Form No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

CITY, TOWN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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STATE

SEE INS	STRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW T</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES (3
NAME					
HISTORIC					
	and Majestic Thea	ters			
AND/OR COMMON				<u> </u>	
LOCATION					
STREET & NUMBER					
1315-	1357 Main Street	<i>f</i>		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	5. J.			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	
Bridg	eport	VICINITY OF	4th - St	ewart B. McK	
STATE Conne	cticut	CODE	Fairfiel	county d	CODE
CLASSIFICA	TION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	X UNOCCUPIED		COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PRO		EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIB	_ _	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICT		GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X YES: UNRESTR	RICTED	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY				
NAME			Allan De		\checkmark
	e of Anthony E. I	Debek, c/o	John Koo	ns su	litter
STREET & NUMBER //76	4 Stratfield Road				PR 12-6-78
CITY, TOWN	The second secon	The state of the s		STATE	
Fairf		VICINITY OF	Connec	ticut 0 643 0	06432
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC	Bridgeport City	7 Hall		·	
STREET & NUMBER	45 Lyon Terrace	9			
CITY, TOWN				STATE	
	Bridgeport			ticut 06604	
REPRESENT	'ATION IN EXIST	ING SURV	EYS		
ΤΊΤLE					
DATE					
DEPOSITORY FOR		FE	DERALSTATE	COUNTYLOCAL	

__EXCELLENT

X_GOOD

__FAIR

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

∠UNALTERED

__ALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Palace and Majestic Theaters building (1921-22) is located on the northwest corner of Congress Street and Main Street six blocks north of the center of downtown Bridgeport, Connecticut. The city's Central Business District is a triangle based on the Connecticut Turnpike with its two long (north-south) sides defined by State Highway 8 and the Pequonnock River. The theaters are in the northern part of the triangle, in a 22-acre neighborhood that has been designated the Congress Plaza Redevelopment Area.

The area around the theaters has been undergoing redevelopment for several years. To the north and west are now town houses interspersed with vacant lots. A large hotel nearby is in the course of rehabilitation for housing for the elderly. Older commercial buildings are located to the south and east, some of them vacant and vandalized. To the northeast there are industrial sites, railroad tracks, a new high rise for the elderly under construction, and vandalized buildings. The theater building, always big and impressive, now with the lack of adjacent structures is a focal point for the area. It is one of a group of buildings including a new church, the nearby police station and the new housing, that constitutes a base on which it is hope to build renewed strength for the neighborhood.

The two theaters are side by side in the steel-reinforced concrete building behind a five-story, 101-room hotel that occupies the front of the structure. Fronting 222 feet on Main Street, the elegant, five-story facade is executed in a lush, Beaux-Arts classicism. There are eight retail stores at street level, and two tile-floored entrances to the theaters, under marquees. A band of leaded glass runs the length of the building over the store fronts, framed at the top by an egg and dart molding. Several of the store fronts have been somewhat altered, in one case with new brick, and two-thirds of the leaded glass has been covered over (in a manner that appears to be reversible), but essentially this level of the facade is still intact, and it is the only part of the building that has been altered to any appreciable degree. Overall, the building is in its original condition.

From the second through fifth floors the facade is executed in a convincing imitation granite that was poured on site at the time of construction. The second floor has a row of two-over-two windows arranged in groups of three under a heavy cornice. This cornice supports an impressive two-story arcade that runs across the entire front of the building except for the bays at the corners where paired windows are repeated on each floor. The twelve colossal pilasters of the arcade and the engaged columns that flank them have modified Corinthian capitals. Eleven round, keystoned arches spring from the entablatures of the columns, their spandrel decorated with anthemion motifs. At the roof line is another entablature and cornice with balustrade. The arcade motif returns for two bays on the sides, after which the balance of the building is faced with brick.

Inside the building the Palace, to the left (south), is the larger of the two theaters and seats 3700. The stage is 97 feet across and 28 feet deep, with 49 feet under the proscenium arch. The Majestic seats 2600 and has a stage of 79 x 32 feet under a 42-foot proscenium arch. The two theaters have similar, elaborately decorated interiors. The style in both cases

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Palace and Majestic Theaters Bridgeport, Connecticut

CONTINUATION SHEET Description

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is romantic Italian Renaissance Revival heavy with red plush carpets, mirrored glass, gold leaf, wine-red brocade, crystal chandeliers, medallions, and panelling. The ceilings are painted in idealized scenes of formal gardens. The lobbies are impressive, ornate interior spaces notable for broad stairways and wide expanses of imitation marble. In the lobby of the Majestic there is also some real marble, and separating this lobby from the theater proper is a fine, tall, leaded, stained glass screen.

The space between the two theaters is utilized as a fire exit. At the west end of this space the two theaters are joined by a section that houses 40 dressing rooms serving both theaters. The east end of the fire exit space, where it passes through the front of the building, is the hotel's elevator lobby providing access to its second floor reception level.

