United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only DEC | 6 1983 received date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entrie	s—complete applicable	sections		
1. Nan	ne			
historic C	restwood			
and/or common				
	ation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	ation			
street & number	502 Eager Read.		Ŋ	/A not for publication
city, town Va	ldosta	N/A_vicinity of		
state Georgi	a coo	de 013 county 1	Lowndes	code 185
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition N/A_ in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owr	ner of Prope	rtv	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Mrs. Wil	liam G. Eager, Sr.	
name Mr. a	nd Mrs. William G.	Eager, Jr./ William (G. Eager, Jr., Tru	stee
street & number	502 Eager Road			
city, town Va	ldosta	N/A vicinity of	state	Georgia 31601
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descriptio	n	
courmouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc. Supe	rior Court		4
street & number	Lowndes County C	ourthouse		
city, town Va	ldosta -		state	Georgia
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing S	urveys	
	c Structures Field	•		
title Lowndes		ee Contin- has this propon Sheet.]	erty been determined el	igible? yes _A_ no
date 1981			federal X stat	te county local
depository for s	urvey records Historic	Preservation Section	n, Georgia Dept. o	f Natural Resources
city, town At:	lanta		state	Georgia

Condition X excellent go@d ji	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original si moved	te date	_

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Description

"Crestwood" is a two-story wood-frame farmhouse in the Neoclassical style with a one-story wing to the rear and a 1928 two-story addition to the west. The house is weatherboarded and has a two-part low hipped roof which is pierced by three large interior chimneys with corbeled caps. A flat-roofed porch with a roofline balustrade and fluted columns extends across the original portion of the front facade and wraps around the east side, terminating in a porte cochere. The front is dominated by a massive two-story pedimented portico, supported by two tall fluted columns, which extend out beyond the porch. Centered beneath the portico is the main entrance with its double Craftsman-style beveled glass doors and Craftsman-style transom above. To the west, balancing the side porch and porte cochere, and set back slightly from the front plane, is the 1928 wing. This has a secondary front entrance with similar Craftsman-style doors and transom and a frontispiece-type portico. Windows are one-over-one double-hung sash.

The house has an open-plan, asymmetrical layout with the front doors opening directly into a large living room. From here, French doors lead into the dining room and a wide arched opening leads to the stairhall. Floors in the house are, for the most part, hardwood, and walls and ceilings are plastered. Significant interior features in the main part of the house include wainscoting in the main downstairs rooms and stairhall, an open-well, three-run stairway with finely crafted newels and square balusters, a variety of Neoclassical-style mantels, and Craftsman-style paneled doors. In the library, located in the 1928 wing, are a beamed ceiling, a massive limestone fireplace, a classical frieze over French doors leading to the dining room, and two doors with leaded and stained glass designed in a spider-web motif leading to a rear stairhall. The house has seven bedrooms and four original bathrooms. Many original lighting and bathroom fixtures remain in place. Significant alterations include the addition of a large room and carport at the rear in 1960, and the enclosure of the rear porch and the second-floor northeast room, which was originally a sleeping porch.

"Crestwood" is located on a finely landscaped property amidst the remaining acreage of a large pecan plantation. Recent residential development surrounds the property. The house is approached from a drive centered on the front portico, which is marked at its entrance by brick gateposts and lined with thirty-foot palm trees. Pecan orchards flank the palms and drive, and immediately surrounding the house are an informal collection of mature trees and shrubs, including camphor, ginkgo, magnolia, crepe myrtle and live oak trees and camellias. Behind the house are three outbuildings, a 1915 wood-frame garage, a ca. 1922 nut house historically used for cleaning, sorting and packing pecans, and a non-historic horse barn.

8. Significance

1400—1499 1500—1599 1600—1699 1700—1799 1800—1899	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic —X agriculture —X architecture — art — commerce — communications	community planning	_X landscape architecturlawliterature _X militarymusic itphilosophypolitics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1915, 1928	Builder/Architect Bui	lder. William G. Eag	er. Sr.

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Crestwood is a fine, intact example of an early-twentieth-century pecan plantation. In terms of architecture, it is significant as a well-preserved example of a substantial early-twentieth-century farmhouse. In terms of landscape architecture, the property is significant for its intact historic setting which illustrates the relationship between the main house, outbuildings, and orchards of an early-twentieth-century pecan plantation. In terms of agriculture, the property is significant as the location of a major pecan plantation in south Georgia. In terms of military history and engineering, the property is significant for its association with William C. Eager, Sr., the builder and first owner of the house, who was a mechanical engineer credited with developing the sawed-off shotgun used in trench warfare during World War I. These areas of significance support property eligibility under National Register criteria A, B, and C.

