United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



MATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property			
	ı Marine Bank		
other names/site number			
2. Location	_	ntr	/Anot for publication
street & number 840 Ryan S			/Avioinity
city, town Lake Charl etate Louisiana code			
	ource of the same		
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property		roes within Property
x private public-local	X building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	1	0 buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
padro i da di di	object		objects
		1	0 Total
Name of colored modeline manager to	Al		
Name of related multiple property lis	iting:		outing resources previously
N/A		listed in the Natio	nal Register0
4. State/Federal Agency Certif	cation		
Recreation and State or Federal agency and bureau	lie P. Tassin, LA SHPO, Dep Tourism eets does not meet the National Re		Date Ontinuation sheet.
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certif	cation		
I, hereby, certify that this property is			
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the Nation Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.	mai Amy Teder	man.	- 3 11/ 9 1
removed from the National Regis			
	Signature of	the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) COMMERCE/TRADE - financial institution	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions VACANT (storage)	
7. Description Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (en	ter categories from instructions)
	foundation	concrete
Classical Revival	walls	limestone
	roof	tar
	other	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Calcasieu Marine Bank (1928) is a three story limestone-faced building designed in the neo-classical style by the noted New Orleans architectural firm of Favrot and Livaudais. It occupies a corner location in downtown Lake Charles and has received only a few minor alterations.

The central three bays of the facade are the focal point of the bank's exterior neo-classical styling. This section juts slightly forward to create a multi-plane surface. It features three two story round arch windows and a pair of colossal order engaged columns which are echoed in a pair of pilasters. Both columns and pilasters have papyrus leaf capitals. This impressive central section is surmounted by a full entablature and a shaped parapet crowned by a prominent eagle with spread wings. (The eagle is the symbol of Calcasieu Parish.) The frieze is enriched with dentils and bas relief medallions depicting the various types of settlers in Calcasieu (Indian, Spanish, etc). The striking eagle rests on a base ornamented with volutes and patera. The previously mentioned round arch windows are framed by pilasters with egg and dart molding. Each round arch is richly molded and accented with a volute-shaped keystone. The remainder of the windows on the facade are of the standard square head variety. All of the bank windows are of bronze and feature a multi-pane pattern. The round arch ones are particularly noteworthy, complete with an elaborately worked central band.

The front doorway, also of bronze, is outstanding. It is ornamented with lion's head pulls; various types of molding such as rope and egg and dart; and a cornice crowned with a central medallion flanked by horns-of-plenty, a series of urns and volutes, and corner eagles. The central medallion bears the date 1928 and the bank's original name, Calcasieu National Bank of Southwest Louisiana. It also depicts a car, a train, and an unknown building in the background.

Other noteworthy exterior features include:

- (1) the building's full entablature on the facade and side elevation;
- (2) the fenestration on the side elevation (two story round arch windows and square head); and
- (3) an original one story side wing.

The bank's interior is very well preserved and is quite an impressive public space. The entrance vestibule, with its marble walls and denticular cornice, leads to a grand banking hall with colossal order Corinthian pillars on all X See continuation sheet

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Calcasieu	Marine	Bank,	Calcasieu	Parish,	LA
Section nun	nber	7	Page1		

sides. The pillars and other wall surfaces are covered in bagasse boards treated to resemble orange marble. The boards were applied in blocks, giving an overall scored effect. The intricately worked column capitals feature an eagle on each elevation. The elaborate coffered ceiling is enriched with various sorts of bold moldings and patera in the center of the smaller panels. Other noteworthy features of the banking hall include: (1) terrazzo floors; (2) the original chandeliers and sconces; (3) marble counters; (4) a bold cornice with egg and dart molding, rope molding, and dentils; and (5) bronze teller cages ornamented with pierced panels depicting griffins, Indians, pineapples, etc.

Three sets of stairs (located in three of the corners) lead to the mezzanine level. Occupying the front of the mezzanine level is a linear board of director's room featuring ceiling medallions formed of anthemions, the original chandeliers, a parquet floor, an elaborate multi-layer cornice, and mahogany doors and baseboards. The third floor of the bank contains storage rooms, a record vault, and a dining room. The side wing contains a massive vault and a safety deposit room with its own vault and "privacy booths" for customers.

Alterations to the bank have been quite minimal. A marble bench and bronze tables were taken from the banking hall and placed in Calcasieu Marine's new bank. The side wing has received various alterations, including removal of marble counters, covering the original floor, and the installation of ceiling tiles. In about 1970 the party wall separating the bank and the adjacent building was pierced with doorways, and a narrow tinted glass walkway was built at the second floor level to provide further access between the two buildings. (Only the bank is being nominated to the Register, per the boundary justification.)

8. Statement of Significance	1,	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in nationally states	relation to other properties: ewide $\overline{\mathbb{X}}$ locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) architecture	Period of Significance 1928	Significant Dates 1928
	Cultural Affiliation	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Architect: Favrot & Liv	vaudais

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Calcasieu Marine Bank is locally significant as an architectural landmark within the city of Lake Charles. It achieves this distinction because of its monumental neo-classical facade and grand, richly ornamented banking hall.

The Calcasieu Marine Bank's landmark status is particularly pronounced because the City of Lake Charles has lost so much of its historic non-residential architecture. Due to booming prosperity in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, Lake Charles had a truly outstanding downtown with numerous landmarks. Old photos show a very impressive, very urban-looking central business district.

Although the city retains a significant and large collection of historic residences, its downtown has been almost completely destroyed, due largely to a relentless campaign of demolition and modernization waged in the prosperous '50s, '60s, and '70s. The end result is that Lake Charles has only about ten architecturally noteworthy non-residential buildings left, one of which is Calcasieu Marine Bank. Of these survivors, it is the only commercial building and one of only two to feature monumental neo-classical articulation.

The bank's architectural landmark status rests upon: (1) its pretentious facade, complete with two story round arch windows framed by colossal order engaged columns and pilasters and crowned by an eagle; and (2) its grand, richly ornamented, virtually unaltered banking hall, which is easily one of the most impressive public spaces in the city.

It should also be noted that Calcasieu Marine Bank is one of a group of buildings in Lake Charles designed by the noted New Orleans architectural firm of Favrot and Livaudais. This extremely prominent, quite prolific firm received numerous major commissions beginning in the wake of the fire of 1910 and continuing on through the '20s. Their extant work includes the Calcasieu Parish Courthouse, the Lake Charles City Hall, the Immaculate Conception Cathedral, the Calcasieu Marine Bank, and various schools and residences.

See	continu	ation	sheet

Blueprints/drawings in possession of Calcas	sieu Marine Bank.
	N/A See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS): N/A	17/ AL Goo Continuation Sheet
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark	Federal agency Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyless than one acre	
UTM References A [1,5] [4 7,9 1,0,0] [3,3 4,3 8,8,0]	Blilligg
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	Construction about
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Please refer to enclosed sketch map.	
	,
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
Boundary lines follow property lines on the ea	
	As noted in Part 7, this party wall was pierced
with doors in about 1970 to provide access to	
glass walkway was built at the second story le	evel. we questioned NPS about cutting the
boundaries and were told that they could be drattached letter. For the record, the Weber Bunistorically related.	uilding and Calcasieu Marine Bank were never
11. Form Prepared By	Company of the compan
name/title National Register Staff	
organization Division of Historic Preservati	on date November 1990
street & number P. O. Box 44247	telephone(504) 342-8160
city or town Baton Rouge	state Louisiana zip code 70804

9. Major Bibliographical References

Calcusien Marine Bank Lake Charles, LA Calcusien Parish

