lived lime producing industry hoped to find a large and ready market in a San Francisco made a boom-town by the Gold Rush which had commenced only a year before and which was destined to continue for several years. Employing no doubt Indian labor, Shorb and Mercer built three lime kilns along Olema Creek. The first of these barrel-shaped kilns was built of locally quarried stone laid up in clay mortar. Very likely, lime burned in this kiln was used in constructing the other two immediately adjacent to the north, and a platform on the north end for storage of lime. The fine grained dark-gray limestone was quarried from a Franciscan formation on the hillside above the kilns, using a stripping technique which took advantage of natural fractures, rather than explosives. Archeological investigation suggests that no single kiln was fired more than four times, and that there were no more than a total of twelve firings for all of the kilns. The quantity of limestone excavated from the quarry site supports this conclusion of very limited use. A contract dated March 15, 1852 indicates that the kilns were then in use, being tended by a "Spaniard" (meaning, no doubt, a Californian of Mexican background). A deed dated September 25, 1856, suggests that the kilns were idle by that date if not abandoned. Maps dated 1852 show a house located about fifty yards downstream and on the opposite (west) side of the creek; it may have been associated with operation of the kilns, but today only traces of the structure remain, as it reportedly burned at an undetermined date long ago.

Presumably there were better and cheaper sources of lime for use in San Francisco with which the Olema industry could not compete, resulting in its failure between 1853 and 1856, no doubt with financial loss to its builders.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Bliss Brown, "The Old Limekilns of Marin County," California Historical Society Quarterly, Volume 19, Number 4 (December, 1940), pp. 316-322.

Adan E. Treganza, "Old Lime Kilns Near Olema," in <u>Geologic Guidebook of</u> the San Francisco Bay Counties, California State Division of Mines Bulletin No. 154, December 1951.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The kilns are bounded on the west by the east bank of Olema Creek; on the east by the top of the limestone ridge; and on the north and south by lines drawn east and west between the other two boundaries, each 200 feet from the center of Kiln No. 2.

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Site plan, Olema Lime Kilns, from: Adan E. Treganza, "Old Lime Kilns Near Olema," in <u>Geologic</u> <u>Guidebook of the San Francisco Bay Counties</u>, California State Division of Mines, Bulletin No. 154. December 1951. Page 66.