After several decades of steady use, the theaters were closed and re-opened several times. Finally, the Majestic closed for the last time in 1967, the hotel in 1973, and the Palace in 1975. Still in structurally sound condition, the theaters and the hotel show signs of wear and tear and reflect the absence of normal maintenance. The interior of the Majestic is in better condition that that of the Palace. The entire property is vacant with the exception of two stores. Proposals for rehabilitation have been put forward from time to time in recent years, as have proposals for demolition, and adaptive re-use is still being actively pursued.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Palace and Majestic Theaters Bridgeport, Connecticut

CONTINUATION SHEET Description

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The clientele for which the hotel was planned was primarily the performers appearing at the two theaters, and other people associated with the shows. A centrally located bank of two elevators serves the five floors of the hotel. Adjoining the elevators is a stairway of marble steps and iron balustrade. Two more, similar interior stairways are at the ends of the building, lighted by skylights. The elevators open directly into the 30 by 50 foot lobby on the second floor. A half-round, wooden, Art Deco reception desk is located in the southwest corner of the lobby. Panelled wainscotting surrounds the room. The ceiling was coffered in plaster with the recessed panels containing figures, eagles, and other decorative motifs painted in colors, but the ceiling was destroyed by a fire bomb in the 1970s. A single Art Deco glass chandelier remains in place.

Hallways to the north and south open from the lobby and lead to the guest rooms. Interior rooms, west of the hallways, are lighted by two central wells that rise above the theater foyers. A typical single room measures 19 feet in length from door to window and 11 feet in width. Six feet of the 19 foot dimension are occupied by closet and bathroom. The bathrooms have white, hexagonal tesserae floors, white glazed, oblong tile walls, and bath tubs whose shape is visible, not cased in. The rooms have access from one to another by interconnecting doors. The hallways and guest rooms are plain, without decorative embellishments, and have painted plaster walls. The paint is peeling.

From the roof of the hotel a fine view is provided of the roofs of the two theaters. Each is roughly hip in shape, with the faces of the hip having two slopes, and is made of concrete, built up with bitumen and roofing paper. The roofs are carried on steel beam frames. Steel straps from the beams in turn support the hung ceilings of the theaters. A brick parapet capped by red tile surrounds the base of each roof.

Like the theaters, the hotel is not used. It appears to be structurally sound, but untidy, in need of cleaning and maintenance.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Palace and Majestic Theaters Bridgeport, Connecticut

CONTINUATION SHEET Significance

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PAGE 1

classical detail and proportion. On the interior Lamb was fortunate to have the services of a painter named Hans Lehman, who executed the ceiling frescoes of dream-like Italian formal gardens.

The entire work has a unity that is first rate.

DEDIOD

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X.ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	X THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1921-1922	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT Thomas W. I	Lamb

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STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

From the imitation granite of its exterior to the imitation marble of its lobbies, the Palace and Majestic theaters building provides a fine display of the lush panoply of 1920's theater art. Here the world of make believe lives on in the elaborate classical exterior and the ornate plush and gilded interiors, all skillfully executed to the design of the famous theater architect, Thomas W. Lamb.

Movie houses with lavish opulence were not rare in America in the 1920's. They are now becoming rare. Bridgeport's Palace and Majestic constitute a unit that is a highly professional example of the genre. It is unusual for its free-standing construction and its 101-room hotel across the front, existing now with complete integrity and in reasonable good condition.

Sylvester Z. Poli was the entrepreneur who caused the Palace and Majestic theater building to be constructed in 1921-22 as part of his theater chain. Movie houses were a growth industry at the time and were being built in many cities. Apparently, in Bridgeport the combination of strong consumer demand and the availability of a lot of suitable size led to the decision to build the unusual combination of two theaters and a hotel in one building.

Poli commissioned the Scottish-born architect, Thomas W. Lamb (1871-1942), to draw the plans. Lamb had an international reputation for theater design. His most famous work was the second Madison Square Garden on 49th Street, New York City. In addition, he designed theaters in England, Australia, India, and Egypt, as well as Ziegfeld's on 42nd Street, Keith's on 84th Street, both in New York, Loew's in Kansas City, Fox's in Philadelphia, and many more. In Connecticut he drew the plans for the Palace Theater in Waterbury, which is quite similar to the Palace in Bridgeport.

The Majestic Theater opened on November 4, 1922. Headliner for the event was Eddie Cantor, who starred in a Parisian revue called "Make It Snappy." Other greats of vaudeville, silent films, and talkies entertained in the two theaters over the years. In 1934 Loew's Theaters, Inc., acquired the property and the Palace was known for a period as Loew's Poli. The name of the Majestic was never changed. The combined theaters played to their ten millionth patron on August 20, 1939.