Architecture

Crestwood is distinguished by its Neoclassical portico and porch, its up-to-date open-plan layout, and a number of fine interior details, many of them in the Craftsman style. Typically for many houses of the period, Crestwood has no central hall, its main entrance leading directly into the living room with a small stairhall at the rear separated only by a wide arched opening. Craftsman-style paneled doors throughout the house and two library doors with fine leaded and stained-glass panels in a spider-web motif, simple but finely crafted mantels and a classically inspired frieze in the library are among the significant features. The house, located on the crest of a low hill with woods in the distance (hence "Crestwood"), has been a landmark since its construction when it was the only large house in the area.

Landscape Architecture

The palm-lined entrance drive, the fine collection of informally planted shade and ornamental trees and bushes in the immediate vicinity of the house, and the carefully laid out pecan orchard planted at the same time the house was constructed are all important elements in Crestwood's overall landscape design. The pecan orchard, together with the main house and "nut shed," illustrate the relationship among the various parts of an early-twentieth-century pecan plantation. The palm-lined entrance drive and house plantings illustrate both formal and informal land-scaping practices typical of the early-twentieth century.

[continued]

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet.

GPO 894-785

10. Geograph	nical Data		
Acreage of nominated propert Quadrangle name Valdos UTM References	y <u>12.41 acres</u> ta, Georgia		Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
Zone Easting	3 ₁ 4 1 ₁ 7 3 ₁ 6 ₁ 0 Northing 3 ₁ 4 1 ₁ 7 1 ₁ 3 ₁ 0	B 1 7 Zone D 1 7 F 1	2 7 9 9 6 0 3 4 1 7 1 3 0 Northing 2 7 9 7 9 0 3 4 1 7 3 5 0
Verbal boundary description The nominated properincludes the house, ated with Crestwood	rty, outlined with historic outbuild	a heavy black ings and a por	line on the enclosed survey map, tion of the pecan orchard associ-
List all states and countie	s for properties overla	pping state or co	unty boundaries
state N/A	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Pre	pared By		
		irces da	te December 5, 1983 ephone (404) 656-2840
city or town Atlanta		sta	ete Georgia 30334
12. State His	toric Prese	rvation (Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of t	state X	local	:- D
	operty for inclusion in the rocedures set forth by the	e National Register a	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- and certify that it has been evaluated vice.
	Elizabet	h A. Lyon, Ph.	D. date / 2/9/83
	eservation Officer	:	date / 2 / // 0 3
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this	property is included in the	e National Register ***********************************	date -1/12/84
Keeper of the National Reg	jister		<i>*</i>
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration			

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Representation in Surveys,
Continuation sheet Major Bibliography

Major Bibliography Item number 6, 9

Page 2

Representation in Existing Surveys

<u>National Register Status</u>: On April 12, 1983, the National Register Programs Division of the National Park Service, Southeast Regional Office, issued a preliminary certification of significance for this property. One day earlier, on April 11, 1983, they determined that the completed rehabilitation of Crestwood meets the Secretary of the Interior's "Standards for Rehabilitation."

Major Bibliographical References

Eager, William G., Jr. "Historic Property Information Form: Crestwood," June, 1982. On file at State Historic Preservation Office, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia.

Georgia Homes and Landmarks, Southern Features Syndicate, 1929.

Merritt, Carol. "Preliminary Study Unit: Pecan Culture in Georgia, 1800-present."
On file at State Historic Preservation Office, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia.

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Continuation sheet Significance