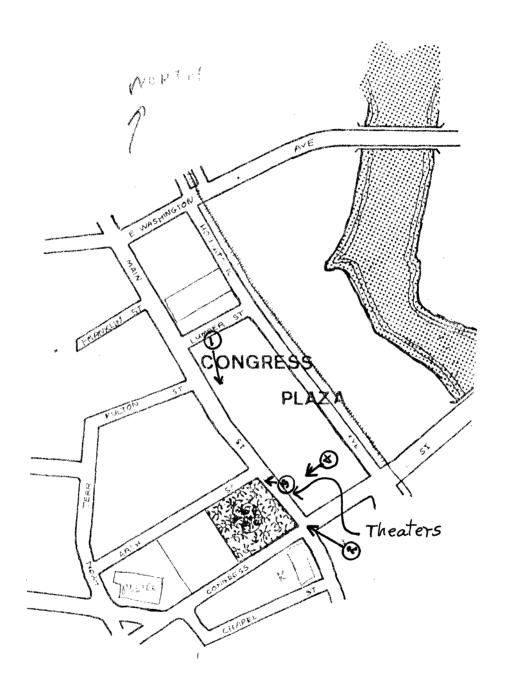
Meanwhile, the management of the hotel changed hands from time to time, as did its name. The choice of names ranged from the imaginative "Hotel Majesticana" to the mundane "Stratfield Annex." The hotel space is now proposed for conversion to offices.

Architect Lamb was at the prime of his career when he designed the Neo-Classical building. Its architecture is pure theater, but well done with proper attention to accepted

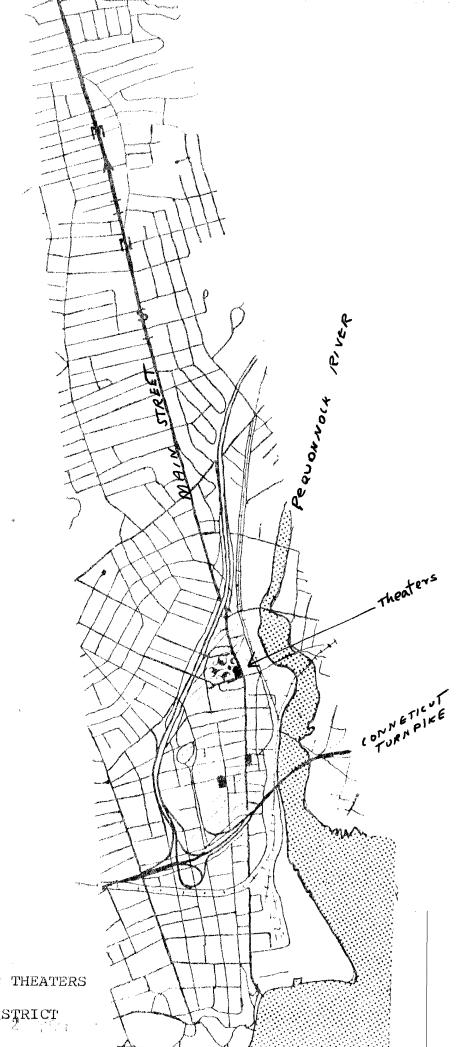
9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Norman Benedict Associates, "Marlet Feasibility Study, Bridge-port Art and Civic Center," Hamden, Connecticut: Norman Benedict Associates, 1976.

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QUADRANGLE NAME Bri			QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24 000
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E		FLL	
G VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC	CRIPTION	н	
		_	2, block 905, lot 13 as me 1493, page 131.
LIST ALL STATES AN	D COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
ORGANIZATION	Ransom, Consulta		DATE May 25, 1978
STREET & NUMBER	Prospect Street	273	TELEPHONE 203 566-3005
city or town Hartford		Processing And Annual Control of the Annual	STATE Connecticut 06106
12 STATE HISTORIC		OFFICER	
	LUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T		
NATIONAL	STATE	distributions.	LOCAL X
hereby nominate this property f criteria and procedures set forth	or inclusion in the National Reby the National Park Service.		servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I that it has been evaluated according to the
TITLE Director Con	7	a) Commission	DATE Contembor 27, 1070
FOR NPS USE ONLY	necticut Historic	at Commitss	ion DATE September 21,1978
	IS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IF	N THE NATIONAL	REGISTER
Jo allach	affering	3	DATE 12/14/78
ATTEST Price for De	AL REGISTER		DATE 12/13/18
CHIEF OF DECISION	10		, / 6//10



PALACE AND MAJESTIC
THEATERS
Bridgeport, CT
CONGRESS PLAZA REDEVELOPMENT AREA
Bridgeport, CT



PALACE AND MAJESTIC THEATERS
Bridgeport, CT
CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT
Bridgeport, CT