Item number

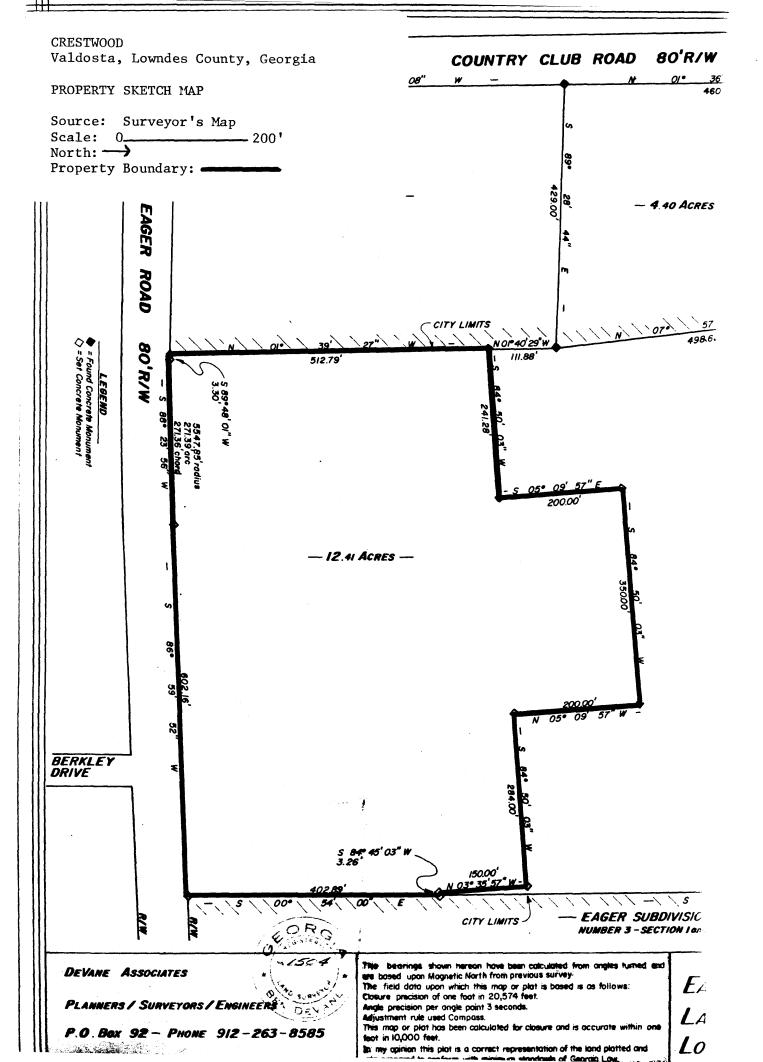
Page 2

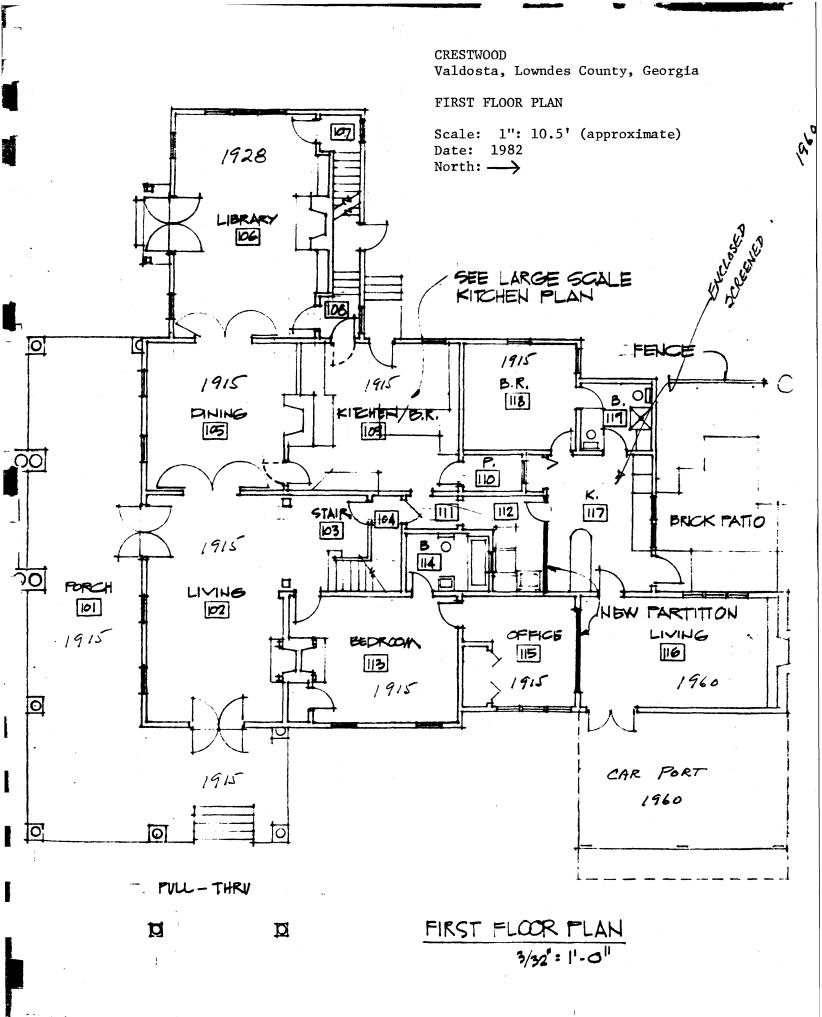
Agriculture

Crestwood is a major pecan plantation which, during its peak years of production in the late 1920s, produced up to 30,000 pounds of nuts annually. Pecans, introduced commercially about 1905 as part of the state's crop diversification effort, rapidly became an important cash crop in the southwest area of the state around Albany and including Valdosta. The nut shed behind the main house, where nuts were cleaned, graded and packaged for shipment, documents the early phase of commercial pecan growing before local companies and cooperative exchanges took over the shelling and marketing of the pecans.

Military History and Engineering

William G. Eager, Sr. (1885-1946), the builder and first owner of the house, was trained as a mechanical engineer and during World War I gained notoriety for proposing the use of the sawed-off shotgun in trench warfare. The Trench Shotgun is credited with repelling the final German assault on Paris in 1918. Eager moved to Valdosta in 1912 to serve as manager of the local electric-power company. Following the war, he returned to Crestwood and made significant contributions to the area economy by establishing several ice plants and cold-storage facilities that served local farms, earlier plagued by meat spoilage. Eager was a member of the Societies of Electrical Engineers, Military Engineers, and Refrigeration Engineers.





ALTERATIONS TO THE EAGER RESIDENCE

